

Annual Report

Koshish Charitable Trust Annual Report 2022-23

Care



Paralegal volunteer Training and distribution of certificate:



Youth capacity building Training



Organizational Profile

Name of the Organization : Koshish Charitable Trust

Address and Contact Details : Abdin House, Fraser Road, Patna-800001 Bihar.

Telephone : 0612 – 2207912,

E-mail: koshish.office@gmail.com

Website : <http://koshishngo.org>

Contact person : Rupesh, (Secretary) Tel: 0612 – 2200354, Mobile no. : 9431021035,

Registration Details

a. Registered under Charitable Trust act in the Office of Registrar Patna, Govt. of Bihar, Permanent basis number is **4749/IV-338 dated. August'97**.

b. Registered under FCRA act, 1976 in the office of Home Affairs, Lok Nayak Bhawan, New Delhi-110003 on permanent basis number is **031170250 Nature Social dated the 24 Feb 2003**.

Renewal in the year 2021 and valid upto 2027

Details of Income tax exemption issued under IT act

Pan AAATK4579Q 12 A No. 12A /2004-05/6805-07 dated 23.12.04,

80 G No 80G/2004-05/6808-10 dated 23.12.04 (Approval in the year 2022).

Regular Return, FC4, 12A And IT return.

Account & Audit : Bank Particulars

For FCRA: Saving Account No.537740138, Indian Bank, Gandhi Maidan, Patna, Bihar (INDIA).

For FCRA: Current Account No 40211696985, SBI Main Branch, New Delhi

General :Saving Account No.625901128707, ICICI Bank, Fraser Road, Patna 800001

Auditor's Name and Address

Name: CSP & Associates (Chartered Accountants)

Address: 60, Block – B, 1st Floor, Maurya Lok Complex, Patna – 800001

Awards

Namati Justice Price 2015

Certificate of Accreditation by Credibility Alliance

INTERNAL MANAGEMENT AND SYSTEMS

Governance: The governance of the organization is not confined to a single person but every member plays a vital role in it. Executive body makes field visit time to time, assesses the ongoing projects. Executive body takes final decision on any issue during

their executive committee meeting which is held every Six months. The organization has an advisory board, which attends the executive committee meetings. The board gives suggestions for proper implementation of the program.

Executive Committee Members- At Present

#	Name	Designation	Address	Occupation
1	Arshad Ajamal	President	Haroon Nagar, Phase-II, Phulwarisharif, Patna	Social activist
2	Rupesh	Secretary	Panchwati Nagar, Rajendra Nagar, Patna -800016	Social activist
3	Archana Kumari	Treasurer	24, Gadhaisai, Vidyapati Nagar, Samastipur- 848503	Social Activist
4	Manju Dundung	Member	Garigoun, Ranchi- 835217	Social Activist
5	Kranti Rashosh	Member	Congress Maidan, KadamKuan Patna- 800003	Social Activist
6	Kapileshwar Ram	Member	Phulwarisharif, Patna	Social Activist
7	Vinod Kumar	Member	Adalat Ganj, Patna- 800001	Social Activist
8	Manju Devi	Member	Bishunpur Piprahi, Shonaho Bhatha, Saran- 841460	Social Activist
9	Bindu Devi	Member	Panchkhuti, Rahimpur, Khagaria- 851204	Social Activist

Financial Status (Receipt & Payment)

Year	Opening	Grant/Donation/other	Total	Exp.	Closing	Total
2017-18	78121.75	4503183.00	4581304.75	3913401.00	667903.75	4581304.75
2018-19	667903.75	3047193.00	3715096.75	3040214.00	674882.75	3715096.75
2019-20	674882.75	5891448.00	6566330.75	5767695.00	798635.75	5566330.75
2020-21	798635.75	3430262.39	4228898.14	3602931.00	625967.14	4228898.14
2021-22	625967.14	6377265.92	7003233.06	6372340.36	630892.70	7003233.06
2022-23	630892.70	2407038.33	3037931.03	2849703.00	188228.03	3037931.03

ABOUT KOSHISH CHARITABLE TRUST

The state level leaders associated with the progressive democratic student and youth movement decided together to improve the conditions of the downtrodden people of the society. Through these young people thoughts they decided to should constitute an organization to long time work. in this regard they formed an organization namely koshish. Koshish, is a Non-Governmental & non profitiable organization which shall be working for social, political and economic empowerment of poor people, in other words koshish has been working for the upliftment of the downtrodden people of the society since its inception.

Regular worked on the issues of Fundamental rights of people, protection of human rights, unorganized sector worker issues, gender issues and right to food, grass root delivery

system and environment conservation in rural and urban areas as well as unity, equality and solidarity for our country.

Koshish registered as a charitable trust on 4th August 1997.

Koshish coordinates with various organizational networks who are working on different issues as fundamental rights, human rights land rights, housing rights, comprehensive social security rights for informal sector labour, welfare schemes, livelihood, legal rights, and educational rights etc.

KOSHISH has campaigned and lobbied on issues such as right to information (RTI), MNREGA, and Women's & Children rights, Panchayati Raj system, Right to education(RTE), Right to food(RTF), Right to health (RTH), Disaster Risk Reduction (DRR) etc.

KOSHISH imparts training to activists and members of NGOs and INGOs, officials and others on issues relating to Right based schemes, homeless, Gender, local governance and justice system, risk reduction environment etc.

KOSHISH's strength lies in its sustained performance regarding project Related activities, social issues based programmes, various awareness campaigns, advocacy, sensitization and so on.

Organization's responsibilities are to take initiatives for protection and conservation of environment, water-bodies, forest, biodiversity and wild life in edition according to *Article 48a, Directive Principal of the State Policy of the Indian Constitution; the State shall endeavour to protect and improve the environment and to safeguard the forests and wild life of the country.*

Initiatives are undertaken for achieving balance between footprint and handprint in regard to sustainable development. We work to provide immediate relief to victims of natural and human induced disasters.

We also try to ascertain the causes of calamities and assess its impact on environment, individuals, society and economy.

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Social groups are formed for engaging communities in planning and executing DRR (Disaster Risk Reduction) strategies.

In addition to all these issues, we have taken continuous initiatives against women's violence, domestic violence and gender-*unequality* towards women and girls vis-à-vis men or boys.

Advocacy with the government is undertaken for Pro-farmers (Small and Marginal farmers), share croppers, agricultural labours and controlling the input cost and increasing minimum support price (MSP). The organization works for influencing the government for using modern technology with preservation of land, soil and environment. It advocates with the government for preservation of traditional knowledge of the agriculture and conducts study on effect of climate change on agriculture.

The organization works to enable youth to develop themselves to their potentialities and advocates with the government for youth centred policies. It undertakes research study on aspiration and problems of youth. The organization strives to inculcate ideals of peace, communal harmony and community living and encourage youth to participate in value based politics and constructive mode of social development. In this regard *United Nations has long recognized that the imagination, ideals and energies of young people are vital for the continuing development of the societies in which they live.*

In the light of the Supreme Court orders in respect to Right based schemes, 'Koshish' supports Advisor to Commissioners of the Supreme Court.

