# MT project

## Shangchen Han 10/19/2019

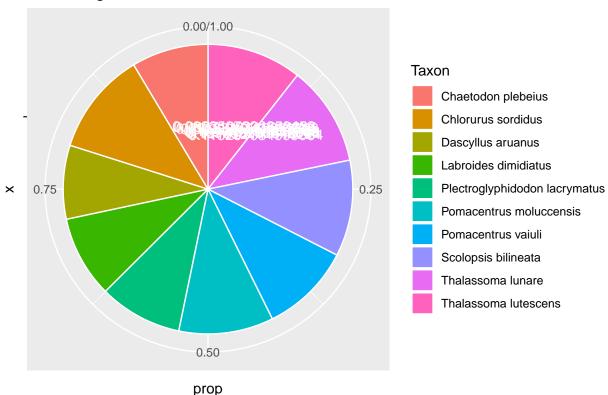
```
df <- read.csv(file = "Bar-chart.csv",header = TRUE,sep = ",")
MyData <- read.csv(file = "data1.csv",header = TRUE, sep = ",")
Data1 <- unique(MyData$Ecoregion)
num_Taxon <- MyData %>% count(Taxon)
num_Date <- MyData %>% count(SurveyDate)
Total_Ningaloo <- MyData %>% filter(Ecoregion == "Ningaloo")
Total_Broome <- MyData %>% filter(Ecoregion == "Exmouth to Broome")
Ning_Taxon <- Total_Ningaloo %>% count(Taxon)
Broo_Taxon <- Total_Broome %>% count(Taxon)
```

Extract data from Global reef fish dataset. After explored data features, I found that the whole data has two ecoregions. So, I wanted to find the differences of taxon between these two ecoregions. Then, I divided the whole data into two parts.

```
Ning_Taxon <- Ning_Taxon[with(Ning_Taxon,order(-n)),]
Ning_Taxon_10 <- Ning_Taxon[1:10,]
New_Ning_Taxon_10 <- Ning_Taxon_10 %>% mutate(prop = n/sum(n))
New_Ning_Taxon_10
```

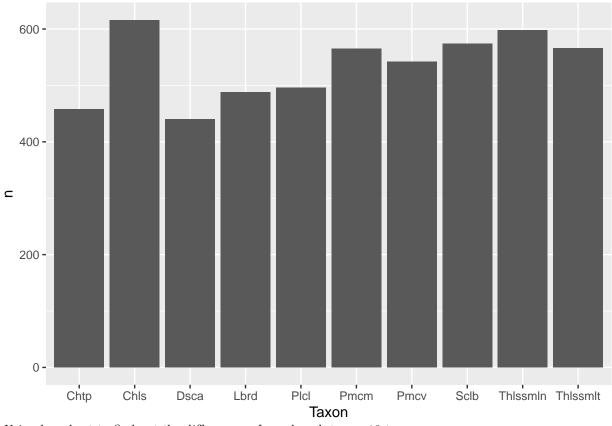
```
## # A tibble: 10 x 3
##
     Taxon
                                          prop
     <fct>
##
                                  <int> <dbl>
## 1 Chlorurus sordidus
                                    616 0.115
## 2 Thalassoma lunare
                                    598 0.112
## 3 Scolopsis bilineata
                                   574 0.107
                                   566 0.106
## 4 Thalassoma lutescens
## 5 Pomacentrus moluccensis
                                  565 0.106
## 6 Pomacentrus vaiuli
                                   542 0.101
## 7 Plectroglyphidodon lacrymatus 496 0.0928
## 8 Labroides dimidiatus
                                    488 0.0913
## 9 Chaetodon plebeius
                                    458 0.0857
## 10 Dascyllus aruanus
                                    440 0.0824
ggplot(New_Ning_Taxon_10,aes(x = "", y = prop, fill = Taxon))+
 geom_bar(width = 1, stat = "identity", color = "white")+
 coord_polar("y", start = 0)+
 geom_text(aes(y = prop,label = prop), color = "white")+
 labs(title = "Percentage")
```

