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NCERT - 6.5.14

EE224BTECH11044 - Muthyala koushik

I. APPLICATION OF DERIVATIVES

Question: Find two positive numbers x and y such that x + y = 60 and xy^3 is maximized.

Solution:

Let $z = xy^3$. From the equation x + y = 60, we can express x as:

$$x = 60 - y. \tag{1}$$

Substitute this into *z*:

$$z = xy^3 = (60 - y) \cdot y^3, \tag{2}$$

$$z = 60y^3 - y^4. (3)$$

To maximize z, we take its derivative with respect to y and set it equal to zero:

$$\frac{dz}{dy} = \frac{d}{dy}(60y^3 - y^4),\tag{4}$$

$$\frac{dz}{dy} = 180y^2 - 4y^3, (5)$$

$$\frac{dz}{dy} = y^2 (180 - 4y). ag{6}$$

Setting $\frac{dz}{dy} = 0$:

$$y^2(180 - 4y) = 0. (7)$$

This gives two possibilities:

- $y^2 = 0 \implies y = 0$ (not valid as y > 0), and
- $180 4y = 0 \implies y = 45$.

Substituting y = 45 into x + y = 60:

$$x = 60 - 45 \implies x = 15. \tag{8}$$

To confirm this is a maximum, calculate the second derivative of z:

$$\frac{d^2z}{dy^2} = \frac{d}{dy}(180y^2 - 4y^3),\tag{9}$$

$$\frac{d^2z}{dy^2} = 360y - 12y^2. ag{10}$$

At y = 45:

$$\frac{d^2z}{dy^2} = 360(45) - 12(45^2),\tag{11}$$

$$\frac{d^2z}{dy^2} = 16200 - 24300,$$

$$\frac{d^2z}{dy^2} = -8100.$$
(12)

$$\frac{d^2z}{dy^2} = -8100. (13)$$

Since $\frac{d^2z}{dy^2} < 0$, the value of z is maximized at y = 45.

Final Answer: The two numbers are x = 15 and y = 45.

Solution by the method of Gradient Descent: Using the the method of gradient accent;

$$y_{n+1} = y_n + h * F'(y_n)$$
 (14)

from the equation above:

$$y_{n+1} = y_n + h * (y_n^2 (180 - 4y_n))$$
(15)

Choosing $y_0 = 20$, $\alpha = 0.0001$, we get thave value of y as,

$$y = 45 \tag{16}$$

