Title: AIRLINE TRAFFIC MANAGEMENT SYSTEM

1. Problem Statement

The problem is well defined: managing flights, bookings, and passengers through a user-friendly interface, with a backend MySQL database to store and manage data. The system ensures seat availability and proper updates to the database when bookings are made or canceled.

2. Dataset Description

This project uses a relational database (e.g., MySQL, SQLite) to store flight and booking details. The table structure for storing this information includes the following fields:

1.ADD FLIGHTS:

Column Name	Data Type	Description
flight_number	VARCHAR(10)	Unique identifier for each flight.
origin	VARCHAR(50)	Starting location of the flight.
destination	VARCHAR(50)	Destination location of the flight.
available_seat s	INT	Number of seats available for booking on the flight

2.BOOKINGS TABLE:

Column Name	Data Type	Description
booking_id	INT (AUTO_INCREME NT)	A unique identifier for each booking.
origin	VARCHAR(50)	The name of the passenger making the booking
destination	VARCHAR(10)	The flight number associated with the booking.

Each field represents a specific attribute of a flight or booking, enabling efficient and organized data storage for retrieval, management, and updates in the Airline Traffic Management System.

3. Language and Concepts Used

Programming Language: Java

Database: SQL (structured as a relational database)

Key Concepts:

- **Classes and Objects:** For managing flights and bookings.
- **Encapsulation:** Protecting database credentials and methods.
- **Abstraction:** Hiding complex database operations behind simple methods.
- **Database Connectivity:** Using JDBC to interact with the MySQL database.
- **Exception Handling:** Managing errors like invalid input or database issues.
- **User Input Validation:** Ensuring valid and consistent input from users.