Advisor to Commissioners of the Supreme Court works as a bridge between the implementing authorities, Commissioners to the Supreme Court, beneficiaries and various citizens' groups. As result advisor office conducts study on the status of implementation of schemes and sent regular updates and periodic reports to the Commissioners. For an effective, monitoring and redressal system, it organized meetings with ministers, officials, social groups and media.

350 people were trained as paralegals on various law and Constitutional Rights through training which were provided by koshish charitable.

Around 1000 Panchayati Raj Institutions members becomes trained on laws relating to Panchayati Raj, gender related laws, Dalit Rights and constitutional rights.

Regarding on human rights issue organization also taken initiatives in formation of State human right commission and in this regard a PIL also admitted in the high court, on the basis of PIL state human rights commission was formed at the high court order on PIL.

Regarding RTI 1800 Suchana Mitra (Rural Communicator Cadre) were trained in Bihar for strengthen and to create awareness among common people. Koshish jointly organized a campaign on the issue of State Information Commission after that State Information Commission was formed at the order of the High Court on PIL. RTI Stall was setup in all blocks to make people aware RTI and the process of filing complaints.

On the issue of Right to Food within Right to Food Campaign, Bihar was successful in creating collective opinion to pressurise political parties to include their demands in their election manifestos and make it a political agenda.

Introduction of social audits after our initiatives, regular advocacy by Right to Food Campaign Social Audit of AWCs was initiated by Government.

Social audit conducted in association with Rural Department of Govt. of Bihar, in 200 panchayats.

36 selected village-based vigilance committees were formed which were monitoring Socio-economic Right based and development based schemes.

As result awareness level of the community had been increased on the provisions of schemes through regular engagement, resulting into decline in starvation deaths. To improve delivery system at grassroots through effective coordination of Advisor's office with concerned officials at Block, district and state.

Acceptance of important recommendations like inclusion of SC/ST, single woman, homeless, migratory population in the list of beneficiaries under NFSA, creation of separate court for hearing of starvation cases, "Shatabdi Ann-Kalash Yojana" etc. of the Advisor office by the government has resulted into accountability and transparency in government department.

Koshish has Network base of 250 organisations in 38 districts of Bihar state through Right to Food Network.

Right to Food Campaign, Bihar was asked by the Hon'ble Governor of Bihar to develop a Standard Operating Procedure (Sop) for quality control of the cooking process (Kitchen) for MDM and Anganwadi after Mashrak incident in Saran district.

The organization has reached this stage since its inception by working on the above mentioned issues in positive direction.

In the past year, we have been working continuously in the time of crisis arising out of COVID-19 and before on many kinds of disaster.

Pandemic disaster RESPONSE

We witness of 2019, have experience of flood disaster in Patna which caused major parts of the city in under flood, Heavy rains damaged houses and affected normal living condition

Awareness and Relief during COVID-19 outbreaks

In 2020, over all focus during Lockdown on COVID-19 response distribution in different ward of Patna, mitigating the risks of hunger and starvation and also distribute Dignity Kit

to adolescent girls and young women for their hygiene and dignity. Orienting children and communities on importance of lockdown and making them aware on its benefits despite all the odds they are facing. Promotion of Hand washing practice, wearing of masks, maintaining physical social distancing among children, women and other adult community members in most marginalized communities/ slums. Raise the different social, political and economic issues through you tube and Face book live streaming. Distribution of 2040 Dry Ration kits to 2040 families as a support for current needs in 14 wards of Patna Municipal Corporation.

Public Grievance Redressel Campaign (Jan Shikayat Abhiyaan)

Jan Shikayat Abhiyan were Jointly organized by Koshish Charitable Trust, Shahari Garib Vikas Sangathan, Right to Food campaign (Bihar), Action Aid from 10 to 16 March 2023 in Different areas of Patna and outside of Patna,. The main objective of this campaign was to motivate public to write complaint against any problem regarding government services or their entitlements. Through this campaign we made public aware regarding Right to Information Act, Right to Public Service Act and Right to Grievance Redressal Act and procedure to use these acts. During this period we undertook different types of activities- volunteers' training, community meetings, Awareness Drive, rallies, and press conference. Issues relating to Ration Card, public Distribution System, Mid Day Meal Schemes, Integrated Child Development Scheme and Maternity Benefit Schemes were raised.



Meeting with Service Delivery Institution

Service providers interface meeting held in the month of February 2023, an interface meeting of frontline workers for service delivery mechanism and CSO (NGO/INGO) working in ward number 21 was called by the Ward Councilor on 30th March 2023. It was actually called on the request/demand of the frontline workers of service delivery mechanism. Koshish Charitable Trust facilitated and initiated this process. The main Purpose of this To bridge the gap between CSO (NGOs/INGOs) Service



Providers and ULB representative at the ward/ community level to find out ways of working together for better service delivery at the community level. Towards the end of meeting, it was found that there is a need for developing a nexus of Community, service providers and CSO (NGOs/INGOs) for building resilience of communities and services and builds a

development and resilience nexus at the ward/ community level of different stakeholders. In every service delivery mechanism there is a need for coordination with CSO's and front line workers and CSO's need to take the responsibilities of organizing community level meetings for each and every program to spread the awareness for increasing community participation for ensuring better implementation of service delivery.

Curriculum Development: Implementation of Bridge Classes:-

We are directly connected with a total of 609 children across three panchayats: Dhamni, Hardiya, and Chitrakoli in Rajauli Block. Almost every village is located in the Hilly area, facing challenges due to having only 11 schools in 15 villages (comprising 8 primary schools and 3 middle schools). We engage with the children through Children's Groups and Bridge classes. Our primary focus is to ensure the safety of the children from mica mining while also promoting education.



Women's Group:-

Till March 2024, we held 150 meetings (one every month) of women's group in which we discussed various means of employment, importance of education, health effects of mica mining, creating unfavorable environment for children's education, health related issues. Let's do it. There are a total of 364 women in the women's group of 15 villages.



Children's Group:-

Till March 2023, we held 270 meetings (two every month) with child groups in which we discussed the importance of education, child safety etc. A total of 376 children are included in the child group from 15 villages.



Youth Group:-

Till March 2023, we held a total of 150 meetings (one every month) with the youth group in which we discussed child labour, child marriage, child safety, child rights, human rights, importance of higher education, health related issues. The total number of youth members in 15 villages is 285 (boys 155 and women 130).

Training of Tutors for Bridge Classes:-

Two-day training was given to 7 tutors in Rajauli (Nawada) for conducting bridge classes. In which the objective of the bridge class was to connect the children with education by conducting the class, establishing coordination with the villagers and the school.



School Enrolment and retention campaigns:-

During the School Bharo Abhiyaan programme, we conducted an awareness rally in the village with the help of bridge class children and local schools (8 primary and 3 secondary schools) under the work area. 671 people (311 boys, 325 girls, 325 girls) participated in 11 schools of the work area. 26 male, 9 female) participated in which a three-day school fill campaign was conducted in 11 schools of the area, which will impact 15 villages of the area.

The Planning of the program was made during the meeting of the School Management Committee in which it was decided that the program would leave the school and tour the village in the form of Prabhatferi. Whereas in some schools, we will be given information about the importance of education by having a group conversation with the children and their families.

