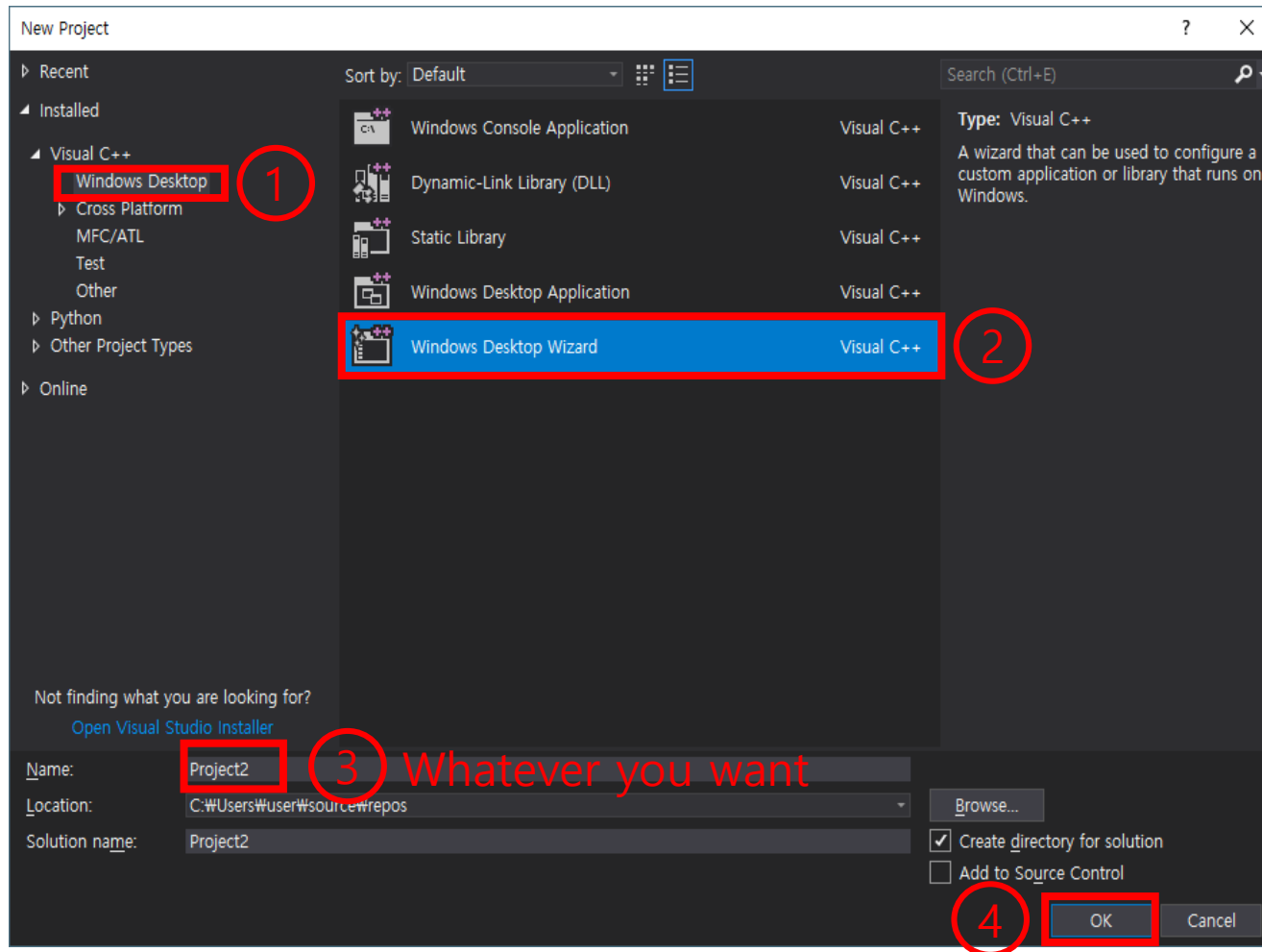


Programming-C

| Practice class course introduction |

4. Make a project

