# readme

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### 1 Norms

#### properties

1.  $||x|| \ge 0$ , and  $||x|| = 0 \iff x = 0$ 

2.  $\|\alpha x\| = |\alpha| \|x\|$ 

3.  $||x+y|| \le ||x|| + ||y||$ 

$$||A||_1 = \max_{1 \le j \le n} \sum_{i=1}^m |a_{ij}|$$

$$||A||_{\infty} = \max_{1 \le i \le m} \sum_{j=1}^{n} |a_{ij}|$$

## 2 svd

Example:  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 1 \\ \sqrt{2} & 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$ The SVD is defined as

$$A = P\Sigma Q^T$$

#### Method

Computing:

$$AA^{T} = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 2 & 2 \\ 2 & 6 & 2 \\ 2 & 2 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$$
$$-\lambda^{3} + 10\lambda^{2} - 16\lambda = -\lambda (\lambda^{2} - 10\lambda + 16)$$
$$= -\lambda(\lambda - 8)(\lambda - 2)$$
(1)

Eigenvals of  $AA^T$  are  $\lambda=8, \lambda=2, \lambda=0$ , thus the singular values are  $\sigma_1=2\sqrt{2}, \sigma_2=\sqrt{2}$  (and  $\sigma_3=0$ ).

Giving out the matrix

$$\Sigma = 0_{3x3} + \sigma = \begin{bmatrix} 2\sqrt{2} & 0 & 0\\ 0 & \sqrt{2} & 0\\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

Finding the eigenvectors  $(A - \lambda I)\mathbf{x} = \mathbf{0}$ , we get respetively to the egienvector who is described before:  $p_1 = \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{6}}, \frac{2}{\sqrt{6}}, \frac{1}{\sqrt{6}}\right)$ ,  $p_2 = \left(-\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}, \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}, -\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}\right)$  and  $p_3 = \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}, 0, -\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\right)$  (note: normalised vectors).

Yeilding

$$P = \begin{bmatrix} p_1{}^T p_2{}^T p_3{}^T \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{\sqrt{6}} & -\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} & \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \\ \frac{2}{\sqrt{6}} & \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} & 0 \\ \frac{1}{\sqrt{6}} & -\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} & -\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \end{bmatrix}$$
$$A^T A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 2\sqrt{2} & 0 \\ 2\sqrt{2} & 6 & 2 \\ 0 & 2 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$$

With the eigenvals  $\lambda=8,\lambda=2,\lambda=0$  with eigenvectors  $q_1=\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{6}},\frac{3}{\sqrt{12}},\frac{1}{\sqrt{12}}\right),q_2=\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}},0,-\frac{2}{\sqrt{6}}\right)$  and  $q_3=\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}},-\frac{1}{2},\frac{1}{2}\right)$ . (Acually can also use the formula  $p_i=\frac{1}{\sigma_i}A^Tp_i$  to get the various  $q_i$ .

$$Q = \begin{bmatrix} {q_1}^T {q_2}^T {q_3}^T \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{\sqrt{6}} & \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} & \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \\ \frac{3}{\sqrt{12}} & 0 & -\frac{1}{2} \\ \frac{1}{\sqrt{12}} & -\frac{2}{\sqrt{6}} & \frac{1}{2} \end{bmatrix}$$