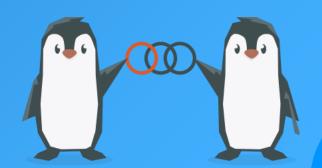
Overview of various regulations and guidelines, and What is needed for future discussion

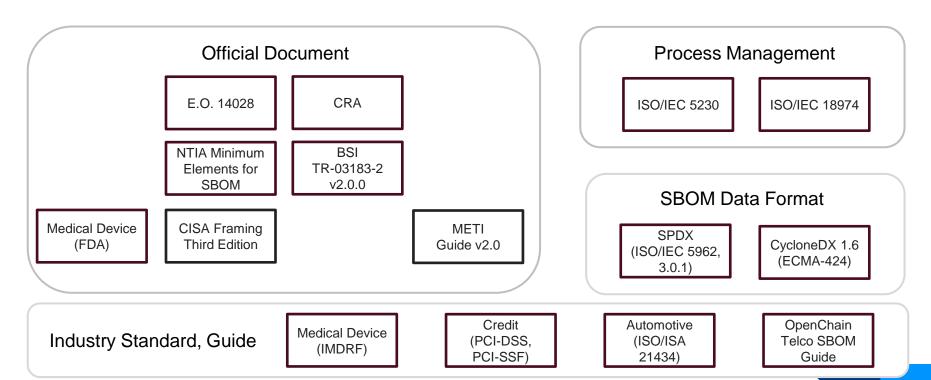
SBOM Study Group, OpenChain Project 2024-10-23







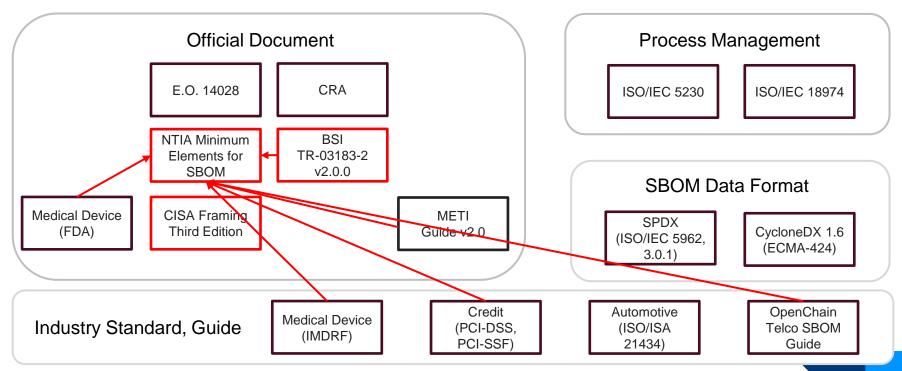
Laws, Regulations, Standards, Guidelines







NTIA Minimum Elements as a Reference







CISA Framing: providing updates from a practical perspective

NTIA.

"Minimum Elements for a Software Bill of Materials (SBOM). July, 2021

NOT REPLACE NTIA Minimum Elements

CISA.

Framing Software Component Transparency: Establishing a Common Software Bill of Materials (SBOM) Third Edition. October, 2024

NTIA Minimum Elements

Author of SBOM Data

Timestamp

Supplier Name

Component Name

Unique Identifiers

License Information

Copyright Information

Component Hash

CISA Baseline Attributes

SBOM Author Name

SBOM Timestamp

SBOM Type

Component Supplier Name

Component Name

Component Version String

Component Unique Identifier

Component Cryptographic Hash

Component License

Component Copyright Holder

Dependency Relationship

Version of the Component

► SBOM Primary Component

Component Relationships





[WIP] SBOM element comparison (Updating in consideration of CISA Framing Third Edition and BSI TR-03183-2 v2.0.0) https://docs.google.com/spreadsheets/d/1SuGv1L3H_-lq6dmH7DnjDgAa90LCRnoHB3DTfuWh0Jg/edit?gid=1667652967#gid=1667652967



Attributes Comparison (Overview)