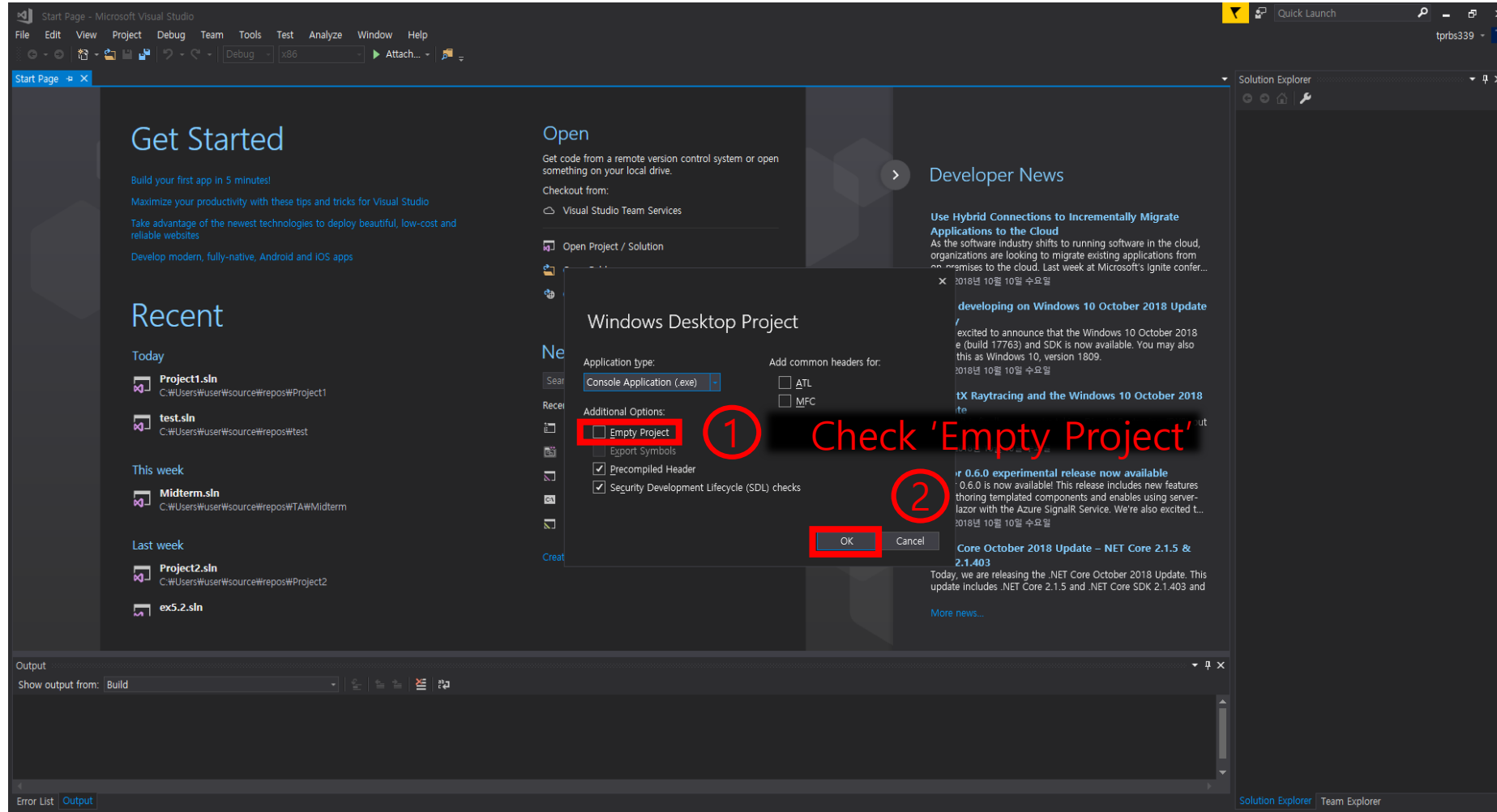


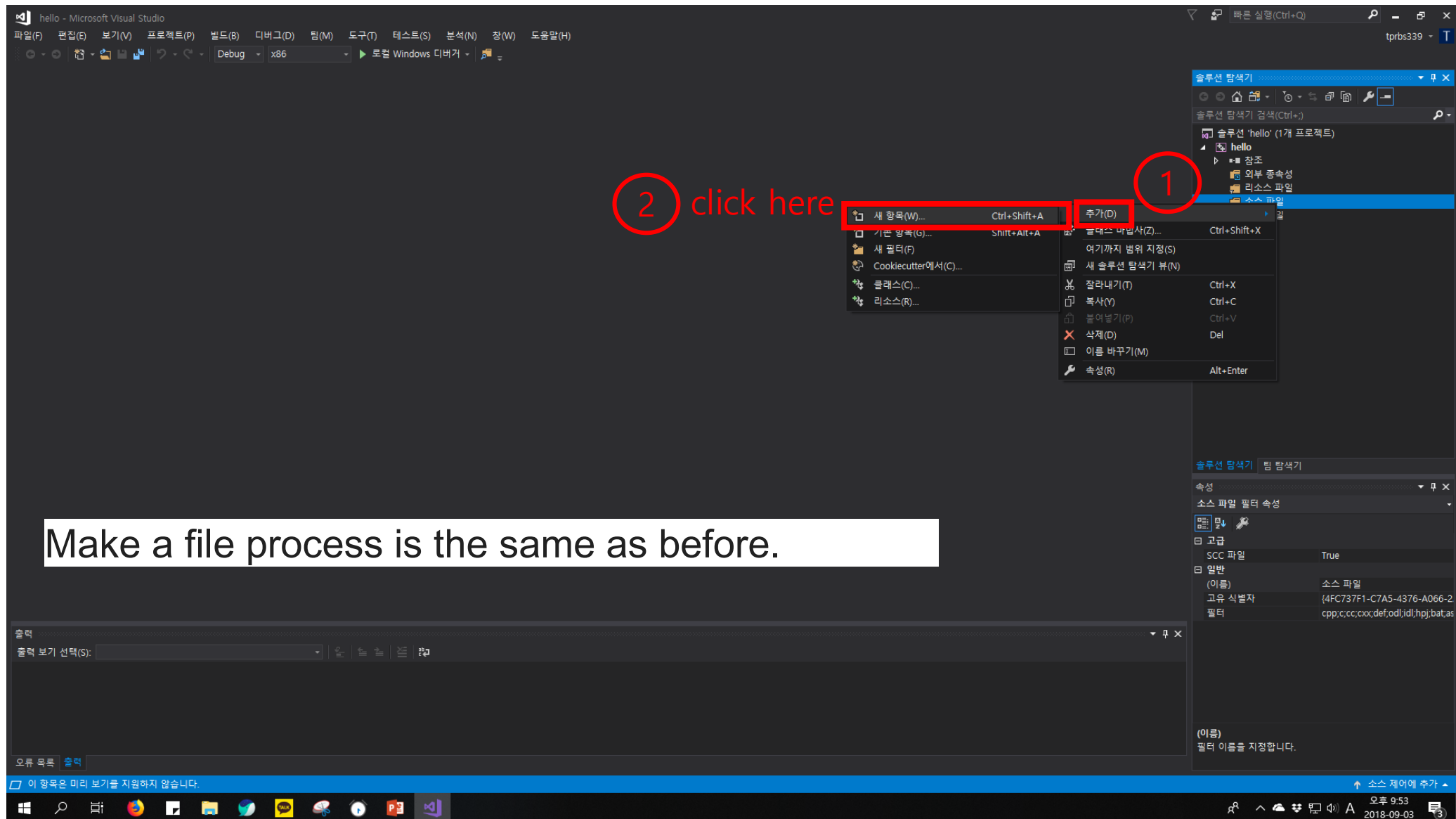
- To compensate for the immediate termination of the execution window, change from 'Empty project' to 'Window Desktop Wizard' when you create the project.

