Московский Авиационный Институт (Национальный исследовательский Университет)

Факультет: «Информационные технологии и прикладная математика» Кафедра: 806 «Вычислительная математика и программирование»

Лабораторная работа по курсу «ООП»

Тема: Простые классы.

Студент:	Коротков Д.П.
Группа:	М80-208Б-18
Преподаватель:	Журавлев А.А.
Вариант:	9
Оценка:	
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1. Код программы на языке С++:

Polygon.hpp:

```
#ifndef POLYGON
#define POLYGON
#include <iostream>
#include <array>
struct Point {
  double x:
  double y;
  Point() \{x = 0; y = 0;\}
  Point(double a, double b) \{x = a; y = b;\}
};
struct Polygon {
public:
  virtual ~Polygon() {}
  virtual void print (std::ostream& os) const = 0;
  virtual void scan (std::istream& is) = 0;
  virtual Point center() const = 0;
  virtual double area() const = 0;
};
struct Triangle : public Polygon {
public:
  Triangle ();
  Triangle (std::istream& is);
  void print (std::ostream& os) const override;
  void scan (std::istream& is) override;
  Point center() const override;
  double area() const override;
  ~Triangle() {}
private:
  std::array<Point, 3> vertexes;
};
struct Square : public Polygon {
public:
  Square ();
  Square (std::istream& is);
```

```
void print (std::ostream& os) const override;
  void scan (std::istream& is) override;
  Point center() const override;
  double area() const override;
  ~Square() {}
private:
  std::array<Point, 4> vertexes;
};
struct Rectangle : public Polygon {
public:
  Rectangle ():
  Rectangle (std::istream& is);
  void print (std::ostream& os) const override;
  void scan (std::istream& is) override;
  Point center() const override;
  double area() const override;
  ~Rectangle() {}
private:
  std::array<Point, 4> vertexes;
};
std::istream& operator>> (std::istream& is, Polygon& m);
std::ostream& operator<< (std::ostream& os, const Polygon& m);
#endif
Polygon.cpp:
#include <iostream>
#include <vector>
#include <array>
#include <math.h>
#include <exception>
#include "Polygon.hpp"
void Triangle::print (std::ostream& os) const {
  os << "Triangle" << ':';
  for (int i = 0; i < vertexes.size(); ++i) {
     os << vertexes[i].x << ' ' << vertexes[i].y << ' ';
  }
```

```
os << '\n';
}
Point Triangle::center() const {
  Point ans = \{0, 0\};
  for (int i = 0; i < 3; ++i) {
     ans.x += vertexes[i].x;
     ans.y += vertexes[i].y;
  }
  ans = \{ans.x / 3, ans.y / 3\};
  return ans;
}
double Triangle::area() const {
  Point vec1 = {vertexes[1].x - vertexes[0].x, vertexes[1].y - vertexes[0].y};
  Point vec2 = {vertexes[2].x - vertexes[0].x, vertexes[2].y - vertexes[0].y};
  double ans = fabs(vec1.x * vec2.y - vec2.x * vec1.y);
  return ans / 2;
}
Triangle::Triangle (std::istream& is) {
  for (int i = 0; i < vertexes.size(); ++i) {
     is >> vertexes[i].x >> vertexes[i].y;
  if (area() == 0) {
     throw std::logic_error("non pravilni");
}
void Triangle::scan (std::istream& is) {
  for (int i = 0; i < vertexes.size(); ++i) {
     is >> vertexes[i].x >> vertexes[i].y;
  if (area() == 0) {