NTIA Mnimum Elements	CISA Baseline Atrributes	BSI TR-03183-2	IMDRF/FDA	PCI-DSS/PCI-SSF	OpenChain Telco SBOM guid
		SBOM-URI			(6.5) SPDX Document Namespace
	1		Author name	The name of the author who	
uthor of SBOM Data	SBOM Author Name	Creator of the SBOM		designed/developed the component	(6.8) Creator
	j		ļ	or service.	
imestamp	SBOM Timestamp	Timestamp	Timestamp		(6.9) Created
ifecycle Phase	SBOM Type (Optional: Aspiration)	(assuemed Build SBOM)	:		(6.10) Creator comment
			Relationship	A description of the relationship(s)	
				between the component and service	
Dependency Relationship	SBOM Primary Component	(primary component)		and other components/services	(11.1) Relationship: DESCRIBES
				embedded in or used by the	i '
	1			software.	!
	1		Software component name	The name of the component or	
Component Name	Component Name	Component name		service as defined by the original	(7.1) Package Name
				supplier.	(· · ·) · = · · · · g · · · · · · · ·
	<u> </u>		Software component version	The version of the component or	
			:	service as defined by the original	
ersion of the Component	Component Version String	Component version		supplier to differentiate it from	(7.3) Package Version
	1			previous or other versions.	
	·		Software component vendor (supplier)		
Supplier Name	Component Supplier Name	Component creator	Software component vendor (supplier)	component or service.	(7.5) Package Supplier
	·····	Hash value of the executable	Component Hash	component or service.	
		component	Component nasn		
Component Hash	Component Cryptographic Hash				(7.10) Package Checksum
		(Optional: Hash value of the source			
		code of the component)	;		
	 	Filename of the component		L	(NEED TO DISCUSS)
			Unique Identifier		(7.2) Package SPDX Identifier
Other Unique Identifiers	Component Unique Identifier	Other unique identifiers		original	(6.5) SPDX Document Namespac
			į.		(7.21) External Reference field
			Relationship	A description of the relationship(s)	
	1			between the component and service	
Dependency Relationship	Component Relationships	Dependencies on other components		and other components/services	(11.1) Relationship: CONTAINS
	1			embedded in or used by the	
				software.	
		-Executable property: "executable"			,
		and "non-executable"			
		-Archive property: "archive" and "no			(NEED TO DISCUSS)
		archive"			(NEED TO DIGGGGG)
		-Structured property: "structured"			
		and "unstructured";			
		Source code URI			(7.7) Package Download Location
	1	URI of the deployable form of the			(7.21) External Reference field
		component			(7.21) External Reference field
		Associated licences			
icone a Information	Component License		EDA: Licence		(7.13) Concluded License
	(Aspiration: Concluded)	Associated licences Concluded Licences (Optional: Declared licences)	FDA: Licence		(7.15) Declared License
		Associated licences Concluded Licences	i		
icense Information(Copyright)	(Aspiration: Concluded)	Associated licences Concluded Licences (Optional: Declared licences)	i		(7.15) Declared License (7.17) Copyright Text
icense Information icense Information(Copyright) other Component Relationships	(Aspiration: Concluded) Component Copyright Holder Component Relatuionships	Associated licences Concluded Licences (Optional: Declared licences)	i		(7.15) Declared License
icense Information(Copyright)	(Aspiration: Concluded) Component Copyright Holder Component Relatuionships (Heritage or Pedigree Relationship)	Associated licences Concluded Licences (Optional: Declared licences))		(7.15) Declared License (7.17) Copyright Text (NEED TO DISCUSS)
icense Information(Copyright)	(Aspiration: Concluded) Component Copyright Holder Component Relatuionships (Heritage or Pedigree Relationship) Supplemental Information to Support	Associated licences Concluded Licences (Optional: Declared licences)	i		(7.15) Declared License (7.17) Copyright Text
icense Information(Copyright)	(Aspiration: Concluded) Component Copyright Holder Component Relatuionships (Heritage or Pedigree Relationship)	Associated licences Concluded Licences (Optional: Declared licences)	FDA: Software level of support		(7.15) Declared License (7.17) Copyright Text (NEED TO DISCUSS)
icense Information(Copyright)	(Aspiration: Concluded) Component Copyright Holder Component Relatuionships (Heritage or Pedigree Relationship) Supplemental Information to Support Use Cases	Associated licences Concluded Licences (Optional: Declared licences)	FDA: Software level of support - FDA: End-of-support date.		(7.15) Declared License (7.17) Copyright Text (NEED TO DISCUSS) (NEED TO DISCUSS)
icense Information(Copyright)	(Aspiration: Concluded) Component Copyright Holder Component Relatuionships (Heritage or Pedigree Relationship) Supplemental Information to Support	Associated licences Concluded Licences (Optional: Declared licences)	FDA: Software level of support		(7.15) Declared License (7.17) Copyright Text (NEED TO DISCUSS)

