

- LB.7.1.2 Concentration/titer.
- LB.7.1.3 Preparation/reconstitution date.
- LB.7.1.4 Expiration Date.
- LB.7.1.5 Storage requirements.
- LB.7.2 Laboratory supplies and reagents are stored under appropriate conditions.
 - LB.7.2.1 Critical laboratory supplies and reagents are stored according to the manufacturer's recommendations under controlled conditions or in an appropriate storage device.
 - LB.7.2.2 Critical supplies and reagents storage conditions are continuously monitored using appropriate temperature monitoring/recording system.
 - LB.7.2.3 In the event of monitoring systems failure, the storage temperature is monitored and recorded every eight hours using a standardized thermometric device.
- LB.7.3 The laboratory defines and specifies water types.
 - LB.7.3.1 There is definition of the specific type of water required for each of its testing procedures.
 - LB.7.3.2 Water quality is tested at least annually.

LB.8 The laboratory has a process describing its role in equipment management.

- LB.8.1 The laboratory has a role in the selection of critical laboratory equipment (equipment that must be operated at defined specifications to ensure the quality of the product or service).
- LB.8.2 The laboratory has a role in the receipt, installation and identification of critical laboratory equipment.

LB.9 The laboratory has a system for equipment validation.

- LB.9.1 The laboratory implements policies and procedures describing the validation of critical laboratory equipment for its intended use, including:
 - LB.9.1.1 Installation Qualification.
 - LB.9.1.2 Operational Qualification.
 - LB.9.1.3 Detailed functional validation study with predefined acceptance criteria.
 - LB.9.1.4 Critical laboratory equipment are not used before completing the validation studies.

LB.10 The laboratory develops a process for test method validation.

- LB.10.1 The laboratory implements policies and procedures on test method validation including:
 - LB.10.1.1 Verification of accuracy/precision.
 - LB.10.1.2 Verification of sensitivity (lower detection limit).
 - LB.10.1.3 Verification of carryover acceptability.
 - LB.10.1.4 Verification of the Analytic Measurement Range (AMR).
 - LB.10.1.5 Approval of the method for clinical use.

LB.11 The laboratory develops a process for establishing or verifying and evaluating reference ranges/intervals and cut off values for each analyte and specimen source.

- LB.11.1 The laboratory implements policies and procedures that define:
 - LB.11.1.1 Circumstances and method for establishing reference ranges.