     throw std::logic_error("non pravilni");
  }
}
void Square::print (std::ostream& os) const {
  os << "Square" << ':';
```

```
for (int i = 0; i < vertexes.size(); ++i) {
     os << vertexes[i].x << ' ' << vertexes[i].y << ' ';
  }
  os << '\n';
}
Point Square::center() const {
  Point ans = \{0, 0\};
  for (int i = 0; i < vertexes.size(); ++i) {
     ans.x += vertexes[i].x;
     ans.y += vertexes[i].y;
  }
  ans = \{ans.x / 4, ans.y / 4\};
  return ans:
}
double Square::area() const {
  Point vec1 = {vertexes[1].x - vertexes[0].x, vertexes[1].y - vertexes[0].y};
  Point vec2 = {vertexes[2].x - vertexes[0].x, vertexes[2].y - vertexes[0].y};
  double ans = fabs(vec1.x * vec2.y - vec2.x * vec1.y);
  std::cout << ans << '\n';
  return ans:
}
Square::Square (std::istream& is) {
  for (int i = 0; i < 4; ++i) {
     is >> vertexes[i].x >> vertexes[i].y;
  //for (int i = 0; i < 4; ++i) {
     //std::cout << vertexes[i].x << ' ' << vertexes[i].y << '\n';
  //}
  Point vec1 {vertexes[1].x - vertexes[0].x, vertexes[1].y - vertexes[0].y};
  Point vec2 {vertexes[2].x - vertexes[1].x, vertexes[2].y - vertexes[1].y};
  Point vec3 {vertexes[3].x - vertexes[2].x, vertexes[3].y - vertexes[2].y};
  Point vec4 {vertexes[0].x - vertexes[3].x, vertexes[0].y - vertexes[3].y};
  double l1 = vec1.x * vec1.x + vec1.y * vec1.y;
  double 12 = vec2.x * vec2.x + vec2.y * vec2.y;
  double 13 = vec3.x * vec3.x + vec3.y * vec3.y;
  double 14 = vec4.x * vec4.x + vec4.y * vec4.y;
  //std::cout << vec1.x << ' ' << vec1.y << '\n';
  //std::cout << l1 << ' ' << l2 << ' ' << l3 << ' ' << l4:
```

```
if (!(11 == 12 \&\& 12 == 13 \&\& 13 == 14) || !(vec1.x * vec2.x + vec1.y * vec2.y == 14) || !(vec1.x * vec2.x + vec1.y * vec2.y == 14) || !(vec1.x * vec2.x + vec1.y * vec2.y == 14) || !(vec1.x * vec2.x + vec1.y * vec2.y == 14) || !(vec1.x * vec2.x + vec1.y * vec2.y == 14) || !(vec1.x * vec2.x + vec1.y * vec2.y == 14) || !(vec1.x * vec2.x + vec1.y * vec2.y == 14) || !(vec1.x * vec2.x + vec1.y * vec2.y == 14) || !(vec1.x * vec2.x + vec1.y * vec2.y == 14) || !(vec1.x * vec2.x + vec1.y * vec2.y == 14) || !(vec1.x * vec2.x + vec1.y * vec2.y == 14) || !(vec1.x * vec2.x + vec1.y * vec2.y == 14) || !(vec1.x * vec2.x + vec2.y == 14) || !(vec1.x + vec2.x + vec2.x + vec2.x == 14) || !(vec1.x + vec2.x + vec2.x + vec2.x == 14) || !(vec1.x + vec2.x + vec2.x + vec2.x == 14) || !(vec1.x + vec2.x + vec2.x + vec2.x == 14) || !(vec1.x + vec2.x + vec2.x + vec2.x == 14) || !(vec1.x + vec2.x == 14) || !(vec1
0)) {
                      throw std::logic_error("non pravilni");
 }
void Square::scan (std::istream& is) {
           for (int i = 0; i < 4; ++i) {
                      is >> vertexes[i].x >> vertexes[i].y;
           Point vec1 {vertexes[1].x - vertexes[0].x, vertexes[1].y - vertexes[0].y};
           Point vec2 {vertexes[2].x - vertexes[1].x, vertexes[2].y - vertexes[1].y};
           Point vec3 {vertexes[3].x - vertexes[2].x, vertexes[3].y - vertexes[2].y};
           Point vec4 {vertexes[0].x - vertexes[3].x, vertexes[0].y - vertexes[3].y};