#### Percentage



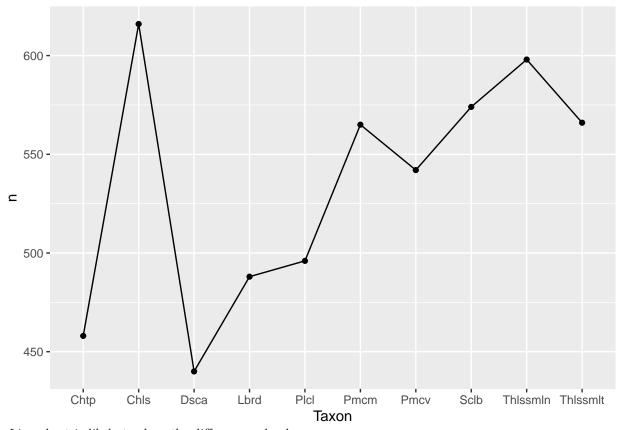
Pick the top 10 taxon in each regions, because there are lots of taxon in each, and then use graphs to analyze. But, unfortunately, the pie chart of ggplot has problems (the data overlapped).

```
ggplot(New_Ning_Taxon_10,aes(x=Taxon,y=n))+
  geom_bar(stat = "identity")+
  scale_x_discrete(labels = abbreviate)
```



Using bar-chart to find out the differences of numbers between 10 taxon.

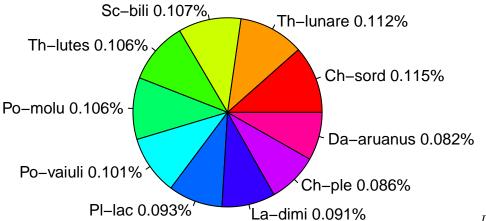
```
ggplot(data = New_Ning_Taxon_10, aes(x=Taxon, y= n, group = 1))+
  geom_line()+
  geom_point()+
  scale_x_discrete(labels = abbreviate)
```



Line chart is likely to show the differences clearly.

```
slices <- New_Ning_Taxon_10$prop
lbls <- c("Ch-sord","Th-lunare","Sc-bili","Th-lutes","Po-molu","Po-vaiuli","Pl-lac","La-dimi","Ch-ple",
pct <-round(New_Ning_Taxon_10$prop,3)
lbls <- paste(lbls,pct)
lbls <- paste(lbls,"%",sep = "")
pie(slices,labels = lbls, col = rainbow(length(lbls)),main = "Percentage of Taxon")</pre>
```

### **Percentage of Taxon**

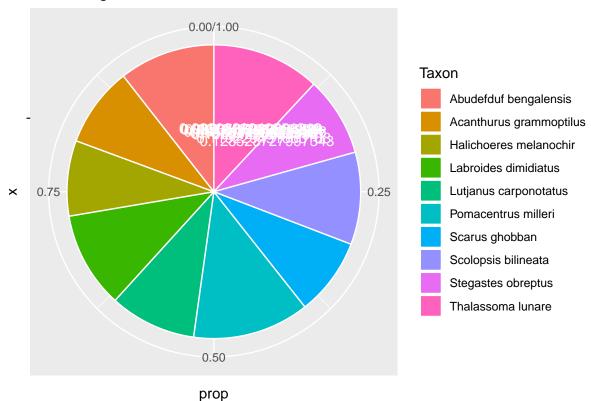


10 taxon, and find out the proportion of these 10 taxon.

If the subset coveres only

```
Broo_Taxon <- Broo_Taxon[with(Broo_Taxon,order(-n)),]</pre>
Broo_Taxon_10 <- Broo_Taxon[1:10,]</pre>
New_Broo_Taxon_10 <- Broo_Taxon_10 %>% mutate(prop = n/sum(n))
New_Broo_Taxon_10
## # A tibble: 10 x 3
##
      Taxon
                                     prop
                                 n
##
      <fct>
                              <int> <dbl>
  1 Pomacentrus milleri
                               387 0.129
##
                               359 0.119
## 2 Thalassoma lunare
## 3 Labroides dimidiatus
                               319 0.106
## 4 Abudefduf bengalensis
                               318 0.106
## 5 Scolopsis bilineata
                               306 0.102
## 6 Lutjanus carponotatus
                               287 0.0953
## 7 Acanthurus grammoptilus 265 0.0880
## 8 Stegastes obreptus
                               263 0.0873
## 9 Scarus ghobban
                               257 0.0854
## 10 Halichoeres melanochir
                               250 0.0830
ggplot(New_Broo_Taxon_10,aes(x = "", y = prop, fill = Taxon))+
  geom_bar(width = 1, stat = "identity", color = "white")+
  coord_polar("y", start = 0)+
  geom_text(aes(y = prop,label = prop), color = "white")+
  labs(title = "Percentage")
```

#### Percentage



same as above mentioned, the ggplot of pie-chart has problem of overlapped.

