Smart Software Project

Lab: Week 12
Gyro, Accelerometer & Compass Sensors

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Today

- Lab announcement
- SmartCAR Gyro + Accelerometer sensors
- Lab assignment #9
- Course announcement

Class Schedule

Week	Lecture Contents	Lab Contents
Week 1	Course introduction	Arduino introduction: platform & programming environment
Week 2	Embedded system overview & source management in collaborative repository (using GitHub)	Lab 1: Arduino Mega 2560 board & SmartCAR platform
Week 3	ATmega2560 Micro-controller (MCU): architecture & I/O ports, Analog vs. Digital, Pulse Width Modulation	Lab 2: SmartCAR LED control
Week 4	Analog vs. Digital & Pulse Width Modulation	Lab 3: SmartCAR motor control (Due: HW on creating project repository using GitHub)
Week 5	ATmega2560 MCU: memory, I/O ports, UART	Lab 4: SmartCAR control via Android Bluetooth
Week 6	ATmega2560 UART control & Bluetooth communication between Arduino platform and Android device	Lab 5: SmartCAR control through your own customized Android app (Due: Project proposal)
Week 7	Midterm exam	
Week 8	ATmega2560 Timer, Interrupts & Ultrasonic sensors	Lab 6: SmartCAR ultrasonic sensing
Week 9	Infrared sensors & Buzzer	Lab 7: SmartCAR infrared sensing
Week 10	Acquiring location information from Android device & line tracing	Lab 8: Implementation of line tracer
Week 11	Gyroscope, accelerometer, and compass sensors	Lab 9: Using gyroscope, accelerometer, and compass sensors
Week 12	Project	Team meeting (for progress check)
Week 13	Project	Team meeting (for progress check)
Week 14	Course wrap-up & next steps	
Week 15	Project presentation & demo I (Due: source code, presentation slides, & poster slide)	Project presentation & demo II
Week 16	Final week (no final exam)	

Lab Session

- Practice in-lab programming exercises based on the lecture materials
- Upload source codes for lab assignments in Ewha Cyber Campus after the lab session
  - Due: 11:59pm on the lab day
- Once you are done, you can leave the session after checking with me or TA
- Or, continue to work on programming for other homework assignments

Lab Policy

- 1) Please check out your SmartCAR (& Nexus 7 tablet) as soon as you arrive at the classroom
- 2) Please complete lab assignments
- 3) Upload required files to Ewha Cyber Campus
- 4) Check with me or TA
- **5) Please upload a null firmware to SmartCAR before you return it!!!**
  - **This will be a part of your lab score**
- 6) Please remove files that you created or downloaded in your computer after you are done
  - Remove your project completely
- 7) Please shut down your computer before you leave
- 8) Return the checked-out SmartCAR (& Nexus 7 tablet) to TA

NOTE: How to run SmartCAR in Lab

- Power OFF
  - Compile your code
  - Lift up your SmartCAR with your hand
  - Upload your code
- Disconnect the USB cable
- Go to find a spacious area
- Put it down there
- Power ON
- It will run your firmware
- After test, turn power OFF