After the School Bharo Abhiyan (School Enrollment Program), there was an increase in the enrollment of children in school in the field and the decision to re-enrol 23 children in the secondary school of Chordiha village of Hardiya Panchayat



Social Psycho Support:-

The end of 2023. Children are socially and emotionally empowered through Counseling psychologist Chelsea. In 7 villages, 106 children (52 boys, 54 girls) attend the meetings, with both male and female participation. But end of March 2024 we regularly connect with 92 Children (Girls 77 Boys 15). Our goal is to provide support & experiencing social and emotional distress and connect with Mainstream education.



Training of Teachers in Mainstream Schools:-

The two-day training session, completed by mainstream school teachers, focused on the challenges they face, strategies for connecting with the community, and creating a child-friendly environment conducive to learning. The training aimed to enhance educators' abilities to engage with education and foster positive relationships with students. Total number of Participant 10 (6 Female 4 Male).



Formation and strengthening of SMCs

SMC had already been formed in all the schools of the area but the SMC meeting was not being held every month.

SMC meeting has been started every month in all the 9 schools of the area (7 primary schools and 2 middle schools) after continuous interaction of our worker with the schools.

Preparation Of School Development Program:-

We have completed six School Development Plans (SDPs) in our intervention area, actively participating in six School Management Committee meetings to finalize these plans. This process demonstrates our commitment to effective school governance and strategic planning, ensuring the continuous improvement and development of our educational initiatives.



Block Level RTE/ NEP Discussion:-

A block-level meeting was convened to deliberate on the Right to Education and the new education policy, attended by block-level officers, teachers, frontline workers, Panchayati Raj members, social workers from various organizations, and youth, totaling 60 participants, (30 Female 30 Male) evenly split between genders. The program aimed to discuss education rights and policies, fostering coordination among officials and grassroots workers while informing all about the joint program of Koshish and TDH. The event featured the presence of BRP, former head of the Education Department, head representatives of the Panchayat, and members of the Panchayat Committee.



District Level RTE/ NEP Discussion:-

A District-level meeting convened to deliberate upon the Right to Education and the newly formulated education policy. Attended by district-level officers, teachers, frontline workers, Panchayati Raj members, social workers from diverse organizations, and youth, totaling 40 participants, including 15 women and 25 men. The program's objective was to foster dialogue on education rights and policies, fostering coordination among officials and grassroots workers. Additionally, the meeting featured contributions from the Employment Officer and Young Professionals.



Training of children's groups on children's rights and participation

Training on child rights and participation was conducted with children in all 15 villages of the project area in the month of July in which 376 children participated.

Groups of children (which include children of bridge class) were formed in 15 villages of the field of work. On an average, all child groups include 15 children and a total of 376 children, whose work was to motivate children to go to school/bridge class. Children group meeting is organized every month in which environment, child safety, importance of education in life,

Training on child rights was given by workers at the center level, in which four rights of children were discussed as well as issues of children's participation in society.



Training of Youth Group-:

Training for capacity building of youth groups (Youth Council) was conducted in May and June in 15 targeted villages. Basic rights and child protection and health effects of mica mining etc. were also discussed with the youth group.

Each group has 15 to 25 members and the total number of members in 15 villages is 285 (male 155 and female 130).



Campaigns by Children and Youth-: In all the villages of the project area, we regularly celebrate various days such as World Environment Day, Independence Day, Republic Day, Gandhi Sahadat Divas, Teacher's Day, Gandhi Jayanti, Women's Day, and Red Hand Day with children. Additionally, we observe Global Action Month, during which we conduct numerous activities including awareness meetings with youth, children, and the community about child marriage, child labor, women's health, sanitation, environmental issues. Furthermore, we engage in activities like Prabhatferi and door-to-door campaigns.

Training of child Advisory Committees-:

In August, the Child Advisory Committee was established by electing members during

various youth group meetings, including the Panchayati Raj representative and the nodal teacher of the local school. The committee comprises 16 youth/ Children (9 girls, 7 boys). Subsequently, a three-day training session for the Child Advisory Committee was conducted from September 11th to September 13th, focusing on children's rights, child protection, and constitutional rights and duties.



Workshop on children's rights with families and the community-:

Workshops with community and family on children's rights were organized in 15 villages of the workarea, Suarleti, Kumbhiyatari, Bhanekhap, Chordiha, Marmon, Pipra, Paratonia, New Singer, Gopalpur, Garhdibaur, Jajpur, Satkurwa, Budhiyasakh, Chaphel, Singerkhas. In which 620 (299 women, 70 men, 120 boys, 131 girls) people participated in 15 villages of the work area.

During the program, the workers discussed the four rights of children (1. Right to Life, 2. Right to Development, 3. Right to Security, 4. Right to Participation) and how to create an environment for the proper development of children, and how to ensure the rights of children. Gave information giving examples of cooperative steps taken by the government.





Carrier Counselling:-

A two-day career counseling session was conducted, featuring discussions on diverse job opportunities and government skill training programs related to education, aimed at assisting children in job placement. A total of 35 participants attended the session, comprising 15 males and 20 females. Notably, two guest speakers, young professionals Mr. Rajkumar from the Labor Employment Department and BRP K.P. Sharma from the Education Department, shared valuable insights. Following the session, participants proceeded with their registration on NCS Website.



Promoting Vocational Skill For Youth:-

A five-day vocational skill training program was conducted, with participation from 25 youths, including 10 girls and 15 boys. The training encompassed instruction on the manufacturing of Harpic and Phenyl, as well as bulb making skills. Additionally, participants received guidance from professionals on product marketing strategies and maintaining production balance. The trainers employed both theoretical and practical approaches

throughout the training sessions. This comprehensive training aimed to equip the youth with practical skills and knowledge essential for entrepreneurship and sustainable livelihoods.



Training Women Entrepreneurship Development:-

A two-day training program on Women Entrepreneurship was conducted, with 15 female participants from the intervention area. The training focused on phenyl and Harpic making, supplemented by instruction on marketing strategies provided by the trainer. Following the training, seven women entrepreneurs were selected for alternative employment opportunities apart from mica mining. This initiative aimed to empower women with entrepreneurial skills and offer them diversified avenues for economic engagement, contributing to their socio-economic advancement and reducing dependency on traditional livelihoods.



Promoting Women Farmer in Agriculture and Livestock:-

A two-day Mushroom training program was conducted to promote women farmers in agriculture and livestock. Fifteen female participants received training in mushroom farming

as a new agricultural option. Following the training, mushroom bags were distributed to the participants for growing mushrooms. This initiative aimed to empower women in agriculture by introducing them to alternative farming methods and providing them with resources for implementation.



Promotion of Kitchen gardens

In the monthly meeting of the women's group, we discussed about the kitchen garden and we talked about providing vegetable seeds which she could plant on a small plot of land.

Seeds of 12 types of vegetables were provided to 71 women group members for kitchen gardens in the villages of the area of work in the month of July. As a result, there are on average two kitchen gardens in 10 villages.

Through Kitchen Garden, we have been successful in coordinating with families and the community.





Strengthening the growth monitoring process: During the year, 10 AWCs will be visited to know status and functioning of ICDS, regular conduction of BMI and growth monitoring of children

The situation has been improved after our effort. Our team has been done a survey and analysis works in 10 AWCS in the working area. In the meeting, the activities of Anganwadi Sevika were explained in detail. In it was decided that Grammitra and members of gram parishad would be involved in the activities of BMI and growth monitoring every month. AWC was given arm scale and inch tape for BMI measurement and taught to measure BMI by team.

