

・三角関数の合成 (暗記+導出)

$$a \sin \theta + b \cos \theta = \sqrt{a^2 + b^2} \sin(\theta + \alpha)$$

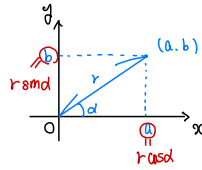
$$\text{ただし、} \sin \alpha = \frac{b}{\sqrt{a^2 + b^2}}, \cos \alpha = \frac{a}{\sqrt{a^2 + b^2}}$$

(2つ<)証明)

$$\begin{aligned} & \underbrace{a \sin \theta + b \cos \theta}_{x \text{座標}} = \underbrace{r \cos \alpha \sin \theta + r \sin \alpha \cos \theta}_{y \text{座標}} \\ & = r(\sin \theta \cos \alpha + \cos \theta \sin \alpha) \end{aligned}$$

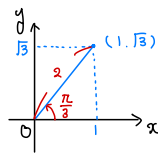
$$= r \sin(\theta + \alpha)$$

$$\sqrt{a^2 + b^2} \quad \alpha \text{は } \sin \alpha = \frac{b}{r}, \cos \alpha = \frac{a}{r} \text{ を満たす角}$$

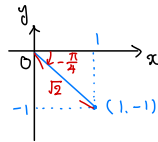


(例) 次の式を $r \sin(\theta + \alpha)$ の形に変形せよ。ただし、 $r > 0, -\pi < \alpha \leq \pi$ とする。

(1) $\frac{1}{2} \sin \theta + \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \cos \theta = 2 \sin(\theta + \frac{\pi}{3}) //$



(2) $\frac{1}{2} \sin \theta - \frac{1}{2} \cos \theta = \sqrt{2} \sin(\theta - \frac{\pi}{4}) //$



(3) $4 \sin \theta + 3 \cos \theta = 5 \sin(\theta + \alpha)$
(ただし、 $\sin \alpha = \frac{3}{5}, \cos \alpha = \frac{4}{5}$)