[WIP] SBOM element comparison (Updating in consideration of CISA Framing Third Edition and BSI TR-03183-2 v2.0.0) https://docs.google.com/spreadsheets/d/1SuGv1L3H_-Iq6dmH7DnjDgAa90LCRnoHB3DTfuWh0Jg/edit?gid=1667652967#gid=1667652967

Baseline Attributes Comparison

NTIA Mnimum Elements	CISA Baseline Atrributes	BSI TR-03183-2	IMDRF/FDA	PCI-DSS/PCI-SSF	OpenChain Telco SBOM guide
Author of SBOM Data	SBOM Author Name	Creator of the SBOM	(+)	{(+)	(6.8) Creator
Timestamp		Timestamp	:(+)		(6.9) Created
Lifecycle Phase		(assuemed Build SBOM)	Á/		(6.10) Creator comment
Dependency Relationship	SBOM Primary Component	(primary component)	(+)	(+)	(11.1) Relationship: DESCRIBES
Component Name	Component Name	Component name	;(+)	{(+)	(7.1) Package Name
Version of the Component		Component version	:(+)	(+)	(7.3) Package Version
Supplier Name	Component Supplier Name	Component creator	:(+)	(+)	(7.5) Package Supplier
Component Hash	Component Cryptographic Hash	Hash value of the executable component (Optional: Hash value of the source code of the component)	(+)		(7.10) Package Checksum
Other Unique Identifiers	Component Unique Identifier	Other unique identifiers	(+)	(+)	(7.2) Package SPDX Identifier (6.5) SPDX Document Namespace (7.21) External Reference field
Dependency Relationship	Component Relationships	Dependencies on other components	<u>;(+)</u>	(+)	(11.1) Relationship: CONTAINS
License Information	,	Concluded Licences (Optional: Declared licences)	FDA: Licence		(7.13) Concluded License (7.15) Declared License
License Information(Copyright)	Component Copyright Holder	(Not mentioned clearly, but assumed)	.)		(7.17) Copyright Text
Other Component Relationships	Component Relatuionships (Heritage or Pedigree Relationship)				(NEED TO DISCUSS)
	Supplemental Information to Support Use Cases		FDA: Software level of support		(NEED TO DISCUSS)
	Supplemental Information to Support Use Cases		- FDA: End-of-support date. - IMDRF: Life cycle of a device (e.g., a software component's end- of-support (EOS) date)		(NEED TO DISCUSS)

[WIP] SBOM element comparison (Updating in consideration of CISA Framing Third Edition and BSI TR-03183-2 v2.0.0) https://docs.google.com/spreadsheets/d/1SuGv1L3H_-Iq6dmH7DnjDgAa90LCRnoHB3DTfuWh0Jg/edit?gid=1667652967#gid=1667652967

