

EXPT NO: 7

A python program to implement Decision tree

DATE: 04.10.2024

AIM:

To write a python program to implement a Decision tree.

PROCEDURE:

Implementing the decision tree using the Iris dataset involve the following steps:

Step 1: Import Necessary Libraries

First, import the libraries that are essential for data manipulation, visualization, and model building.

```
import numpy as np

import pandas as pd

from sklearn import datasets

from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split

from sklearn.tree import DecisionTreeClassifier

from sklearn import metrics

import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

from sklearn.tree import plot_tree
```

Step 2: Load the Iris Dataset

The Iris dataset can be loaded and display the first few rows of the dataset .

```
# Load the Iris dataset

iris = datasets.load_iris()

X = iris.data # Features
```

```
y = iris.target # Target variable
```

Step 3 : Split the data set into training and testing sets

```
# Split the dataset into training and testing sets
```

```
X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y, test_size=0.2,  
random_state=42)
```

Step 4 : Create a decision tree classifier

```
# Create a Decision Tree classifier
```

```
clf = DecisionTreeClassifier(random_state=42)
```

Step 5 : Train the model :

```
# Train the model
```

```
clf.fit(X_train, y_train)
```

OUTPUT :



```
DecisionTreeClassifier  
DecisionTreeClassifier(random_state=42)
```

Step 6 : Make the predictions and evaluate the model

```
# Make predictions
```

```
y_pred = clf.predict(X_test)
```

```
# Evaluate the model
```

```
accuracy = metrics.accuracy_score(y_test, y_pred)
```

```
confusion = metrics.confusion_matrix(y_test, y_pred)
```

```
classification_report = metrics.classification_report(y_test, y_pred)
```

```
print(f"Accuracy: {accuracy:.2f}")
```

```
print("Confusion Matrix:")
```

```
print(confusion)

print("Classification Report:")

print(classification_report)
```

OUTPUT :

```

⇒ Accuracy: 1.00
Confusion Matrix:
[[10  0  0]
 [ 0  9  0]
 [ 0  0 11]]
Classification Report:

```

		precision	recall	f1-score	support
	0	1.00	1.00	1.00	10
	1	1.00	1.00	1.00	9
	2	1.00	1.00	1.00	11
	accuracy			1.00	30
	macro avg	1.00	1.00	1.00	30
	weighted avg	1.00	1.00	1.00	30

Step 7 : Visualize the decision tree

```
# Visualize the Decision Tree

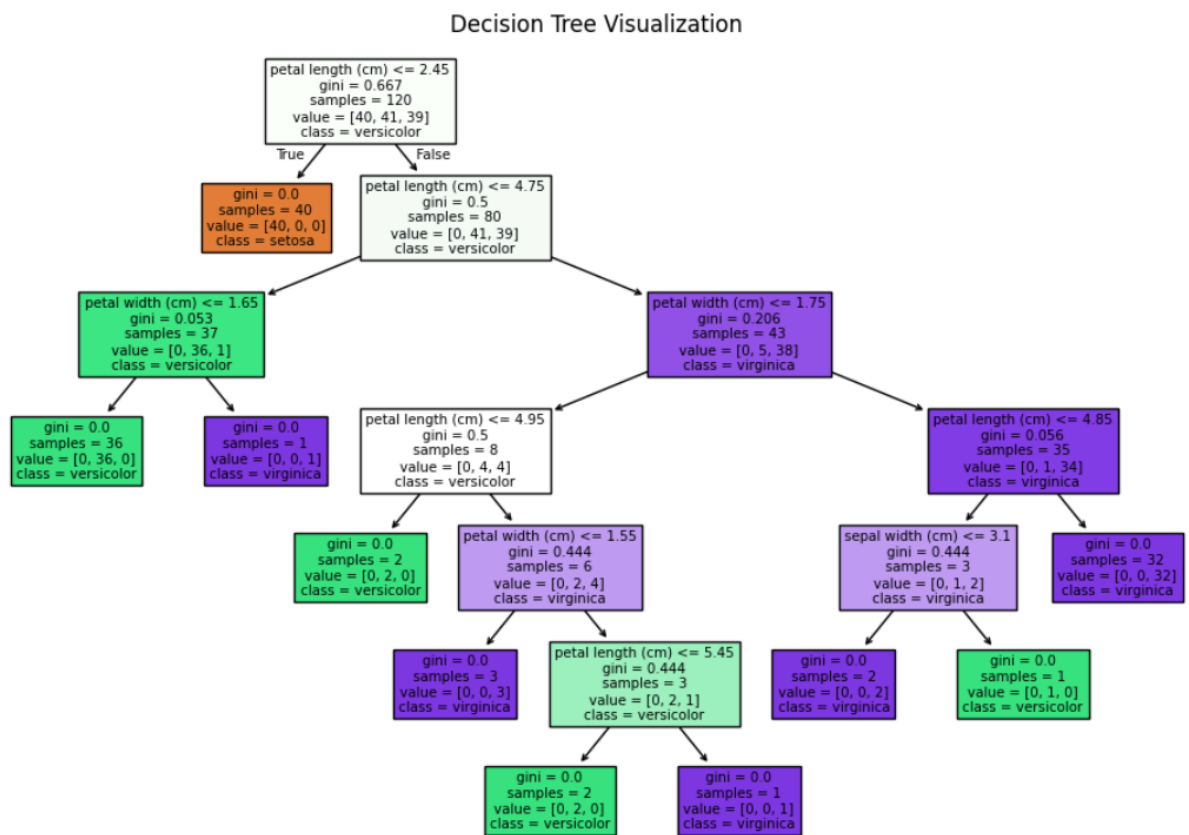
plt.figure(figsize=(12,8))

plot_tree(clf, filled=True, feature_names=iris.feature_names,
class_names=iris.target_names)

plt.title("Decision Tree Visualization")

plt.show()
```

OUTPUT :



RESULT :

This process helps us to implement the decision tree using a python program.