데이터 쿼리문(ANSI-SQL)

요구사항	C-02	작성일	2022-05-17
요구사항명	교사-내 강의 스케줄 조회	작성자	백재민

```
DML
-- 내 개설과정 강의 스케줄 조회
select
  c.course_seq as "강의번호",
  n.course_neme as "강의 과정명",
  case when sysdate < c.c_start_date then '강의예정'
  when sysdate between c.c_start_date and c.c_end_date then '강의중'
  when sysdate > c.c_end_date then '강의종료' end as "강의상태"
from tblCourse c
  inner join tblcoursename n
     on c.cname_seq = n.cname_seq
        where c.teacher_seq =
          (select teacher_seq from tblteacher where t_name = '최경하' and t_password = 2532102) order by c.c_end_date desc;
-- 내 스케줄 내 개설과정번호 선택
select
  distinct s.subname_seq as "과목번호",
  n.course neme as "과정명",
  c.c_start_date as "과정시작일",
  c.c end date as "과정종료일",
  si.subname as "과목명",
```

```
s.csstart_date as "과목시작일",
  s.csend date as "과목종료일",
  r.room_name "강의실명",
  (select count(*) from tblSugang where course_seq = 25) as "수강 인원"
from tblCourse c
  inner join tblCourseName n
     on c.cname_seq = n.cname_seq
     inner join tblCSub s
        on c.course_seq = s.course_seq
          inner join tblSubjectName sj
             on s.subname_seq = sj.subname_seq
                inner join tblRoom r
                   on c.room_seq = r.room_seq
                      inner join tblSubjectTxt st
                        on sj.subname_seq = st.subname_seq
                           where c.course_seq = 25;
-- 과목에 따른 교재 출력 > 내 스케줄 강의선택 시 출력되어야함 but 중복이 너무 많아서 따로처리
select
  distinct sn.subname_seg as "과목번호",
  sn.subname as "과목명",
  tb.name as "교재명"
from tblSubjectName sn
  inner join tblSubjectTxt st
     on st.subname_seq = sn.subname_seq
        inner join tblTextBook tb
          on st.txtbook_seq = tb.txtbook_seq
```

```
order by sn.subname_seq;
-- 내 스케줄 내 개설과정선택 과목 선택
select
  m.m_name "교육생 이름",
  m.m_tel "전화번호",
  m.m_registdate "등록일",
  su.progress "수강상태"
from tblCSub cs
  inner join tblCourse c
     on cs.course_seq = c.course_seq
        inner join tblSugang su
          on c.course_seq = su.course_seq
             inner join tblMember m
                on su.member_seq = m.member_seq
                  where cs.subname_seq = 9 and c.course_seq = 25;
```