4. Make a project

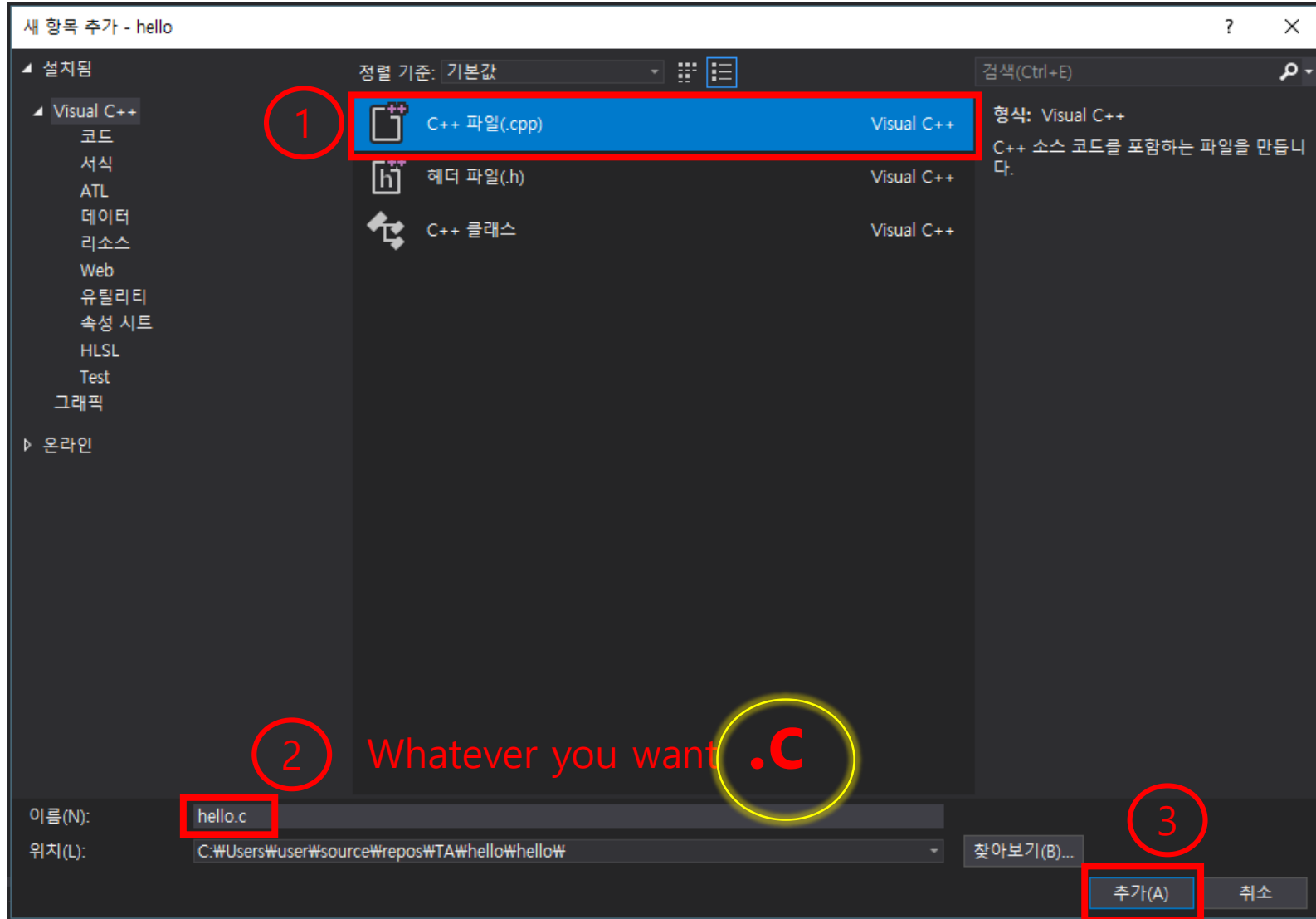
Class 4

Programming - C

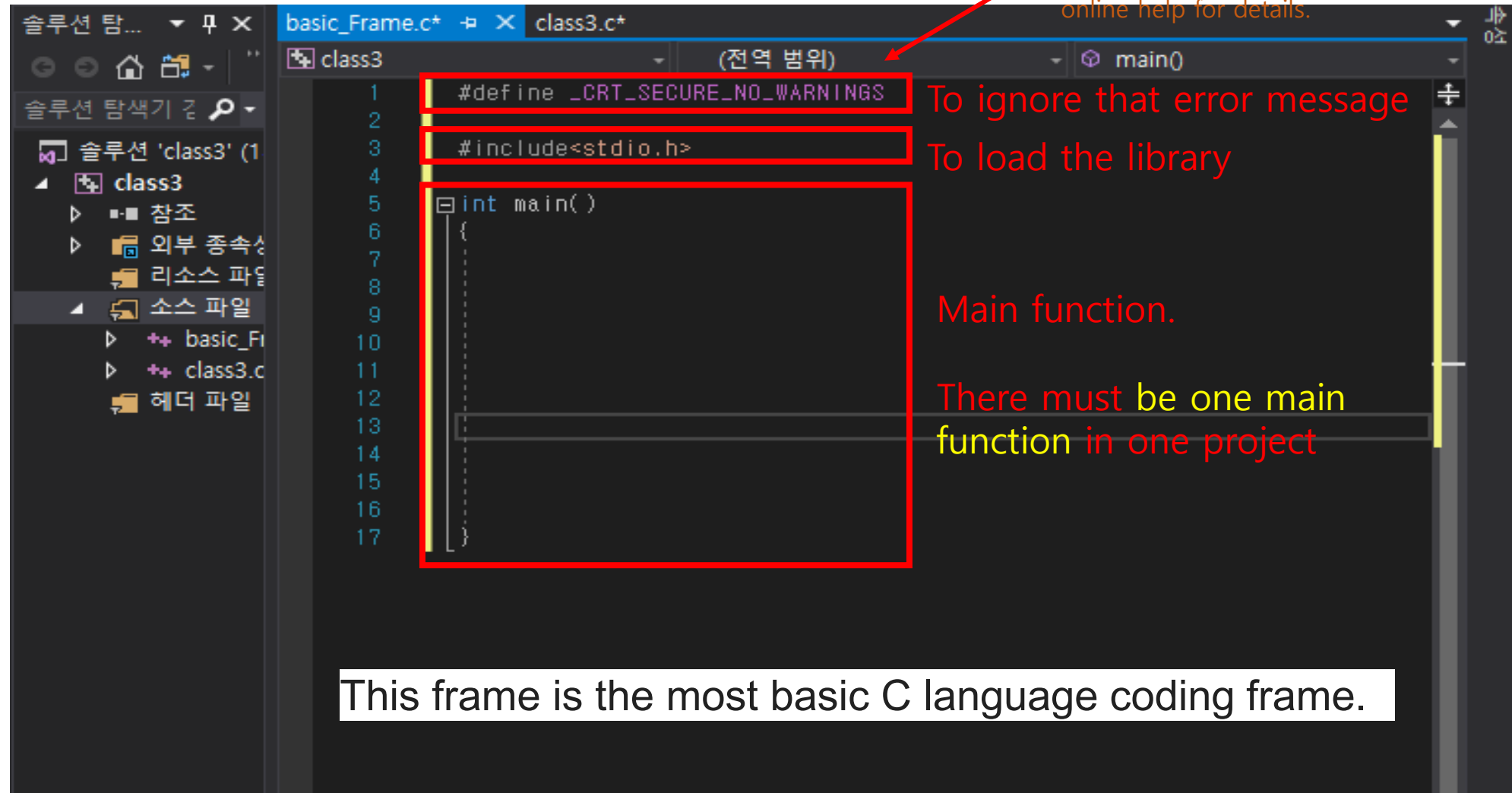




4. Make a file



error C4996: 'scanf': This function or variable may be unsafe. Consider using scanf_s instead. To disable deprecation, use _CRT_SECURE_NO_WARNINGS. See online help for details.



