

$$① f: \mathbb{R}^2 \mapsto \mathbb{R}, (x_1, x_2) \mapsto -\cos(x_1^2 + x_2^2 + x_1 x_2)$$

$$b) \frac{\partial f}{\partial x_1} = (2x_1 + x_2) \cdot \sin(x_1^2 + x_2^2 + x_1 x_2)$$

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial x_2} = (2x_2 + x_1) \cdot \sin(x_1^2 + x_2^2 + x_1 x_2)$$

$$\hookrightarrow \nabla f = \begin{pmatrix} (2x_1 + x_2) \cdot \sin(x_1^2 + x_2^2 + x_1 x_2) \\ (2x_2 + x_1) \cdot \sin(x_1^2 + x_2^2 + x_1 x_2) \end{pmatrix}$$

$$c) \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial x_1 \partial x_1} = 2\sin(x_1^2 + x_2^2 + x_1 x_2) + (2x_1 \cdot x_2) \cdot (2x_1 \cdot x_2) \cdot (\cos(x_1^2 + x_2^2 + x_1 x_2))$$

$$\Rightarrow 2\sin(x_1^2 + x_2^2 + x_1 x_2) + (2x_1 \cdot x_2)^2 \cdot \cos(x_1^2 + x_2^2 + x_1 x_2)$$

$$\frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} = \sin(x_1^2 + x_2^2 + x_1 x_2) + (2x_1 + x_2) \cdot (2x_2 + x_1) \cdot \cos(x_1^2 + x_2^2 + x_1 x_2)$$

$$\frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial x_2 \partial x_2} = 2\sin(x_1^2 + x_2^2 + x_1 x_2) + (2x_2 + x_1)^2 \cdot \cos(x_1^2 + x_2^2 + x_1 x_2)$$

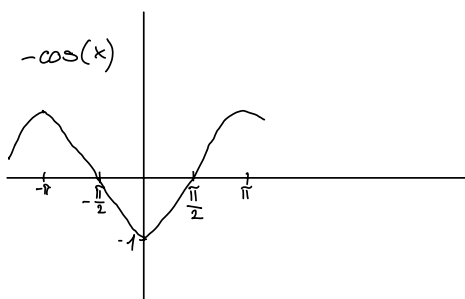
$$\frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial x_2 \partial x_1} = \sin(x_1^2 + x_2^2 + x_1 x_2) + (2x_2 + x_1) \cdot (2x_1 + x_2) \cdot \cos(x_1^2 + x_2^2 + x_1 x_2)$$

$$\hookrightarrow \nabla^2 f = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial x_1 \partial x_1} & \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} \\ \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial x_2 \partial x_1} & \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial x_2 \partial x_2} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\Rightarrow \begin{pmatrix} 2\sin(x_1^2 + x_2^2 + x_1 x_2) + (2x_1 + x_2)^2 \cdot \cos(x_1^2 + x_2^2 + x_1 x_2) & \sin(x_1^2 + x_2^2 + x_1 x_2) + (2x_1 + x_2)(2x_2 + x_1) \cdot \cos(x_1^2 + x_2^2 + x_1 x_2) \\ \sin(x_1^2 + x_2^2 + x_1 x_2) + (2x_2 + x_1)(2x_1 + x_2) \cdot \cos(x_1^2 + x_2^2 + x_1 x_2) & 2\sin(x_1^2 + x_2^2 + x_1 x_2) + (2x_2 + x_1)^2 \cdot \cos(x_1^2 + x_2^2 + x_1 x_2) \end{pmatrix}$$

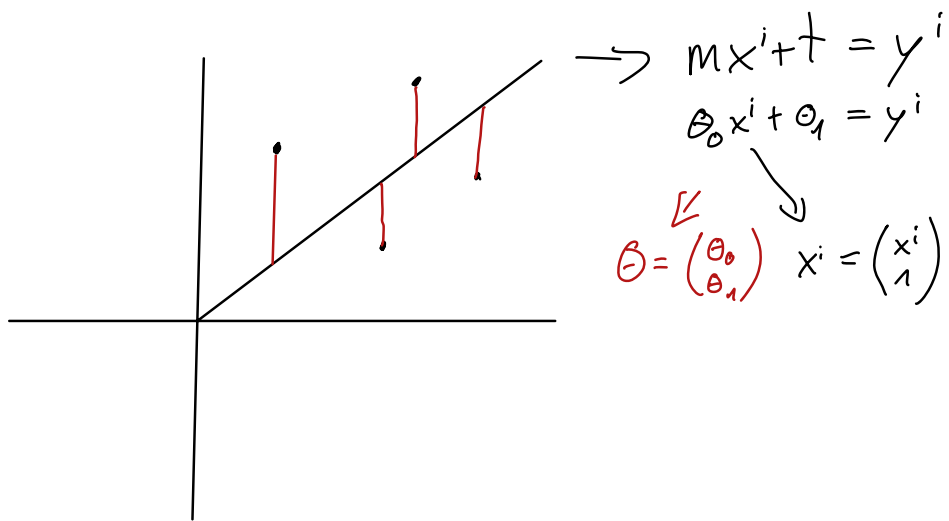
$$d) S_r = \{(x_1, x_2) \in \mathbb{R}^2 \mid x_1^2 + x_2^2 + x_1 x_2 < r\}$$