Baseline Attributes Comparison

NTIA Mnimum Elements	CISA Baseline Atrributes	BSI TR-03183-2	IMDRF/FDA		PCI-DSS/PCI-SSF	OpenChain Te	elco SBOM guide
Author of SBOM Data	SBOM Author Name	Creator of the SBOM	(+)		(+)	(6.8) Creator	
Timestamp	SBOM Timestamp	Timestamp	(+)		CDDV 2 2.	144-2-5	<u> </u>
Lifecycle Phase	SBOM Type (Optional: Aspiration)	(assuemed Build SBOM)		III	SPDX-2.3:		nment
Dependency Relationship	SBOM Primary Component	(primary component)	(+)	7.	27 Valid Until Date		p: DESCRIBES
Component Name	Component Name	Component name	(+)		27 Valia Critii Bate		me
Version of the Component	-{	Component version	(+)				rsion
Supplier Name		Component creator	(+)	In	SPDX-2.2:		pplier
Component Hash (11.1) Relation	Component Cryptographic Hash	Cor One of the following comment data Or fields containing specific text:		O	One of the following comment data hecksum lelds containing specific text:		hecksum
Other Unique GENERATED_FROM (11.1) Relationship:		Oth			"(6.40) Creater comment": or		DX Identifier ment Namespace eference field
Dependency DESCENDAN License Information	T_OF	3CON		"(6.11) Document Com		p: CONTAINS License	
License information	(Aspiration: Concluded)	og 4. "(7.20) Package Comment" 4.		"(7.20) Package Comm	nent"	icense	
License Information(Copyright)		(Not mentioned clearly, but assumed)	Ž.			(7.17) Copyright	Text
Other Component Relationships	Component Relatuionships (Heritage or Pedigree Relationship)					(NEF D TO DISC	USS)
	Supplemental Information to Support Use Cases		FDA: Software level of support			(N'EED TO DISC	USS)
	Supplemental Information to Support Use Cases		- FDA: End-of-support date IMDRF: Life cycle of a device (e.g., a software component's end- of-support (EOS) date)			(NEED TO DISC	USS)

[WIP] SBOM element comparison (Updating in consideration of CISA Framing Third Edition and BSI TR-03183-2 v2.0.0) https://docs.google.com/spreadsheets/d/1SuGv1L3H_-Iq6dmH7DnjDgAa90LCRnoHB3DTfuWh0Jg/edit?gid=1667652967#gid=1667652967

BSI Only Attributes

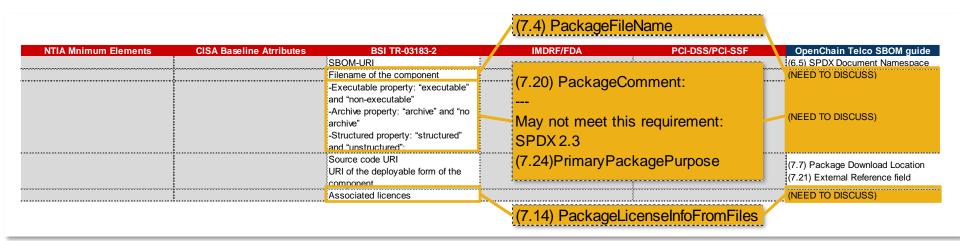
NTIA Mnimum Elements	CISA Baseline Atrributes	BSI TR-03183-2	IMDRF/FDA	PCI-DSS/PCI-SSF	OpenChain Telco SBOM guide
		SBOM-URI			(6.5) SPDX Document Namespace
		Filename of the component			(NEED TO DISCUSS)
		-Executable property: "executable"			
		and "non-executable"			
		-Archive property: "archive" and "no			(NEED TO DISCUSS)
		archive"			(NEED TO DISCUSS)
		-Structured property: "structured"			
		and "unstructured";			
		Source code URI			(7.7) Package Download Location
		URI of the deployable form of the			(7.21) External Reference field
		component			(7.21) External Reference field
		Associated licences			(NEED TO DISCUSS)







BSI Only Attributes







CISA. "Maturity Levels":

Mixture of "depth and breadth (of dependencies)" and "attributes levels"

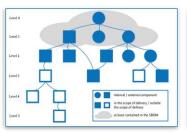
Maturity Level	2.2. Baseline Attributes
Minimum Expected	This maturity level describes the minimum data elements for documenting a Primary Component and its Included Components for SBOMs globally.
Recommended Practice	This maturity level describes the addition of Attribute data that supplements Component identification as well as practices for creating SBOMs.
Aspiration Goal	This maturity level describes areas that creators of SBOMs can consider for documenting dynamic and/or remote Dependencies (see Appendix B for descriptions) that can be uniquely and unambiguously identified in an SBOM.

