

```
const data = fs.readFileSync('example.txt', 'utf8');
console.log(data);
} catch (err) {
   console.error(err);
}
```

2. Writing to a File:

```
Copy code
javascript
const fs = require('fs');
// Writing to a file asynchronously
const content = 'This is the content that will be written to the file.';
fs.writeFile('example.txt', content, (err) => {
    if (err) {
        console.error(err);
        return;
    }
    console.log('File written successfully');
});
// Writing to a file synchronously (blocking)
try {
    fs.writeFileSync('example.txt', content);
    console.log('File written successfully');
} catch (err) {
    console.error(err);
}
```

In both cases, replace `'example.txt'` with the path to the file you want to read from or write to. Additionally, `'utf8'` is used as the encoding, assuming the file contains text data. If you're dealing with binary files, you can omit the encoding parameter or use a different one appropriate for your use case.

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