

Let $f: A \rightarrow B$, $A_0 \subset A$, $B_0 \subset B$

a) show that $A_0 \subset f^{-1}(f(A_0))$ with equality if f is injective

b) show that $f(f^{-1}(B_0)) \subset B_0$ with equality if f is surjective

a) let $a \in A_0$ then \exists some b in B s.t. $b = f(a)$. $b \in f(A_0)$ then $f^{-1}(b) \in f^{-1}(f(A_0))$
so $a \in f^{-1}(b) \subset f^{-1}(f(A_0))$

if f is injective then

for any $a \in A_0$, $f^{-1}(f(a)) = \{a\}$

thus $f^{-1}(f(A_0)) \subset A_0 \rightarrow$ equality.

b) Let $b \in B_0$. if $f^{-1}(b) = \emptyset$ then

$$f(f^{-1}(b)) = \emptyset \subset B_0$$

other wise there is at least one $a \in A$

s.t. $f(a) = b$, then $f(f^{-1}(b)) = \{b\} \in B_0$

if f is surjective then for any b there is such an a and thus $\{b\} \in f(f^{-1}(b))$ \square