JAVASCRIPT III

IT1301 UX Design

Module Leader: Ms Grace Chan

OVERVIEW

- Control Statement (Repeat)
- Using Array
- JavaScript Built-in Objects

CONTROL STATEMENTS (REPEAT)



```
while ( hungry==true) {
  food=food+1;
}
```

hungry !! EAT!

Still hungry ?! EAT!

Still hungry ?! EAT!

CONTROL STATEMENTS (REPEAT)



Counter initialization

Counter update

```
for ( noOfhours=0; noOfhours < 8; noOfhours++) {
   working=true;
}</pre>
```

Condition checking

CONTROL STATEMENTS (REPEAT)

dancers is an array of dancer objects







```
for ( i=0; i < dancers.length; i++) {
   dancers[i].dance();
}</pre>
```

No of dancers

USING ARRAY

Declare an Array

var marks=[];



or

var marks=new Array(); // new Array(4);

Declare and initialize an Array

var marks=[45,60,90,100];
or
var marks=new Array(45,60,90,100);

JAVASCRIPT: ARRAY

Suppose I wanted to model a group of friends:

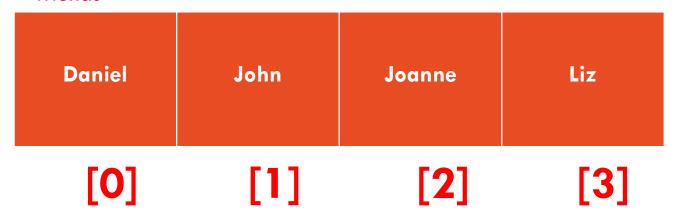
```
var friend1="Daniel";
var friend2="John";
var friend3="Joanne";
var friend4="Liz";
```

The list for friend may grow... what is a better way to group them?

JAVASCRIPT: ARRAY

var friends=["Daniel","John","Joanne","Liz"];

friends



Array are indexed starting at 0. Every element has a corresponding number(index)

JAVASCRIPT ARRAY: RETRIEVING

```
var marks=[80,85,75,65];

Retrieve Data From Array
var englishMark=marks[0];
```

var bestFriend=friends[2];

var friends=["Daniel","John","Joanne","Liz"];

JAVASCRIPT ARRAY: UPDATE

```
Assign value/update an array item marks[0]=80; marks[1]=90; friends[0]="David";
```

JAVASCRIPT ARRAY: ADD NEW DATA

var friends=["David","John","Joanne","Liz"];

David	John	Joanne	Liz
0	1	2	3

Friends[4]="Nicole";

David	John	Joanne	Liz	Nicole
0	1	2	3	4

JAVASCRIPT ARRAY: CREATE/INITIALIZE

Create a new friends array with no friends



Or

var friends = new Array() //uncommon

JAVASCRIPT ARRAY: SIZE

```
var marks = [80, 85, 75, 65];
        Array property
marks.length tells the size of the array
document.write("number of marks "+marks.length);
for (var i=0; i < marks.length; i++){
       console.log(marks[i]);
```

JAVASCRIPT ARRAY EXAMPLE (QN 1)

```
<script>
   var students=["Ali", "Ben", "Cathy", "David"];
    document.write("");
   for (var i=0; i<students.length; i++) {</pre>
      document.write(""+students[i]+"");
                                                 1. Ali
    document.write("");
                                                 2. Ben
</script>
                                                 Cathy
                                                 David
```

Use **push** to add to the end of the array

```
var colors = ["red", "orange", "yellow"];
colors.push("green");
```

Elements in colors become:

```
["red", "orange", "yellow", "green"]
```

Use **pop** to remove the last element in an array var colors = ["red", "orange", "yellow", "green"]; colors.pop();

Elements in colors become:

["red", "orange", "yellow"]

Use <u>unshift</u> to add to the front of the array

```
var colors = ["red", "orange", "yellow"];
colors.unshift("green");
```

Elements in colors become:

```
["green", "red", "orange", "yellow"]
```

```
Use <u>shift</u> to remove the first element in an array var colors = ["red", "orange", "yellow"]; colors.shift();
```

Elements in colors become:

["orange", "yellow"]

