Ultrasonics Spectrometer Code Manual

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LabView Basics

1.1 Introduction

LabVIEW (short for **Lab**oratory **V**irtual **I**nstrumentation **E**ngineering **W**orkbench) is a development environment for visual programming, developed by National Instruments (www.ni.com). The code files (or program files) are identified by the .vi extension called **Virtual Instruments** or **VIs** for short. This graphical language is most commonly used for data acquisition, instrument control, signal processing (analysis), industrial automation, and more.

The next section will cover some basics of LabVIEW design and operation. For additional resources, the current (2013) LabVIEW Getting Started Manual is located here.

1.1.1 Additional Resources

[1]

Theory of Operation

Define the background concepts of how/what this program is accomplishing. Make refs to papers but don't do the math here (don't have time for that). Just outline the basics of what we want to do, what goes into the system, what the system does (ref manuals and such for theory & papers), and what the system outputs.

Code Structure

Theory of code operation goes here. ie case structure, state machine,

3.1 Main VI

Define the outline of the Main VI (the main program) and hit on each part of it. Don't spend time explaining the subvi's here since i'm doing that in the **Custom VI's** section. Make sure to to be thorough on all the code that is not included in the subvi section.

The main program **ASUDS_v13.vi** is contained within a Project file called (file name here). When the program is ran it will first load the auto generated system settings files (via the LC931C_Read.vi [??] or DPR300_Read.vi) [3.2]) from the last time the program ran. A set of default system settings files are included for first time use. Next the Oscilloscope and the JSR are both initialized via LC931C_Int.vi and DPR300_Int.vi [3.1, 3.2] with the loaded settings as-well-as set the front panel controls to the loaded settings. At the same time any leftover front panel controls are set to their default values and all block diagram cases are set to there initial positions.

Once the settings clusters have been set properly and

3.2 Custom VI's

List of custom VI's and a short description of what they do. In the next section we will take a deeper look into each of these subvi's.

These files load in most of the front panel controls, some are missing since more code has been added but the vi that saves the system settings has not been updated to include the new additions.

3.2.1 Oscilloscope VIs

Oscilloscope					
VI	File Name	Description			
₹"7 ➡ 🍱 2014	LC9310C_Read.vi	Load Oscilloscope Setting from System Generated File			
₹ [™] 7 🖈 🌇 2014 	LC9310C_Int.vi	Initialize Oscilloscope Settings			
₹ ⁶⁷ 7 2014	LC9310C_settings.vi	Apply Settings to Oscilloscope			
(² 77)	LC9310C_single-wave- output.vi	Acquire Single Wave from Oscilloscope and Average			
⟨ ⁶ 7	LC9310C_norm-pad-hilbert.vi	Oscilloscope Tab Settings			
(%) 2014 Cossion Close Close	LC9310C-Config-Write- Close.vi	Write Oscilloscope settings to System File and close Oscillo- scope resources			

Table 3.1: Oscilloscope Custom VIs

3.2.1.1 LC9310C Read.vi



The LC931C_Read.vi reads the LeCroy 9310C oscillosope settings from file and loads the values into a **LeCroy 9310C Settings** cluster. The settings folder (**System_Settings**) is located in the root directory of the main VI. This VI requires the MGI Library. Figure (3.1) is the block diagram. It is setup as an error case structure. When an error is detected from the *error* (*in*) input then the code in the green box does not execute.

The for loop steps through each list section of the ".ini" file. Each list section corresponds to one of the input cluster constants (LC930x_TimeBase, LC930x_Vertical_Setup, LC930x_Trigger_Edge_Setup, LC930x_Read_Wave). The MGI Read Anything VI needs to know the format of each section. This is accomplished by the cluster constants being converted into variants for the Read Anything variant input. For more on the MGI VI's and how they operate, refer to their help manuals respectably. Once the MGI Read Anything VI has pulled out the relevant data, then the variant to data vi is used to reformat the output back to the cluster constant. The output for each cluster only executes when its section is read (hence the when integer counter =0. =1, =2, =3, then output data).

3.2.1.2 LC9310C_Int.vi

The LC931C_Int.vi initializes the LeCroy 9310C Oscilloscope settings: *trigger setup, vertical setup, and time setup (horizontal)*. This VI requires the LeCroy lc930x1x Library. Figure (3.2) is the block diagram. It is setup as an error case structure. When an error is detected from the *error (in)* input then the code in the green box does not execute, instead the case not shown passes through the LeCroy 9310C Settings unchanged.

