



перег-ая
φ-а

$$W(s) = \frac{U_{вых}(s)}{U_{вх}(s)} = \frac{\frac{1}{sC}}{sL + R + \frac{1}{sC}} = \frac{1}{s^2 LC + sRC + 1}$$

$$s_{1,2} = \frac{-RC \pm \sqrt{R^2 C^2 - 4LC}}{2LC}$$

Вн-ая харак-ка: $W(t) = \bar{L}^{-1}\{W(s)\} = \bar{L}^{-1}\left\{\frac{1}{LC(s-s_1)(s-s_2)}\right\} =$
 $= \frac{1(t)}{LC(s_1-s_2)} (e^{s_1 t} - e^{s_2 t})$

переходная: $h(t) = \bar{L}^{-1}\{W(s) \cdot \frac{1}{s}\} = \bar{L}^{-1}\left\{\frac{1}{LC s(s-s_1)(s-s_2)}\right\} =$
 $= \frac{1(t)}{LC(s_1-s_2)} \left(\frac{e^{s_1 t} - 1}{s_1} - \frac{e^{s_2 t} - 1}{s_2} \right)$

Реакция:

1) с плав. перегам. φ-а.

$$U_{вх}(t) = U_m (1(t) - 1(t-t_1))$$

$$U_{вх}(s) = \frac{U_m}{s} (1 - e^{-st_1}); \quad U_{вых}(s) = W(s) \cdot U_{вх}(s) = \frac{U_m}{LC} \cdot \frac{1 - e^{-st_1}}{s(s-s_1)(s-s_2)}$$

$$U_{вых}(t) = \bar{L}^{-1}\{U_{вых}(s)\} = \bar{L}^{-1}\left\{\frac{U_m}{LC} \left(\frac{1}{s(s-s_1)(s-s_2)} - \frac{e^{-st_1}}{s(s-s_1)(s-s_2)} \right)\right\} =$$

$$= U_m (h(t) - h(t-t_1))$$

2) Умножение на входном

$$U_{\text{вых}}(t) = \int_0^t U_{\text{вх}}(\tau) W(t-\tau) d\tau = \int_0^t U_m (1(t) - 1(t-t_1)) \cdot$$

$$\cdot \frac{1(t-\tau)}{LC(s_1-s_2)} (e^{s_1(t-\tau)} - e^{s_2(t-\tau)}) d\tau = \frac{U_m}{LC(s_1-s_2)} \int_0^t (1(\tau) - 1(\tau-t_1)) \cdot$$

$$\cdot (e^{s_1(t-\tau)} - e^{s_2(t-\tau)}) d\tau = \frac{U_m}{LC(s_1-s_2)} \left(\int_0^t (e^{s_1(t-\tau)} - e^{s_2(t-\tau)}) d\tau - \right.$$

$$\left. - \int_{t_1}^t (e^{s_1(t-\tau)} - e^{s_2(t-\tau)}) d\tau \right) = \frac{U_m}{LC(s_1-s_2)} \left(\left(\frac{e^{s_2(t-\tau)}}{s_2} - \frac{e^{s_1(t-\tau)}}{s_1} \right) \Big|_0^t - \right.$$

$$\left. - \left(\frac{e^{s_2(t-\tau)}}{s_2} - \frac{e^{s_1(t-\tau)}}{s_1} \right) \Big|_{t_1}^t \right) = \frac{U_m}{LC(s_1-s_2)} \left(\left(\frac{1}{s_2} - \frac{1}{s_1} - \frac{e^{s_2 t}}{s_2} + \frac{e^{s_1 t}}{s_1} \right) \cdot 1(t) - \right.$$

$$\left. - \left(\frac{1}{s_2} - \frac{1}{s_1} - \frac{e^{s_2(t-t_1)}}{s_2} + \frac{e^{s_1(t-t_1)}}{s_1} \right) \cdot 1(t-t_1) \right) =$$

$$= U_m \left(\frac{1(t)}{LC(s_1-s_2)} \left(\frac{e^{s_1 t}}{s_1} - \frac{e^{s_2 t}}{s_2} \right) - \frac{1(t-t_1)}{LC(s_1-s_2)} \left(\frac{e^{s_1(t-t_1)}}{s_1} - \frac{e^{s_2(t-t_1)}}{s_2} \right) \right)$$