요구사항	C-03	작성일	2022-05-17
요구사항명	교사-배점 입출력	작성자	박채은

-- C-03 교사 - 배점입출력

-- 교사 로그인

select * from tblTeacher where t_password = 2142021;

```
-- 배점 입출력 출력
-- 과목번호/과정명/과정시작일/과정종료일/강의실/과목명/과목시작일/과목종료일/교재명/출결/필기배점/실기배점
select
  cs.csub_seq as 과목번호,
  c.c_start_date as 과정시작일,
  c.c_end_date as 과정종료일,
  r.room name as 강의실,
  sn.subname as 과목명,
  cs.csstart date as 과목시작일,
  cs.csend_date as 과목종료일,
  sp.attend_point as 출결배점,
  sp.pilgi_point as 필기배점,
  sp.silgi_point as 실기배점
from tblCourse c
     inner join tblRoom r
        on c.room_seq = r.room_seq
          inner join tblCourseName cn
             on c.cname_seq = cn.cname_seq
               inner join tblCSub cs
                  on c.course_seq = cs.course_seq
                     inner join tblSubjectName sn
                       on cs.subname_seq = sn.subname_seq
                          left outer join tblSubtPoint sp
                             on cs.csub_seq = sp.csub_seq
        where c.teacher_seq = (select teacher_seq from tblTeacher where t_password = 2142021) and cs.csend_date < sysdate and sysdate <
c.c_end_date
```

```
order by cs.csstart_date;
-- 교재명 출력
select
   distinct
  tb.name as 교재명,
   sn.subname
from tblCourse c
   inner join tblCSub cs
     on c.course_seq = cs.course_seq
        inner join tblSubjectName sn
           on cs.subname_seq = sn.subname_seq
              inner join tblSubjectTxt st
                 on sn.subname_seq = st.subname_seq
                    inner join tblTextBook tb
                      on st.txtbook_seq = tb.txtbook_seq;
-- 과목번호 선택
select
   sp.attend_point as 출결배점,
   sp.pilgi_point as 필기배점,
   sp.silgi_point as 실기배점,
   td.test_date as 시험날짜,
  tn.test_type as 유형,
   tn.test as 시험문제
from tblCSub cs
```

```
left outer join tblSubtPoint sp
     on cs.csub_seq = sp.csub_seq
        inner join tblSubjectName sn
          on cs.subname_seq = sn.subname_seq
             left outer join tbltestdate td
                on cs.csub_seq = td.csub_seq
                   left outer join tblTest t
                      on td.testnum_seq = t.testnum_seq
                        left outer join tblTestName tn
                           on t.testname_seq = tn.testname_seq
           where cs.csub_seq = 152;
-- 특정과목 선택 시 출결/필기/실기 배점 입력
                      !배점 100점 실패 시 안되는 프로시저 필요!
select * from tblsubtpoint;
insert into tblSubtPoint (subpoint_seq, attend_point, pilgi_point, silgi_point, teacher_seq, csub_seq) values (37, 20, 30, 50, 3, 152);
-- 문제 등록하는 법
-- insert into tblTestName(testname seg, test, test type, subname seg) values (시험문제번호pk, 시험문제, 유형, 과목명번호fk);
-- insert into tblTest(testnum_seq, teacher_seq, testname_seq) values(교사가정한시험문제번호pk, 교사번호fk, 시험문제번호fk);
-- insert into tblTestDate(testdate_seq, test_date, testnum_seq, csub_seq) values(시험날짜번호pk, 시험날짜, 교사가정한시험문제번호,
개설과정내과목번호);
-- 1. TestName 있는 문제 등록
```

-- testName에 있는 내용 > test > testDate에 연결

```
insert into tblTest(testnum_seq, teacher_seq, testname_seq) values(73, 3, 5);
insert into tblTestDate(testdate_seq, test_date, testnum_seq, csub_seq) values(73, '2022-03-21', 73, 152);

-- 2. 새로운 시험문제 등록
insert into tblTestName(testname_seq, test, test_type, subname_seq) values(77, 'Java실기문제 추가', '실기', 3);
insert into tblTest(testnum_seq, teacher_seq, testname_seq) values(74, 3, 77);
insert into tblTestDate(testdate_seq, test_date, testnum_seq, csub_seq) values(74, '2022-03-22', 74, 152);
```

