

HyperSnips \LaTeX Snippets User Guide

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1 Introduction

This guide describes how to use the custom \LaTeX snippets defined in the provided `.hsnips` file with HyperSnips (e.g., in VS Code). Each snippet is triggered by typing a keyword (often followed by pressing `Tab`) and will expand into a predefined \LaTeX code template. Below, snippets are organized into categories with their triggers, descriptions, usage examples, and the resulting expanded output. Beginners should find clear explanations and examples to understand and use these shortcuts.

2 Document Structures and Environments

This section covers snippets related to common document elements and environments.

2.1 Figures and Tables

Trigger: `fig`

Description: Inserts a `figure` environment with placeholders for an image, caption, and label.

Usage: Type `fig` and press `Tab`.

Output:

```
\begin{figure}[H]
  \centering
  \includegraphics[width=0.8\textwidth]{<image path>}
  \caption{<caption>}
  \label{fig:<label>}
\end{figure}
```

Trigger: `tablem n`

Description: Creates a `table` environment with a `tabular` of `m` rows and `n` columns (all centered, separated by `|`). Includes `\toprule`, `\midrule`, and `\bottomrule`, and placeholders for caption and label.

Usage: For example, type `table2 3` and press `Tab` to generate a 2x3 table template.

Output (for 2x3 example):

```
\begin{table}[H]
  \centering
  \begin{tabular}{c|c|c}
    \toprule
    a & b & c \\
    \midrule
    d & e & f \\
    \bottomrule
  \end{tabular}
  \caption{<caption>}
  \label{tab:<label>}
\end{table}
```

Replace `a,b,...,f` and the caption/label with your content.

2.2 Theorem-like Environments

Trigger: `dfn`

Description: Inserts a `definition` environment skeleton.

Usage: Type `dfn` and press `Tab`.

Output:

```
\begin{definition}
  <content>
\end{definition}
```

Trigger: `rmk`

Description: Inserts a `remark` environment skeleton.

Usage: Type `rmk` and press `Tab`.

Output:

```
\begin{remark}
  <content>
\end{remark}
```

2.3 References and Labels

Trigger: lbl

Description: Inserts a `\label` command for referencing a figure, table, or section.

Usage: Type `lbl` and press `Tab`.

Output:

```
\label{<key>}
```

Trigger: atf

Description: Inserts a `\autoref` command (requires `hyperref` package).

Usage: Type `atf` and press `Tab`.

Output:

```
\autoref{<key>}
```

Trigger: hpr

Description: Inserts a `\hyperref` command.

Usage: Type `hpr` and press `Tab`.

Output:

```
\hyperref[<label>]{<text>}
```

Trigger: qed

Description: Inserts `\qed` (end-of-proof symbol).

Usage: Type `qed` and press `Tab`.

Output:

```
\qed
```

3 Mathematical Environments and Equations

Trigger: fm

Description: Creates an inline math environment `\(... \)`, with careful spacing.

Usage: Type `fm` and press `Tab`, then enter your math content.

Output:

```
\(<content>\\)
```

Trigger: dm

Description: Creates a display math environment using `\[... \]`.

Usage: Type `dm` and press `Tab`.

Output:

```
\[
    <content>
\]
```

Trigger: `arym n`

Description: Inserts an `array` environment with `m` rows and `n` columns (all centered).

Usage: For example, type `ary2 2` and press `Tab` to get a 2x2 array.

Output (for 2x2):

```
\begin{array}{cc}
  a_{11} & a_{12} \\
  a_{21} & a_{22}
\end{array}
```

Trigger: `bmat` n m or `pmat` n m

Description: Inserts a `bmatrix` (brackets) or `pmatrix` (parentheses) with n rows and m columns.

Usage: For example, type `bmat 2 2` and press Tab.

Output (for `bmat 2 2`):

```
\begin{bmatrix}
  a_{11} & a_{12} \\
  a_{21} & a_{22}
\end{bmatrix}
```

Trigger: `case`

Description: Inserts a `dcases` environment for piecewise definitions. Multiple lines with conditionals are provided.

Usage: Type `case` and press Tab.