- ❖ Enter the natural number and obtain the sum from 0 to the natural number

<Source code>

```
class3.c*  X
class3      (전역 범위)
1 // example1
2 #define _CRT_SECURE_NO_WARNINGS
3 #include<stdio.h>
4
5
6 int main()
7 {
8     int total = 0;
9     int i, N;
10    printf("Please enter the natural number N : ");
11    scanf("%d", &N);
12
13    for (i = 0; i < N + 1; i++)
14        total += i;
15
16    printf("Total summation of 0 to %d : %d \n", N, total);
17    return 0;
18 }
```

<Output>

C:\WINDOWS\system32\cmd.exe

```
Please enter the natural number N : 10
Total summation of 0 to 10 : 55
계속하려면 아무 키나 누르십시오 . . .
```

C:\WINDOWS\system32\cmd.exe

```
Please enter the natural number N : 100
Total summation of 0 to 100 : 5050
계속하려면 아무 키나 누르십시오 . . .
```

- ❖ Print out the entire times table (2~9) (use a nested 'for loop')

<Source code>

```
class3_2.c  class3.c
class3      (전역 범위)
1 // example2
2 #define _CRT_SECURE_NO_WARNINGS
3 #include<stdio.h>
4
5
6 int main()
7 {
8     int n1, n2;
9
10    for (n1 = 2; n1 < 10; n1++)
11    {
12        printf("<%d times table>\n", n1);
13
14        for (n2 = 1; n2 < 10; n2++)
15            printf("%d x %d = %d\n", n1, n2, n1*n2);
16
17        printf("\n");
18    }
19    return 0;
20 }
```

<Output>

```
C:\WINDOWS\system32\cmd.exe
<2 times table>
2 x 1 = 2
2 x 2 = 4
2 x 3 = 6
2 x 4 = 8
2 x 5 = 10
2 x 6 = 12
2 x 7 = 14
2 x 8 = 16
2 x 9 = 18

<3 times table>
3 x 1 = 3
3 x 2 = 6
3 x 3 = 9
3 x 4 = 12
3 x 5 = 15
3 x 6 = 18
3 x 7 = 21
3 x 8 = 24
3 x 9 = 27

<4 times table>
4 x 1 = 4
4 x 2 = 8
4 x 3 = 12
4 x 4 = 16
4 x 5 = 20
4 x 6 = 24
4 x 7 = 28
4 x 8 = 32
4 x 9 = 36

<5 times table>
5 x 1 = 5
5 x 2 = 10
5 x 3 = 15
5 x 4 = 20
5 x 5 = 25
5 x 6 = 30
5 x 7 = 35
5 x 8 = 40
5 x 9 = 45

<6 times table>
6 x 1 = 6
6 x 2 = 12
6 x 3 = 18
6 x 4 = 24
6 x 5 = 30
6 x 6 = 36
6 x 7 = 42
6 x 8 = 48
6 x 9 = 54

<7 times table>
7 x 1 = 7
7 x 2 = 14
7 x 3 = 21
7 x 4 = 28
7 x 5 = 35
7 x 6 = 42
7 x 7 = 49
7 x 8 = 56
7 x 9 = 63

<8 times table>
8 x 1 = 8
8 x 2 = 16
8 x 3 = 24
8 x 4 = 32
8 x 5 = 40
8 x 6 = 48
8 x 7 = 56
8 x 8 = 64
8 x 9 = 72

<9 times table>
9 x 1 = 9
9 x 2 = 18
9 x 3 = 27
9 x 4 = 36
9 x 5 = 45
9 x 6 = 54
9 x 7 = 63
9 x 8 = 72
9 x 9 = 81

계속하려면 아무 키나 누르십시오 . . .
```


❖ Enter a multiple of 6 and then print out Using if, if **vs** Using if, else if

<Source code>

```
class3_3.c  class5.c  class4_4.c  class3_2.c  class3_1.c
class3
1
2 // example3
3 #define _CRT_SECURE_NO_WARNINGS
4 #include<stdio.h>
5
6
7 int main()
8 {
9     int num1;
10    printf("Please enter a common multiple of 2 and 3: "); //multiples of 6
11    scanf("%d", &num1);
12
13
14    if (num1 % 2 == 0)
15        printf("%d is a multiple of two \n", num1);
16    if (num1 % 3 == 0)
17        printf("%d is a multiple of three \n", num1);
18
19
20    printf("\n");
21    if (num1 % 2 == 0)
22    {
23        printf("%d is a multiple of two \n", num1);
24    }
25    else if (num1 % 3 == 0)
26    {
27        printf("%d is a multiple of two \n", num1);
28    }
29    else
30    {
31        printf("%d is not a multiple of two or three", num1);
32    }
33
34    return 0;
35
36
37
```

<Output>

C:\WINDOWS\system32\cmd.exe

```
Please enter a common multiple of 2 and 3: 12
12 is a multiple of two
12 is a multiple of three

12 is a multiple of two
계속하려면 아무 키나 누르십시오 . . .
```

❖ Two ways to output a string after it has been input.