Celebration of important days like (Global Action Month, World Environment Day, world Play Day and International Child Labour Day.)

World Environmental day (5th June,)



The world environment day is celebrated on 5th June, 2022. to raise global awareness to take positive environmental action to protect nature and the planet earth.

On World Environment Day on 5th of June youth and children's are moved door to door to raise the global issue and remind everyone on the planet to get involved in environment friendly activities. In this occasions Children, youth are as well as villagers come together to pledge towards building a greener planet.

During the month, campaign was organized through poster and drawing, speech, rally and plantation program.

Youth were planting papaya, Guava, mango and other plants to create a green corner in each 10 villages. So 120 plants has been planted in ten villages. A lot of enthusiasm was seen in the students and youths.

Students and youths were also coming out with slogans "Only one earth so plants more and more trees' ' and "Make the environment green and clean". The event was conducted successfully with wholehearted participation and awareness about plants.

Children have organized rally and raise slogan, display hand written playcard for save drinking water.

1. World play day (28th May)

On the eve of World play day on 27th may2022, we organize general lecture event by volunteer at every centre. And discussed, Play is most important for every childhood. But today Play are often one of the most neglected for the rights of children.

Children's were promoted and solidified children's holistic development, support, health and welfare. We discussed the value importance of play.

On the occasion of World play day on 28th may2021, children played and enjoy at every centre.

2. Child labour day (12th June)

On the occasion of World Day against Child Labour, we organized rally in every village. Youth, parents and villagers meeting has been organize on June 12. This activities creating

awareness about the menace of child labour and human trafficking. The villagers, children as well as youth were motivated not to involve or engaged in labour, they have to go through study and get some knowledge. We have done awareness programme through meeting and given message not to engage children into labour. We have given the message against child labour in all targeted villages.

3. International Play day (3rd August) Planned and going to be organized on 3rd August.

We have already provided some playing materials like Ludo, carom board, football, skipping, chart papers and colours to the children to play.

“We will give message to all youths and children’s is to take time to understand the value of play and learning through play. Children learn important developmental skills through play (cognitive, emotional, social and physical).



Red hand day



Expressed Voice In this regard Koshish charitable trust organized one day campaign on these issues on the call of international network taken response in Jamui and Patna on 12 February, 2022. More than 1500 children are participated from eleven centres of Gramshala and Gyanshala which are running by Koshish at village Dhirendrapuri, Lalmatiya, Dhabani, Garauni, Subhash puri, Jode, Pesraha, Bhurkunda Jamuanwan and vishanpur in Jamui district. Local youth people along with teachers were assembled in this programme.

Same day in Patna more than five hundreds children gathered from seven slum area child friendly education centre of Koshish, school and (ICDS) Aganbadi for finished the use of child soldiers through campaign raised voices.

During this occasion different region volunteers and teachers come forward and engaged in the campaign. Protester gathered In front of eleven centres of Gramshala & learning centres at Jamui and seven centre of in Patna at Adalatganj, kamla Nehru nagar, Gousnagar, East-lohanipur, yarpur, Ketaari muhalla, and R-block area.

The children and youth colored the palms and they expressed their opposition by printing their palms on the paper with red colour.

They were shouting slogans to Stop violence and provide study, sports and love. We children need rights. End of programme hand printings have been submitted to koshish by each centres volunteers. They were pasted on wall.

On 30 January 1948, the Father of the Nation Mahatma Gandhi was assassinated at Birla House. Nathuram Godse fired three bullets at Gandhi's chest and stomach. It is said that Gandhi uttered the last words "Hey Ram". In such a situation, to pay respect to 'Bapu', Martyr's Day is celebrated every year on 30 January.

Children and villagers paid homage to Gandhiji by placing garlands of flowers on Gandhiji's photo at all the centres and celebrated to pay respect to Gandhiji. The Grammitra gave speeches at their respective centers and asked the children "Why were we celebrating the martyrdom of Gandhiji?"



World day against child labour on 12th June

On this day we conducted awareness program in 5 different slums and around 100 YUWs and Children participated. We organized drawing competition and essay writing on the

theme of child labour. The selected paintings were displayed on the social media platform and for maximum participation we gave sketch pens and other stationary items for free. We also hold a meeting with children to provide more information about the child labour



Child Right day

In the third week, on November 14, Children's Day celebrations were organized in which all centres, schools and various committees were formed. On this occasion, along with the importance of Children's Day and child rights and child protection, the importance of environmental change in centres and schools was told. Essay, poetry, poster competition were organized at the centres.

Formation of Nutrition Garden





To address the malnutrition and micronutrient deficiencies by consuming of freshly green vegetables, 100 families will be promoted to develop nutrition gardens in which organic and green vegetables are grown.

We have organized two days training for Nutrition Garden. As a Resource person Shri Gokul Yadav (Mahupur) participated in this training. He emphasis the essence of Nursery. Especially women groups are doing nursery, horticulture, plantation and organic vegetable production? She uses vegetable and fruits in self need as well as marketing.

We organized training on mushroom cultivation for rich protein and nutritional. Parents group are cultivating musroom. We gave technical and material support.

Global Action Month



Various activities were organized during the Global Action Month from 1st November to 30th November 2023 in all the 10 villages of the Koshish Charitable Trust project area.

1. In the first week, an orientation meeting was held for the organization and preparation of the workers and youth working in all the villages, in which weekly planning of the program was made.
2. In the Second week, we organized poetry, essay and slogan writing and painting programs with children and youth from schools and gramshalas on the effects and measures of climate change. In which about 250 children from 5 schools and 10 Gramshalas participated.
3. In the third week, on November 14, Children's Day celebrations were organized in which all centers, schools and various committees were formed. On this occasion, along with the importance of Children's Day and child rights and child protection, the importance of environmental change in centers and schools was told. Essay, poetry, poster competition were organized at the centres.
4. During personal hygiene and behavioral change and save water campaign in all the 10 villages in the fourth week, it was told through rally, slogan and speech that along with children, women and men should also wash hands before eating and The surrounding areas should be cleaned. Keep the place of drinking water clean as well. People were also given a message to stop wastage of water.
5. During the last week, 400 families were contacted in all 10 villages of Jamui and 15 villeges of Rajauli, saplings were planted in each of their homes and they were told about their contribution to climate change. During this week's cleanliness drive, 15 handpumps and 8 well platforms were cleaned with the help of villagers and various committee members.

Programme internal monitoring meetings



meetings were held all the ten centers for Monitoring of formation and status of children (Bal Parishad) and youth groups (Yuva Parishad) in 10+15 villages. Objective of this committee made aware about the rights of children and education and nutrition, which helped in the development of children and youth. Every group have 15 to 25 members and total of 25 villages members . The convener and president have also been elected. A meeting of the members of the committee held in every month and discussed the problem and solution of different issue like; right to education, educational career, malnutrition, child marriage, child rights, environment, enrolment of children in school, spreading of government schemes, campaign for corona needle, visit to Anganwadi centres, school and PDS shop etc.

