

NOTE: The records must indicate those who have reviewed the cytology slides. Cytotechnologists should be identifiable by name, initials, or other identifier in laboratory records. When a pathologist has performed a diagnostic review of the slides, the report must indicate his/her name or signature (in written or electronic form). The reviewing pathologist's name must be distinct from any other pathologist names (eg, the laboratory director) on the report. Electronic signatures must be secure and traceable to the reviewing pathologist. A report may contain the signature/initals of a pathologist or cytotechnologist attesting to an activity other than review of the slides (for example, verification of results of automated screening instruments), but in such cases the report must clearly indicate that the signature/initals attest to the other activity, not review of the slides.

When slides are reviewed by a pathologist for quality control purposes only (eg, the 10% rescreen of gynecologic cytopathology cases), the name of the pathologist must be retained in laboratory records but need not be included on the report.

CYP.05332 Report Review Phase II

Cytopathology reports are reviewed and signed by the pathologist, when applicable.

NOTE: For gynecologic cases reviewed by a pathologist, and for all non-gynecologic cases, the laboratory must ensure that records indicate that the reviewing pathologist has reviewed and approved the completed report before release. In the occasional situation when the diagnosing pathologist is not available for timely review and approval of the completed report, the laboratory may have a policy and procedure for review and approval of that report by another pathologist. In that circumstance, the names and responsibilities of both the pathologist who made the diagnosis and the pathologist who performs final verification must appear on the report.

This checklist requirement does not apply to cases reviewed by a pathologist for quality control purposes only (eg, the 10% rescreen of gynecologic cytopathology cases).

REFERENCES

- 1) Department of Health and Human Services, Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services. Clinical laboratory improvement amendments of 1988; final rule. *Fed Register*. 2023(Dec 28): [42CFR493.1274(e)(2)(3)].

CYP.05350 Cytopathology Report Elements Phase I

The cytopathology report includes all of the following elements:

1. Date specimen received/accessioned by the laboratory
2. Description of specimen on receipt (eg, bloody fluid)
3. Description of fixative and pre-analytic variables that may affect ancillary testing (eg, type of fixative, time in fixative)
4. Designation of automated screening device, when applicable

NOTE: For description of specimens on receipt, examples include the number of glass slides submitted and how fixed (eg, air-dried or alcohol-fixed); quantity of fluid and fixation (eg, 10 cc bloody fluid in alcohol); Thin Prep vial; SurePath vial; and brush in 10 cc clear yellow fluid.

Evidence of Compliance:

- ✓ Cytopathology reports including the required elements

****REVISED** 12/26/2024**

CYP.06100 Report - Morphologic Findings Phase II

The cytopathology report includes an interpretation of the morphologic findings, and as appropriate, standard descriptive terminology.