

Contents

| | | |
|----------|---|----------|
| 1 | Verb Conjugation | 2 |
| 1.1 | The 3 Verb Groups | 2 |
| 1.2 | The Polite-Style, ます-Form | 2 |
| 1.2.1 | The Forms ません, ました, ませんでした, ましょう | 2 |
| 1.3 | The Plain-Style, ない-Form | 2 |
| 1.3.1 | The negative Plain-Style, なかった-Form | 2 |
| 1.4 | The て-Form | 2 |
| 1.4.1 | The た-Form | 2 |
| 1.5 | The Casual Volitional-Form ㇿ | 2 |
| 1.6 | The Potential-Form ㇿ | 3 |
| 1.7 | The Causative-Form ㇿ | 3 |

1 Verb Conjugation

1.1 The 3 Verb Groups

1. Group 3: 来る and する make up the group 3 verbs.
2. Group 2: If there is a え or い ending syllable before the る-ending of the verb then it is a group 2 verb.
3. Exceptions: There are some exceptions to group 2: 帰^{かえ}る, 切^きる, 知^しる, 入^{はい}る, 走^{はし}る these are group 1 verbs.
4. Group 1: Everything else. Including る ending verbs which are not in group 2.

1.2 The Polite-Style, ます-Form

1. Group 1: Change the う-ending to a い-ending and add ます.
2. Group 2: Remove the る and add ます instead.
3. Group 3: する → します, 来る → 来^きます

1.2.1 The Forms ません, ました, ませんでした, ましょう

1. Remove the ます and add ません for the negative-form, ました for the past-form, ませんでした for the past-negative-form and finally ましょう for the 'lets-do'-form.

1.3 The Plain-Style, ない-Form

1. Group 1: Change the う-ending to an あ-ending, if the verb ends in う itself, change it to わ instead. Add ない. ある is an exception, it becomes simply ない itself.
2. Group 2: Remove the る and add ない.
3. Group 3: する → しない, 来る → 来^きない

1.3.1 The negative Plain-Style, なかった-Form

1. In order to negate any verb in plain style simply remove the ない and add なかった instead.

1.4 The て-Form

1. Group 1:
 - (a) Ending with: る, つ, う: Remove the ending and replace it with って.
 - (b) Ending with: む, ぶ, ぬ Remove the ending and replace it with んで.
 - (c) Ending with: く, ぐ: The く becomes いて and the ぐ becomes いで. Exception: いく becomes いて.
 - (d) Ending with: す: Remove the ending and replace it with して.
2. Group 2: Replace the ending る with て.
3. Group 3: する → して, 来る → 来^きて

1.4.1 The た-Form

1. For the た-Form simply replace the て with た and で with だ.

1.5 The Casual Volitional-Form ㇿ

1. This form expresses ones desire to do something akin to 'Let's...', it is the plain-style of ましょう.
2. Group 1: Change the ending from its う-form to the お-form and add う. This then forms essentially a long o.
3. Group 2: Take out the ending る and replace it with よう.
4. Group 3: する → しよう, 来る → 来^きよう.

1.6 The Potential-Form ㇿ

1. This form expresses ones ability to know how to, to be able to, do something.
2. Group 1: Change the ending from its う-form to the え-form and add る.
3. Group 2: Take out the ending る and replace it with られる.
4. Group 3: する → できる, 来る → 来^くられる.
5. Warning: All Verbs in potential-form are group 2 verbs when conjugating further.

1.7 The Causative-Form ㇾ

1. This form expresses one to let or make someone else do something.
2. Group 1: Change the ending from its う-form to the あ-form and add せる.
3. Group 2: Take out the ending る and replace it with させる.
4. Group 3: する → させる, 来る → 来^くさせる.
5. Warning: All Verbs in potential-form are group 2 verbs when conjugating further.