The **LCDSO Initialize** VI takes the GPIB location of the oscilloscope and creates a duped VISA session for the instrument. Next the **LCDSO Revision** reads the instruments Driver, Firmware, and Options Installed. All are put into a cluster called **Oscilloscope Info**, but first we write to the VISA session **IND?* an identification command. Next read the response with a count of 100 (the length of our expected response), this will give an identification string that is placed into the **Oscilloscope Info** cluster.

From the **LeCroy 9310C Settings** in cluster we set the **LC930x TimeBase**, **LC930x Vertical Setup**, and **LC930x Trigger** VIs. The cluster is unbundled and each setting is routed to it's respective input. Note the **LeCroy 9310C Settings** cluster is just passed through in this VI and not altered, because it is only pulling out data to setup other VIs.

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3.2.1.3 LC9310C_Settings.vi

The LC931C_Settings.vi applies changes to the *trigger setup*, *vertical setup*, *and time setup* (*horizontal*) oscilloscope VIs. This VI requires the LeCroy lc930x1x Library. Figure (3.2) is the block diagram. On the "error" case the LeCroy 9310C Settings cluster is passed through and so is the error cluster.

Back to Osc. Table 3.1

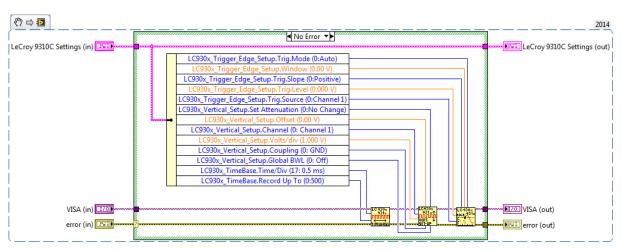


Figure 3.3: LC9310C Settings.vi

3.2.1.4 LC9310C_Single-Wave-Output.vi

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Figure 3.2: LC9310C_Int.vi



The LC931C_Single-Wave-Output.vi acquires the signal from the LeCroy 9310C Oscilloscope and will average the acquired wave according to the desired sample size. This VI requires the LeCroy lc930x1x Library. Figure (3.2) is the block diagram. It is setup as an error case structure. When an error is detected from the *error* (*in*) input then the code in the green box does not execute, instead the case not shown passes through the LeCroy 9310C Settings, VISA (in), and error (in) unchanged. The Wave Output cluster will reset to an empty Waveform cluster during an error.

We first initialize an empty array with the size of our acquired wave from the **LCDSO Simple Read** VI. Take the Source channel setting from the **LeCroy 9310C Settings** cluster and set both **LCDSO Simple Read** VIs. The for loop is setup to first add all the arrays together (Figure 3.4b) and then once the for loop indices indicator and the number of times the loop has ran match, then the added array is divided by total number of samples and placed back into the **Wave Output** cluster. (Figure 3.4a) If no averaging is needed because the sample size is 1, meaning average over one sample (need 2 to average), then the for loop will run once and the **Wave Output** cluster will be passed out. (Figure 3.4c)

____ Back to Osc. Table 3.1

3.2.1.5 LC9310C_Norm-Pad-Hilbert.vi



The LC931C_Read.vi reads the LeCroy 9310C oscillosope settings from file and loads the values into a **LeCroy 9310C Settings** cluster. The settings folder (**System_Settings**) is located in the root directory of the main VI. This VI requires the MGI Library. Figure (??) is the block diagram. It is setup as an error case structure. When an error is detected from the *error* (*in*) input then the code in the green box does not execute.