<Source code>

```
class4_4.c* class3_2.c class3_1.c
class3
1 // example4
2 #define _CRT_SECURE_NO_WARNINGS
3 #include<stdio.h>
4
5
6 int main()
7 {
8     char str[50];
9     int idx = 0;
10
11     printf("please enter a string : ");
12     scanf("%s", str); // string = %s
13
14     printf("Output in string : %s\n", str);
15
16     printf("Output in character units : ");
17
18     while (str[idx] != '\0') // The end of the string is always null('\0')
19     {
20         printf("%c", str[idx]);
21         idx++;
22     }
23
24     printf("\n");
25     return 0;
26 }
```

<Output>

```
C:\WINDOWS\system32\cmd.exe
please enter a string : HelloWorld
Output in string : HelloWorld
Output in character units : HelloWorld
계속하려면 아무 키나 누르십시오 . . .
```

- Initializes the size of the array.
- **String = %s**, character = %c, Integer type = %d, real number type = %f
- The end of the string is always null('\0')
- When you type a sentence, only the first word is printed
 - > "% s" only accepts strings before whitespace (blank).
 - > You will learn how to print sentences later. (using fgets)

- ❖ Enter 5 real numbers in an array and find an average, and the number greater than the mean and the number of the smaller number

<Source code>

```
class_5.c* class4_4.c class3_2.c class3_1.c
class3 (전역 범위)
1 // example5
2 #define _CRT_SECURE_NO_WARNINGS
3 #include<stdio.h>
4
5
6 int main()
7 {
8     float arr[5];
9     float sum = 0, avg;
10    int i, j = 0, k = 0;
11
12
13    for (i = 0; i < 5; i++)
14    {
15        printf("enter the %d-th digit : \n", i+1);
16        scanf("%f", &arr[i]);
17        sum += arr[i];
18    }
19
20    avg = sum / 5;
21    printf("sum : %f, avg : %f\n", sum, avg);
22
23
24    for (i = 0; i < 5; i++)
25    {
26        if (arr[i] >= avg)
27            j++;
28        else
29            k++;
30    }
31
32
33    printf("number of above average : %d\n", j);
34    printf("number of below average : %d\n", k);
35
36
37
38
39    return 0;
40
41 }
```

<Output>

```
C:\WINDOWS\system32\cmd.exe
enter the 1-th digit :
22
enter the 2-th digit :
46
enter the 3-th digit :
57
enter the 4-th digit :
44
enter the 5-th digit :
98
sum : 267.000000, avg : 53.400002
number of above average : 2
number of below average : 3
계속하려면 아무 키나 누르십시오 . . .
```

- Include "avobe average" in the case of a value equal to the average.

4. Homework 1 : Print out times table by using the loop

C l a s s 4

Programming - C

Microsoft Visual Studio 디버그 콘솔

what number of times table do you want me to print out? (2~9)5

```
5 * 1 = 5
5 * 2 = 10
5 * 3 = 15
5 * 4 = 20
5 * 5 = 25
5 * 6 = 30
5 * 7 = 35
5 * 8 = 40
5 * 9 = 45
```

**5 times
table**

C:\Users\KIM MINJI\Source\Repos\20180918_class2\Debug\20180918_...
니다.

이 창을 닫으려면 아무 키나 누르세요.