Lab Announcement

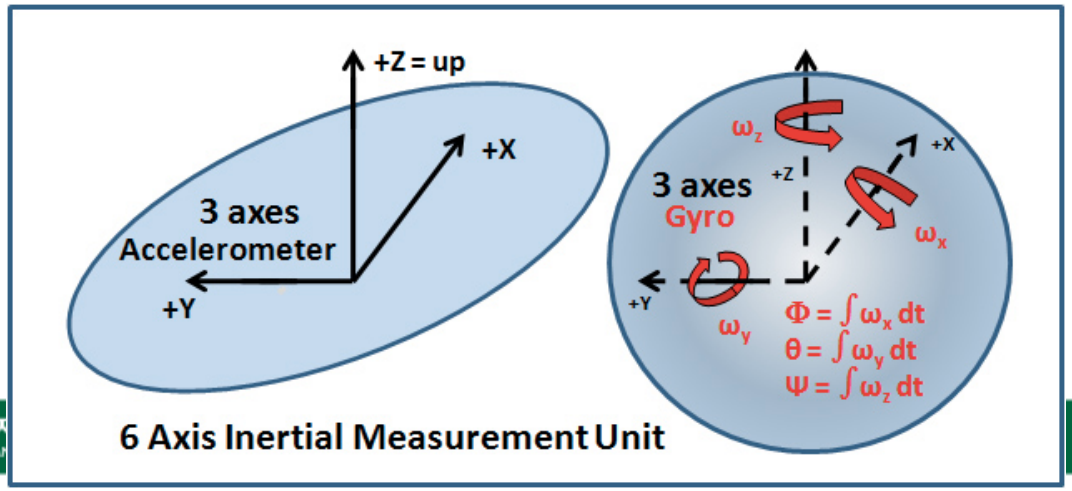
- Bluetooth pairing "headache"
  - Because there are so many Bluetooth devices in the classroom with the same name
    - "**155v2.1.7_hb**" <- SmartCAR
  - So please go outside with your SmartCAR and your Android device, and then pair them
  - Please do not pair with other students' devices

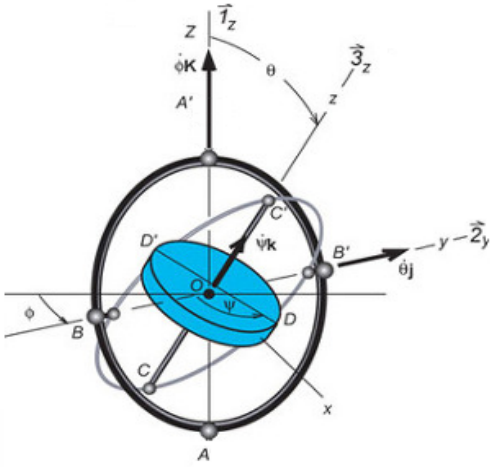
Today

- Lab announcement
- **SmartCAR Gyro + Accelerometer**
- Lab assignment #11
- Course announcement

3 axes Accelerometer + 3 axes Gyro

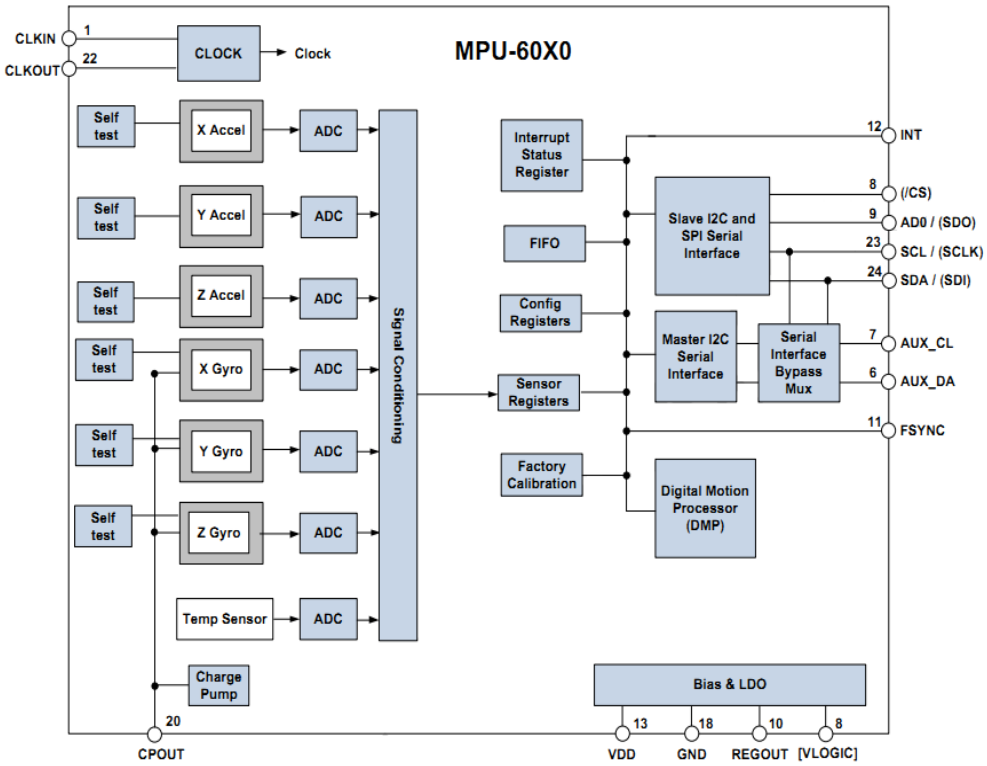
- 6 axes
  - 1) from 3 axes accelerometer
    - Measure proper acceleration in three axes
  - 2) from 3 axes gyroscope
    - Measure orientation, based on the principles of angular momentum