Output:

```
\begin{dcases}
  <expr1>, & \text{if } <cond1>; \\
  <expr2>, & \text{if } <cond2>; \\
  <expr3>, & \text{otherwise}.
\end{dcases}
```

Trigger: `split`

Description: Inserts a `split` environment (for breaking equations over lines) inside an equation.

Usage: Type `split` and press Tab.

Output:

```
\begin{split}
  <content>
\end{split}
```

Trigger: `opmin`

Description: Template for an optimization problem (minimization).

Usage: Type `opmin` and press Tab.

Output:

```
\[
\begin{aligned}
  \min~ & \text{<objective>} \\
  & \text{<constraints>}
\end{aligned}
\]
```

Trigger: `opmax`

Description: Template for a maximization problem.

Usage: Type `opmax` and press Tab.

Output:

```
\[
\begin{aligned}
&\max~ & \langle \text{objective} \rangle \quad \\
&\quad & \langle \text{constraints} \rangle
\end{aligned}
\]
```

Trigger: opPD

Description: Primal-dual optimization problem template (primal (P) and dual (D)).

Usage: Type opPD and press Tab.

Output:

```
\[
\begin{alignedat}{5}
&\min~&c^{\{\top\}}x\quad&\;&\;&\max~&\;&\;&y^{\{\top\}}b\\
&Ax = b &&&&&&&y^{\{\top\}}A \leq c^{\{\top\}}\\
&(\mathrm{P})\;&x \geq 0 &&&(\mathrm{D})\;&&&
\end{alignedat}
\]
```

4 Text and Abbreviations

Trigger: wrt

Description: Expands to “*w.r.t.*” (with respect to).

Usage: Type wrt and press Tab.

Output:

w.r.t.

Trigger: iid

Description: Expands to “*i.i.d.*” (independent and identically distributed).

Usage: Type iid and press Tab.

Output:

i.i.d.

Trigger: wp

Description: Expands to “*w.p.*” (with probability).

Usage: Type wp and press Tab.

Output:

w.p.

Trigger: %--

Description: Inserts a long horizontal comment line.

Usage: Type %-- and press Tab.

Output:

```
%-----
%-----
```

5 Greek Letters (Math Mode)

All snippets below work in math mode and expand to the corresponding Greek letter. Triggers usually start with a semicolon (;).

Trigger: ;a or ;alpha **Output:** α .

Trigger: ;b or ;beta **Output:** β .

Trigger: ;g or ;gamma **Output:** γ .

Trigger: ;G or ;Gamma **Output:** Γ .

Trigger: ;m or ;mu **Output:** μ .

Trigger: ;S or ;Sigma **Output:** Σ .

Trigger: ;d or ;delta **Output:** δ .

Trigger: ;D or ;Delta **Output:** Δ .

Trigger: ;z or ;zeta **Output:** ζ .

Trigger: ;e or ;eta **Output:** η .

Trigger: ;t or ;theta **Output:** θ .

Trigger: ;T or ;Theta **Output:** Θ .

Trigger: ;vt or ;vartheta **Output:** ϑ .

Trigger: ;i or ;iota **Output:** ι .

Trigger: ;k or ;kappa **Output:** κ .

Trigger: ;l or ;lambda **Output:** λ .

Trigger: ;L or ;Lambda **Output:** Λ .

Trigger: ;n or ;nu **Output:** ν .

Trigger: ;;n or ;nable **Output:** ∇ .

Trigger: ;p or ;pi **Output:** π .

Trigger: ;P or ;Pi **Output:** Π .

Trigger: ;r or ;rho **Output:** ρ .

Trigger: ;u or ;upsilon **Output:** υ .

Trigger: ;U or ;Upsilon **Output:** Υ .

Trigger: ;;p or ;phi **Output:** ϕ .

Trigger: ;;P or ;Phi **Output:** Φ .

Trigger: ;vp or ;varphi **Output:** φ .

Trigger: ;c or ;chi **Output:** χ .

Trigger: ;;;p or ;psi **Output:** ψ .

Trigger: ;;;P or ;Psi **Output:** Ψ .