The for loop steps through each list section of the ".ini" file. Each list section corresponds to one of the input cluster constants (LC930x_TimeBase, LC930x_Vertical_Setup, LC930x_Trigger_Edge_Setup, LC930x_Read_Wave). The MGI Read Anything VI needs to know the format of each section. This is accomplished by the cluster constants being converted into variants for the Read Anything variant input. For more on the MGI VI's and how they operate, refer to their help manuals respectably. Once the MGI Read Anything VI has pulled out the relevant data, then the variant to data vi is used to reformat the

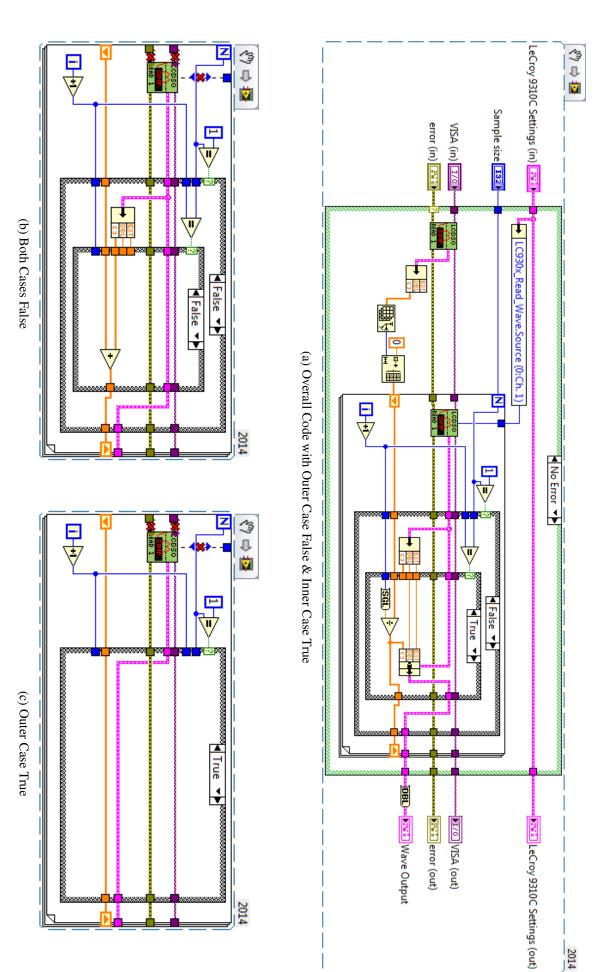


Figure 3.4: LC9310C_single-wave-output.vi

output back to the cluster constant. The output for each cluster only executes when its section is read (hence the when integer counter =0. =1, =2, =3, then output data).

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3.2.1.6 LC931C-Config-Write-Close.vi



The LC931C_Read.vi reads the LeCroy 9310C oscillosope settings from file and loads the values into a **LeCroy 9310C Settings** cluster. The settings folder (**System_Settings**) is located in the root directory of the main VI. This VI requires the MGI Library. Figure (??) is the block diagram. It is setup as an error case structure. When an error is detected from the *error* (*in*) input then the code in the green box does not execute.

The for loop steps through each list section of the ".ini" file. Each list section corresponds to one of the input cluster constants (*LC930x_TimeBase*, *LC930x_Vertical_Setup*, *LC930x_Trigger_Edge_Setup*, *LC930x_Read_Wave*). The **MGI Read Anything** VI needs to know the format of each section. This is accomplished by the cluster constants being converted into variants for the Read Anything variant input. For more on the MGI VI's and how they operate, refer to their help manuals respectably. Once the **MGI Read Anything** VI has pulled out the relevant data, then the **variant to data** vi is used to reformat the output back to the cluster constant. The output for each cluster only executes when its section is read (hence the when integer counter =0. =1, =2, =3, then output data).