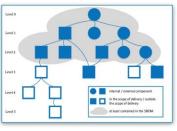
2.2 Bas	seline Attributes
2.2.1.1	Author Name
2.2.1.2	Timestamp
2.2.1.3	Туре
2.2.1.4	Primary Component (or Root of Dependencies)
2.2.2 C	Component Attributes
2.2.2.1	Component Name
2.2.2.2	Version
2.2.2.3	Supplier Name
2.2.2.4	Unique Identifier
2.2.2.5	Cryptographic Hash
2.2.2.6	Relationship
2.2.2.6.	.1 Primary Relationship
2.2.2.6.	.2 "Included In" Relationship
2.2.2.6.	.3 Heritage or Pedigree Relationship
2.2.2.6.	.4 Relationship Completeness
2.2.2.7	License
2.2.2.8	Copyright Notice
2.3 Und	declared SBOM Data
2.3.1 U	Inknown Component Attributes
2.3.2 R	Redacted Components
2.3.3 U	Inknown Dependencies
2.4 Sup	oplemental Information to Support Use Cases
3.6.1 V	ulnerability Management and VEX
Append	dix B Terminology: Attributes
Append	dix B Terminology: Component
	dix B Terminology: Dependency
Append	dix B Terminology: Included Component
Append	dix B Terminology: Software Bill of Materials (SBOM)

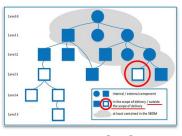


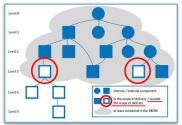


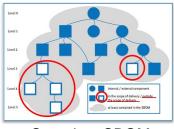
Maturity Level	2.2.2.6 Relationship
Minimum Expected	Relationships and relationship completeness declared for the Primary Component and direct Dependencies.
Recommended Practice	Relationships and relationship completeness declared for all Included Components listed in the SBOM.
Aspiration Goal	Relationships and relationship completeness to as many dynamic and remote Components as possible (e.g., loaded Components or services) are identified.











Top-level SBOM

n-level SBOM

Transitive SBOM

Delivery item SBOM

Complete SBOM





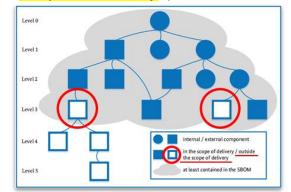
Relationship resolution: CISA vs. BSI

Maturity Level	2.2.2.6 Relationship
Minimum	Relationships and relationship
Expected	completeness declared for the Primary
	Component and direct Dependencies.
Recommended	Relationships and relationship
Practice	completeness declared for all Included
	Components listed in the SBOM.
	Relationships and relationship
Aspiration Goal	completeness to as many dynamic and
Aspiration Goal	remote Components as possible (e.g.,
	loaded Components or services) are
	identified.

BSI.

5.1 Level of detail

For an SBOM that is compliant with this Technical Guideline, recursive dependency resolution MUST be performed at least for each component included in the scope of delivery on each path downward at least up to and including the first component that is outside the scope of delivery (see Annex, section 8.2.4).







SBOM Type: At least "Build SBOM"?

CISA. 2.2.1.3 Type

The Type Attribute provides context for how and why the SBOM was created. As discussed in Section 2 (see footnote 8), different types of SBOMs can be created from different software artifacts. Documenting the SBOM Type may inform the utility and consumption of the SBOM that was created. This Attribute is optional and considered an aspirational goal.

BSI.

5.1 Level of detail

This SBOM MUST contain the same information as available during the build process or equivalent information where the build process does not exist (for details related to Build SBOM, see Annex, section 8.3.3).

8.3.3 Build SBOM

The SBOM is created as part of the build process based on e.g. source files, dependency information, already created components, volatile build process data and other SBOMs.

Notes:

- In order to enable capturing executable, binary components that already exist (i.e. precompiled code), creating a Build SBOM focuses on the linker run for translated code, not the compiler run.
- In order to let hash values unambiguously identify components, reproducible builds have to be employed.
- In the case of interpreted code, only the source code exists; each
 executable file has to be listed as a component. The interpreter has
 to be specified as a dependency, as far as reasonably possible.





SBOM Type: At least "Build SBOM"?

CISA. 2.2.1.3 Type

The Type Attribute provides context for how and why the SBOM was created. As discussed in Section 2 (see footnote 8), different types of SBOMs can be created from different software artifacts. Documenting the SBOM Type may inform the utility and consumption of the SBOM that was created. This Attribute is optional and considered an aspirational goal.