Trigger: ;o or ;omega **Output:** ω .

Trigger: ;O or ;Omega **Output:** Ω .

Trigger: ;x or ;xi **Output:** ξ .

Trigger: ;X or ;Xi **Output:** Ξ .

6 Mathematical Operators and Symbols

6.1 Basic Operations

Trigger: frac (or typing a number followed by /)

Description: Inserts a fraction.

Usage: Type frac and press Tab, or type e.g. 1/ and press Tab.

Output:

`\frac{<num>}{<den>}`

Trigger: sq

Description: Inserts a square root.

Usage: Type sq and press Tab.

Output:

`\sqrt{<content>}`

Trigger: sum

Description: Inserts a summation symbol with a subscript placeholder.

Usage: Type sum and press Tab.

Output:

`\sum_{i}`

Trigger: Sum

Description: Inserts a big summation $\sum_{i=1}^{\infty}$.

Usage: Type Sum and press Tab.

Output:

`\sum_{i=1}^{\infty}`

Trigger: int

Description: Inserts an integral symbol.

Usage: Type int and press Tab.

Output:

`\int`

Trigger: dint

Description: Inserts a definite integral from $-\infty$ to ∞ .

Usage: Type dint and press Tab.

Output:

`\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} <integrand>\,\mathrm{d}<variable>`

Trigger: pdif

Description: Inserts a partial derivative $\frac{\partial V}{\partial x}$.

Usage: Type pdif and press Tab.

Output:

`\frac{\partial <V>}{\partial <x>}`

Trigger: dif

Description: Inserts a total derivative $\frac{dy}{dx}$.

Usage: Type dif and press Tab.

Output:

`\frac{\mathrm{d}<y>}{\mathrm{d}<x>}`

Trigger: oo

Description: Inserts the infinity symbol ∞ .

Usage: Type oo and press Tab.

Output:

`\infty`

Trigger: ðo

Description: Inserts superscript infinity ∞ .

Usage: Type ðo and press Tab.

Output:

`^{\infty}`

Trigger: Conj

Description: Inserts big logical conjunction \bigwedge with index.

Usage: Type Conj and press Tab.

Output:

`\bigwedge_{i=1}^{\infty}`

Trigger: Disj

Description: Inserts big logical disjunction \bigvee with index.

Usage: Type Disj and press Tab.

Output:

`\bigvee_{i=1}^{\infty}`

6.2 Set and Logic Symbols

Trigger: cap

Description: Intersection \cap .

Usage: Type cap and press Tab.

Output:

`\cap`

Trigger: Cap

Description: Big intersection \bigcap with limits.

Usage: Type Cap and press Tab.

Output:

`\bigcap_{i=1}^{\infty}`

Trigger: `cup`

Description: Union \cup .

Usage: Type `cup` and press `Tab`.

Output:

`\cup`

Trigger: `Cup`

Description: Big union \bigcup with limits.

Usage: Type `Cup` and press `Tab`.

Output:

`\bigcup_{i=1}^{\infty}`

Trigger: `sub`

Description: Subset \subset .

Usage: Type `sub` and press `Tab`.

Output:

`\subset`

Trigger: `sube`

Description: Subset or equal \subseteq .

Usage: Type `sube` and press `Tab`.

Output:

`\subseteq`

Trigger: `subn`

Description: Proper subset \subsetneq .

Usage: Type `subn` and press `Tab`.

Output:

`\subsetneq`

Trigger: `sup`

Description: Superset \supset .

Usage: Type `sup` and press `Tab`.

Output:

`\supset`

Trigger: `supe`

Description: Superset or equal \supseteq .

Usage: Type `supe` and press `Tab`.

Output:

`\supseteq`

Trigger: `supn`

Description: Proper superset \supsetneq .

Usage: Type `supn` and press `Tab`.

Output:

`\supsetneq`

Trigger: `nsub`

Description: Not a subset $\not\subseteq$.

Usage: Type `nsub` and press `Tab`.

Output:

`\nsubseteq`

Trigger: `nsup`

Description: Not a superset $\not\supseteq$.

Usage: Type `nsup` and press `Tab`.