          double l1 = vec1.x * vec1.x + vec1.y * vec1.y;
           double 12 = vec2.x * vec2.x + vec2.v * vec2.v;
           double 13 = vec3.x * vec3.x + vec3.y * vec3.y;
           double 14 = \text{vec4.x} * \text{vec4.x} + \text{vec4.v} * \text{vec4.v};
            if (!(11 == 12 \&\& 12 == 13 \&\& 13 == 14) || !(vec1.x * vec2.x + vec1.y * vec2.y == 14) || !(vec1.x * vec2.x + vec1.y * vec2.y == 14) || !(vec1.x * vec2.x + vec1.y * vec2.y == 14) || !(vec1.x * vec2.x + vec1.y * vec2.y == 14) || !(vec1.x * vec2.x + vec1.y * vec2.y == 14) || !(vec1.x * vec2.x + vec1.y * vec2.y == 14) || !(vec1.x * vec2.x + vec1.y * vec2.y == 14) || !(vec1.x * vec2.x + vec1.y * vec2.y == 14) || !(vec1.x * vec2.x + vec1.y * vec2.y == 14) || !(vec1.x * vec2.x + vec1.y * vec2.y == 14) || !(vec1.x * vec2.x + vec1.y * vec2.y == 14) || !(vec1.x * vec2.x + vec1.y * vec2.y == 14) || !(vec1.x * vec2.x + vec2.y == 14) || !(vec1.x + vec2.x + vec2.x + vec2.x == 14) || !(vec1.x + vec2.x + vec2.x + vec2.x == 14) || !(vec1.x + vec2.x + vec2.x + vec2.x == 14) || !(vec1.x + vec2.x + vec2.x + vec2.x == 14) || !(vec1.x + vec2.x + vec2.x + vec2.x == 14) || !(vec1.x + vec2.x == 14) || !(vec1
0)) {
                      throw std::logic_error("non pravilni");
           }
 }
void Rectangle::print (std::ostream& os) const {
           os << "Rectangle" << ':';
           for (int i = 0; i < vertexes.size(); ++i) {
                      os << vertexes[i].x << ' ' << vertexes[i].y << ' ';
           }
           os \ll '\n';
 }
Point Rectangle::center() const {
           Point ans = \{0, 0\};
           for (int i = 0; i < vertexes.size(); ++i) {
                      ans.x += vertexes[i].x;
                      ans.y += vertexes[i].y;
           ans = \{ans.x / 4, ans.y / 4\};
           return ans;
 }
```

```
double Rectangle::area() const {
  Point vec1 = {vertexes[1].x - vertexes[0].x, vertexes[1].y - vertexes[0].y};
  Point vec2 = \{vertexes[2].x - vertexes[0].x, vertexes[2].y - vertexes[0].y\};
  double ans = fabs(vec1.x * vec2.y - vec2.x * vec1.y);
  return ans:
}
Rectangle::Rectangle (std::istream& is) {
  for (int i = 0; i < vertexes.size(); ++i) {
     is >> vertexes[i].x >> vertexes[i].v;
  Point vec1 = \{vertexes[1].x - vertexes[0].x, vertexes[1].y - vertexes[0].y\};
  Point vec2 = {vertexes[2].x - vertexes[1].x, vertexes[2].y - vertexes[1].y};
  Point vec3 = {vertexes[3].x - vertexes[2].x, vertexes[3].y - vertexes[2].y};
  Point vec4 = \{vertexes[0].x - vertexes[3].x, vertexes[0].y - vertexes[3].y\};
  double l1 = vec1.x * vec1.x + vec1.y * vec1.y;
  double 12 = vec2.x * vec2.x + vec2.y * vec2.y;
  double 13 = vec3.x * vec3.x + vec3.y * vec3.y;
  double 14 = vec4.x * vec4.x + vec4.y * vec4.y;
  if (!(11 == 13 \&\& 12 == 14) || !(vec1.x * vec2.x + vec1.y * vec2.y == 0)) {
     throw std::logic_error("non pravilni");
  }
}
void Rectangle::scan (std::istream& is) {
  for (int i = 0; i < vertexes.size(); ++i) {
     is >> vertexes[i].x >> vertexes[i].y;
  Point vec1 = {vertexes[1].x - vertexes[0].x, vertexes[1].y - vertexes[0].y};
