1.

- а) Пусть $f \in \overline{o}(f), x \to a \Rightarrow f = \alpha \cdot f, \alpha \to 0, x \to a.$ $\alpha = \frac{f}{f} = 1, \alpha \to 1, x \to a \Rightarrow$ противоречие. Утверждение неверно.
- b) $f \in \underline{O}(f), x \to a \Rightarrow f = \alpha \cdot f, \alpha$ ограничена при $x \to a$. $\alpha = \frac{f}{f} = 1 \Rightarrow \lim_{x \to a} \alpha = 1 \Rightarrow \alpha$ ограничена при $x \to a$. Утверждение верно.

c)
$$f \cdot \overline{o}(g) = \overline{o}(f \cdot g), x \to a$$

 $h = \alpha \cdot (f \cdot g), \alpha \to 0, x \to a \Rightarrow h \in \overline{o}(f \cdot g)$. Утверждение верно.

d)
$$\overline{o}(f) \cdot \overline{o}(g) = \overline{o}(f \cdot g), x \to a$$

Пусть
$$h \in \overline{o}(f) \cdot \overline{o}(g) \Rightarrow \exists f_1 = \alpha \cdot f, \alpha \to 0, x \to a; \exists g_1 = \beta \cdot g, \beta \to 0, x \to a \Rightarrow$$

$$h = f_1 \cdot g_1 = \alpha \cdot \beta \cdot f \cdot g, \alpha \cdot \beta \to 0, x \to a \Rightarrow h \in \overline{o}(f \cdot g)$$
. Утверждение верно.

e)
$$\underline{O}(\overline{o}(f)) = \underline{O}(f)$$

Пусть $h \in \underline{O}(\overline{o}(f)) \Rightarrow \exists g \in \underline{O}(k), k \in \overline{o}(f) \Rightarrow g = \alpha \cdot k, \alpha$ — ограничена при $x \to a, k = \beta \cdot f, \beta \to 0, x \to a \Rightarrow h = \alpha \cdot (\beta \cdot f), \alpha$ — ограничена, при $x \to a, \beta \to 0, x \to a \Rightarrow h \to 0, x \to a \Rightarrow h$ — органичена при $x \to a \Rightarrow h \in O(f)$. Утверждение верно.

f)
$$\overline{o}(f) + O(f) = \overline{o}(f), x \to a$$

Пусть $h = \overline{o}(f) + \underline{O}(f) \Rightarrow h = g \cdot k, g \in \overline{o}(f), k \in \underline{O}(f) \Rightarrow g = \alpha \cdot f, \alpha \to 0, x \to a; k$ — ограничена при $x \to a \Rightarrow g + k$ — ограничена при $x \to a$, пусть неверно $k \to 0, x \to a$, тогда неверно и $(g+k) \to 0, x \to a \Rightarrow h \notin \overline{o}(f)$, значит утверждение неверно.

g)
$$\overline{o}(f + \underline{O}(f)) = \overline{o}(f), x \to a$$

Пусть $g \in \overline{o}(f + \underline{O}(f)) \Rightarrow g = \alpha(f + h), h \in \underline{O}(f), \alpha \to 0, x \to a \Rightarrow h = \beta \cdot f, \beta$ — ограничена при $x \to a \Rightarrow g = \alpha(f + f \cdot \beta) = \alpha \cdot (\beta + 1) \cdot f. \ \alpha \to 0, x \to a \Rightarrow a \cdot (b + 1) \to 0, x \to a \Rightarrow g \in \overline{o}(f)$. Утверждение верно

h)
$$(x + \overline{o}(x)) \cdot (7x^2 + \overline{o}(x^2)) = 7x^3 + \overline{o}(x^3), x \to 0$$

$$\forall \lambda \neq 0: \lambda \cdot f + \overline{o}(f) = f \cdot (\alpha + \lambda), \alpha \to 0, x \to 0 \Rightarrow \alpha + \lambda \to \lambda, x \to 0 \Rightarrow \lambda \cdot f + \overline{o}(f) = \underline{O}(f)$$

 $\underline{O}(x)\cdot\underline{O}(x^2)=\underline{O}(x^3), x\to 0 \Rightarrow \alpha\cdot x\cdot \beta\cdot x^2=\gamma\cdot x^3, \alpha, \beta, \gamma$ - ограничены при $x\to a\Rightarrow 0=0$ Утверждение верно.

