Grammar

Countable and uncountable nouns

Countable nouns

Countable nouns have a singular and a plural form and take a singular or plural verb.

Countable nouns	Example	
shop / shop s	There are over 100 shops in the new shopping centre.	
baby / bab ies	They've got some great toys for babies in there.	
dish / dish es	We need to get some new dishes for this evening.	

Helpful hints

We use these words with countable nouns:

- a, an many
- a few one, two, etc



A few countable nouns have irregular plurals. They include:

- one child, two children
- one foot, two feet
- one man, two men

- one person, two people
- one tooth, two teeth
- one woman, two women

Uncountable nouns

We cannot count some nouns (uncountable nouns). They do not have a plural form and take a singular verb, even if they end in -s.

Some uncountable nouns	Example
advice, bread, fruit, furniture,	My money is in my wallet.
hair, homework, information,	Your hair is really long!
money, news, paper, rice, work	The news was a complete shock.

Helpful hints

We use these words with uncountable nouns:

- a little much
- a bit of a piece of

We use these words with both countable and uncountable nouns:

a lot of • some • lots of • the

We can use *any* in questions and negative statements with both uncountable nouns and plural countable nouns:

- Have we got any homework today?
- There aren't any eggs left.



- There are a few uncountable nouns that are plural and are followed by a plural verb.
 Be careful with the following words.
 - clothes
 - ✓ Your clean clothes are on the bed.
 - jeans
 - ✓ Your new jeans look great!
- Some nouns are uncountable with one meaning and countable with another meaning.
 - ✓ Get me some paper when you go to the shops. (= a packet of paper to write on)
 - ✓ Get me a paper when you go to the shops. (= a newspaper)

Unit Grammar Articles

a (indefinite article)

Use Example

singular countable nouns (not specific) I need to get a new coat.

an (indefinite article)

Use Example

instead of a when the next word begins I don't have enough money for **an** expensive dress. with a vowel sound

Whether we use a or an with a word depends on the sound, not the spelling. Be careful with the following words and phrases.

an honest person
 an hour
 a euro
 a uniform

the (definite article)

Use	Example
singular countable nouns (specific)	Let's go to the new shopping centre.
plural countable nouns (specific)	Where are the books I ordered?
uncountable nouns (specific)	I gave the shop assistant the money and then left.

No article (zero article)

Use	Example
plural countable nouns (general)	Prices have gone up a lot recently.
uncountable nouns (general)	Fresh fruit is really good for you.

Special rules

E	Use	Example
101	places	the: seas (the Atlantic), rivers (the Amazon), areas (the Antarctic), some countries (the USA, the UK), public buildings (the theatre), the Earth, the world, the sky, the moon, the sun, the sea, the environment no article: towns and cities (Moscow), most countries (France), continents (Europe), streets (Baker Street), planets (Mars)
	activities	a/an: have a job, work as a the: on the radio, the media, play the piano no article: go to work, on TV, go shopping, play tennis, listen to music, go to work, go to school, be at school, be at university, school subjects (maths)
	time	the: in the morning/afternoon/evening, on the 20 th March, in the 1950s no article: days (Thursday), months (May), years (2009), at night
	people	the: the King, the Prime Minister, the army, the navy, the police, the Germans, the English no article: become king, he's English, speak English

Vocabulary Buying and selling

Topic vocabulary

see page 189 for definitions

advertisement (n)	demand (v)	property (n)
afford (v)	export (v)	purchase (v, n)
bargain (n)	fee (n)	receipt (n)
brand (n)	fortune (n)	require (v)
catalogue (n)	import (v)	sale (n)
change (n)	invest (v)	save (v)
coin (n)	obtain (v)	select (v)
cost (v, n)	owe (v)	supply (v, n)
customer (n)	own (v)	variety (n)
debt (n)	profit (n)	waste (v, n)

Phrasal verbs

add up	find the total of	
come back (from)	return (from)	
give away	give sth free of charge	
hurry up	do sth more quickly	
pay back	return money (to sb)	
save up (for)	save money (for a specific purpose)	
take back	return sth to the place it came from	
take down	remove (from a high place)	

Prepositional phrases

by credit card/cheque	
for rent	
for sale	
in cash	
in debt	
in good/bad condition	

Word formation

add	addition	judge	judgement	
afford	affordable	serve	service, servant	
compare	comparison	true	truth, untrue, truthful	
decide	decision	use	useful, useless	
expense	(in)expensive	value	valuable	

Word patterns

adjectives	wrong about/with		decide on
verbs	belong to		lend sth to
	borrow sth from		pay for
	buy sth from		spend sth on
	choose between	nouns	an advert(isement) for
	compare sth to/with		