History

Grievances of people are not easily redressed in government offices or benefits of schemes are easily availed. People struggle hard to get their works done in government offices. Public works like repair of roads, cleaning of sewages, drinking water problems, hanging electricity wire in streets etc are not addressed by concerned authorities. Birth certificates, driving license, ration card, pension and other relevant documents are not availed without bribe. Irregularities in delivery of schemes and functioning of departments are serious problems. People belonging to all sections of the society face problems in schools, hospitals and health centres.

In democracy, government is of the people, by the people and for the people. People elect government and the government enacts law. Participation of people in enactment of laws, governance is inevitable for the success of democracy.

All people, irrespective of their income, pay tax on goods and services ranging from blade, to medicine to entertainment to shroud. Money collected from taxation is spent on implementation of various schemes and payment of salaries of officials, staffs and others. People have right to know accounts of expenditure of their money.

The government has enacted many laws to ensure development, proper service delivery, fulfilment of fundamental requirements of life and protection. The need is for Law of accountability and the infrastructure to make accountable People's representatives, bureaucracy, staffs and society.

Koshish Charitable Trust since last 25years is working hard on training, advocacy and to bring awareness on social, economic and political rights amongst downtrodden of society, disadvantaged and vulnerable groups. For strengthening government schemes, community monitoring and grievance redressal different programs are conducted at various levels. Panchayat representatives are empowered through our developed IEC material, training, and awareness campaign for Decentralized planning and local justice delivery system.

In Bihar, for implementation of various schemes of social audit and monitoring model is designed has been designed by Koshish Charitable Trust. Awareness campaign, trained Para-legal, study legal support and Advocacy with government for Administrative transparency and accountability, the right to information and on time redressal of grievances under right to public service act is on the go.

Objective of the project:

- Strengthening access to justice for the poor by developing strategies that address barriers to accessing justice and empowering marginalised communities.
- Build capacities of local justice delivery institutions to bring justice to the poor. Advocate social economic justice through local justice delivery institution.

Project Area:

Project has focused activities in two district of Bihar, Jamuai and Samastipur.

District Jamui		District Samastipur	
Block Name	Pabchayat Name	Block Name	Pabchayat Name
Jamui	THEGHUA	Vidhyapatinagar	Garhsisai
	AMRATH		Mau dhaneshpur uttar
	AGAHARA		Maniyarpur
	DAULATPUR		Sahit
	ADSAR		Simri
	KAKAN		Bangraha
Barhat	PANDO		Kancha
	NUMAR		Sherpur
	KATAUNA		Balkrishna pur marwa
	DARHA		Mau dhaneshpur dakshin
	LAKHAY		Badhauna
	BARIYARPUR		Harpur bochha
Laxamipur	MATIYA	Dalsinghsarai	Bajitpur
	ANANDPUR		Sothgama
	GAURA		Keota
	MADAIYA		Pandh
	CHINVERIYA		Moktiyarpur salkhanni
	NAJARI		Harishankarpur
	DIGHI	Shahpur Patori	Sultanpur gathoo
	HARLA		RUPAULI
	MOHANPUR		SHIURA
	KAKANCHAUR		IMANSARAY
	KHILAR		BAHADURPUR
	PIDRON		TARA DHAMOUN
	KALA		UTTARI DHAMOUN
			DAKSHNI DHAMOUN
			INAYATPUR
			HETANPUR
			HARPUR SAIDABAD

Major Activity of the project:

Paralegal training through this project have been played a very important role in assisting victims through Gram Kachhari official training and interaction with Gram Kachhari members for justice. We coordinate with the local grievance redressal institution and legal bodies and officials. Paralegals will identify gaps, collect evidence and assist in filling the gaps. All stakeholders will campaign for access to justice.

Orientation meeting

Koshish Charitable Trust has organized a two-day orientation workshop with selected

district coordinators of Jamui and Samastipur district on 25 June 2022 at Patna office. Mr. Rupesh told that after years of struggle for the independent existence of Gram Nyayalaya under the Panchayati Raj Act, we all achieved Bihar Panchayati Raj Act in 2006.

That in the interest of democracy at the grassroots level and access to justice at the village level, we have a big responsibility to protect them. He told that there were cases related to attack on the mind and dignity of the people at the grassroots level. We all can now protect through this Gram Kachhara. He further said that many criminal incidents happen at the village levels, which are not dealt with due to various reasons.

Gram Kachhara is a rural court which has been established to provide justice in rural areas. You all know that Bihar is the only state which made provision for Gram Kachhara in the Panchayati Raj Act 2006, in which separate elections of Sarpanch, Panch and Mukhiya Ward Member are held to properly implement justice and development in the Panchayats. Its main objective is to increase the access to justice in rural areas and provide justice to the villagers.

The importance of Gram Kachhara is as follows:

1. Access to justice: Gram Kachhara increases the access to justice in rural areas, which makes it easier for the villagers to get justice.
2. Accessible and cheap justice: Getting justice in Gram Kachhara is easy and cheap, so that the villagers do not have to bear the financial burden in getting justice.
3. Participation of villagers: Efforts are made to increase the participation of villagers in Gram Kachhara, so that they can be aware of their rights and responsibilities.
4. Community Justice: Community justice is promoted in the Gram Kachhara so that mutual understanding and cooperation among the villagers can increase.
5. Dispute Resolution: Efforts are made to resolve disputes in the Gram Kachhara so that peace and harmony is maintained among the villagers.

Action plan of the project-

In this regard, Mr. Ritwij explained the activities of the project in detail and while presenting the action plan, told what is to be done in the targeted panchayats of Jamui and Samastipur districts.

Identification of Para Legal Volunteers:

Para Legal Volunteers have been identified in the targeted districts, in the first year, 20 from Samastipur and 20 from Jamui total 40 volunteers from total 5 blocks of Jamui and Samastipur districts will work as communicators.

Training of Paralegal Volunteers (PLVs) and Gram Kachahari officials:

"The training was conducted with the aim of strengthening the Gram Kachhara and preparing paralegal volunteers to assist people in any kind of judicial process. This training is of ten days, which was conducted in three phases. The first phase of the training was conducted in the month of September, the second phase in the month of November and the third phase in the month of February. 40 selected paralegal volunteers from Samastipur and Jamui districts were trained. This training is described in three chapters, the first four-day on human rights and constitutional framework and the second three-day on women, children, SC-ST rights, law and planning, and the third three-day on workers' rights, planning and international Conventions/Laws.

Training of Gram Kachahari officials:

Koshish Charitable Trust organized a two-day training for the officials and representatives of Gram Kachhara at Tarumitra, Patna on 28-29 October 2022. Sarpanchs, Ward Panchs, Nyayamitras and Secretaries of Gram Kachhara of both Samastipur and Jamui districts participated in this training program. Representatives from 5 blocks of Samastipur and

Jamui districts participated in the training. Welcoming all the participants who came to the training and all the dignitaries who came to the inaugural session, Ritwij gave a welcome speech and explained the importance of this training program. The Minister of Panchayati Raj Department was expected to participate in this session, but due to some important departmental work, he could not participate. In his place, former senior officer (IAS) of Bihar, Mr. Vyas ji and former President of Bhudan Yagna Samiti, Shubhmurti inaugurated the session by lighting the lamp. After the inaugural session, what is the purpose of the participants who came to the training, due to which they are giving their valuable time here. Being PRI members associated with the judicial division of Panchayati Raj, they emerged from a very positive understanding. Most of the participants expressed their willingness to participate in the hope of learning something as a result of their desire to understand the legal process related to judicial services and to mature towards solving it in the public interest.