$$= U_m (h(t) - h(t-t_1))$$

3) Умножитель Дирака

$$U_{bx}(t) = U_{bx}(0) \cdot h(t) + \int_0^t U'_{bx}(\tau) h(t-\tau) d\tau \quad \ominus$$

$$U_{bx}(0) = U_m; U'_{bx} = U_m(\delta(t) - \delta(t-t_1))$$

$$\ominus U_m h(t) + U_m \int_0^t (\delta(\tau) - \delta(\tau-t_1)) h(t-\tau) d\tau =$$

$$= U_m h(t) + U_m \left(\int_0^t \delta(\tau) h(t-\tau) d\tau - \int_0^t \delta(\tau-t_1) h(t-\tau) d\tau \right) =$$

← $\tau = t_1$ находится в пределах интегрирования

$$= U_m (h(t) - h(t-t_1))$$

4) На периодическом входном

$$T = 2t_1 \quad U_{bx}(t) = U_m \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} (1(t-2nt_1) - 1(t-t_1-2nt_1))$$

$t-t_1(1+2n)$

$$U_{bx}(t) = U_m \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} (h(t-2nt_1) - h(t-t_1(1+2n)))$$

5) На запну-а current

$$U_{bx}(t) = U_m \sin(\omega_0 t) \cdot 1(t) \stackrel{0}{=} U_m \frac{\omega_0}{s^2 + \omega_0^2}$$

$$U_{bx}(s) = W(s) \cdot U_{bx}(s) = \frac{U_m \omega_0}{(s^2 + \omega_0^2)(s^2 L C + s R C + 1)} = U_{np} + U_{cb} =$$

$Ae^{s_1 t} + Be^{s_2 t}$

\parallel
 $LC(s+s_1)(s-s_2)$

$$= K \sin(\omega_0 t + \varphi) + Ae^{s_1 t} + Be^{s_2 t}$$

$$K(j\omega_0) = \frac{1}{-j\omega_0^2 LC + j\omega_0 RC + 1} = \frac{1}{(1 - \omega_0^2 LC) + j\omega_0 RC} =$$

$$= \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - 2\omega_0^2 LC + \omega_0^4 L^2 C^2 + \omega_0^2 R^2 C^2}} e^{-j \arctan \frac{\omega_0 RC}{1 - \omega_0^2 LC}}$$

$$\phi = -\frac{\omega_0 RC}{1 - \omega_0^2 LC}$$

$$F_1(s) = U_m \omega_0; F_2(s) = (s^2 + \omega_0^2)(s^2 LC + sRC + 1) =$$

$$= s^4 LC + s^3 RC + s^2(LC\omega_0^2 + 1) + s\omega_0^2 RC + \omega_0^2$$

$$F_2'(s) = 4s^3 LC + 3s^2 RC + 2s(LC\omega_0^2 + 1) + \omega_0^2 RC$$

$$A = \frac{F_1(s_1)}{F_2'(s_1)} = \frac{U_m \omega_0}{4s_1^3 LC + 3s_1^2 RC + 2s_1(LC\omega_0^2 + 1) + \omega_0^2 RC} \quad \textcircled{1}$$

$$B = \frac{F_1(s_2)}{F_2'(s_2)} = \frac{U_m \omega_0}{4s_2^3 LC + 3s_2^2 RC + 2s_2(LC\omega_0^2 + 1) + \omega_0^2 RC} \quad \textcircled{2}$$

$$\textcircled{1} \quad \frac{U_m \omega_0}{LC} \cdot \frac{1}{(s_1^2 + \omega_0^2)(s_1 - s_2)} = \frac{U_m \omega_0}{LC(s_1^2 + \omega_0^2)(s_1 - s_2)}$$

$$\textcircled{2} \quad \frac{U_m \omega_0}{LC(s_2^2 + \omega_0^2)(s_2 - s_1)}$$

$$U_{aux}(t) = (1 + \omega_0^2 C(\omega_0^2 L^2 C + R^2 C - 2L)) \sin(\omega_0 t - \frac{\omega_0 RC}{1 - \omega_0^2 LC}) + \frac{U_m \omega_0}{LC(s_1 - s_2)} \left(\frac{e^{s_1 t}}{s_1^2 + \omega_0^2} - \frac{e^{s_2 t}}{s_2^2 + \omega_0^2} \right)$$