6 Axes Sensors in SmartCAR

- InvenSense MPU-6050: Gyro 3 axis + Accelerometer 3 axis sensors
  - Data transmission type to Atmega MCU
    - I^2C(Inter-Integrated Circuit) interface



Yaw, pitch, and roll calculation

- Let's have the followings from 6 axes measurements
  - Yaw: rotation in z-axis
  - Pitch: rotation in y-axis
  - Roll: rotation in x-axis

Part I: SmartCAR Firmware

- Lab11.h

```
001: #ifndef lab11_H_
002: #define lab11_H_
003: #include "Arduino.h"
004:
005: #include "Wire.h"
006: #include "I2Cdev.h"
007: #include "MPU6050_6Axis_MotionApps20.h"
008:
009: #ifdef __cplusplus
010: extern "C" {
011: #endif
012: void loop();
013: void setup();
014: #ifdef __cplusplus
015: }
016: #endif
017:
018: #endif
```

Part I: SmartCAR Firmware

- lab11.cpp

```
001: #include "lab11.h"
002:
003: MPU6050 mpu;
004:
005: uint8_t mpuIntStatus;   // holds actual interrupt status byte from MPU
006: uint8_t devStatus;      // return status after each device operation (0
= success, !0 = error)
007: uint16_t packetSize;    // expected DMP packet size (default is 42
bytes)
008: uint16_t fifoCount;     // count of all bytes currently in FIFO
009: uint8_t fifoBuffer[64]; // FIFO storage buffer
010:
011: Quaternion q;           // [w, x, y, z]         quaternion container
012: VectorFloat gravity;    // [x, y, z]            gravity vector
013: float ypr[3];           // [yaw, pitch, roll]   yaw/pitch/roll
container and gravity vector
014:
015: void setup()
016: {
017:   Wire.begin();
018:
019:   Serial.begin(115200);
020:
021:   Serial.println("Initializing I2C devices…");
022:   mpu.initialize();
```

Part I: SmartCAR Firmware

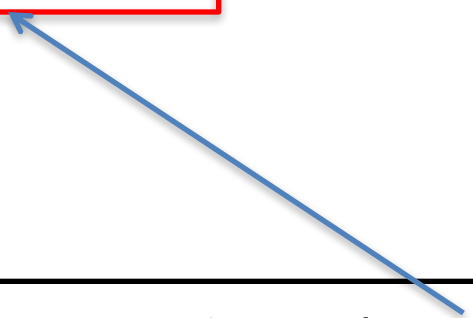
```
023:
024:   Serial.println("Testing device connections…");
025:   Serial.println(mpu.testConnection() ? "MPU6050 connection
successful"          :  "MPU6050 connection failed");
026:
027:   Serial.println("Initializing DMP…");
028:   devStatus = mpu.dmpInitialize();
029:
030:   if (devStatus == 0) {
031:
032:     Serial.println("Enabling DMP…");
033:     mpu.setDMPEnabled(true);
034:
035:     packetSize = mpu.dmpGetFIFOPacketSize();
036:   }
037:   else
038:   {
039:     Serial.print("DMP Initialization failed (code ");
040:     Serial.print(devStatus);
041:     Serial.println(")");
042:   }
043: }
044: void loop()
045: {
046: }
```