Microsoft Visual Studio 디버그 콘솔

what number of times table do you want me to print out? (2~9)9

```
9 * 1 = 9
9 * 2 = 18
9 * 3 = 27
9 * 4 = 36
9 * 5 = 45
9 * 6 = 54
9 * 7 = 63
9 * 8 = 72
9 * 9 = 81
```

**9 times
table**

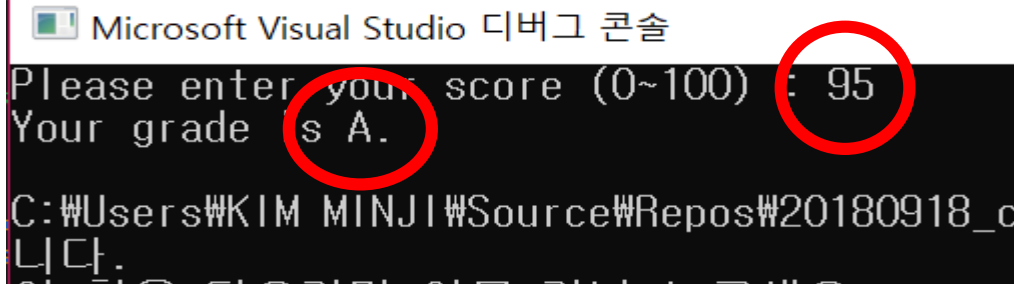
C:\Users\KIM MINJI\Source\Repos\20180918_class2\Debug\20180918_...
니다.

이 창을 닫으려면 아무 키나 누르세요.

- The output pictures show just an example.
- You must upload the file(source code) due to 2018.10.22 11:59PM on Black board.

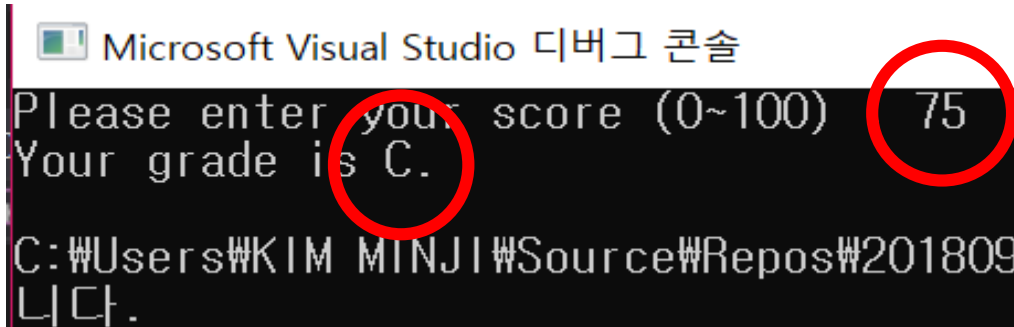
4. Homework 2 : Print out your grade **using switch and case**

A : 90~100
B : 80~89
C : 70~79
D : 60~69
F : 0~59



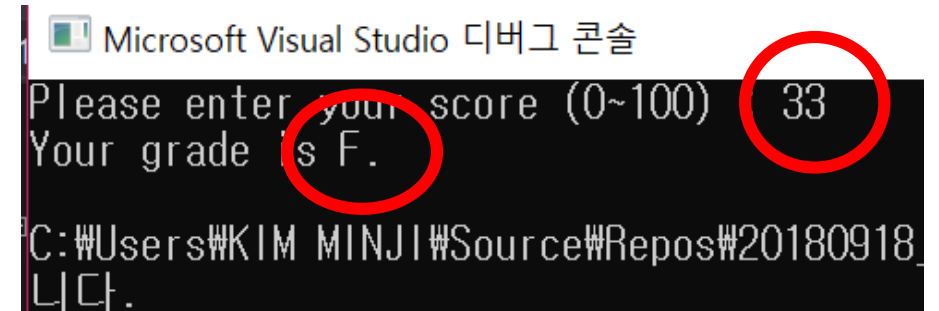
Microsoft Visual Studio 디버그 콘솔

```
Please enter your score (0~100) : 95
Your grade is A.
C:\Users\KIM MINJI\Source\Repos\20180918_c
니다.
```



Microsoft Visual Studio 디버그 콘솔

```
Please enter your score (0~100) : 75
Your grade is C.
C:\Users\KIM MINJI\Source\Repos\201809
니다.
```



Microsoft Visual Studio 디버그 콘솔

```
Please enter your score (0~100) : 33
Your grade is F.
C:\Users\KIM MINJI\Source\Repos\20180918_
니다.
```

- The output pictures show just an example.
- You must upload the file(source code) due to 2018.10.22 11:59PM on Black board.