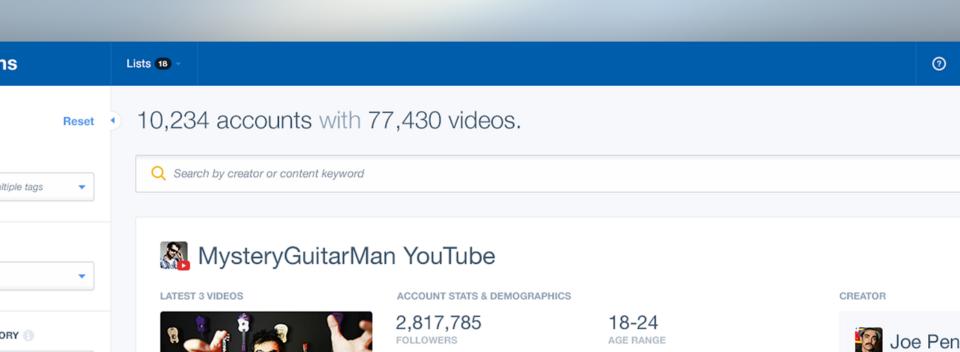


TECHNOLOGY FOR THE FUTURE OF MEDIA





\$ whoami

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HE APPLIED THESE SIMPLE STEPS AND RSPEC SUITE PERFORMANCE IMPROVED BY 51% [SEE HOW]

Agenda

- 1. How to test
- 2. Tweaking suite
- 3. Statistics
- 4. Summary

Ask yourself very important question

How do I want to test it?



And test it

- Unit tests
- Feature/functional tests
- Integration tests
- ?

There is no silver bullet

What worked for me?

Test in isolation

Do not test the same code twice (or more)

```
# controller

def create
    service = UserCreate.new(user_params)
    if service.call
        render head: :ok
    else
        render status: 422
    end
end

# controller spec
expect { post :create }.to change(User, :count).by(1)

# service spec
expect { UserCreate.new(user params).call }.to change(User, :count).by(1)
```

Do not test the framework

```
# service

def call
    # Business logic
    Model.destroy_all(id: ids_to_remove)
end

# spec
describe '#call' do
    it { expect { subject }.to change { Model.count }.from(3).to(0) } end
```

Improve architecture

Optimize factories make good use of build_stubbed`

Stub externals redis, rabbitmq, kafka

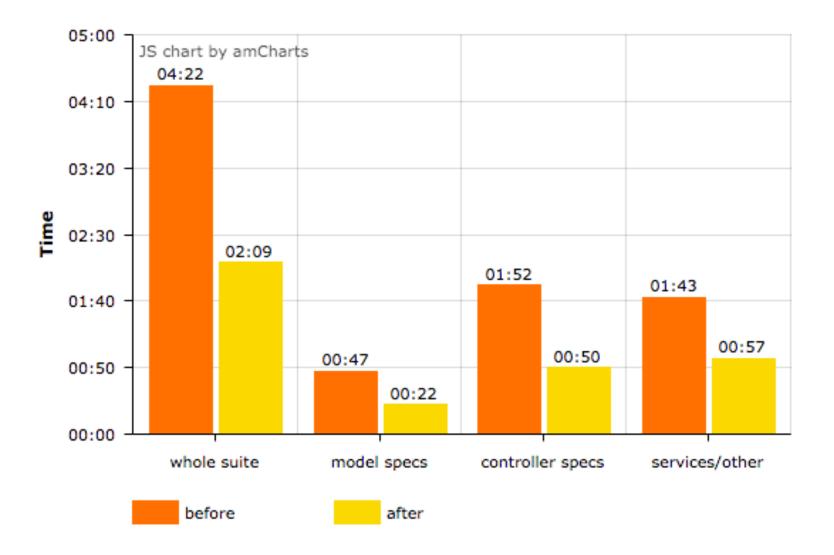
Stub HTTP calls webmock, vcr

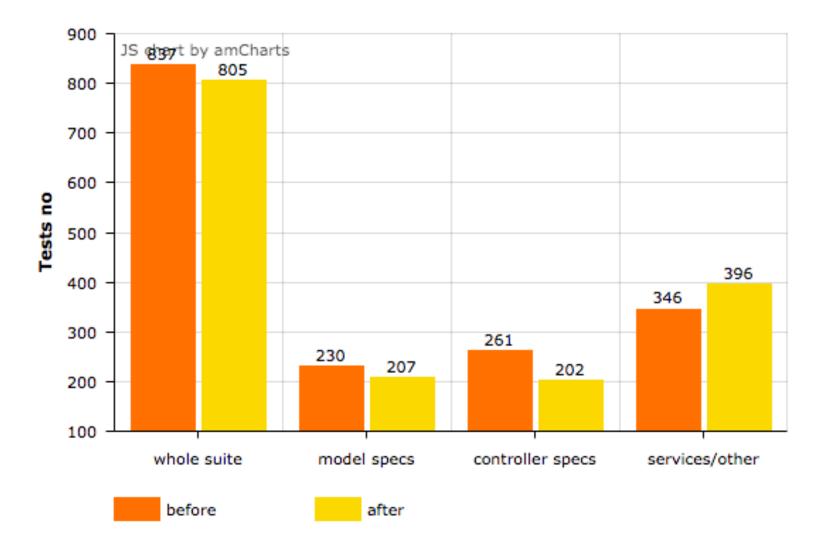
don't store secrets!

Some numbers

+597 -841 LOC

PR: https://github.com/JOIN PALADIN TO SEE/pull/X





Mateusz

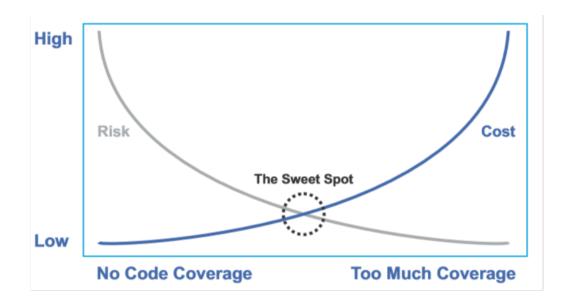
2:34 PM

51.54% o tyle szybciej testy się wykonują u mnie

Summary

Tests are necessary

Business value



Business value

number of specs vs bugs amount

Measure quality speed/amount ratio

When it's not enough parallel tests (knapsack) split application

Wrapping up

- test in isolation (tweak architecture if necessary!)
- mock external APIs
- don't mock class you're testing

Not only RSpec

applies to every other testing tool

Q?

Cheers!