# Assignment 4- Probability and Random Variables

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## Download all python codes from

https://github.com/KoteshSatvik/AI1103-Probability and Random Variables/tree/ main/Assignment-4/codes

#### and latex-tikz codes from

https://github.com/KoteshSatvik/AI1103-Probability and Random Variables/blob/ main/Assignment-4/Assignment4.tex

### 1 Gate 2016 (cs-set 1) Q:29

Consider the following experiment.

**Step 1.** Flip a fair coin twice.

**Step 2.** If the outcomes are (TAILS, HEADS) then output Y and stop.

**Step 3.** If the outcomes are either (HEADS, HEADS) or (HEADS, TAILS), then output N and

**Step 4.** If the outcomes are (TAILS, TAILS), then go to Step 1.

The probability that the output of the experiment is Y is (upto two decimal places)

#### 2 Solution

Given a fair coin is flipped twice. Let us represent the outcome as (x,y) where x represents the outcome in first throw and y represents the outcome in the second throw.

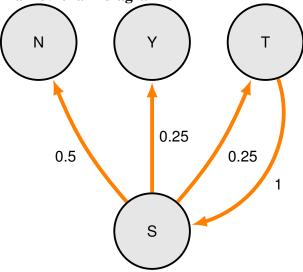
Let us define,

Variable	Definition
S	Event of tossing a fair coin twice
N	Event of obtaining 'N' as the output
Y	Event of obtaining 'Y' as the output
T	Event of obtaining (TAIL,TAIL) as the output
$a_i$	Probability of final state being Y, given initial state is i

TABLE 0: Definition of different variables

When a fair coin is tossed twice the output is, 'N' when the outcomes are (H,H), (H,T) and 'Y' when the outcome is (T,H). Then,

# Markov chain diagram:



Given: Initial state is 'S'

**To find :** Probability of outcome being Y.

Therefore we have to find the probability of final state being state Y.

By definition of  $a_i$ , we have

$$a_Y = 1$$
 (2.0.1)

$$a_N = 0 (2.0.2)$$

$$a_T = a_S (2.0.3)$$

$$a_S = \frac{1}{4}[a_Y + a_T] + \frac{1}{2}(a_N)$$
 (2.0.4)

$$\implies a_S = \frac{1}{4} a_Y + \frac{1}{4} a_T \tag{2.0.5}$$

$$\implies a_S = \frac{1}{4}a_Y + \frac{1}{4}a_S \tag{2.0.6}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{3}{4}a_S = \frac{1}{4}a_Y \qquad (2.0.7)$$

$$\therefore a_S = \frac{1}{3} \qquad (2.0.8)$$

$$\therefore a_S = \frac{1}{3} \tag{2.0.8}$$

Therefore the probability of outcome being Y is 0.33 (rounded to two decimal places).