EXPT NO: 6 A python program to do face recognition using

DATE: 27.09.2024 SVM Classifier

AIM:

To write a python program to implement face recognition using the SVM Classifier

PROCEDURE:

Implementing face recognition using the SVM Classifier using the cat and dog dataset involve the following steps:

Step 1: Import Necessary Libraries

First, import the libraries that are essential for data manipulation, visualization, and model building.

```
import pandas as pd
import imageio
import os
from skimage.transform import resize
from skimage.io import imread
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from sklearn import svm
from sklearn.model_selection import GridSearchCV
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score
from sklearn.metrics import classification_report
```

Step 2: Load theDog and cat Dataset

The dog and cat dataset can be loaded.

```
Categories=['cats','dogs']
```

```
flat data arr=[] #input array
target arr=[] #output array
datadir='/content/images'
#path which contains all the categories of images
for i in Categories:
 print(f'loading... category : {i}')
 path=os.path.join(datadir,i)
 for img in os.listdir(path):
   img array=imread(os.path.join(path,img))
   img_resized=resize(img_array,(150,150,3))
   flat data arr.append(img resized.flatten())
    target_arr.append(Categories.index(i))
 print(f'loaded category:{i} successfully')
flat data=np.array(flat data arr)
target=np.array(target arr)
#dataframe
df=pd.DataFrame(flat data)
df['Target']=target
df.shape
```

OUTPUT:



→ (80, 67501)

Step 3: Separate input features and targets.

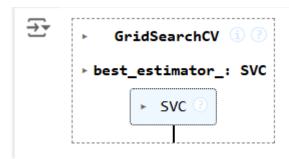
```
#input data
x=df.iloc[:,:-1]
#output data
y=df.iloc[:,-1]
                                  33
                                                                 231501080
```

Step 4: Separate the input features and target

```
# Splitting the data into training and testing sets
x_train,x_test,y_train,y_test=train_test_split(x,y,test_size=0.20,
random_state=77, stratify=y)
```

Step 5: Build and train the model

OUTPUT:



Step 6 : Model evaluation

```
# Testing the model using the testing data
y_pred = model.predict(x_test)

# Calculating the accuracy of the model
accuracy = accuracy_score(y_pred, y_test)

# Print the accuracy of the model
print(f"The model is {accuracy*100}% accurate")

print(classification_report(y_test, y_pred, target_names=['cat', 'dog']))
```

OUTPUT:

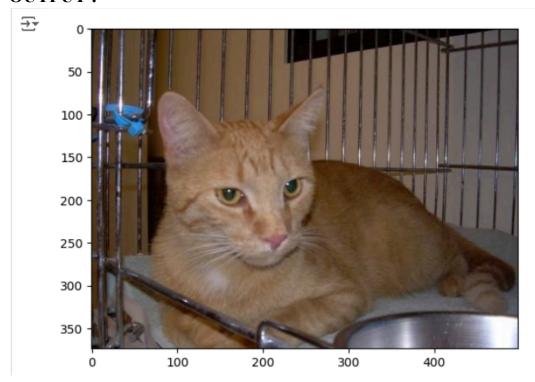
→ The model is 62.5% accurate

precision	recall	f1-score	support
0.58	0.88	0.70	8
0.75	0.38	0.50	8
		0.63	16
		0.62	16
0.67	0.62	0.60	16
0.67	0.62	0.60	16
	0.58 0.75 0.67	0.58	0.58

Step 7: Prediction

```
path='/content/cat.83.jpg'
img=imread(path)
plt.imshow(img)
plt.show()
img_resize=resize(img,(150,150,3))
l=[img_resize.flatten()]
probability=model.predict_proba(l)
for ind,val in enumerate(Categories):
    print(f'{val} = {probability[0][ind]*100}%')
print("The predicted image is : "+Categories[model.predict(l)[0]])
```

OUTPUT:



cats = 52.70216647851706%
dogs = 47.29783352148294%
The predicted image is : cat

RESULT:

Thus the process helps us to implement the face recognition using SVM Classifier using python program.