Output:

`\nsupseteq`

Trigger: `nin`

Description: Not an element \notin .

Usage: Type `nin` and press `Tab`.

Output:

`\notin`

Trigger: `land`

Description: Logical AND \wedge .

Usage: Type `land` and press `Tab`.

Output:

`\land`

Trigger: `lor`

Description: Logical OR \vee .

Usage: Type `lor` and press `Tab`.

Output:

`\lor`

Trigger: `\models` or `mdl`

Description: “Models” symbol \models .

Usage: Type `\models` or `mdl` and press `Tab`.

Output:

`\models`

Trigger: `\vdash` or `vdh`

Description: Turnstile (derivability) symbol \vdash .

Usage: Type `\vdash` or `vdh` and press `Tab`.

Output:

`\vdash`

6.3 Relations and Comparisons

Trigger: `>=` or `geq`

Description: Greater-than or equal \geq .

Usage: Type `>=` or `geq` and press `Tab`.

Output:

`\geq`

Trigger: `<=` or `leq`

Description: Less-than or equal \leq .

Usage: Type `<=` or `leq` and press `Tab`.

Output:

`\leq`

Trigger: `!=` or `neq`

Description: Not equal \neq .

Usage: Type `!=` or `neq` and press `Tab`.

Output:

`\neq`

Trigger: `==`

Description: Equivalent \equiv .

Usage: Type `==` and press `Tab`.

Output:

`\equiv`

Trigger: `\sim` or `apx`

Description: Approximately equal \approx .

Usage: Type `apx` or `\sim` and press `Tab`.

Output:

`\approx`

Trigger: `\cong`

Description: Congruence \cong .

Usage: Type `\cong` and press `Tab`.

Output:

`\cong`

Trigger: `\simeq`

Description: Approximately equal \simeq .

Usage: Type `\simeq` and press `Tab`.

Output:

`\simeq`

6.4 Arrows and Implications

Trigger: `->` or `to`

Description: Right arrow \rightarrow .

Usage: Type `->` or `to` and press Tab.

Output:

`\to`

Trigger: `<->`

Description: Double arrow \leftrightarrow .

Usage: Type `<->` and press Tab.

Output:

`\leftrightharpoonright`

Trigger: `=>` or `implies`

Description: Implies \implies .

Usage: Type `=>` or `implies` and press Tab.

Output:

`\implies`

Trigger: `=<` or `impliedby`

Description: Implied by \impliedby .

Usage: Type `=<` or `impliedby` and press Tab.

Output:

`\impliedby`

Trigger: `iff`

Description: If and only if \iff .

Usage: Type `iff` and press Tab.

Output:

`\iff`

Trigger: `!>`

Description: Maps to \mapsto .

Usage: Type `!>` and press Tab.

Output:

`\mapsto`

Trigger: `>>`

Description: Much greater than \gg .

Usage: Type `>>` and press Tab.

Output:

`\gg`

Trigger: `<<`

Description: Much less than \ll .

Usage: Type `<<` and press Tab.

Output:

`\ll`

6.5 Miscellaneous Symbols

Trigger: ||

Description: | (vertical bar used as a divisor symbol).

Usage: Type || and press Tab.

Output:

`\mid`

Trigger: prp

Description: \perp (perpendicular symbol).

Usage: Type prp and press Tab.

Output:

`^{\perp}`

Trigger: inv

Description: $^{-1}$ (inverse superscript).

Usage: Type inv and press Tab.

Output:

`^{-1}`

Trigger: qs

Description: 2 (square superscript).

Usage: Type qs and press Tab.

Output:

`^{2}`

Trigger: vph

Description: `\vphantom` (vertical phantom for spacing).

Usage: Type vph and press Tab.

Output:

`\vphantom{<content>}`

Trigger: fk

Description: (fraktur font).

Usage: Type fk and press Tab.

Output:

`\mathfrak{<letter>}`

Trigger: tg

Description: \triangle symbol.

Usage: Type tg and press Tab.

Output:

`\triangle`

Trigger: **

Description: * (superscript asterisk).

Usage: Type ** and press Tab.