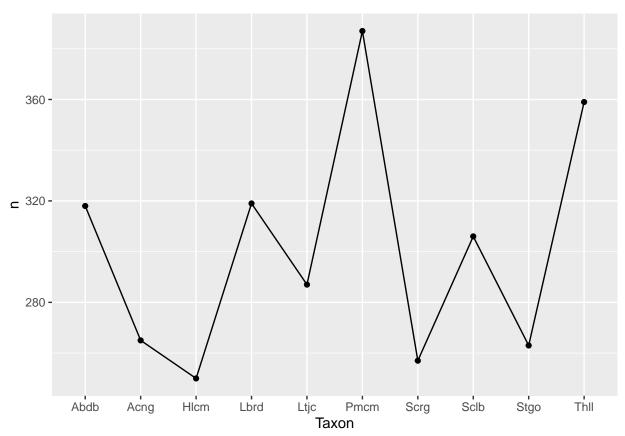
The

```
ggplot(New_Broo_Taxon_10,aes(x=Taxon,y=n))+
  geom_bar(stat = "identity")+
  scale_x_discrete(labels = abbreviate)
  400 -
  300 -
c <sup>200</sup>-
  100 -
    0 -
                                                      Pmcm
                           Hlcm
                                     Lbrd
                                                                Scrg
                   Acng
          Abdb
                                              Ltjc
                                                                         Sclb
                                                                                           Thll
                                                                                 Stgo
```

Using bar chart to find out the features of top 10 taxon.

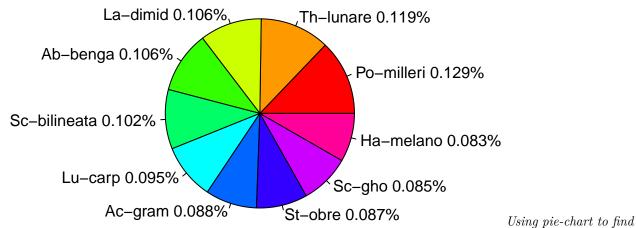
```
ggplot(data = New_Broo_Taxon_10, aes(x=Taxon, y= n, group = 1))+
  geom_line()+
  geom_point()+
  scale_x_discrete(labels = abbreviate)
```

Taxon



```
slices <- New_Broo_Taxon_10$prop
lbls <- c("Po-milleri","Th-lunare","La-dimid","Ab-benga","Sc-bilineata","Lu-carp","Ac-gram","St-obre","
pct <-round(New_Broo_Taxon_10$prop,3)
lbls <- paste(lbls,pct)
lbls <- paste(lbls,"%",sep = "")
pie(slices,labels = lbls, col = rainbow(length(lbls)),main = "Percentage of Taxon")</pre>
```

#### **Percentage of Taxon**

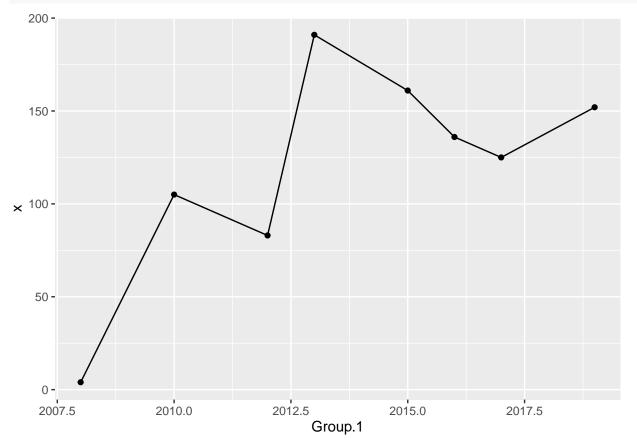


out the proportion of these 10 taxon in Exmouth to Broome region.

```
data_Th_lunare <- MyData %>% filter(Taxon == "Thalassoma lunare")
num_date_Th_lunare <- data_Th_lunare %>% count(SurveyDate)
New_num_date_Th_lunare <- num_date_Th_lunare %>% mutate(year(num_date_Th_lunare$SurveyDate))
names(New_num_date_Th_lunare)[names(New_num_date_Th_lunare) == "year(num_date_Th_lunare$SurveyDate)"] <</pre>
year_Th <- unique(New_num_date_Th_lunare$year)</pre>
sum_Th <- aggregate(New_num_date_Th_lunare$n, by=list(New_num_date_Th_lunare$year), FUN = sum)</pre>
sum_Th
##
     Group.1
## 1
        2008
## 2
        2010 105
## 3
        2012 83
## 4
        2013 191
        2015 161
## 5
## 6
        2016 136
## 7
        2017 125
## 8
        2019 152
```