Part I: SmartCAR Firmware

```
047: void gyro_accel_read()
048: {
049:   while(1)
050:   {
051:     mpu.resetFIFO();
052:     mpuIntStatus = mpu.getIntStatus();
053:     fifoCount = mpu.getFIFOCount();
054:     if(mpuIntStatus & 0x02)
055:     {
056:       while(fifoCount < packetSize)
057:         fifoCount = mpu.getFIFOCount();
058:       mpu.getFIFOBytes(fifoBuffer, packetSize);
059:       fifoCount -= packetSize;
060:       mpu.dmpGetQuaternion(&q, fifoBuffer);
061:       mpu.dmpGetGravity(&gravity, &q);
062:       mpu.dmpGetYawPitchRoll(ypr, &q, &gravity);
063:       break;
064:     }
065:   }
066:   Serial.print(" yaw : ");
067:   Serial.print(180 - (ypr[0] * 180/M_PI));  //yaw
068:   Serial.print("  pitch : ");
069:   Serial.print(ypr[1] * 180/M_PI);  // pitch
070:   Serial.print("  roll : ");
071:   Serial.println(ypr[2] * 180/M_PI);  //roll
072: }
```

Part I: SmartCAR Firmware

```
073: void serialEvent()
074: {
075:   int command = Serial.read();
076:
077:   switch (command)
078:   {
079:     ...
080:     ...
081:     case 14:
082:       gyro_accel_read();
083:       break;
084:
085:     default:
086:   }
087: }
```

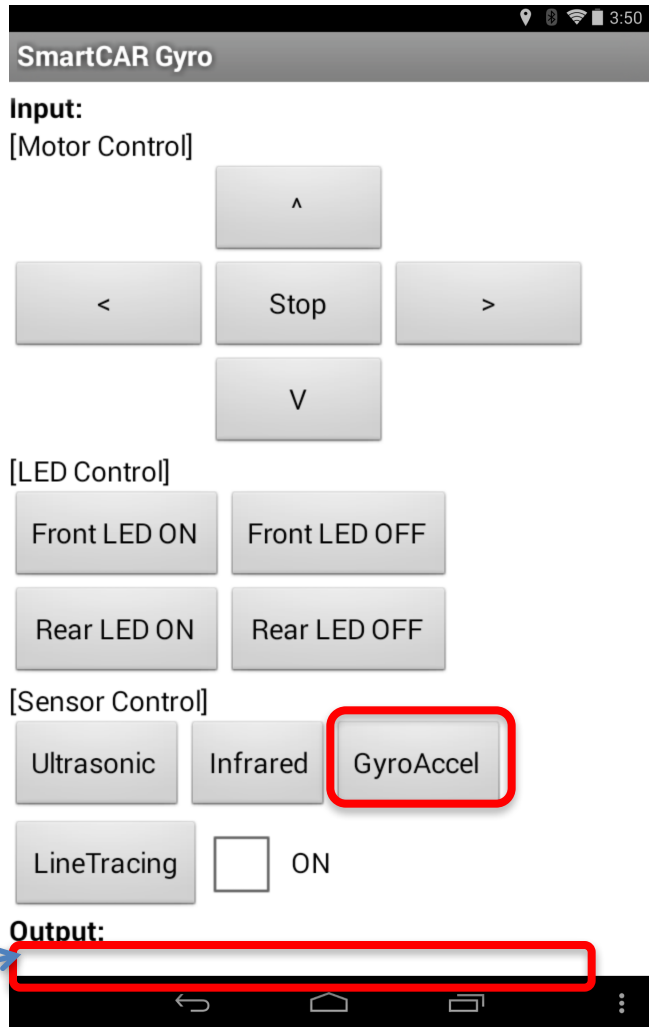


- If the SmartCAR receives a byte of 14, read gyroscope + accelerometer sensors

Part II: SmartCAR Gyro App

- http://ai2.appinventor.mit.edu
- Click on "New Project"
- Enter "SmartCAR_Gyro" in Project Name
  (One word, no space)