Back to Osc. Table 3.1

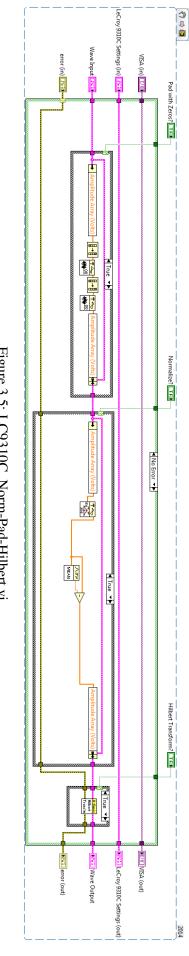


Figure 3.5: LC9310C_Norm-Pad-Hilbert.vi

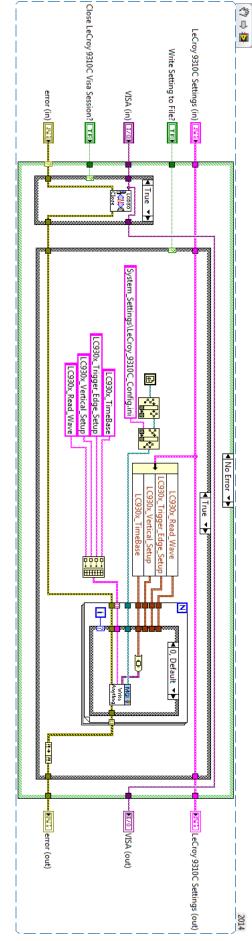


Figure 3.6: LC9310C-Config-Write-Close.vi

3.2.2 JSR Pulser/Receiver VIs

	JSR Pulser/Receiver					
VI	File Name	Description				
(⁶ 7) ⇒ [2014 OPR300 BEAD BEAD	DPR300_Read.vi	Load Pulser/Receiver Setting from System Generated File				
₹ ⁰ 7 ⇒ 🔄 2014	DPR300_Int.vi	Initialize Pulser/Receiver Settings				
₹ ¹⁷ 7 ⇒ 12 2014	DPR300_settings.vi	Apply Settings to Pulser/Receiver				
Øn ⇒ 2014 DPR300 Close Write	DPR300-Config-Write-Close.vi	Write Pulser/Receiver settings to System File and close Pulser/Receiver resources				

Table 3.2: JSR Pulser/Receiver Custom VI's

3.2.2.1 DPR300_Read.vi



The LC931C_Read.vi reads the LeCroy 9310C oscillosope settings from file and loads the values into a **LeCroy 9310C Settings** cluster. The settings folder (**System_Settings**) is located in the root directory of the main VI. This VI requires the MGI Library. Figure (3.1) is the block diagram. It is setup as an error case structure. When an error is detected from the *error* (*in*) input then the code in the green box does not execute.

The for loop steps through each list section of the ".ini" file. Each list section corresponds to one of the input cluster constants (LC930x_TimeBase, LC930x_Vertical_Setup, LC930x_Trigger_Edge_Setup, LC930x_Read_Wave). The MGI Read Anything VI needs to know the format of each section. This is accomplished by the cluster constants being converted into variants for the Read Anything variant input. For more on the MGI VI's and how they operate, refer to their help manuals respectably. Once the MGI Read Anything VI has pulled out the relevant data, then the variant to data vi is used to reformat the output back to the cluster constant. The output for each cluster only executes when its section is read (hence the when integer counter =0. =1, =2, =3, then output data).

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3.2.2.2 DPR300_Int.vi



The for loop steps through each list section of the ".ini" file. Each list section corresponds to one of the input cluster constants (*LC930x_TimeBase*, *LC930x_Vertical_Setup*, *LC930x_Trigger_Edge_Setup*, *LC930x_Read_Wave*). The **MGI Read Anything** VI needs to know the format of each section. This is accomplished by the cluster constants being converted into variants for the Read Anything variant input. For more on the MGI VI's and how they operate, refer to their help manuals respectably. Once the **MGI Read Anything** VI has pulled out the relevant data, then the **variant to data** vi is used to reformat the output back to the cluster constant. The output for each cluster only executes when its section is read (hence the when integer counter =0. =1, =2, =3, then output data).

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3.2.2.3 DPR300_Settings.vi



The LC931C_Read.vi reads the LeCroy 9310C oscillosope settings from file and loads the values into a **LeCroy 9310C Settings** cluster. The settings folder (**System_Settings**) is located in the root directory of the main VI. This VI requires the MGI Library. Figure (3.1) is the block diagram. It is setup as an error case structure. When an error is detected from the *error* (*in*) input then the code in the green box does not execute.

The for loop steps through each list section of the ".ini" file. Each list section corresponds to one of the input cluster constants (LC930x_TimeBase, LC930x_Vertical_Setup, LC930x_Trigger_Edge_Setup, LC930x_Read_Wave). The MGI Read Anything VI needs to know the format of each section. This is accomplished by the cluster constants being converted into variants for the Read Anything variant input. For more on the MGI VI's and how they operate, refer to their help manuals respectably. Once the MGI Read Anything VI has pulled out the relevant data, then the variant to data vi is used to reformat the output back to the cluster constant. The output for each cluster only executes when its section is read (hence the when integer counter =0. =1, =2, =3, then output data).