While discussing the overall subject matter of the training in a participatory manner, he said that according to the fundamental rights of the Constitution, civil rights cannot be restricted. Cases related to attack on the honour and dignity of people have come up. Many such cases have come up, how will we see them as fundamental rights? He drew the attention of the House towards the fact that many criminal incidents take place at the village level, which cannot be resolved due to various reasons and how can we all protect justice in these cases through Gram Nyayalaya. There was a group discussion in the House about this. In this regard, the House was convinced that now we have Gram Nyayalaya to deal with the obstacles. While evaluating the Preamble of the Indian Constitution, he said that the concepts of the entire Indian Constitution are contained in this page, it is an ocean while it is the soul of the Indian Constitution, every Indian needs to imbibe it. He explained the Preamble of the Indian Constitution word by word and especially clarified the meaning of the sentence 'We the people of India'. They seriously discussed the legal aspects related to Gram Kachhari under Bihar Panchayati Raj Act 2006. The need and challenge to strengthen Gram Kachhari were discussed.

Mapping/listing of all relevant Departments and corresponding schemes:

District volunteers and PLVs contacted the concerned departments in 30 panchayats (panchayat, block and district) of Jamui and Samastipur district and collected block level list and district level list of various schemes. For monitoring and implementation of policies and schemes run by the government, we hold regular discussions with the local people and make plans for proper implementation. For monitoring the schemes, monitoring committees have been formed in all panchayats, which visit various centres every month.

Awareness campaign

▪ Film shows and meetings:

The team of Para Legal organized film shows and meetings in various villages to make people aware about fundamental rights, laws related to women rights, SC/ST atrocities and rights, grievance redressal mechanism and various aspects of legal system - IPC, CRP. Various such awareness activities were organized in 30 Panchayats of the targeted districts in which about 32000 people participated. During this, discussions related to human rights, policies and schemes were held among the people and films on Bol Basant, Right to Information were shown.

▪ Public Grievance Redressal Campaign

The Bihar government implemented the 'Bihar Public Grievance Redressal Act 2015' on 5 June 2016. Under this, citizens have been given the right to get redressal of complaints related to any government scheme, service or program within the prescribed time limit. If the complaint is not redressed, a provision has been made in this law to appeal twice. If the complaints are not redressed by the officials within the stipulated time, a fine of Rs 500 to Rs 5000 can be imposed from the salary of the guilty. Under this, with the help of para legal volunteers, a campaign was run for public grievances in 30 panchayats of Jamui and Samastipur from January 11, 2024 to January 16, 2024. Under this, public relations

campaign, meeting, and padayatra etc. were organized. During this, on January 16, 2024, written complaints were made from the local people by setting up counters in 30 panchayats of Jamui and Samastipur. 562 applications were received regarding various schemes and problems. All the complaints were submitted to the concerned department between 18-25 March.

- **E Shram Card Registration Campaign**

E Shram Card Registration has been started by the government on 26 August 2022 with the aim of preparing a database of workers in the unorganized sector. By registering on this portal, workers can avail the benefits of the schemes provided by the government. Stalls were set up for E Shram Card Registration in 30 panchayats of the project area, under which 1200 unorganized sector workers were registered.

Help Center:

Keeping in mind the needs, due to the large scope of the project area, we have created four help centers (help centers), two in Jamui and two in Samastipur. Through help centers, those problems are looked into which cannot be solved at the level of PLV or Gram Kachhari. For example, many problems related to social security schemes, food security, domestic violence, misbehavior by police, problems related to children etc. were helped through help centers. In these help centers, Koshish staff, PLV, para legal volunteers and lawyers also sit once a month who provide legal help to the people.

Develop online platform for Virtual Law training

Online platform has been developed for virtual law training. Online registration is being done for virtual law training of young lawyers, youth, volunteers and students. So far 140 youth, volunteers and students have registered themselves in the virtual online platform. This training has been designed as follows: Training duration: - 4 months, every week on Saturday from 3:30 PM, Trainers: - High Court and Supreme Court lawyers, social workers and administrative professionals, Participants participating in this training will not have to pay any kind of fee, it is free, Last date of application: - 07-07-2024, This comprehensive training program will provide in-depth knowledge and skills in paralegal work to the participants guided by eminent professionals from various disciplines and information about rights and how to take advantage of those rights.

Community monitoring and policy advocacy

Vigilance committee has been formed in every Panchayat. The objective of the monitoring committee is to assess the quality and quantity of public services and government activities, increase accountability and quality of social services, improve socio-economic conditions in the community, provide a platform to community members to express their views in those decisions and ensure that development projects are effective and efficient, as well as make the local justice system strong and accountable.

➔ Formation of monitoring committee:

- 9-member monitoring committee will be formed in every Panchayat, it will have 2 ward panchs, 2 ward members, beneficiaries of 4 different schemes (Anganwadi, mid-day meal, public distribution system and MNREGA) and 1 social worker/intellectual. 50 percent women membership is to be ensured in the monitoring committee.

➔ Work of the monitoring committee:

- Monitoring of government schemes
 - To discuss the irregularities in the implementation of various maternity protections, social security, food security schemes being run by the government.

- Visiting centres related to food security schemes (Anganwadi, school, dealer shop and works being done under MNREGA) and checking the registers and making reports.
 - Presenting the reports before the Gram Kachheri and the concerned officials and preparing the future action plan.
 - Solution of social problems
 - Identifying local level problems and discussing them.
 - Conducting awareness campaigns to prevent violence against women and discussing such incidents and taking initiatives for the same.
 - Discussing problems like child marriage, child labour, child sexual crime, right to education etc. and discussing for solutions.
 - Social initiatives for prevention of atrocities against Scheduled Castes and Tribes.
 - Many important steps can be taken in social initiatives for prevention.
- Complaint redressal
- Preparing and applying for complaints.
 - Increasing the capacity of villagers for demands and complaints.
 - Conducting public complaint campaigns to improve the complaint redressal system. Social audit
 - Better implementation of government schemes, access to schemes, preventing corruption and black marketing.
 - Organizing public hearings.

Major Activities/Key Interventions	Key Outcomes
Identification and Awareness	Increased practical awareness and capacity of community about the law and role of local justice mechanisms and monitor it.
Training of Paralegal Volunteers (PLVs) and Gram Kachahari officials.	Increase in knowledge of communicator and Gram Kachahari member about constitution, fundamental rights, law and entitlements base on functioning of grass root justice mechanisms. Clarity on procedure. Better functioning and better documentation of cases. Better equipped institution of grass root justice delivery.
Develop online platform for training	A digital platform will be developed which will help in accessing information, awareness and virtual training from time to time.
Study and Status Report	Evidence and gaps will come out in which there will be clarity on the action and help to access to justice.
Advocacy: Vigilance committee and Community monitoring / social Audit State and District level Consultation (Interface)	There will be a stronger community about the law and role of local justice mechanisms and monitor it. Fewer cases in courts and more grievance redressed and access to justice at the local level.

