

Check the details of example 3.

$$p: \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \{a, b, c\}, \text{ by } p(x) = \begin{cases} a, & x > 0 \\ b, & x < 0 \\ c, & x = 0 \end{cases}$$

$$p^{-1}(a) = (0, \infty), \quad p^{-1}(b) = (-\infty, 0)$$

$$p^{-1}(c) = \{0\}, \quad p^{-1}(\{a, b\}) = (-\infty, 0) \cup (0, \infty)$$

$$p^{-1}(\{a, c\}) = [0, \infty), \quad p^{-1}(\{b, c\}) = (-\infty, 0]$$

So we get the \wedge topology on $\{a, b, c\}$
quotient

