Assignment 4- Probability and Random Variables

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Download all python codes from

https://github.com/KoteshSatvik/AI1103-Probability_and_Random_Variables/tree/ main/Assignment-4/codes

and latex-tikz codes from

https://github.com/KoteshSatvik/AI1103— Probability_and_Random_Variables/blob/ main/Assignment-4/Assignment4.tex

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Consider the following experiment.

Step 1. Flip a fair coin twice.

Step 2. If the outcomes are (TAILS, HEADS) then output Y and stop.

Step 3. If the outcomes are either (HEADS, HEADS) or (HEADS, TAILS), then output N and stop.

Step 4. If the outcomes are (TAILS, TAILS), then go to Step 1.

The probability that the output of the experiment is Y is (upto two decimal places)

2 Solution

Given a fair coin is flipped twice. Let us represent the outcome as (x,y) where x represents the outcome in first throw and y represents the outcome in the second throw.

Let.

S: Event of tossing a fair coin twice.

N: Event of obtaining N as the output.

Y: Event of obtaining Y as the output.

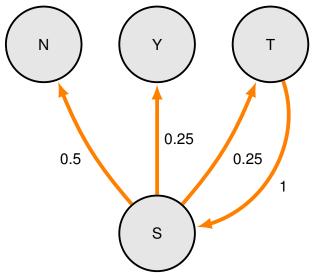
T: Event of obtaining (TAIL, TAIL) as the output. Let us define the state of a Markov chain at time t is the value of X_t .

Then.

$$Pr(X_1 = N | X_0 = S) = 2/4 : [(H,T), (H,H)]$$

$$Pr(X_1 = Y | X_0 = S) = 1/4 : [(T,H)]$$

$$Pr(X_1 = T | X_0 = S) = 1/4 : [(T,T)]$$



Given : Initial state is 'S'(X_0)

To find : Probability of outcome being Y.

Therefore we have to find the probability of absorption in state Y.

Let us define,

$$a_i = Pr \text{ (absorption in } Y|X_0 = i)$$
 (2.0.1)

Therefore by definition,

$$a_Y = 1 \tag{2.0.2}$$

$$a_N = 0 \tag{2.0.3}$$

$$a_T = a_S \tag{2.0.4}$$

$$a_S = \frac{1}{4}[a_Y + a_T] + \frac{1}{2}(a_N)$$
 (2.0.5)

$$\implies a_S = \frac{1}{4}a_Y + \frac{1}{4}a_T \tag{2.0.6}$$

$$\implies a_S = \frac{1}{4}a_Y + \frac{1}{4}a_S \tag{2.0.7}$$

$$\implies \frac{3}{4}a_S = \frac{1}{4}a_Y \tag{2.0.8}$$

$$\implies a_S = \frac{1}{3} \tag{2.0.9}$$

$$\therefore \Pr (\text{absorption in } Y | X_0 = S) = \frac{1}{3}$$

Therefore the probability of outcome being Y is 0.33 (rounded to two decimal places).