2.

a)
$$\lim_{x \to 0} \frac{\sqrt[5]{1+2x} - e^x}{\sqrt[4]{1+x} - \cos x} = \lim_{x \to 0} \frac{1 + \frac{2x}{5} + \overline{o}(2x) - (1+x+\overline{o}(x))}{1 + \frac{x}{4} + \overline{o}(x) - (1-\frac{x^2}{2} + \overline{o}(x^3))} = \lim_{x \to 0} \frac{-\frac{3x}{5} + \overline{o}(x)}{\frac{x^2}{2} + \frac{x}{4} + \overline{o}(x) + \overline{o}(x^3)} = \lim_{x \to 0} \frac{-\frac{3x}{5} + \overline{o}(x)}{\frac{x^2}{2} + \frac{x}{4} + \overline{o}(x) + \overline{o}(x^3)} = \lim_{x \to 0} \frac{-\frac{3x}{5} + \overline{o}(x)}{\frac{x^2}{2} + \frac{x}{4} + \overline{o}(x) + \overline{o}(x^3)} = \lim_{x \to 0} \frac{-\frac{3x}{5} + \overline{o}(x)}{\frac{x^2}{2} + \frac{x}{4} + \overline{o}(x) + \overline{o}(x^3)} = \lim_{x \to 0} \frac{-\frac{3x}{5} + \overline{o}(x)}{\frac{x^2}{2} + \frac{x}{4} + \overline{o}(x) + \overline{o}(x^3)} = \lim_{x \to 0} \frac{-\frac{3x}{5} + \overline{o}(x)}{\frac{x^2}{2} + \frac{x}{4} + \overline{o}(x) + \overline{o}(x^3)} = \lim_{x \to 0} \frac{-\frac{3x}{5} + \overline{o}(x)}{\frac{x^2}{2} + \frac{x}{4} + \overline{o}(x) + \overline{o}(x)} = \lim_{x \to 0} \frac{-\frac{3x}{5} + \overline{o}(x)}{\frac{x^2}{2} + \frac{x}{4} + \overline{o}(x)} = \lim_{x \to 0} \frac{-\frac{3x}{5} + \overline{o}(x)}{\frac{x^2}{2} + \frac{x}{4} + \overline{o}(x)} = \lim_{x \to 0} \frac{-\frac{3x}{5} + \overline{o}(x)}{\frac{x^2}{2} + \frac{x}{4} + \overline{o}(x)} = \lim_{x \to 0} \frac{-\frac{3x}{5} + \overline{o}(x)}{\frac{x^2}{2} + \frac{x}{4} + \overline{o}(x)} = \lim_{x \to 0} \frac{-\frac{3x}{5} + \overline{o}(x)}{\frac{x^2}{2} + \frac{x}{4} + \overline{o}(x)} = \lim_{x \to 0} \frac{-\frac{3x}{5} + \overline{o}(x)}{\frac{x^2}{2} + \frac{x}{4} + \overline{o}(x)} = \lim_{x \to 0} \frac{-\frac{3x}{5} + \overline{o}(x)}{\frac{x^2}{2} + \frac{x}{4} + \overline{o}(x)} = \lim_{x \to 0} \frac{-\frac{3x}{5} + \overline{o}(x)}{\frac{x^2}{2} + \frac{x}{4} + \overline{o}(x)} = \lim_{x \to 0} \frac{-\frac{3x}{5} + \overline{o}(x)}{\frac{x^2}{2} + \frac{x}{4} + \overline{o}(x)} = \lim_{x \to 0} \frac{-\frac{3x}{5} + \overline{o}(x)}{\frac{x^2}{2} + \frac{x}{4} + \overline{o}(x)} = \lim_{x \to 0} \frac{-\frac{3x}{5} + \overline{o}(x)}{\frac{x^2}{2} + \frac{x}{4} + \overline{o}(x)} = \lim_{x \to 0} \frac{-\frac{3x}{5} + \overline{o}(x)}{\frac{x^2}{2} + \frac{x}{4} + \overline{o}(x)} = \lim_{x \to 0} \frac{-\frac{3x}{5} + \overline{o}(x)}{\frac{x^2}{2} + \frac{x}{4} + \overline{o}(x)} = \lim_{x \to 0} \frac{-\frac{3x}{5} + \overline{o}(x)}{\frac{x^2}{2} + \frac{x}{4} + \overline{o}(x)} = \lim_{x \to 0} \frac{-\frac{3x}{5} + \overline{o}(x)}{\frac{x^2}{2} + \overline{o}(x)} = \lim_{x \to 0} \frac{-\frac{3x}{5} + \overline{o}(x)}{\frac{x^2}{2} + \overline{o}(x)} = \lim_{x \to 0} \frac{-\frac{3x}{5} + \overline{o}(x)}{\frac{x^2}{2} + \overline{o}(x)} = \lim_{x \to 0} \frac{-\frac{3x}{5} + \overline{o}(x)}{\frac{x^2}{2} + \overline{o}(x)} = \lim_{x \to 0} \frac{-\frac{3x}{5} + \overline{o}(x)}{\frac{x^2}{2} + \overline{o}(x)} = \lim_{x \to 0} \frac{-\frac{3x}{5} + \overline{o}(x)}{\frac{x^2}{2} + \overline{o}(x)} = \lim_{x \to 0} \frac{-\frac{3x}{5} + \overline{o}(x)}{\frac{x^2}{2} + \overline{o}(x)} = \lim_{x \to 0} \frac{-\frac{3x}{5} + \overline{$$

