Annexe C: Optimisation d'hyper-paramètres pour les méthodes exploratoires

```
[]: import numpy as np
     import pandas as pd
     from sklearn.feature_extraction.text import TfidfTransformer
     from sklearn.decomposition import TruncatedSVD
     from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
     from sklearn.feature_selection import SelectKBest, chi2
     from sklearn.model_selection import StratifiedKFold, cross_val_score
     from sklearn.linear_model import LogisticRegression, SGDClassifier
     from sklearn.svm import SVC, LinearSVC
     from sklearn.ensemble import StackingClassifier, VotingClassifier
     from sklearn.metrics import make_scorer, f1_score
     from sklearn.pipeline import make_pipeline
     from lightgbm import LGBMClassifier
     # Load and prepare data
     data_train = np.load('data_train.npy', allow_pickle=True)
     data_test = np.load('data_test.npy', allow_pickle=True)
     vocab_map = np.load('vocab_map.npy', allow_pickle=True)
     labels_train_df = pd.read_csv('label_train.csv')
     labels_train = labels_train_df['label'].values
     df_train = pd.DataFrame(data_train, columns=vocab_map)
     df_train['TARGETT'] = labels_train
     X = df_train.drop(columns=['TARGETT'])
     y = df_train['TARGETT']
     # Apply TF-IDF Transformation
     print("Applying TF-IDF Transformation...")
     tfidf_transformer = TfidfTransformer()
     X_tfidf = tfidf_transformer.fit_transform(X)
     print("Transformation applied!")
     # Define F1 scorer
     f1_scorer = make_scorer(f1_score, average='macro')
     # Dimensionality reduction configurations
     # Truncated SVD is used for dimensionality reduction in high-dimensional sparse_
     \rightarrow data
     # SVD 5000 is used to reduce the number of features to 5000
     dim_reduction_configs = {
         'SVD_5000': TruncatedSVD(n_components=5000, random_state=42)
```

```
}
# Define models optimized for sparse, high-dimensional data
standard_models = {
    # Logistic Regression using saga solver with elasticnet regularization
    # Saga solver is optimized for large datasets and supports L1 and L2_{f \sqcup}
\rightarrow regularization
    # Why elasticnet? It combines L1 and L2 regularization, which can be usefulu
 →when there are correlated features
    # Why logistic regression? It's a simple and fast linear model that can work
→well with high-dimensional data
    'LogisticRegression': make_pipeline(
        StandardScaler(with_mean=False),
        LogisticRegression(solver='saga', max_iter=5000, random_state=42,__
 →penalty='elasticnet', l1_ratio=0.5, n_jobs=-1)
    ),
    # Linear Support Vector Classifier (LinearSVC) with linear kernel
    # Why LinearSVC? It's optimized for large datasets and can handle_
\hookrightarrow high-dimensional data
    # Why linear kernel? It's suitable for linearly separable data, which is _{\sqcup}
\rightarrow common in text classification
    'LinearSVC': make_pipeline(
        StandardScaler(with_mean=False),
        LinearSVC(max_iter=10000, tol=1e-4, penalty='12', C=0.1, dual=False,
→random_state=42) # Increased max_iter, adjusted C
}
# Stacking and Voting classifiers
# Stacking: Combines multiple models to improve performance
stacking_model = StackingClassifier(
    # Estimators used:
    # - Logistic Regression : Simple linear model that can work well with
\hookrightarrow high-dimensional data
    # - SGD Classifier : Stochastic Gradient Descent Classifier
    # - LinearSVC : Linear Support Vector Classifier
    # - LightGBM Classifier : Gradient boosting model that can handle_
 \hookrightarrow high-dimensional data
    estimators=[
        ('logreg', make_pipeline(StandardScaler(with_mean=False),_
 →11_ratio=0.5, random_state=42))),
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('sgd', make_pipeline(StandardScaler(with_mean=False),_
 →SGDClassifier(loss='hinge', max_iter=5000, tol=1e-3, penalty='elasticnet', __
 →l1_ratio=0.5, random_state=42))),
        ('svc', make_pipeline(StandardScaler(with_mean=False),__
 →LinearSVC(max_iter=10000, tol=1e-4, penalty='12', C=0.1, dual=False, __
 →random_state=42))),
        ('lgbm', LGBMClassifier(n_estimators=100, learning_rate=0.1,_
 →num_leaves=15, max_depth=6, random_state=42))
    ],
    # Final estimator is used to combine the predictions of the base estimators \Box
→ (default is Logistic Regression)
    # We can also use a different model as the final estimator (e.q., Random_{\sqcup}
→ Forest, Gradient Boosting, etc.)
    final_estimator=LogisticRegression(),
    cv=5, n_jobs=-1
# Voting: Combines multiple models by averaging or taking the majority vote
voting_model = VotingClassifier(
    # Estimators used:
    # - Logistic Regression : Simple linear model that can work well with \Box
\hookrightarrow high-dimensional data
    # - LinearSVC : Linear Support Vector Classifier
    # - LightGBM Classifier : Gradient boosting model that can handle \sqcup
\hookrightarrow high-dimensional data
    estimators=[
        ('logreg', make_pipeline(StandardScaler(with_mean=False),_
→LogisticRegression(max_iter=1000, random_state=42))),
        ('sgd', make_pipeline(StandardScaler(with_mean=False),_
→SGDClassifier(loss='hinge', max_iter=5000, tol=1e-3, penalty='elasticnet',
→l1_ratio=0.5, random_state=42))),
        ('svc', SVC(kernel="linear", C=1.0, probability=True, max_iter=20000, __
 →random_state=42)), # Increased max_iter
        ('lgbm', LGBMClassifier(n_estimators=100, learning_rate=0.1,_
 →num_leaves=15, max_depth=6, random_state=42))
    ],
    # Voting method: 'soft' for averaging predicted probabilities, 'hard' for
→ majority vote
    voting='soft', n_jobs=-1
# Combine models for evaluation
models = {**standard_models, 'Stacking': stacking_model, 'Voting': voting_model}
```

```
results = []
# Apply Chi-Squared feature selection and dimensionality reduction, then <math>\Box
→evaluate models
for feat_name, feature_select in {'ChiSquare_1000': SelectKBest(chi2, k=1000),__
\# Chi-Squared feature selection is used to select the most relevant features.
