

# 5

かけ算  
整式の乗法

$\alpha$  の累乗 …  $\alpha$  をいくつか掛けたもの  
 $\alpha^n = \underbrace{\alpha \times \alpha \times \dots \times \alpha}_{n\text{個}}$

指数法則

$m, n$  は正の整数とする。

$$1. \alpha^m \alpha^n = \alpha^{m+n} \quad 2. (\alpha^m)^n = \alpha^{mn} \quad 3. (ab)^n = a^n b^n$$

(証明)

$$\begin{aligned} \alpha^m \alpha^n &= \underbrace{(\alpha \times \alpha \times \dots \times \alpha)}_{m\text{個}} \underbrace{(\alpha \times \alpha \times \dots \times \alpha)}_{n\text{個}} \\ &= \underbrace{\alpha \times \alpha \times \dots \times \alpha}_{m+n\text{個}} \\ &= \alpha^{m+n} \quad \square \\ (\alpha^m)^n &= \underbrace{\alpha^m \times \alpha^m \times \dots \times \alpha^m}_{n\text{個}} \\ &= \underbrace{(\alpha \times \alpha \times \dots \times \alpha)}_{m\text{個}} \times \underbrace{(\alpha \times \alpha \times \dots \times \alpha)}_{m\text{個}} \times \dots \times \underbrace{(\alpha \times \alpha \times \dots \times \alpha)}_{m\text{個}} \\ &= \underbrace{\alpha \times \alpha \times \dots \times \alpha}_{mn\text{個}} \\ &= \alpha^{mn} \quad \square \\ (ab)^n &= \underbrace{(ab) \times (ab) \times \dots \times (ab)}_{n\text{個}} \\ &= \underbrace{(\alpha \times \alpha \times \dots \times \alpha)}_{n\text{個}} \underbrace{(b \times b \times \dots \times b)}_{n\text{個}} \\ &= \alpha^n b^n \quad \square \end{aligned}$$

(例1) 次の計算をせよ。

$$(1) 3x^2 \times 4x = 3 \times 4 \times x^{2+1} = 12x^3 \quad //$$

$$(2) 2ab^3 \times (-3a^2b^3) = 2 \times (-3) \times a^{1+2} b^{3+3} = -6a^3b^6$$

$$(3) (-ab^2)^3 \times (-2a^4b)^2 = (-1)^3 a^3 (b^2)^3 \times (-2)^2 (a^4)^2 b^2$$

$$= -a^3 b^{2 \times 3} \times 4a^{4 \times 2} b^2$$

$$= -a^3 b^6 \times 4a^8 b^2$$

$$= (-1) \times 4 a^{3+8} b^{6+2}$$

$$= -4a^8 b^8 \quad //$$

(例2) 次の計算をせよ。

$$(1) 2x(x-2) = 2x \cdot x + 2x \cdot (-2) \quad \leftarrow = 2x \cdot x - 2x \cdot 2 \text{ としてもよい。}$$

$$= 2x^2 - 4x \quad //$$

$$(2) (a^2 - 2ab + 3b^2)ab = a^2 ab - 2ab \cdot ab + 3b^2 ab$$

$$= a^3 b - 2a^2 b^2 + 3ab^3 \quad //$$