

<sup>Ż</sup>A Language

# ADVANCED COURSE IN PROGRAMMING, AUTUMN 2024, ONLINE EXAM 5

STARTED: 11:41 AM

ENDS: 3:41 PM

3:58

## Exercise 1

Implement the task in the file exercise1.py.

You can copy the following template to get started:

```
class User:
    def __init__(self, username):
        self.__username = username
        self.__checked_in = False
```

Program the User class with the following functionality:

- The method \_\_format for formatting user actions with a timestamp. The method should return a string in the format "time; username; action".
- The method checkin that takes time as a parameter. If the user is not already logged in, the method returns a formatted string using the \_\_format method. Otherwise, the method raises an exception with an appropriate message.
- The method checkout that takes time as a parameter. If the user is logged in, the method returns a formatted string using the \_\_format method.
   Otherwise, the method raises an exception with an appropriate message.
- The \_\_str\_\_ method that returns the username as a string.

#### For the following input:

```
user = User("George")
print(user)
user.checkin(12)
user.checkout(18)
user.checkout(19)
```

#### The code should output:

# George

ValueError: User has not been checked in

## And for the input:

```
user = User("George")
```

```
print(user)
user.checkin(12)
user.checkin(12)
user.checkout(19)
user.checkout(19)
user.checkout(19)
```

The code should output:

## George

ValueError: User is already checked in

## Exercise 2

Implement the task in the file exercise2.py.

Use the User class from the previous task. Copy it into the file for exercise 2.

Program a class UserManager with the following functionality:

- add\_user: Takes a username as a parameter. If the username is not already in use, the method adds the user to the system. Otherwise, an exception is raised.
- check\_in: Takes a username and time as parameters. If the username exists, the user checks in. The method returns True if the login is successful, otherwise, returns False.
- check\_out: Takes a username and time as parameters. If the username exists, the user checks out. The method returns True if the logout is successful, otherwise, returns False.

#### Example execution:

```
manager = UserManager()
manager.add_user("Tom")
print(manager.check_in("Tom", 12))
print(manager.check_out("Jerry", 12))
print(manager.check_out("Jerry", 12))
manager.add_user("Jerry")
print(manager.check_out("Tom", 18))
print(manager.check_in("Jerry", 11))
print(manager.check_out("Jerry", 19))
manager.add_user("Tom")
print(manager.check_in("Jerry", 11))
print(manager.check_out("Jerry", 19))
True
False
False
True
True
True
ValueError: User already exists
```

# **Exercise 3**

Implement the task in the file exercise3.py.

Use the classes User and UserManager from the previous tasks. Copy them into the file for exercise 3.

Extend the UserManager class with three new methods:

- load\_log: Reads the logfile.csv file line by line. Each line is in the format "time; username; action". If a username in the file is not in the system, it is added. The method does not return anything.
- save\_log: Opens the logfile.csv file and writes each login record from the system into the file in the format "time; username; action". The method does not return anything.
- \_\_str\_\_: Returns all recorded events in the system as a string in the format "time; username; action".

Create a new class UserInterface.

In the constructor, UserInterface is given a UserManager instance to manage data.

The class should provide the following functionalities:

- Create a user
- Check in a user
- Check out a user
- Show the entire system log
- Show a specific user's log

## Example output:

- 0 Exit program
- 1 Check in
- 2 Check out
- 3 Add user
- 4 View log for user

5 - View log

Choose action: 5

Log is empty

Choose action: 3

Username: Example

Choose action:

0 - Exit program

1 - Check in

2 - Check out

3 - Add user

4 - View log for user

5 - View log

Choose action: 20

0 - Exit program

1 - Check in

2 - Check out

3 - Add user

4 - View log for user

5 - View log

Choose action: 4

Username: Example

No logs for user Example

Choose action: 2

Username: Example

Time: 12

User has not been checked in

Choose action: 1

Username: Exemplary

Time: 12

User does not exist

Choose action: 2

Username: Exemplary

Time: 12

User does not exist

Choose action: 4

Username: Exemplary

No logs for user Exemplary

Choose action: 2 Username: Example

Time: 12

User has not been checked in

Choose action: 1 Username: Example

Time: 12 Checked in

Choose action: 2

Username: Example

Time: 20

Checked out

Choose action: 4

Username: Example

12; Example; Check in

20; Example; Check out

Choose action: 3

Username: Exemplary

Choose action: 1

Username: Exemplary

Time: 13

Checked in

Choose action: 5

12; Example; Check in

20;Example;Check out

13; Exemplary; Check in

Choose action: 0

Closing program...

#### After restarting the program:

```
0 - Exit program
```

- 1 Check in
- 2 Check out
- 3 Add user
- 4 View log for user
- 5 View log

Choose action: 5

12; Example; Check in

20; Example; Check out

13; Exemplary; Check in

Choose action: 0

Closing program...

The log remains saved even after the program execution ends.

**Note**, that in the case of an error the UserInterface should handle the error properly, so the execution won't stop.

**END EXAM** 

## **About**

The University of Helsinki MOOC Center makes high-quality online education possible by developing and researching educational software and online learning materials. Teachers both within and without the University of Helsinki rely on our tools to create impactful teaching materials. Our popular Massive Open Online Courses (MOOCs) have been available through MOOC.fi since 2012.

This website is powered by an open source software developed by the University of Helsinki MOOC Center. Star the project on GitHub: **Project Github**.

#### **Privacy**