요구사항	C-04	작성일	2022-05-17
요구사항명	교사-성적 입출력	작성자	백재민

```
select
cs.csub_seq as "과목번호",
sj.subname as "과목명",
case
when cs.csend_date < sysdate then '진행 종료'
end as "진행 상태"
from tblCSub cs
inner join tblCourse c
on cs.course_seq = c.course_seq
inner join tblSubjectname sj
on cs.subname_seq = sj.subname_seq
where cs.csend_date < sysdate and c.teacher_seq =
```

```
(select teacher_seq from tblteacher where t_name = '최경하' and t_password = 2532102)
                   order by cs.csstart_date asc;
-- 개설과목 선택
select
  distinct cs.csub_seq as "개설과목번호",
  cn.course neme as "개설과정명",
  c.c_start_date as "과정시작일",
  c.c_end_date as "과정종료일",
  r.room name as "강의실명",
  sj.subname as "개설과목명",
  cs.csstart date as "과목시작일",
  cs.csend_date as "과목종료일",
  sp.attend_point as "출결 배점",
  sp.pilgi_point as "필기 배점",
  sp.silgi_point as "실기 배점",
  (case when s.silgi_score is not null then 'Y' else 'N' end) as 성적등록여부
from tblCSub cs
  left outer join tblCourse c
     on cs.course_seq = c.course_seq
        left outer join tblCourseName cn
           on c.cname_seq = cn.cname_seq
              left outer join tblRoom r
                on c.room_seq = r.room_seq
                   left outer join tblSubjectName sj
                      on cs.subname_seq = sj.subname_seq
                         left outer join tblSubjectTxt st
```

```
on sj.subname_seq = st.subname_seq
                              left outer join tblTextBook tb
                                 on st.txtbook_seq = tb.txtbook_seq
                                    left outer join tblSugang su
                                      on c.course_seq = su.course_seq
                                         left outer join tblSubtPoint sp
                                            on sp.csub_seq = cs.csub_seq
                                               left outer join tblScore s
                                                 on cs.csub_seq = s.csub_seq
                                                    where cs.csub_seq = 142 and c.teacher_seq =
                                                       (select teacher_seg from tblteacher where t_name = '최경숙' and t_password = 2532102);
-- 과목에 따른 교재 출력 > 내 스케줄 강의선택 시 출력되어야함 but 중복이 너무 많아서 따로처리 > 이미 완료
select
  distinct sn.subname_seq as "과목번호",
  sn.subname as "과목명",
  tb.name as "교재명"
from tblSubjectName sn
  inner join tblSubjectTxt st
     on st.subname_seq = sn.subname_seq
        inner join tblTextBook tb
          on st.txtbook_seq = tb.txtbook_seq
             order by sn.subname_seq;
-- 특정 과목 번호 선택
select
  su.sugang_seq as "수강생 번호",
```

```
m.m_name as "수강생 이름",
  m.m_tel as "전화번호",
  su.progress as "수강상태",
  ss.stop_date as "중도탈락일",
  s.attend_score as "출결점수",
  s.pilgi_score as "필기점수",
  s.silgi_score as "실기점수"
from tblMember m
  inner join tblSugang su
     on m.member_seq = su.member_seq
        left outer join tblStustop ss
           on su.sugang_seq = ss.sugang_seq
              inner join tblCourse c
                on su.course_seq = c.course_seq
                   inner join tblCsub cs
                      on c.course_seq = cs.course_seq
                         left outer join tblScore s
                            on cs.csub_seq = s.csub_seq
                               where cs.csub_seq = 143
                                  order by su.sugang_seg;
-- 수강생 번호 선택 > 시험 점수 등록
insert into tblScore values ((select max(score_seq)+1 from tblScore), 20, 30, 50, 1, (select sugang_seq from tblSugang where sugang_seq = 5));
select * from tblScore;
```