- "Type" information is Optional for "Aspiration"
- "Aspiration" wants "remote"





BSI. 5.1 Level of detail

"Build SBOM" is assumed

This SBOM MUST contain the same information as available during the build process or equivalent information where the build process does not exist (for details related to Build SBOM, see Annex, section 8.3.3).

8.3.3 Build SBOM

The SBOM is created as part of the build process based on e.g. source files, dependency information, already created components, volatile build process data and other SBOMs.

Notes:

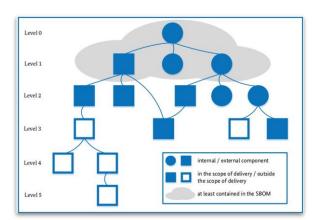
- In order to enable capturing executable, binary components that already exist (i.e. precompiled code), creating a Build SBOM focuses on the linker run for translated code, not the compiler run.
- In order to let hash values unambiguously identify components, reproducible builds have to be employed.
- In the case of interpreted code, only the source code exists; each
 executable file has to be listed as a component. The interpreter has
 to be specified as a dependency, as far as reasonably possible.

CISA. "Minimum Expected"

Relationships and relationship completeness declared for the Primary Component and direct Dependencies.

BSI. "Top-level SBOM"

In addition to the full description of the primary component, the SBOM contains the full description of all components, which the primary component directly depends on.







CISA. "Recommended Practice"

Relationships and relationship completeness declared for all Included Components listed in the SBOM.

Included Component

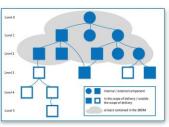
An Included Component is any Component that is in the distributed software (e.g., masked layers within a container of an image).

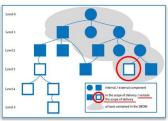
cf. Appendix B Terminology

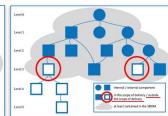
BSI. "n-level"

"Transitive"

"Delivery item"







at least up to and including the first external component (i.e. third-party component)

including the first component, which is outside the scope of delivery

3.2.2 External component

An "external component" is a component whose component creator differs from the component creator of the primary component.



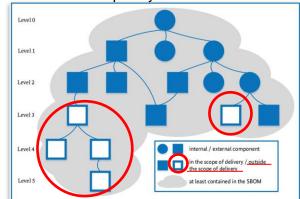


CISA. "Aspiration Goal"

Relationships and relationship completeness to as many <u>dynamic and remote</u> Components as possible (e.g., loaded Components or services) are identified.

BSI. "Complete SBOM"

In addition to the full description of the primary component, the SBOM contains the full description of all components, which are directly or transitively depended upon by the primary component. The full description and recursive resolution of the components and their dependencies is carried out completely.







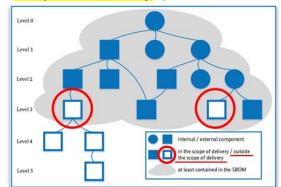
AGAIN: Relationship resolution: CISA vs. BSI

Maturity Level	2.2.2.6 Relationship
Minimum	Relationships and relationship
Expected	completeness declared for the Primary
	Component and direct Dependencies.
Recommended	Relationships and relationship
Practice	completeness declared for all Included
	Components listed in the SBOM.
	Relationships and relationship
Aspiration Goal	completeness to as many dynamic and
Aspiration Goal	remote Components as possible (e.g.,
	loaded Components or services) are
	identified.

BSI.

5.1 Level of detail

For an SBOM that is compliant with this Technical Guideline, recursive dependency resolution MUST be performed at least for each component included in the scope of delivery on each path downward at least up to and including the first component that is outside the scope of delivery (see Annex, section 8.2.4).







AGAIN: Relationship resolution: CISA vs. BSI

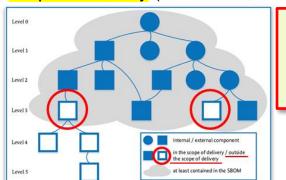
Maturity Level	2.2.2.6 Relationship
Minimum Expected	Relationships and relationship completeness declared for the Primary
LApootou	Component and direct Dependencies.
Recommended Practice	Relationships and relationship completeness declared for all Included Components listed in the SBOM.
Aspiration Goal	Relationships and relationship completeness to as many dynamic and remote Components as possible (e.g., loaded Components or services) are identified.

