

NOTE: In most cases, original materials including slides and blocks should be promptly returned to the original institution. However, in some situations (for example, when the patient is receiving ongoing care at the referral institution pending tumor resection, etc.) it may be appropriate for the referral laboratory to retain slides/blocks for a period of time. In such situations, a letter should be sent to the originating laboratory along with the consultation report, requesting permission to retain the slides/blocks and accepting transfer of stewardship of the patient materials from the original laboratory to the referral institution.

Evidence of Compliance:

- ✓ Patient reports for extra-departmental cases

ANP.10260 Slide/Block Handling

Phase I



The laboratory handles original slides/blocks following a defined process for consultation and legal proceedings.

NOTE: This must include appropriate handling and accurate records of the use, circulation, referral, transfer, and receipt of original slides and blocks. The laboratory must have a record of the location of original slides and blocks that have been referred for consultation or legal proceedings.

ANP.10270 Off-Site Autopsies

Phase I



As applicable, there is a defined process for performance of autopsies off-site.

NOTE: If feasible, autopsies should be performed within the institution; however, if an institution does not perform autopsies, there must be a written policy that addresses how an autopsy is obtained when one is requested.

****NEW** 12/26/2024**

ANP.10290 Instructions for Body Handling

Phase II



There are documented instructions covering such items as receipt, storage, and release of bodies.

NOTE: In some institutions, such policies and procedures may reside in the nursing or security manuals. In such cases, the laboratory must have copies of the manuals available at the time of inspection.

This requirement is not applicable if the laboratory is not responsible for handling bodies.

QUALITY CONTROL

SURGICAL SPECIMEN EXAMINATION

Note that requirements relating to collection and accessioning of specimens are covered in the Laboratory General Checklist. During the on-site inspection, the handling of surgical specimens must be evaluated.

"Grossing" is defined as a tissue specimen examination requiring knowledge of anatomy and judgment about sampling and sectioning. This includes the dissection of the specimen, selection of tissue, and any level of examination/description of the tissue including color, weight, measurement, or other characteristics of the tissue.

A "pathologist" is defined as a physician who has successfully completed an approved graduate medical education program in pathology. In the US, a physician is defined as a doctor of medicine, doctor of osteopathy,