

# Instructions to Start Docker and Configure Minikube

## Prerequisites

- **Docker:** Make sure Docker is installed on your machine. You can download and install Docker Desktop from the Docker website.
- **Minikube:** Ensure you have Minikube installed. You can download it from the [Minikube GitHub Releases page](#).

## Step 1: Start Docker

1. **Launch Docker Desktop:**
  - On Windows or macOS, find Docker Desktop in your applications and launch it.
  - Ensure Docker is running. You should see a Docker icon in your system tray.

**Verify Docker is Running:** Open a terminal (Command Prompt, PowerShell, or a terminal emulator on Linux/macOS) and run:

```
bash
```

```
docker version
```

2. This command will display the version of Docker installed and confirm that it's running.

## Step 2: Start Minikube

**Open a Terminal:**

- On Windows, you can use PowerShell or Command Prompt.
- On macOS or Linux, you can use the Terminal application.

**Start Minikube with Docker Driver:** Run the following command to start Minikube using Docker as the driver:

```
bash
```

```
minikube start --driver=docker
```

This command will download the necessary images and set up your local Kubernetes cluster using Docker.

**Verify Minikube Status:** After Minikube starts, you can check the status of your cluster by running:

```
bash
```

```
minikube status
```

### Step 3: Configure Context Driver

**Set the Kubernetes Context:** After Minikube starts successfully, it automatically sets the Kubernetes context to the Minikube cluster. You can verify this by running:

bash

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```
kubectl config current-context
```

1. This command should return `minikube` as the current context.

**List Kubernetes Contexts:** To see all available contexts, you can run:

bash

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```
kubectl config get-contexts
```

- 2.

**Switch Contexts (if necessary):** If you have multiple contexts and need to switch back to Minikube later, use:

bash

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```
kubectl config use-context minikube
```

- 3.

### Step 4: Deploy a Sample Application (Optional)

To verify that everything is working correctly, you can deploy a sample application to your Minikube cluster.

**Deploy an Example Application:** Run the following command to deploy a simple Nginx server:

bash

```
kubectl create deployment nginx --image=nginx
```

- 1.

**Expose the Deployment:** To access the Nginx server, expose it as a service:

bash

```
kubectl expose deployment nginx --type=NodePort --port=80
```

- 2.

**Access the Application:** Get the URL to access the application:

bash

```
minikube service nginx --url
```

3. Open the displayed URL in your web browser to see the Nginx welcome page.

## Step 5: Stopping Minikube

When you're finished with your Minikube session, you can stop the cluster using:

```
bash  
minikube stop
```

## Step 6: Deleting Minikube Cluster (if needed)

If you want to delete the Minikube cluster, run:

```
bash  
minikube delete
```

## Conclusion

Following these steps will allow you to start Docker, set up Minikube, and configure it to use Docker as the driver. You can then deploy and manage applications in your local Kubernetes environment.