- "Aspiration" wants "remote"
- No Levels mention "outside the scope of delivery"

BSI.

5.1 Level of detail

For an SBOM that is compliant with this Technical Guideline, recursive dependency resolution MUST be performed at least for each component included in the scope of delivery on each path downward at least up to and including the first component that is outside the scope of delivery (see Annex, section 8.2.4).



- No mention about "remote"
- Outside the scope of delivery





CISA "License" vs. BSI. "Associated licences" et al.

Maturity Level	2.2.2.7 License
Minimum	Provide license information for the
Expected	Primary Component.
Recommended	Provide license information for as
Practice	many Components as possible.
	Provide license information for all
Aspiration	listed SBOM Components.
Goal	Attestation of Concluded License
Goal	information, i.e., license text and
	concluded terms and conditions, is included in the SBOM.

Concluded License

Frequently multiple licenses may be found in a Component that have different constraints. After resolving the conditions an overall license for the Component can be declared by the SBOM Supplier.

cf. Appendix B Terminology



5.2.2 Required data fields for each component Associated licences

Associated licence(s) of the component from the perspective of the SBOM creator. For specifics see sections 6.1 and 8.1.9.

5.3.2 Additional data fields for each component Concluded licences

The licence(s) that the licensee of the component has concluded for this component. For specifics see sections 6.1 and 8.1.9

5.4.1 Optional data fields for each component Declared licences

The licence(s) that the licensor of the component has declared for this component. For specifics see sections 6.1 and 8.1.9.





Hash algorithms: SHA256 or SHA512?

Maturity Level	2.2.2.5 Cryptographic Hash
Minimum Expected	Hash algorithms accepted at this maturity level are MD5, SHA1, and SHA2 families, (including SHA256 and SHA512). Using a secure hash algorithm is recommended. Note that use of MD5 and SHA1 is no longer recommended and will be formally discontinued in 2030.
Recommended Practice	Hash algorithms accepted at this maturity level are those that are cryptographically secure SHA2 family (SHA-256 and higher) for all Components and system Dependencies listed in an SBOM. If less cryptographically secure, hashes need to be included, adding an additional cryptographically secure hash is required.
Aspiration Goal	(N/A) (SBOM-SG Note: same as Recommended Practice)

BSI.

5.2.2 Required data fields for each component Hash value of the deployable component Cryptographically secure checksum (hash value) of the deployed/deployable component (i.e. as a file on a mass storage device) as SHA-512; see also section 3.2.1.





SBOM and CSAF (VEX) should be used separately?

CISA. 3.6.1 Vulnerability Management and VEX

(Third paragraph)

Vulnerability management requires sources of vulnerability information (such as CVE, security advisories from Suppliers, [e.g. in CSAF, and the NVD]), mapping of vulnerabilities to Components (such as CPE as used in the NVD), and a way to convey vulnerability or exploitability status (such as VEX). While VEX was developed to address the vulnerability management use case, VEX is not limited to use with SBOMs nor expected to be included in the SBOM itself.

(Last paragraph)

Additionally, including the end-of-life date and level-of-support for the Components as supplemental to the SBOM provides the entity performing an impact assessment of a vulnerability with crucial information for mitigation options.





BSI. 1 Introduction

(Third paragraph)

SBOM information can be used to check whether a product is potentially affected by a vulnerability by comparing its component list with the components listed in a vulnerability database. However, an SBOM does not contain any statement regarding vulnerabilities or their exploitability.

8.1.10 Vulnerability information

The SBOM definition in this Technical Guideline states that vulnerability information is not contained in an SBOM. Information on vulnerabilities of a certain version of a software changes over time while the crucial information of an SBOM (e.g. on dependencies) is static. If vulnerability information is included in an SBOM, this static data is unnecessarily propagated along the software supply chain in unaltered form each time the vulnerability information is updated. Consequently, it is required not to include vulnerability information in an SBOM, even though an SBOM format specification supports that. The recommended format for distributing vulnerability information is CSAF (including also VEX as a profile).