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3.2.2.4 DPR300-Config-Write-Close.vi



The for loop steps through each list section of the ".ini" file. Each list section corresponds to one of the input cluster constants (LC930x_TimeBase, LC930x_Vertical_Setup, LC930x_Trigger_Edge_Setup, LC930x_Read_Wave). The MGI Read Anything VI needs to know the format of each section. This is accomplished by the cluster constants being converted into variants for the Read Anything variant input. For more on the MGI VI's and how they operate, refer to their help manuals respectably. Once the MGI Read Anything VI has pulled out the relevant data, then the variant to data vi is used to reformat the output back to the cluster constant. The output for each cluster only executes when its section is read (hence the when integer counter =0. =1, =2, =3, then output data).

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3.2.3 Ultrasonic Package VIs

Ultrasonic Package					
VI	File Name	Description			
€ th 7 D-Sanic A Scan Config	USonic-A-Scan-Config-edit.vi	Configure/Set Gates for Data Acquisition			
€ [®] 7 ➡ 1 2014 U-Sanic A Scan Config	USonic-Gates-edit.vi	Pull Out Relevant Data from Gates for Data Acquisition			
(th 7 □ 2014 □ 5 cm ic f(H)	USonic-FFT.vi	Process Gate For Quick Analysis			

Table 3.3: Ultrasonic A-Scan Customized Package VI's

3.2.3.1 USonic-A-Scan-Config-edit.vi



The LC931C_Read.vi reads the LeCroy 9310C oscillosope settings from file and loads the values into a **LeCroy 9310C Settings** cluster. The settings folder (**System_Settings**) is located in the root directory of the main VI. This VI requires the MGI Library. Figure (3.1) is the block diagram. It is setup as an error case structure. When an error is detected from the *error* (*in*) input then the code in the green box does not execute.

The for loop steps through each list section of the ".ini" file. Each list section corresponds to one of the input cluster constants (LC930x_TimeBase, LC930x_Vertical_Setup, LC930x_Trigger_Edge_Setup, LC930x_Read_Wave). The MGI Read Anything VI needs to know the format of each section. This is accomplished by the cluster constants being converted into variants for the Read Anything variant input. For more on the MGI VI's and how they operate, refer to their help manuals respectably. Once the MGI Read Anything VI has pulled out the relevant data, then the variant to data vi is used to reformat the output back to the cluster constant. The output for each cluster only executes when its section is read (hence the when integer counter =0. =1, =2, =3, then output data).

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3.2.3.2 USonic-Gates-edit.vi



The for loop steps through each list section of the ".ini" file. Each list section corresponds to one of the input cluster constants (LC930x_TimeBase, LC930x_Vertical_Setup, LC930x_Trigger_Edge_Setup, LC930x_Read_Wave). The MGI Read Anything VI needs to know the format of each section. This is accomplished by the cluster constants being converted into variants for the Read Anything variant input. For more on the MGI VI's and how they operate, refer to their help manuals respectably. Once the MGI Read Anything VI has pulled out the relevant data, then the variant to data vi is used to reformat the output back to the cluster constant. The output for each cluster only executes when its section is read (hence the when integer counter =0. =1, =2, =3, then output data).

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3.2.3.3 USonic-FFT.vi



The LC931C_Read.vi reads the LeCroy 9310C oscillosope settings from file and loads the values into a **LeCroy 9310C Settings** cluster. The settings folder (**System_Settings**) is located in the root directory of the main VI. This VI requires the MGI Library. Figure (3.1) is the block diagram. It is setup as an error case structure. When an error is detected from the *error* (*in*) input then the code in the green box does not execute.

The for loop steps through each list section of the ".ini" file. Each list section corresponds to one of the input cluster constants ($LC930x_TimeBase$, $LC930x_Vertical_Setup$, $LC930x_Trigger_Edge_Setup$, $LC930x_Read_Wave$). The MGI Read Anything VI needs to know the format of each section. This is accomplished by the cluster constants being converted into variants for the Read Anything variant input. For more on the MGI VI's and how they operate, refer to their help manuals respectably. Once the MGI Read Anything VI has pulled out the relevant data, then the variant to data vi is used to reformat the output back to the cluster constant. The output for each cluster only executes when its section is read (hence the when integer counter =0. =1, =2, =3, then output data).