요구사항	C-05	작성일	2022-05-17
요구사항명	교사-출결 관리 및 출결 조회	작성자	백재민

inner join tblAttendance ad

```
-- 출결 관리 및 조회 내 개설과정
select
  c.course_seq as "강의번호",
  n.course_neme as "강의 과정명",
  case
     when sysdate < c.c_start_date then '강의예정'
     when sysdate between c.c_start_date and c.c_end_date then '강의중'
     when sysdate > c.c_end_date then '강의종료'
  end as "강의상태"
from tblCourse c inner join tblcoursename n
  on c.cname_seq = n.cname_seq where c.teacher_seq =
     (select teacher_seg from tblteacher where t_name = '최경숙' and t_password = 2532102) order by c.c_end_date desc;
-- 특정 강의 선택 해당 강의 내 교육생 출결현황
-- Case 1.
select
  su.sugang_seg as "수강생 번호",
  m.m_name as "수강생 이름",
  ad.attend_date as "출석일",
  ad.attendance_type as "상태"
from tblSugang su
```

```
on su.sugang_seq = ad.sugang_seq
        inner join tblMember m
           on su.member_seq = m.member_seq
              where su.course_seq = 25
                 order by ad.attend date;
-- Case 2.
select distinct
  s.sugang_seg as "수강생번호",
  m.m name "수강생 이름",
  (select count(*) from tblattendance where attendance_type = '정상' and sugang_seg = s.sugang_seg) as 정상,
  (select count(*) from tblattendance where attendance type = '지각' and sugang seg = s.sugang seg) as 지각,
  (select count(*) from tblattendance where attendance type = '조퇴' and sugang seg = s.sugang seg) as 조퇴,
  (select count(*) from tblattendance where attendance_type = '외출' and sugang_seg = s.sugang_seg) as 외출,
  (select count(*) from tblattendance where attendance type = '병가' and sugang seg = s.sugang seg) as 병가,
  (select count(*) from tblattendance where attendance_type = '기타' and sugang_seg = s.sugang_seg) as 기타,
  (select count(*) from tblattendance where attendance_type = '결석' and sugang_seg = s.sugang_seg) as 결석
from thlcourse c
  inner join tblcoursename cn
     on c.cname_seq = cn.cname_seq
        inner join tblsugang s
           on c.course_seq = s.course_seq
              inner join tblmember m
                 on s.member_seq = m.member_seq
                   inner join tblattendance a
                       on s.sugang_seq = a.sugang_seq
                         where c.course_seq = 25;
```

```
-- 년도별 출력
select
  su.sugang_seq as "수강생 번호",
  m.m name as "수강생 이름",
  to_char(ad.attend_date, 'YYYY-MM-DD') as "출석일",
  ad.attendance_type as "상태"
from tblSugang su
  inner join tblAttendance ad
     on su.sugang_seq = ad.sugang_seq
        inner join tblMember m
          on su.member_seq = m.member_seq
             where su.course_seq = 25 and ad.attend_date like '22/04/01'
                order by ad.attend_date;
-- 월별 출력
select
  su.sugang_seg as "수강생 번호",
  m.m_name as "수강생 이름",
  ad.attend_date as "출석일",
  ad.attendance type as "상태"
from tblSugang su
  inner join tblAttendance ad
     on su.sugang_seq = ad.sugang_seq
        inner join tblMember m
          on su.member_seq = m.member_seq
             where su.course_seq = 25 and ad.attend_date like '22/03%'
```

```
order by ad.attend_date;
-- 일별 출력
select
  su.sugang_seq as "수강생 번호",
  m.m_name as "수강생 이름",
  ad.attend_date as "출석일",
  ad.attendance_type as "상태"
from tblSugang su
  inner join tblAttendance ad
     on su.sugang_seq = ad.sugang_seq
        inner join tblMember m
           on su.member_seq = m.member_seq
             where su.course_seq = 25 and ad.attend_date like '22/03/01%'
                order by ad.attend_date;
-- 특정 교육생 출결현황
select attend_date as "출석일", attendance_type as "상태" from tblAttendance where sugang_seg = 184;
```

요구사항	C-06	작성일	2022-05-17
요구사항명	교사-추천 도서 관리	작성자	백재민

-- 작성된 추천 도서 조회

select

tr.book_seq as "추천도서번호",

```
tr.rec_name as "추천도서명",
  p.name as "출판사",
  tr.book_date as "등록일",
  t.t_name as "등록 교사",
  sn.subname as "연관 과목명"
from tblTeachRec tr
  inner join tblTeacher t
     on tr.teacher_seq = t.teacher_seq
        inner join tblSubjectName sn
          on tr.subname_seq = sn.subname_seq
             inner join tblPublisher p
                on tr.publisher_seq = p.publisher_seq
                   order by tr.book_seq;
-- 추천 도서 등록
-- 출판사가 존재하는지 확인
select name from tblPublisher where name = '제이펍';
-- 존재하지 않는다면 출판사 추가
insert into tblPublisher values ((select max(publisher_seq) +1 from tblPublisher), '출판사명');
-- 출판사 유무 처리후 삽입
insert into tblTeachRec
  values ((select max(book_seq) + 1 from tblTeachRec),
     (select teacher_seq from tblteacher where t_name = '최경하' and t_password = 2532102), -- 교사번호 입력
     '책제목', sysdate,
```