  Point vec2 = {vertexes[2].x - vertexes[1].x, vertexes[2].y - vertexes[1].y};
  Point vec3 = {vertexes[3].x - vertexes[2].x, vertexes[3].y - vertexes[2].y};
  Point vec4 = \{vertexes[0].x - vertexes[3].x, vertexes[0].y - vertexes[3].y\};
  double l1 = vec1.x * vec1.x + vec1.y * vec1.y;
  double 12 = vec2.x * vec2.x + vec2.y * vec2.y;
  double 13 = vec3.x * vec3.x + vec3.y * vec3.y;
  double 14 = vec4.x * vec4.x + vec4.y * vec4.y;
  if (!(11 == 13 \&\& 12 == 14) || !(vec1.x * vec2.x + vec1.y * vec2.y == 0)) {
     throw std::logic_error("non pravilni");
  }
}
```

```
Triangle::Triangle () {
  Point a = \{0, 0\};
  for (int i = 0; i < 3; ++i) {
     vertexes[i] = a;
  }
}
Square::Square () {
  Point a = \{0, 0\};
  for (int i = 0; i < 4; ++i) {
     vertexes[i] = a;
  }
}
Rectangle::Rectangle() {
  Point a = \{0, 0\};
  for (int i = 0; i < 4; ++i) {
     vertexes[i] = a;
  }
}
std::istream& operator>> (std::istream& is, Polygon& m) {
  m.scan(is);
  return is;
}
std::ostream& operator<< (std::ostream& os, const Polygon& m) {</pre>
  m.print(os);
  return os;
}
main.cpp:
#include <iostream>
#include <vector>
#include <array>
#include <math.h>
#include "Polygon.hpp"
```

```
int main() {
  std::vector <Polygon*> data;
  char st;
  char figure;
  int ind;
  Polygon* f;
  std::cout.precision(3);
  while (1) {
     std::cin >> st;
     if (st == 'q') {
        break;
     } else if (st == 'a') {
        std::cin >> figure;
        if (figure == 't') {
           f = new Triangle(std::cin);
           data.push back(f);
        } else if (figure == 's') {
           f = new Square(std::cin);
           data.push back(f);
        } else if (figure == 'r') {
           f = new Rectangle(std::cin);
           data.push_back(f);
        } else {
           std::cout << "invalid command" << '\n';</pre>
     } else if (st == 'd') {
        std::cin >> ind;
        delete(data[ind]);
        data.erase(data.begin() + ind);
     } else if (st == 'p') {
        for (int i = 0; i < data.size(); ++i) {
           data[i]->print(std::cout);
     } else if (st == 's') {
        for (int i = 0; i < data.size(); ++i) {
           std::cout << data[i]->area() << '\n';
     } else if (st == 'c') {
        for (int i = 0; i < data.size(); ++i) {
           Point cntr = data[i]->center();
           std::cout << cntr.x << ' ' << cntr.y << '\n';
        }
     } else {
        std::cout << "invalid command" << '\n';</pre>
```

```
}
  for (int i = 0; i < data.size(); ++i) {
    delete data[i];
}
CmakeLists.txt:
cmake_minimum_required(VERSION 3.2)
project(lab3)
add_executable(lab3
    main.cpp
    Polygon.cpp
)
set_property(TARGET lab3 PROPERTY CXX_STANDARD 11)
test.sh:
#!/usr/bin/env bash
executable=$1
for file in test_??.test
do
 $executable < $file > tmp
 if cmp tmp ${file%%.test}.ans
 then
  echo Test "$file": SUCCESS
 else
  echo Test "$file": FAIL
 fi
 rm tmp
done
```

2. Ссылка на репозиторий на GitHub. https://github.com/KorotkovDenis/oop exercise 02

5. Вывод.

Выполняя данную лабораторную я получил опыт работы с коллекциями и умными указателями.