

Wastes from patients on isolation	
Patient isolated for <u>MDROs</u>	All wastes should be disposed in black bag (general wastes); except dressings from infected or surgical wounds, and the items heavily soiled with blood or other body fluids .
Patient isolated for <u>highly infectious diseases</u> (confirmed and suspected) e.g. Ebola, Smallpox, Anthrax , and other diseases decided by the infection control team to be a highly infectious diseases	Manage used disposable PPE and all other patient care items as Hazardous Medical Waste and dispose in the yellow bag.
Patient isolated for suspected pulmonary TB	Manage used disposable PPE and all other patient care items as Hazardous Medical Waste and dispose in the yellow bag.
Patient isolated for confirmed <u>infective TB</u> : Eg. Open pulmonary TB, Laryngeal TB, extra pulmonary draining infection	Manage used disposable PPE and all other patient care items as Hazardous Medical Waste and dispose in the yellow bag.
Patient isolated for confirmed <u>non-infective TB</u> : eg. Non- Open pulmonary TB, Peritoneal TB with no drain, TB from non- draining infection	All wastes should be disposed in black bag (general wastes); except dressings from infected or surgical wounds, and the items heavily soiled with blood or other body fluids .
Patient isolated for not highly infectious <u>communicable disease</u> eg. H1N1, MERS CoV , n corona 2019, and other respiratory viruses	All wastes should be disposed in black bag (general wastes); except dressings from infected or surgical wounds, and the items heavily soiled with blood or other body fluids
<u>Measles</u> (Confirmed and suspected)	Manage used disposable PPE and other patient care items for measles patients as Hazardous Medical Waste and dispose in the yellow bag.

All PPEs from patient isolated for infection other than what was mentioned in the above table should be disposed in black bag (general wastes); except those heavily (dripping) soiled with blood or other body fluids .