JAVASCRIPT ARRAY EXAMPLE (QN 2, 3)

```
<script>
var numbers=[];
numbers.push(80);
numbers.push(60);
numbers.push(40);
var total=0;
for (var i=0; i<numbers.length; i++) {</pre>
        document.write(numbers[i]+"<br>");
        total=total+numbers[i];
document.write("total of all numbers is "+
total+"");
</script>
```

```
80
60
40
total of all numbers is 180
```

JAVASCRIPT ARRAY EXAMPLE

Joining the array elements

```
<script>
var chars=["A","p","p","l","e"];
var fruits=["apple","orange","banana"];
document.write("<h1>"+chars.join("")+"</h1>");
document.write("<h1>"+fruits.join("+")+"</h1>");
</script>
```

Apple
apple+orange+banana

JAVASCRIPT OBJECTS

JavaScript comes with a number of built-in objects for the convenience of programmers, such as

- Provide efficient way of store & manipulate data
- Store and work with dates and time
- Math Access to useful math functions or operations
- Provide efficient way of store & manipulate data

JAVASCRIPT DATE OBJECT

Example:

```
var today=new Date();
console.log(today);
```



DEFINE JAVASCRIPT OBJECT: CREATE/INITIALIZE

JavaScript objects are containers for **named values** called properties.

var myCar = new Object();

Or

 $var myCar = {};$



JAVASCRIPT OBJECT

```
Assign properties to the object myCar.make = "Ford"; myCar.model = "Mustang"; myCar.year = 1969;
```

Now myCar has the attribute make, model and year with the values

```
console.log(myCar);
```

Object {make: "Ford", model: "Mustang", year: 1969}

JAVASCRIPT OBJECT

Properties of object can also be accessed using the bracket notation:

```
myCar["make"] = "Ford";
myCar["model"] = "Mustang";
myCar["year"] = 1969;
```

RETRIEVE OBJECT PROPERTIES (QN 4B)

Example:

JAVASCRIPT OBJECT

```
<script>
var friend={};
var input name=prompt("Your friend's name ?");
var input_contact=prompt("Your friend's contact ?");
friend.name=input name;
friend.contact=input contact;
for (var info in friend) {
        document.write(info+":"+friend[info]+"<br>");
</script>
                This page says:
                Your friend's name?
                                     This page says:
                Alice
                                     Your friend's contact?
                                     98453456
                                                             Cancel
```

name:Alice

contact:98453456

DECLARE AND INITIALIZE AN OBJECT (QN 4A)

```
var myCar = {"make":"Ford", "model":"Mustang", "year":1969};
```

ARRAY OF OBJECTS

```
<script>
var friend1={"name":"Alice", "contact":"9834322"};
var friend2={"name":"Ben","contact":"94353224"};
var friend3={"name":"Cathy", "contact": "86663928"};
var friend4={"name":"Cathy", "contact":"95564521"};
var allFriends=[];
allFriends.push(friend1);
allFriends.push(friend2);
allFriends.push(friend3);
allFriends.push(friend4);
console.log(allFriends);
</script>
```

```
☑ Ja ☑ Try ( Tre ( Tr) Dy ( Tr) Dy ( Tr) Ar ( Tr) Jo ( Tr) Ol ( Tr)
                                                                    ☆ 💹 🕐 :
ıtml
           Elements Console Sources Network Performance >>>
 O top ▼
            Filter
                                       Info
                                                                Example5.html:20
   ▼ Array(4) 
     ▼0: Object
         contact: "9834322"
         name: "Alice"
       proto : Object
     ▼1: Object
         contact: "94353224"
         name: "Ben"
       ▶ proto : Object
     ▼2: Obiect
         contact: "86663928"
        name: "Cathy"
       ▶ __proto__: Object
     ▼3: Object
         contact: "95564521"
        name: "Cathy"
       ▶ __proto__: Object
       length: 4
     ▶ __proto__: Array(0)
 >
```

DECLARE AND INITIALIZE AN ARRAY OF OBJECTS

JAVASCRIPT ARRAY VS OBJECT (QN 5)

var names=["David","John","Joanne","Liz"];

David	John	Joanne	Liz
names[0]	[1]	[2]	[3]

```
var scores=[80,85,75,65];
80 85 75 65

scores[0] [1] [2] [3]
```