Output:

`^{\ast}`

Trigger: `_*`

Description: `*` (subscript asterisk).

Usage: Type `_*` and press Tab.

Output:

`_{\ast}`

Trigger: `'`

Description: `'` (prime symbol).

Usage: Type `'` and press Tab.

Output:

`^{\prime}`

Trigger: `\.`

Description: `"` (double prime).

Usage: Type `\.` and press Tab.

Output:

`^{\prime\prime}`

Trigger: `_`

Description: `_{} (subscript command).`

Usage: Type `_` and press Tab.

Output:

`_{\<text>}`

Trigger:

`^`

Description:

`{}` (superscript command).

Usage: Type

`^` and press Tab.

Output:

`^{\<text>}`

7 Font and Formatting Commands

Trigger: (letter)`bf`

Description: Inserts `.` E.g., `xbf` becomes **x**.

Usage: Type letter + `bf` in math mode.

Output:

`\mathbf{x}`

Trigger: (word)`bf`

Description: Inserts `\textbf{...}`. E.g., `Hello bf` yields `\textbf{Hello}`.

Usage: Type word + `bf` in text.

Output:

`\textbf{Hello}`

Trigger: `emph`

Description: Inserts `\emph{}`.

Usage: Type `emph` and press `Tab`.

Output:

`\emph{<text>}`

Trigger: `(letter)cal`

Description: Inserts `.` E.g., `Acal` becomes \mathcal{A} .

Usage: Type `letter` + `cal` in math mode.

Output:

`\mathcal{A}`

Trigger: `(letter)scr`

Description: Inserts `.` E.g., `Ascr` becomes \mathscr{A} .

Usage: Type `letter` + `scr` in math mode.

Output:

`\mathscr{A}`

Trigger: `rm`

Description: Inserts `(` (upright font in math).

Usage: Type `rm` and press `Tab`.

Output:

`\mathrm{<text>}`

8 Probability and Statistics Notation

Trigger: `mean`

Description: Inserts expectation $\mathbb{E}[\cdot]$.

Usage: Type `mean` and press `Tab`.

Output:

`\mathbb{E}_{<sub>>}[<arg>]`

Trigger: `Var`

Description: Inserts variance $\text{Var}[\cdot]$.

Usage: Type `Var` and press `Tab`.

Output:

`\text{Var}_{<sub>>}[<arg>]`

Trigger: `Cov`

Description: Inserts covariance $\text{Cov}[\cdot]$.

Usage: Type `Cov` and press `Tab`.

Output:

`\text{Cov}_{<sub>>}[<arg>]`

Trigger: Pr

Description: Inserts probability $\Pr(\cdot)$.

Usage: Type Pr and press Tab.

Output:

`\Pr_{<sub>>}<arg>`

Trigger: spt

Description: Support $\text{supp}(\cdot)$.

Usage: Type spt and press Tab.

Output:

`\mathop{\mathrm{supp}}<arg>`

9 Common Commands and Miscellaneous

Trigger: ind

Description: Inserts $\mathbb{1}$ (indicator function).

Usage: Type ind and press Tab.

Output:

`\mathbbm{1}_{<set>}`

Trigger: ::

Description: Inserts `\colon` (colon in math).

Usage: Type :: and press Tab.

Output:

`\colon`

Trigger: idd

Description: Inserts identity symbol id .

Usage: Type idd and press Tab.

Output:

`\identity_{<arg>}`

Trigger: quo

Description: Inserts quotient symbol $\frac{a}{b}$.

Usage: Type quo and press Tab.

Output:

`\quotient{<a>}{}`

Trigger: |_

Description: Inserts custom $a|_b^c$ macro.

Usage: Type |_ and press Tab.

Output:

`\at{<a>}{}{<c>}`

10 Summary

This guide has cataloged all the \LaTeX snippet triggers from the `.hsnips` file, organized by category. To use a snippet, type its trigger keyword and press Tab. The snippet will expand into the template shown in the output examples above. Replace placeholders like `<content>`, `<arg>`, `<caption>` etc. with your actual text or math. With practice, these shortcuts will speed up your \LaTeX writing process.