4. Code

```
import java.sql.*;
import java.util.Scanner;
public class AirlineTrafficManagementSystem {
  // Database credentials and URL
  private static final String URL = "jdbc:mysql://localhost:3306/AirlineDB5";
  private static final String USER = "root";
                                           // Replace with your MySQL username
  private static final String PASSWORD = "kovarthini@2005"; // Replace with your MySQL
password
  // Establish database connection
  private Connection connect() throws SQLException {
    return DriverManager.getConnection(URL, USER, PASSWORD);
 // Add a new flight
  public void addFlight(String flightNumber, String origin, String destination, int availableSeats)
    String query = "INSERT INTO flights4 (flight_number, origin, destination, available_seats)
VALUES (?, ?, ?, ?)";
    try (Connection conn = connect(); PreparedStatement stmt =
conn.prepareStatement(query)) {
```

```
stmt.setString(1, flightNumber);
      stmt.setString(2, origin);
      stmt.setString(3, destination);
      stmt.setInt(4, availableSeats);
      stmt.executeUpdate();
      System.out.println("Flight added successfully.");
    } catch (SQLException e) {
     System.err.println("Error adding flight: " + e.getMessage());
   }
  }
  // View all flights
  public void viewFlights() {
    String query = "SELECT * FROM flights4";
    try (Connection conn = connect(); PreparedStatement stmt =
conn.prepareStatement(query)) {
      ResultSet rs = stmt.executeQuery();
      while (rs.next()) {
        System.out.println("Flight Number: " + rs.getString("flight_number"));
        System.out.println("Origin: " + rs.getString("origin"));
        System.out.println("Destination: " + rs.getString("destination"));
        System.out.println("Available Seats: " + rs.getInt("available_seats"));
        System.out.println("-----");
   } catch (SQLException e) {
      System.err.println("Error viewing flights: " + e.getMessage());
   }
  }
  // Book a ticket for a passenger
  public void bookTicket(String passengerName, String flightNumber) {
    String selectQuery = "SELECT available seats FROM flights4 WHERE flight number = ?";
    String updateOuery = "UPDATE flights4 SET available seats = available seats - 1 WHERE
flight_number = ?";
    String insertQuery = "INSERT INTO bookings4 (passenger_name, flight_number) VALUES (?,
?)";
    try (Connection conn = connect();
      PreparedStatement selectStmt = conn.prepareStatement(selectQuery);
      PreparedStatement updateStmt = conn.prepareStatement(updateQuery);
      PreparedStatement insertStmt = conn.prepareStatement(insertQuery)) {
      // Check available seats
      selectStmt.setString(1, flightNumber);
      ResultSet rs = selectStmt.executeQuery();
      if (rs.next()) {
        int availableSeats = rs.getInt("available_seats");
        if (availableSeats > 0) {
          // Update seat count
          updateStmt.setString(1, flightNumber);
          updateStmt.executeUpdate();
          // Insert booking
          insertStmt.setString(1, passengerName);
```

```
insertStmt.setString(2, flightNumber);
          insertStmt.executeUpdate();
          System.out.println("Booking successful!");
        } else {
          System.out.println("No available seats on this flight.");
      } else {
        System.out.println("Flight not found.");
   } catch (SQLException e) {
      System.err.println("Error booking ticket: " + e.getMessage());
   }
  }
  // View all bookings
  public void viewBookings() {
    String query = "SELECT * FROM bookings4";
    try (Connection conn = connect(); PreparedStatement stmt =
conn.prepareStatement(query)) {
      ResultSet rs = stmt.executeQuery();
      while (rs.next()) {
        System.out.println("Booking ID: " + rs.getInt("booking_id"));
        System.out.println("Passenger Name: " + rs.getString("passenger_name"));
        System.out.println("Flight Number: " + rs.getString("flight_number"));
        System.out.println("-----");
     }
    } catch (SQLException e) {
      System.err.println("Error viewing bookings: " + e.getMessage());
   }
  }
  // Main method
  public static void main(String[] args) {
    AirlineTrafficManagementSystem system = new AirlineTrafficManagementSystem();
    Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
    while (true) {
      System.out.println("\n--- Airline Traffic Management System ---");
      System.out.println("1. Add Flight");
      System.out.println("2. View Flights");
      System.out.println("3. Book Ticket");
      System.out.println("4. View Bookings");
      System.out.println("5. Exit");
      System.out.print("Enter your choice: ");
      int choice;
      while (true) {
        if (scanner.hasNextInt()) {
          choice = scanner.nextInt();
          scanner.nextLine(); // Consume newline
          break;
        } else {
          System.out.println("Invalid input. Please enter a valid number.");
```

```
scanner.nextLine(); // Clear invalid input
      }
    }
    switch (choice) {
      case 1:
        System.out.print("Enter flight number: ");
        String flightNumber = scanner.nextLine();
        System.out.print("Enter origin: ");
        String origin = scanner.nextLine();
        System.out.print("Enter destination: ");
        String destination = scanner.nextLine();
        System.out.print("Enter available seats: ");
        int seats = scanner.nextInt();
        system.addFlight(flightNumber, origin, destination, seats);
        break:
      case 2:
        system.viewFlights();
        break:
      case 3:
        System.out.print("Enter passenger name: ");
        String passengerName = scanner.nextLine();
        System.out.print("Enter flight number: ");
        String bookFlightNumber = scanner.nextLine();
        system.bookTicket(passengerName, bookFlightNumber);
        break:
      case 4:
        system.viewBookings();
        break;
      case 5:
        System.out.println("Exiting... Goodbye!");
        scanner.close();
        return;
      default:
        System.out.println("Invalid choice. Please try again.");
  }
}
```

5. Result

The **Airline Traffic Management System** successfully performs the following:

• **Add Flight**: Allows users to add new flight details to the database, including flight number, origin, destination, and available seats.

- **View Flights**: Displays a list of all available flights with flight numbers, origin, destination, and available seats.
- **Book Ticket**: Enables passengers to book tickets on flights, updates the available seats, and records the booking in the system.
- **View Bookings**: Displays all bookings made, including booking IDs, passenger names, and the respective flight numbers.

Example Output:

Airline Traffic Management Menu:

- 1. Add Flight
- 2. View Flights
- 3. Book Ticket
- 4. View Bookings
- 5. Exit Choose an option:

6. Conclusion

This project showcases how to create a simple yet effective airline traffic management system using Java and MySQL. By incorporating key programming concepts such as object-oriented design, JDBC for database communication, and input validation, the system successfully manages flights and bookings. It also serves as a foundation for further development into a more sophisticated airline management system, adding features such as cancellation, scheduling, and improved error handling.