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3.2.4 Math VIs

	Math					
VI	File Name	Description				
₹ ⁷ 7 🖈 🖾 2014	Waveform-to-XY-Array.vi	Convert Waveform to XY-Array				
₹ ¹ 7 → 12 2014	Filter_signal.vi	Filter Wave Signal for Oscilloscope Tab (does not affect Data Acquisition)				
ξ ⁽¹⁾ γ ⇒ № 2014 Ενιστορία Ν	Average-Dynamic-Array.vi	Take the Average of N elements in a Dynamic Array				
₹ ⁶ 7 ⇒ 1 2014	FWHM-Poly.vi	Compute the Full Width Half Max (FWHM) of either a Wave- form, XY-Graph, or Waveform cluster				

Table 3.4: Custom Math VI's

3.2.4.1 Waveform-to-XY-Array.vi



The LC931C_Read.vi reads the LeCroy 9310C oscillosope settings from file and loads the values into a **LeCroy 9310C Settings** cluster. The settings folder (**System_Settings**) is located in the root directory of the main VI. This VI requires the MGI Library. Figure (3.1) is the block diagram. It is setup as an error case structure. When an error is detected from the *error* (*in*) input then the code in the green box does not execute.

The for loop steps through each list section of the ".ini" file. Each list section corresponds to one of the input cluster constants (LC930x_TimeBase, LC930x_Vertical_Setup, LC930x_Trigger_Edge_Setup, LC930x_Read_Wave). The MGI Read Anything VI needs to know the format of each section. This is accomplished by the cluster constants being converted into variants for the Read Anything variant input. For more on the MGI VI's and how they operate, refer to their help manuals respectably. Once the MGI Read Anything VI has pulled out the relevant data, then the variant to data vi is used to reformat the output back to the cluster constant. The output for each cluster only executes when its section is read (hence the when integer counter =0. =1, =2, =3, then output data).

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3.2.4.2 Filter_signal.vi



The for loop steps through each list section of the ".ini" file. Each list section corresponds to one of the input cluster constants (LC930x_TimeBase, LC930x_Vertical_Setup, LC930x_Trigger_Edge_Setup, LC930x_Read_Wave). The MGI Read Anything VI needs to know the format of each section. This is accomplished by the cluster constants being converted into variants for the Read Anything variant input. For more on the MGI VI's and how they operate, refer to their help manuals respectably. Once the MGI Read Anything VI has pulled out the relevant data, then the variant to data vi is used to reformat the output back to the cluster constant. The output for each cluster only executes when its section is read (hence the when integer counter =0. =1, =2, =3, then output data).

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3.2.4.3 Average-Dynamic-Array.vi



The LC931C_Read.vi reads the LeCroy 9310C oscillosope settings from file and loads the values into a **LeCroy 9310C Settings** cluster. The settings folder (**System_Settings**) is located in the root directory of the main VI. This VI requires the MGI Library. Figure (3.1) is the block diagram. It is setup as an error case structure. When an error is detected from the *error* (*in*) input then the code in the green box does not execute.

The for loop steps through each list section of the ".ini" file. Each list section corresponds to one of the input cluster constants (*LC930x_TimeBase*, *LC930x_Vertical_Setup*, *LC930x_Trigger_Edge_Setup*, *LC930x_Read_Wave*). The **MGI Read Anything** VI needs to know the format of each section. This is accomplished by the cluster constants being converted into variants for the Read Anything variant input. For more on the MGI VI's and how they operate, refer to their help manuals respectably. Once the **MGI Read Anything** VI has pulled out the relevant data, then the **variant to data** vi is used to reformat the output back to the cluster constant. The output for each cluster only executes when its section is read (hence the when integer counter =0. =1, =2, =3, then output data).

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3.2.4.4 FWHM-Poly.vi

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The for loop steps through each list section of the ".ini" file. Each list section corresponds to one of the input cluster constants (LC930x_TimeBase, LC930x_Vertical_Setup, LC930x_Trigger_Edge_Setup, LC930x_Read_Wave). The MGI Read Anything VI needs to know the format of each section. This is accomplished by the cluster constants being converted into variants for the Read Anything variant input. For more on the MGI VI's and how they operate, refer to their help manuals respectably. Once the MGI Read Anything VI has pulled out the relevant data, then the variant to data vi is used to reformat the output back to the cluster constant. The output for each cluster only executes when its section is read (hence the when integer counter =0. =1, =2, =3, then output data).

