Problem 3: Mod of Integer Powers

Bob, the minion, is a new Computer Science student. He learns that the normal *integer* is a data type with 32 unsigned bits which can contain 2^{32} values. So, he simulates the scenario to challenge you by giving two positive integers i and j such that the integer $K = i^j = i \cdot \exp(j)$ and $1 \le i, j \le 20$ then find K modulo I (K mod i).

For examples, i = 5, j = 2, then $K = i \cdot \exp(j) = 5^2 = 25$, and $K \mod j = 25 \mod 2 = 1$. If the integer K results in an overflow, the output will show "overflow" (without quotation mark).

INPUT

The first line of input contains M, the number of cases which is at most 100, and then M lines follow. Each subsequent line consists of a case with two positive integer numbers i and j.

OUTPUT

The output should be in form of:

Case #1

The results for case #1

Case #2

The results for case #2

..

Case #M

The results for case #M

SAMPLE

Input

3

5 2

2 5

20 20

Output

Case #1

1

Case #2

2

Case #3

overflow