$$= \lim_{x \to 0} \frac{-\frac{3}{5} + \overline{o}(1)}{\frac{x}{2} + \frac{1}{4} + \overline{o}(1) + \overline{o}(x^2)} = \frac{-\frac{3}{5}}{\frac{1}{4}} = \frac{-12}{5}$$

b)
$$\lim_{x \to 0} x \left(\frac{1}{1 - \sqrt{1 + 3x}} - \frac{1}{\sin x} \right) = \lim_{x \to 0} \left(\frac{x(1 + \sqrt{1 + 3x})}{-3x} - \frac{x}{\sin x} \right) = \lim_{x \to 0} \frac{(1 + 1 + \frac{3x}{2} + \overline{o}(x))}{-3} - 1 = \frac{-2}{3} - 1 = \frac{-5}{3}$$

c)
$$\lim_{x\to 0} \frac{(1+3x)^{5x}-1}{x^2} = \lim_{x\to 0} \frac{1+e^{5x\ln{(1+3x)}}-1}{x^2} = \frac{5x\ln{(1+3x)}+\overline{o}(5x\ln{(1+3x)})}{x^2} = \frac{5x\ln{(1+3x)}+\overline{o}(5x\ln{(1+3x)})}{x^2} = \frac{1}{x^2}$$

$$= \frac{15x^2 + 5x\overline{o}(x^2) + \overline{o}(5x\ln(1+3x))}{x^2} = 15 + 0 + 0 = 15$$

$$\mathrm{d)} \lim_{x \to 0} \frac{\arccos\left(1 - x\right)}{\sqrt{x}} = \lim_{t \to 0} \frac{\arccos(\cos(t))}{\sqrt{-\cos t + 1}} = \lim_{x \to 0} \frac{t}{\sqrt{1 - \left(1 - \frac{t^2}{2} + \overline{o}(t^3)\right)}} = \lim_{x \to 0} \frac{t}{\sqrt{\frac{t^2}{2} + \overline{o}(t^3)}} = \frac{t}{t\sqrt{\frac{1}{2} + \overline{o}(t)}} = \frac{t}{\sqrt{\frac{1}{2} + \overline{o}(t)}} = \frac{t}{\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}$$

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}+0}} = \sqrt{2}$$

e)
$$\lim_{x \to \infty} \frac{\ln(1+\sqrt[3]{x})}{\ln(2+\sqrt[5]{x})} = \lim_{t \to 0} \frac{\ln\left(1+\sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{t}}\right)}{\ln\left(2+\sqrt[5]{\frac{1}{t}}\right)} = \lim_{t \to 0} \frac{5\ln\left(1+\sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{t}}\right)^3}{3\ln\left(2+\sqrt[5]{\frac{1}{t}}\right)^5} = \lim_{x \to \infty} \frac{5(x+\ldots+\overline{o}(x))}{3(1+x+\ldots+\overline{o}(1+x))} = \frac{5}{3}$$

f)
$$\lim_{x\to 0} \frac{\sin^{ok} x}{\operatorname{tg}^{om} x}, k, m, \in \mathbb{N}$$

Индукция $P_n : \sin^{ok} x = x + \overline{o}(x)$

$$P_1$$
: $\sin x = x + \overline{o}(x^2) = x + \overline{o}(x), x \to 0$

$$P_{n+1} : \sin^{o(n+1)} x = \sin(\sin^{on} x) = \sin(x + \overline{o}(x)) = x + \overline{o}(x) + \overline{o}(x + \overline{o}(x)) = x + \overline{o}(x), x \to 0$$

Индукция $P_n:\operatorname{tg}^{ok}x=x+\overline{o}(x)$ - аналогично

$$\lim_{x\to 0}\frac{\sin^{ok}x}{\operatorname{tg}^{om}x}=\lim_{x\to 0}\frac{x+\overline{o}(x)}{x+\overline{o}(x)}=1$$