Field area Initial Visits

The programme officially commenced in July 2022, with our coordinators and the Koshish team conducting visits to the selected panchayats. These visits were crucial for establishing contact with village court officials, particularly the sarpanches, and laying the groundwork for the project's activities. The primary objective of these visits was to introduce the project, explain its goals, and seek the cooperation of the village court officials in organizing introductory meetings.

In Samastipur, our team visited the panchayats in Shahpur Patori, Dalsinghsarai, and Vidyapati Nagar blocks, while in Jamui, the visits were conducted in Laxmipur and Barhat

blocks. During these visits, the coordinators met with the sarpanch, up-sarpanch, panch, and other village court officials, including the secretary and Nyaymitra (justice friends). These meetings were essential in gaining the trust of the officials and ensuring their active participation in the project's activities.

Introductory Meetings cum Training Programs In July, a series of introductory meetings and training sessions were held in the selected panchayats. These sessions aimed to familiarize village court officials with the project's objectives, provide basic legal training, and encourage collaboration in addressing local legal issues.

Samastipur District

- **Vidyapati Nagar Block:** Meetings were held in Sahit, Mawdhneshpur Uttar, Garhsisai, Maniyarpur, and Simri panchayats. These sessions, attended by an average of 10-13 village court officials, focused on the roles and responsibilities of the Gram Kachaharis in ensuring justice at the village level.
- **Dalsinghsarai Block:** Key meetings took place in Pandh, Harishankarpur, Moktiyarpur Salkhamni, Keota, and Nagargama panchayats. Discussions centered on human rights and the importance of accessible legal processes.
- **Shahpur Patori Block:** Meetings in Bahadurpur Patori, Seura, Tara Dhamaon, Rupauli, and Imansarai panchayats emphasized addressing grassroots human rights violations and enhancing the effectiveness of village courts.

Jamui District Highlights

- **Barahat Block:** Meetings in Numar, Paro, Katauna, Dadha, and Bariyarpur panchayats covered the challenges of providing justice at the village level and the need for additional resources and training.
- **Laxmipur Block:** Meetings in Matiya, Aanandpur, Najari, Harla, and Digghi panchayats focused on improving legal awareness among villagers and ensuring the effective functioning of village courts.

Conclusion The activities conducted in July 2022 have successfully laid the groundwork for the Paralegal and Village Court Empowerment Initiative. The enthusiasm and participation of the village court officials indicate a strong commitment to improving justice at the grassroots level. Moving forward, the focus will be on continuing these engagements, providing more intensive training, and monitoring the impact of our efforts on the communities involved.

Monthly Training and Interaction Programs for PRI Members of Panchayat Village Courts (August - November 2022)

Koshish Charitable Trust has been conducting monthly training programs for Panchayat Raj Institution (PRI) members and village court officials across Samastipur and Jamui districts. These sessions aim to enhance their understanding of fundamental rights, legal responsibilities, and their role in ensuring justice at the grassroots level. This report summarizes the activities and outcomes of the training sessions held from August to November 2022.

August 2023: Launch of Monthly Training Programs

- **Focus:** "Origin of Human Rights and the Role of Village Courts in Upholding Them."
- **Activities:** Training sessions introduced human rights concepts, their historical context, and the role of village courts in addressing human rights violations.

- **Participation:** PRI members, including sarpanches, up-sarpanches, and Nyaymitras, actively engaged in discussions and role-playing exercises across selected panchayats.

September 2022: Legal Aspects and PRI Members' Roles

- **Focus:** "Legal Aspects and the Role of PRI Members in the Gram Kachahari."
- **Activities:** Sessions covered the structure and functioning of Gram Kachaharis, including mock trials to practice legal processes.
- **Participation:** Continued high engagement, with officials gaining confidence in handling legal disputes.

October 2022: Fundamental Rights and Duties

- **Focus:** "Fundamental Rights and Duties."
- **Activities:** Training emphasized the balance of rights and responsibilities within the community, using case studies and discussions.
- **Participation:** Strong participation with PRI members gaining deeper insights into their constitutional roles in protecting citizens' rights.

November 2022: Addressing Dalit Atrocities and Monitoring Local Schemes

- **Focus:** "Dalit Atrocities and Related Legal Provisions" and "Monitoring Local Schemes."
- **Activities:** Sessions addressed the Prevention of Atrocities Act, along with strategies for monitoring government schemes like ICDS and Aarogya Diwas.
- **Participation:** High engagement, particularly on issues of Dalit rights and scheme implementation, with PRI members motivated to ensure justice and transparency.

Conclusion The monthly training programs from August to November 2022 have significantly empowered PRI members in Samastipur and Jamui. Through focused sessions on human rights, legal frameworks, fundamental duties, and Dalit issues, PRI members are now better equipped to uphold justice and monitor local schemes effectively. The program will continue with regular monthly meetings to reinforce this knowledge and maintain active engagement.

Conclusion

Strengthen the village court system and enhance access to justice. Report summarizes the key discussions and resolutions from the district-level consultation meeting, highlighting the need for continuous dialogue and collective action to address the challenges faced by village courts.

Community based digital centre

Community based digital services provided by koshish charitable trust. This centre running in Adalatganj nearby Janshakti presses. Through this centre we have been introduced a DCA courses for slum dwellers children. Out of this course giving free services to weaker section to providing support in need based document like Adhar card, filling any type of application, and any other required digital informative document which can help to needy people on easygoing process.

Social and Agro-forestry programme:

Different activities like cultural and agro-forestry have been done during the year in Patna and koelwar, Arra District. All income from Agro-forestry work has been invested in same

work or Social work. Apart from this cultural programme has been done with conversation and other public meeting Seminar.



Challenges faced and lessons learnt

Challenges

- Our key government unit CWC and Labor Superintendent are sitting side by side as if there is no official in CWC as of now while Labor Inspector is in charge here.
- Without money, volunteers are not able to conduct classes regularly. It is very difficult to identify an educated youth in the village.
- It is difficult for people to move to other places because the availability of vehicles is very less and their fares are very expensive and people are forced to work near their homes.
- Due to being a hilly area, it is difficult to carry out MGNREGA work and due to lack of frequent visits of government officials, villagers remain deprived of basic facilities.
- Due to the presence of so many NGOs, one has to be careful while working with government officials. There has also been a lot of fraud due to which people remain misled..
- Challenges include awareness gaps, resource constraints, and accessibility issues. Solutions involve increased outreach, additional staffing, and mobile units to reach remote areas.
- **Lack of Awareness:** Many residents were unaware of the voter registration process. The team addressed this by conducting educational sessions and engaging directly with the community.
- **Technical Difficulties:** Some individuals faced challenges with form filling. Paralegal and monitoring committee members provided hands-on assistance.

- **Geographic Barriers:** Remote areas posed accessibility challenges. Multiple visits and local volunteer involvement ensured effective outreach.
-

Lesson Learnt

To overcome all these difficulties, it becomes easier to work by continuously and patiently maintaining contact with people and government officials.