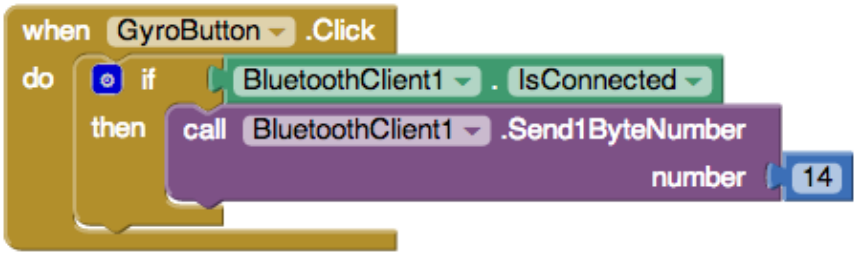
- Under "User Interface"
  - Drag-and-drop "Button" component
    - To send command
  - Drag-and-drop "CheckBox" component
    - Enable the line tracing, or
    - Disable the line tracing



BTOutput (Label)

SmartCAR Rotation Check

- Read measurements from Gyro and Accelerometer
  and print out in a label
  (command byte: 14)
  - Send "14" in number using "BluetoothClient.Send1ByteNumber"



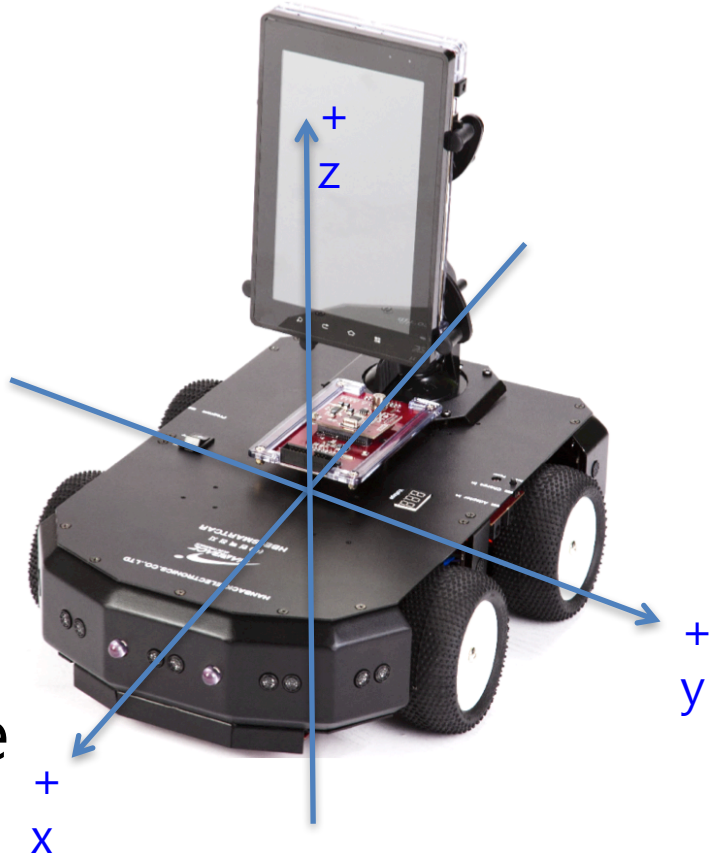
Lab Assignment #9

- Submit three following files to Cyber Campus
  - 1) lab9.cpp (Arduino firmware code)
  - 2) lab9.h (Arduino firmware code)
  - 3) SmartCAR_Gyro.apk (Android app package)
    - You should set the app icon image to "SmartCAR.png"
    - In App Inventor,
      "Build" ➔ "App (save .apk to my computer)"
  - 4) lab9_comment.txt
    - Explain what is going on these measurements while rotating

- Show your result to TA or instructor

Lab Assignment #9: lab9_comment.txt

- Please answer why the measurement is changing in that way… found out any rule?
  - When you rotate in x-axis
    - Clockwise
    - Counter clockwise
  - When you rotate in y-axis
    - Clockwise
    - Counter clockwise
  - When you rotate in z-axis
    - Clockwise
    - Counter clockwise



- Create lab9_comment.txt file to explain this

Course Announcement

- Next Week
  - Project discussion meetings: 10 – 15 minutes per team
  - Team 1 ~ 5