(select subname_seq from tblsubjectname where subname = 'Java'), -- 과목번호 가져오기 (select publisher_seq from tblpublisher where name = '제이펍')); -- 출판사 번호 가져오기

-- 추천도서 수정하기

update tblTeachRec set rec_name = '변경할 값' where book_seq = 1; -- 도서번호 1의 도서명 수정하기

update tblTeachRec set subname_seq = (select subname_seq from tblsubjectname where subname = '변경할 과목명') where book_seq = 1; --연관과목 변경하기

update tblTeachRec set publisher_seq = (select publisher_seq from tblpublisher where name = '제이펍') where book_seq = 1; -- 출판사 변경하기

-- 추천도서 삭제하기

delete tblTeachRec where book_seq = 1;

요구사항	C-07	작성일	2022-05-17
요구사항명	교사-과목상담 답변	작성자	김은지

DML

-- 1. 강의중인 개설과정 중 질문이 존재하는 교육생 이름 조회 select

distinct

m.m_name, -- "교육생이름"

cn.course_neme, -- "개설과정명"

c.c_start_date, -- "개설과정시작일"

c.c_end_date -- "개설과정종료일"

```
from tblConsult q
  inner join tblAnswer a
     on q.consult_seq = a.consult_seq
        inner join tblCsub cs
          on q.csub_seq = cs.csub_seq
             inner join tblsubjectname sn
                on cs.subname_seq = sn.subname_seq
                   inner join tblCourse c
                      on cs.course_seq = c.course_seq
                        inner join tblcoursename cn
                            on c.cname_seq = cn.cname_seq
                              inner join tblTeacher t
                                 on a.teacher_seq = t.teacher_seq
                                   inner join tblSugang s
                                      on q.sugang_seq = s.sugang_seq
                                         inner join tblMember m
                                            on s.member_seq = m.member_seq
  where sysdate between c.c_start_date and c.c_end_date and t.teacher_seq = '교사번호' order by m.m_name;
-- 날짜 1개만 조회 + 그 교사만 조회를 하면 된다.(시간 신경쓰기 : 부등호 > between 조금 더 느림)
-- 2. 교육생 이름으로 질문내역 조회
select
  distinct
                         -- "교육생이름"
     m.m_name,
```

```
-- "개설과목명"
     sn.subname,
                        -- "상담내용"
     q.consult_txt,
     a.answer_txt
                        -- "상담답변"
from tblConsult q
  inner join tblAnswer a
     on q.consult_seq = a.consult_seq
        inner join tblCsub cs
           on q.csub_seq = cs.csub_seq
              inner join tblsubjectname sn
                on cs.subname_seq = sn.subname_seq
                   inner join tblCourse c
                      on cs.course_seq = c.course_seq
                         inner join tblcoursename cn
                            on c.cname_seq = cn.cname_seq
                               inner join tblTeacher t
                                  on a.teacher_seq = t.teacher_seq
                                    inner join tblSugang s
                                       on q.sugang_seq = s.sugang_seq
                                          inner join tblMember m
                                             on s.member_seq = m.member_seq
  where sysdate between c.c_start_date and c.c_end_date and a.teacher_seq = '교사번호' and m.m_name = '교육생 이름';
```

-- 3. 답변입력

insert into tblAnswer (answer_seq, answer_txt, teacher_seq, consult_seq) values((select max(answer_seq) + 1 from tblAnswer), '상담내용', '교사번호', '질문번호');

-- 순서 바꾸기 하지 말기

-- 4. 답변 수정하기

update tblAnswer set answer_txt = '새로운 상담내용' where consult_seq = '질문번호';

-- 5. 답변 삭제하기

delete tblAnswer where answer_seq = '답변번호;