$$\rightarrow r \in \mathbb{R}, r > 0$$



$$2) \quad x_k = (0,7; 1,0), (0,8; 0,2), (1,5; 1,4) \\ (1,6; 1,5), (2,0; 1,8)$$

$$a) \min_{\theta \in \mathbb{R}^2} \sum_{i=1}^n (\theta^T (x^i - y^i))^2$$



$$\Rightarrow \min_{\theta \in \mathbb{R}^2} \sum_{i=1}^5 (\theta^T x^i - y^i)^2$$

b)

$$X = (x^1, \dots, x^k)^T, \quad y = \begin{pmatrix} y^1 \\ \vdots \\ y^k \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\hookrightarrow X = \begin{pmatrix} 0,7 & 0,8 & 1,5 & 1,6 & 2 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix}^T, \quad y = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0,2 \\ 1,4 \\ 1,5 \\ 1,8 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\min_{\theta \in \mathbb{R}^2} \sum_{i=1}^5 (\theta^T x^i - y^i)^2 \Rightarrow (X\theta - y)^T (X\theta - y)$$

Ableiten nach θ :

$$2X^T (X\theta - y)^T = 0$$

$$X^T X \theta - X^T y = 0$$

$$\theta = (X^T X)^{-1} X^T y$$

$$X\theta - \hat{y}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 0,7 \\ 0,8 \\ 1,5 \\ 1,6 \\ 2,0 \end{pmatrix} \cdot \begin{pmatrix} \theta_0 \\ \theta_1 \end{pmatrix} - \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0,2 \\ 1,4 \\ 1,5 \\ 1,8 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} a_1 \\ a_2 \\ a_3 \\ a_4 \\ a_5 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\Rightarrow (X\theta - y)^T (X\theta - y) = (a_1, a_2, a_3, a_4, a_5) \cdot \begin{pmatrix} a_1 \\ a_2 \\ a_3 \\ a_4 \\ a_5 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$= a_1^2 + a_2^2 + a_3^2 + a_4^2 + a_5^2$$

$$3) \quad c = \begin{pmatrix} 2, 0 \\ 1, 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\min_{x \in \mathbb{R}^2} f(x) = x^T c$$

$$mx + t = y$$

$$\text{rot)} \quad x_2 \geq -1x_1 + 1 \quad \rightarrow x_2 \geq -1x_1 + 1 \quad | +x_1$$

$$\Rightarrow x_1 + x_2 \geq \underline{1}$$

$$\text{blau)} \quad x_2 \geq 8x_1 - 12 \quad \rightarrow x_2 \geq 8x_1 - 12 \quad | -8x_1$$

$$\Rightarrow -8x_1 + x_2 \geq \underline{-12}$$

$$\text{grün)} \quad x_2 \leq 2x_1 + 2 \quad \rightarrow x_2 \leq 2x_1 + 2 \quad | -2x_1$$

$$\Rightarrow -2x_1 + x_2 \leq \underline{2} \quad \rightarrow ? \quad 2x_1 - x_2 \geq -2$$

$$\text{gelb)} \quad x_2 \leq \frac{2}{3}x_1 + \frac{8}{3} \quad \rightarrow x_2 \leq \frac{2}{3}x_1 + \frac{8}{3} \quad | -\frac{2}{3}x_1$$

$$\Rightarrow -\frac{2}{3}x_1 + x_2 \leq \underline{\frac{8}{3}} \quad \rightarrow ? \quad \frac{2}{3}x_1 - x_2 \geq -\frac{8}{3}$$

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ -8 & 1 \\ 2 & -1 \\ \frac{2}{3} & -1 \\ \frac{2}{3} & -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$b = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -12 \\ -2 \\ -\frac{8}{3} \\ -\frac{8}{3} \end{pmatrix}$$