After compared graphs in Ningaloo and Exmouth to Broome, I found that a taxon named "Thalassoma lunare appeared in both region, so I extracted the data of "Thalassoma lunare", and wanted to find the trend of this species.

```
ggplot(data = sum_Th,aes(x=Group.1,y=x,group=1))+
  geom_line()+
  geom_point()
```



The trend of "Thalassoma lunare" in 11 years.

```
Data <- read.csv(file = "Data_Th.csv",header = TRUE, sep = ",")</pre>
summary(Data)
##
                                                         SurveyDate
                 Ecoregion
                                             Site
    Exmouth to Broome: 359
                             Bundegi SZ North: 32
                                                              :2008
                                                       Min.
##
    Ningaloo
                      :598
                             Bundegi SZ South: 31
                                                       1st Qu.:2013
##
                             Dugong
                                               : 31
                                                       Median:2015
##
                             Bruboodjoo
                                               : 30
                                                       Mean
                                                             :2015
##
                             Coral Bay Central: 28
                                                       3rd Qu.:2017
                             Monck Head
                                               : 28
##
                                                       Max.
                                                              :2019
##
                             (Other)
                                               :777
##
        Depth
                                     Taxon
          : 1.000
                      Thalassoma lunare:957
##
    Min.
    1st Qu.: 2.300
    Median : 3.300
##
    Mean
          : 4.126
##
    3rd Qu.: 5.100
           :18.000
    Max.
##
a <- Data$Ecoregion
b <- Data$Site
c <- Data$SurveyDate</pre>
d <- Data$Depth
glm.fit <- glm(Taxon~a+b+c+d,family = binomial(link = "logit"),data = Data,control = list(maxit=100))</pre>
glm.fit
   Call: glm(formula = Taxon ~ a + b + c + d, family = binomial(link = "logit"),
       data = Data, control = list(maxit = 100))
##
##
   Coefficients:
##
                        (Intercept)
                                                             aNingaloo
##
                         -2.957e+01
                                                            -3.688e-14
##
                     bAirlie island
                                            bAirlie Island inner reef
                          4.043e-14
                                                             3.337e-14
##
##
                                                   bBarrow Island East
         bBarrow Island deep south
##
                         -2.112e-15
                                                             1.196e-13
                                                     bBarrow NE bommie
##
       bBarrow Island Port Central
##
                          2.585e-14
                                                             1.196e-13
##
                      bBedout north
                                               bBedout porites bommie
##
                         -1.434e-14
                                                             3.549e-14
                                                   bBedout Reef sunset
##
                  bBedout reef edge
##
                          3.549e-14
                                                            -6.464e-15
##
                   bBedout reef top
                                                          bBills Bay 1
##
                         -3.878e-14
                                                             8.408e-14
                        bBruboodjoo
                                                              bBundegi
##
##
                          4.738e-14
                                                             2.062e-14
##
                        bBundegi RZ
                                                     bBundegi SZ North
##
                          1.377e-14
                                                             2.408e-14
                  bBundegi SZ South
##
                                                       bCardabia Patch
##
                          5.577e-14
                                                             1.756e-13
##
       bCoral Bay (Sanctuary zone)
                                                    bCoral Bay Central
##
                          4.990e-14
                                                             1.130e-13
```