Achievements/ Output/ Result of the programme

- The 50 Paralegals and Village Court Empowerment Initiative. The enthusiasm and participation of the village court officials indicate a strong commitment to improving justice at the grassroots level. Moving forward, the focus will be on continuing these engagements, providing more intensive training, and monitoring the impact of our efforts on the communities involved.
- In the fifteen Panchayats of Vidyapati, Dalsinghsarai and Shahpurpatori blocks of **Samastipur district**, under the Panchayati Raj system, elected members for the Gram Kachhari, Sarpanch, Deputy Sarpanch and Panch, besides Gram Court Secretary and Justice Friend, **a total of 168 persons** have been associated with the objectives of this project, and In the fifteen Panchayats of Barhat and Laxmipur blocks of **Jamui district**, under the Panchayati Raj system, **154 persons** including elected members of Gram Kachhari, Sarpanch, Deputy Sarpanch and Panch, besides Gram Court Secretary and Justice Friend have been associated
- Paralegal activists with the knowledge and skills needed to support the Gram Kachahari system. Participants left with a deeper understanding of constitutional values and a stronger commitment to their roles in promoting justice at the grassroots level.
- A total of 322 elected Gram Kachahari members and employees appointed in the Panchayats from 30 Panchayats of the project work area under both the districts are directly or indirectly associated with us.
- The Panchayats of both the districts where meetings and training were organized with villagers and Gram Kachari members. Identified blocks of Samastipur and Jamui districts. 953 villagers came too involved with our activities.
- **40** paralegal volunteer participants from 30 working Panchayats of Samastipur and Jamui districts. Associate and trained.
- wards of certain panchayat under selected Blocks of Samastipur and Jamui District have already constituted the monitoring committee, total in **107 ward** has been formed monitoring committees and it is run under the chairmanship of the ward PRI members for village court.
- a five-member monitoring committee was formed in the wards of the identified panchayats under the chairmanship of the ward PRI members for village court.
- The selected Panchayats in which the camp was organized
- 300 form were filled by new voter participants in Samastipur District and 250 form filled by new voters participants in Jamui District
- The program significantly contributed to strengthening the Gram Kachahari system and empowering paralegal volunteers to play a pivotal role in ensuring justice at the grassroots level.
- The Grievance Redressal Campaign successfully mobilized local resources to address citizen grievances, highlighting the importance of community engagement and effective local governance. The campaign demonstrated the potential of village courts and Panchayat Bhawans as crucial platforms for grievance resolution.
- the paralegal training program successfully equipped volunteers with the knowledge and skills needed to address legal and social issues in their communities.
- PRI members are now better equipped to uphold justice and monitor local schemes

effectively. The training successfully equipped PRI members with a deeper understanding of legal frameworks and their roles in ensuring justice at the grassroots level. Participants left with enhanced skills and knowledge to address local justice issues effectively, contributing to the broader goal of accessible justice for all.

- There are 5+7 Anganwadi Centres and 1 Mini Anganwadi Centre in of the worjing area.
- Transparency was adopted in the selection of the beneficiary after building a good community relationship with the Anganwadi worker. In the meeting of the village committee, those who are most needy were given priority. After adopting this process, we have been able to connect more than 130 children and women with Anganwadi so far.
- More than 250 youth and children participated in the Back to School campaign across the region.
- Village based committees have been constituted in all target villages. It has been formed for these purposes. In the last few days, we have tried to put more emphasis on behavioural change. Each month's meeting focuses on different issues. But they are not fully involved due to lack of awareness and confidence.
- 250 children were connected through monitoring to ensure that malnourished children get SNPs in Anganwadi centres and regular mid-day meals in schools. Through the Anganwadi centre, it was said that malnourished children should be identified and referred to NRC. They give special attention to children and help them to overcome malnutrition.
- Nutritional garden has been set up for 100 families in the targeted village. Ten papayas, one mango and guava saplings were given to all the families. Village committee members planted saplings on the occasion of World Environment Day.
- Through Anganwadi worker and ASHA worker talks with adolescent girls to improve their reproductive health and regular diet and we organized training for them asking for iron folic acid tablets from ASHA worker for anemia was asked to do.
- Those children who were never enrolled in school and dropped out of school during the COVID epidemic were identified in the targeted village. Meetings with the parents of the children several times were prompted, teach them appropriate age. 77 children (35 boys and 42 girl) were enrolled in the school and 25 girls are enrolled in Kasturba Gandhi Balika Vidyalaya, Barhat Jamui. and 23 children are sent to school in Rajauli block.
- Most of the members of the school management committee did not have much information, they told that the register comes at home, we sign it, After the effort a lot of information was received from the meeting and training. The friendly relation is build with children, teachers and parents. They involve in back to school campaign.
- The Village Child Development Committee and VLCP constituted at the village level is taking the issue of education and child rights seriously. Children are raised the issue of education, teacher, TLM, drinking water, mead day meal, and immunization. Under the schemes operated under the National Food Security Act 2013, all women and children should get rights under Anganwadi, NRC, PDS, Mead day meal a demand letter will be given at the district level. Letter has been given to district education officer and administration to ensure school open, follow routine time and re ennoblement of children.
- In the beginning period it was a difficult task to convince and building trust is a challenge to parents, but after our efforts they came to know about importance of child rights and education. Then After starting the work people fully cooperate and involve in this work. Due to gramshala (support education centre) activity, out of our expectation about 400 children joined and enjoy.

- Regarding this efforts friendly relation build with many service delivery stockholder and services are improve for community.
- Parents, guardians and youth are regularly attached with programme through meetings and trainings. They raise the local and development issue.
- Kitchen garden program is gradually increasing.
- As we see negative mindset still inherent in the mind of people. Youngest and adolescent girls are still feeling binding to move their surrounding area.
- We have also child safeguarding mechanisms at field and office level.
- A focal person in office and field level also responsible to tackle the problem of children. We organized a training programme with staff and volunteers to follow the safeguard policy strictly. TDH team also helps to provide the online training. Mr Salim has given Details description about policy and experiences.
- Key staffs have been complete certificate course regarding child safeguard by TDH portal. After training it is follows by them. Children are also given some points about physically and mentally harassment.
- For awareness we display some points about child safeguarding on each and every centres through Banners and posters.
- Carrier counseling provided among youth for their future.
- Further no any such type of case observed in the field area.

Consultative participation: where adults seek children's views in order to build knowledge and understanding of their lives and experience. It is often characterized by being: adult initiated; adult led and managed; lacking any possibility for children to influence outcomes.

Collaborative participation: where there is a greater degree of partnership between adults and children with the opportunity for active engagement at any stage of decision, initiative, project or service.

Child led participation: where children and young people have space and opportunity to initiate activities and advocate for themselves on issues affecting them. It is often characterized by: the issues of concern being identified by children themselves; adults serving as facilitators rather than leaders; children controlling the process.

Building Safer & Resilient Communities in Urban Slums of India

Short report of Signature Campaign on Prevention of child marriage at Nala Road Slum

Date: 24-05-2022

Nala road Children Group organized a signature campaign on prevention of child marriage at Nala Road slum on 24th of May, 2022 and they also conducted a Public contact intervention. Members of children group campaigned door to door and distributed pamphlet (Parcha) on prevention of child marriage. Children have also informed community regarding bad impact of child marriage and provision of Child Marriage Prevention Act 2006. They also said that, those people who attend child marriage or who support child marriage are also liable to punished. Maximum punishment is two years jail and one lakh fine.

Pictures of public contact intervention

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Pictures of





Thanking you form report preparation team of Koshish Charitable Trust.