 →based on the chi-squared statistic
    # It's commonly used for text classification to select features that are
→ likely to be related to the target class
   print(f"Applying Chi-Squared feature selection: {feat_name}")
   X_chi2 = feature_select.fit_transform(X_tfidf, y)
   for dim_name, dim_reduction in dim_reduction_configs.items():
       X_reduced = dim_reduction.fit_transform(X_chi2)
       for model_name, model in models.items():
            # Perform cross-validation with F1 scoring and 5-fold stratified
 \hookrightarrow cross-validation
            # 5-fold instead of 10-fold to reduce computation time
           cv_score = cross_val_score(model, X_reduced, y, scoring=f1_scorer,_
 →cv=StratifiedKFold(n_splits=5, shuffle=True, random_state=42)).mean()
           results.append({
                'Dimensionality Reduction': dim_name,
                'Feature Selection': feat_name,
                'Model': model_name,
                'Best C': None,
                'F1 Score': cv_score
           print(f"Completed: DimReduction={dim_name},__
→FeatSelection={feat_name}, Model={model_name}, F1 Score={cv_score:.4f}")
# Save results to CSV
results_df = pd.DataFrame(results)
results_df.to_csv('model_evaluation_results.csv', index=False)
print("All evaluations completed. Results saved to model_evaluation_results.csv")
```

```
[58]: print('''Dime Red
                              Feat. Selec.
                                                   Model
      →Best C
                      F1 Score
      SVD_300
                         ChiSquare_1000
                                               LogisticRegression
                                                                        0.696590847
                                               SGDClassifier
      SVD_300
                         ChiSquare_1000
                                                                             0.
      →678114328
      SVD_300
                         ChiSquare_1000
                                               LinearSVC
                                                                         0.693165985
      SVD_300
                         ChiSquare_1000
                                               Stacking
                                                                        0.684403284
```

SVD_300	ChiSquare_1000	7	/oting		0.		
SVD_1000	ChiSquare_1000	Logistic	Regression	0.6962	30131		
SVD_1000	ChiSquare_1000	SGDClass	•	0	0.689321683		
SVD_1000	ChiSquare_1000	LinearSVC		0.704	406554		
SVD_1000	ChiSquare_1000	Stacking		0.7372	03681		
SVD_1000	ChiSquare_1000	Voting			0.718489279		
SVD_300	ChiSquare_150	-		ession	0.692465761		
SVD_300	ChiSquare_1500		SGDClassifier	r	0.		
→657953274							
SVD_300	ChiSquare_1500		LinearSVC		0.690176841		
SVD_300	ChiSquare_1500		Stacking		0.680429205		
SVD_300	ChiSquare_1500		Voting		0.		
→684510991							
SVD_1000	ChiSquare_1500	iSquare_1500 Logisti		0.7074	92076		
SVD_1000	ChiSquare_1500	SGDClassifier		0	. 685584959		
SVD_1000	ChiSquare_1500	LinearSVC		0.7113	76559		
SVD_1000	ChiSquare_1500	Stacking		0.7437	9305 👊		
→***BEST***							
SVD_1000	ChiSquare_1500	Voting		0.7259	74123		
''')							

Dime Red	Feat. Selec.	Model	Best C F1 Score
SVD_300	ChiSquare_1000	LogisticRegression	0.696590847
SVD_300	ChiSquare_1000	SGDClassifier	0.678114328
SVD_300	ChiSquare_1000	LinearSVC	0.693165985
SVD_300	ChiSquare_1000	Stacking	0.684403284
SVD_300	ChiSquare_1000	Voting	0.685068626
SVD_1000	ChiSquare_1000	LogisticRegression	0.696230131
SVD_1000	ChiSquare_1000	SGDClassifier	0.689321683
SVD_1000	ChiSquare_1000	LinearSVC	0.704406554
SVD_1000	ChiSquare_1000	Stacking	0.737203681
SVD_1000	ChiSquare_1000	Voting	0.718489279
SVD_300	ChiSquare_1500	LogisticRegression	0.692465761
SVD_300	ChiSquare_1500	SGDClassifier	0.657953274
SVD_300	ChiSquare_1500	LinearSVC	0.690176841
SVD_300	ChiSquare_1500	Stacking	0.680429205
SVD_300	ChiSquare_1500	Voting	0.684510991
SVD_1000	ChiSquare_1500	LogisticRegression	0.707492076
SVD_1000	ChiSquare_1500	SGDClassifier	0.685584959
SVD_1000	ChiSquare_1500	LinearSVC	0.711376559
SVD_1000	ChiSquare_1500	Stacking	0.74379305 **BEST**
SVD_1000	ChiSquare_1500	Voting	0.725974123