шш	hComal Bon DEC1	hCarral Day Offaharra
## ##	bCoral Bay DEC1 1.228e-13	bCoral Bay Offshore 3.020e-13
##	bCorneliesse Shoal	bDead Tree Beach
##	3.695e-13	1.180e-15
##	bDelambre Inner 1	bDelambre Inner 3
##	9.049e-14	7.275e-14
##	bDelambre Outside 3	bDelay Point
##	3.549e-14	3.445e-14
##	bDons Point West Lewis Island	bDugong
##	-2.701e-14	5.035e-14
##	bEnderby I West Pt	bEnderby NE
##	7.370e-14	-9.197e-15
##	bEnderby SW Bay	bEnderby West Rock
##	2.209e-14	3.468e-14
##	bGeneva Bay North	bGeographe Shoals N
##	3.737e-14	2.231e-13
##	bGeographe Shoals NW	bGoodwyn N
##	2.844e-13	3.549e-14
##	bGoodwyn NW	bGoodwyn South Bay
##	6.806e-14	2.585e-14
##	bGoodwyn Sth	bHamersley Inside 1
##	7.310e-14	1.692e-14
##	bJonquil Island	bKate s Corner
##	9.167e-15	-1.411e-15
##	bKendrew 2	bLegendre Inside 3
##	2.585e-14	1.034e-13
##	bLegendre Outside 1	bLittle Mangrove Bay
##	1.034e-13	5.200e-14
##	bMalus Is	bMaud RZ1
##	2.370e-14	2.037e-12
##	bMaud RZ2	bMaud SZ external
##	1.343e-13	6.382e-14
##	bMaud SZ Nth	bMonck Bowl
##	4.104e-14	1.327e-13
##	bMonck Head 4.143e-14	bMonck Head Inner 6.878e-14
## ##	bMonck Head North	bMonck Head Outer
##	4.946e-14	8.015e-14
##	bMonck Head Sth	bMonck Wall
##	5.688e-14	1.526e-13
##	bMontebellos Central Lagoon	bMontebellos East Rock
##	-6.011e-27	3.549e-14
##	bMontebellos SE	bMontebellos South
##	1.401e-13	2.585e-14
##	bNorth Cormorant Island	bNorth Muiron Island East
##	-6.475e-27	7.174e-14
##	bNorth Muiron Island NE	bNorth West Island
##	7.799e-14	-6.236e-27
##	bNorth West Island NW	bNth Bundegi
##	3.549e-14	-3.688e-14
##	bNth Muiron	bNW Island Lagoon
##	1.322e-13	2.750e-14
##	bOld 9 Buoy Reef	bOutside Yalobia North
##	2.271e-13	2.721e-13

```
##
            bOutside Yalobia South
                                                   bOyster rocks buoy
                          3.141e-13
                                                             2.131e-13
##
##
               bOyster rocks south
                                                              bPelican
                                                             5.798e-14
##
                          2.192e-13
##
                       bPelican Nth
                                                    bPoint Maud Inner
                          6.267e-14
##
                                                             7.697e-14
                 bPoint Maud Outer
                                                        bRick s Folly
##
##
                          6.012e-14
                                                             2.585e-14
##
                         bRubble Is
                                                    bSailfish North 1
##
                          5.361e-14
                                                             6.404e-14
##
                 bSailfish South 2
                                     bSouth Muiron Island NE Channel
                          2.585e-14
                                                             6.727e-14
##
##
                  bSouth West Reef
                                                  bStephenson Channel
                                                             1.293e-14
##
                          7.520e-15
##
                       bSth Bundegi
                                                           bSth Muiron
##
                         -1.338e-14
                                                             1.856e-13
##
                 bSW West Lewis Is
                                                bTrimouille Island NE
##
                         -6.805e-15
                                                             2.585e-14
             bTrimouille Island SE
                                     bTurquoise Bay (Sanctuary zone)
##
##
                          2.585e-14
                                                             6.279e-15
##
                   bVaranus Island
                                                bVaranus Island north
                          1.401e-13
                                                             1.196e-13
##
             bVaranus North bommie
                                                  bVaranus Port limit
##
                          8.567e-14
                                                             1.196e-13
##
                                                            bWest Reef
##
                     bW Lewis Is NW
##
                         -8.443e-15
                                                                    NA
##
                   bYalobia Bommie
                                                     bYalobia Passage
                          1.800e-13
##
                                                             1.118e-13
##
                     bYalobia South
##
                          1.488e-13
                                                            -9.788e-15
##
##
                         -2.585e-14
##
## Degrees of Freedom: 956 Total (i.e. Null); 851 Residual
## Null Deviance:
## Residual Deviance: 2.767e-10
                                     AIC: 212
glm.fit2 <- glm(Taxon~a+c+d,family = binomial(link = "logit"),data = Data,control = list(maxit=100))</pre>
glm.fit2
##
  Call: glm(formula = Taxon ~ a + c + d, family = binomial(link = "logit"),
       data = Data, control = list(maxit = 100))
##
##
## Coefficients:
##
  (Intercept)
                  aNingaloo
                                                      d
                                         С
    -2.957e+01
                  4.208e-14
                               -2.217e-15
                                             -6.299e-15
## Degrees of Freedom: 956 Total (i.e. Null); 953 Residual
## Null Deviance:
                         0
## Residual Deviance: 2.767e-10
                                     AIC: 8
```

After clean data, I picked 4 variables to fix the logistic model. But from the output, the coefficients of Ecoregion, Site, SurveyDate and Depth are pretty tiny. So, these variables do not have significant influence on Thalassoma lunare. But only for these two models, the second one may be better, because of smaller AIC value.