End of X: Just Optional

CISA.

2.4 Supplemental Information to Support Use Case

(Second paragraph)

Examples of supplemental Attributes:

End-of-life date or level-of-support for Components.

BSI.

3.2 Terms used

3.2.1 Component

In the case of interpreted code

(Second paragraph)

If the component is not part of the delivery item, the version number of the component SHOULD reflect the minimum required version as defined by the component creator. This SHOULD also take into account other factors than just the factual minimum technical requirement. This implies that the component creator SHOULD skip versions that are end-of-life or have known security vulnerabilities. The minimum required version MAY be determined by the minimum version, which was used for testing, e.g. because it was used during software development.

Note:

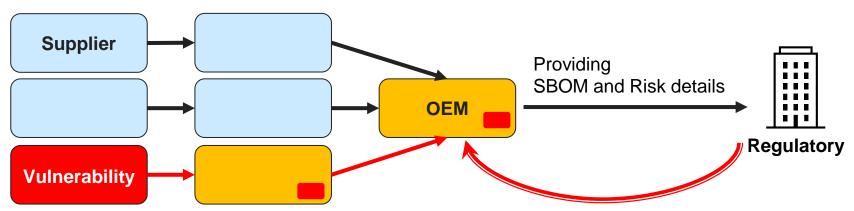
No descriptions of end-of-life or similar topics, other than the above.





Risk Management in Software Supply Chain

Need to consider not only B2B and B2C but also Regulatory Authorities



Directives and/or Instructions for Vulnerability Management and Recalls





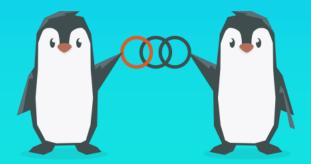
Need to Discussion

- CISA's Maturity Levels are a mixture of depth and broadness of dependency and information richness
 - SBOM Quality is likely to be a mosaic?
- Differences between CISA and BSI
 - "Maturity Levels" vs. "Level of Details"
 - What LEVEL with attributes is adequate for every stakeholder in the Software Supply chain?
 - How to express as SBOM document (both SPDX and CycloneDX)?

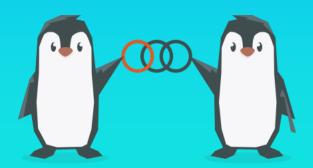




Thank you!



Appendix



Document	URL
NTIA. Minimum Elements for Software Bill of Materials (SBOM)	https://www.ntia.gov/report/2021/minimum-elements-software-bill-materials-sbom
CISA. Framing Software Component Transparency: Establishing a Common Software Bill of Materials (SBOM) 3rd edition	https://www.cisa.gov/resources- tools/resources/framing-software- component-transparency-2024
BSI. Technical Guideline TR-03183: Cyber Resilience Requirements for Manufacturers and Products - Part 2: Software Bill of Materials (SBOM) Version 2.0.0	https://www.bsi.bund.de/SharedDocs/ Downloads/EN/BSI/Publications/Tech Guidelines/TR03183/BSI-TR-03183-2- 2_0_0.html
IMDRF. Principles and Practices for Software Bill of Materials for Medical Device Cybersecurity	https://www.imdrf.org/documents/princ iples-and-practices-software-bill- materials-medical-device- cybersecurity
FDA. Cybersecurity in Medical Devices: Quality System Considerations and Content of Premarket Submissions	https://www.fda.gov/regulatory- information/search-fda-guidance- documents/cybersecurity-medical- devices-quality-system- considerations-and-content- premarket-submissions
PCI. PCI-DSS v4.0 and PCI-SSF v1.2.1	https://www.pcisecuritystandards.org/document_library/
OpenChain Project. OpenChain Telco SBOM Guide Version 1.0	https://github.com/OpenChain- Project/Reference- Material/tree/master/SBOM- Quality/Version-1





Enhance SBOM & VEX Practices Across the Supply Chain

Can we explore Practical HOW-TOs?



Minimum Expected (Crawl)

Recommended Practice (Walk)

Aspirational Goal (Run)