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3.2.5 Miscellaneous VIs

	Miscellaneous					
VI	File Name	Description				
₹ th 7 ⇒ 🔄 2014	Save-User-Config-File.vi	Save all front panel controls to a user.ini settings file				
₹ th / Doad Load Config File	Load-User-Config-File.vi	Load the user.ini settings file				
₹ ¹⁷ 7 ⇒ 12 2014	Time-Data.vi	Load and Save Data Timing table				
€ th 7	Instrument-error-handler.vi	Pop-up error message for loss of Instrument signal				

Table 3.5: Miscellaneous Custom VI's

3.2.5.1 Save-User-Config-File.vi



The LC931C_Read.vi reads the LeCroy 9310C oscillosope settings from file and loads the values into a **LeCroy 9310C Settings** cluster. The settings folder (**System_Settings**) is located in the root directory of the main VI. This VI requires the MGI Library. Figure (3.1) is the block diagram. It is setup as an error case structure. When an error is detected from the *error* (*in*) input then the code in the green box does not execute.

The for loop steps through each list section of the ".ini" file. Each list section corresponds to one of the input cluster constants (LC930x_TimeBase, LC930x_Vertical_Setup, LC930x_Trigger_Edge_Setup, LC930x_Read_Wave). The MGI Read Anything VI needs to know the format of each section. This is accomplished by the cluster constants being converted into variants for the Read Anything variant input. For more on the MGI VI's and how they operate, refer to their help manuals respectably. Once the MGI Read Anything VI has pulled out the relevant data, then the variant to data vi is used to reformat the output back to the cluster constant. The output for each cluster only executes when its section is read (hence the when integer counter =0. =1, =2, =3, then output data).

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3.2.5.2 Load-User-Config-File.vi



The for loop steps through each list section of the ".ini" file. Each list section corresponds to one of the input cluster constants (*LC930x_TimeBase*, *LC930x_Vertical_Setup*, *LC930x_Trigger_Edge_Setup*, *LC930x_Read_Wave*). The **MGI Read Anything** VI needs to know the format of each section. This is accomplished by the cluster constants being converted into variants for the Read Anything variant input. For more on the MGI VI's and how they operate, refer to their help manuals respectably. Once the **MGI Read Anything** VI has pulled out the relevant data, then the **variant to data** vi is used to reformat the output back to the cluster constant. The output for each cluster only executes when its section is read (hence the when integer counter =0. =1, =2, =3, then output data).

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3.2.5.3 Time-Data.vi



The LC931C_Read.vi reads the LeCroy 9310C oscillosope settings from file and loads the values into a **LeCroy 9310C Settings** cluster. The settings folder (**System_Settings**) is located in the root directory of the main VI. This VI requires the MGI Library. Figure (3.1) is the block diagram. It is setup as an error case structure. When an error is detected from the *error* (*in*) input then the code in the green box does not execute.

The for loop steps through each list section of the ".ini" file. Each list section corresponds to one of the input cluster constants (LC930x_TimeBase, LC930x_Vertical_Setup, LC930x_Trigger_Edge_Setup, LC930x_Read_Wave). The MGI Read Anything VI needs to know the format of each section. This is accomplished by the cluster constants being converted into variants for the Read Anything variant input. For more on the MGI VI's and how they operate, refer to their help manuals respectably. Once the MGI Read Anything VI has pulled out the relevant data, then the variant to data vi is used to reformat the output back to the cluster constant. The output for each cluster only executes when its section is read (hence the when integer counter =0. =1, =2, =3, then output data).

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3.2.5.4 Instrument-Error-Handler.vi



The for loop steps through each list section of the ".ini" file. Each list section corresponds to one of the input cluster constants (LC930x_TimeBase, LC930x_Vertical_Setup, LC930x_Trigger_Edge_Setup, LC930x_Read_Wave). The MGI Read Anything VI needs to know the format of each section. This is accomplished by the cluster constants being converted into variants for the Read Anything variant input. For more on the MGI VI's and how they operate, refer to their help manuals respectably. Once the MGI Read Anything VI has pulled out the relevant data, then the variant to data vi is used to reformat the output back to the cluster constant. The output for each cluster only executes when its section is read (hence the when integer counter =0. =1, =2, =3, then output data).

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- 4.1 File Management
- 4.2 Data Acquisition

Bibliography

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