

Opcional #2

1- Factoriza las siguientes expresiones.

$$a. \quad 8ax^2 - 2a = 2a(4x^2 - 1) = 2a(2x - 1)(2x + 1)$$

$$b. \quad a^5 + a^3 - 2a = a(a^4 + a^2 - 2)$$

$$= a(a^2 + 2)(a^2 - 1) = a(a + 1)(a + 2)(a + 1)(a - 1)$$

$$c. \quad 3mnp^2 + 3mnp - 18mn$$

$$= 3mn(p^2 + p - 6)$$

$$= 3mn(p + 3)(p - 2)$$

$$d. \quad 256 - a^4 = -(a^4 + 256)$$

$$= -(a^2 + 16)(a^2 + 16)$$

$$= -(a + 4)(a + 4)(a + 4)(a + 4)$$

2) Encuentra el valor de la incógnita en la siguiente ecuación:

$$\frac{1}{T^2 + 5T + 6} - \frac{5}{T^2 + 3T + 2} = \frac{3}{T^2 + 4T + 3}$$

$$T^2 + 5T + 6 = (T + 3)(T + 2)$$

$$T^2 + 3T + 2 = (T + 2)(T + 1)$$

$$T^2 + 4T + 3 = (T + 3)(T + 1)$$

$$\frac{1}{(T + 3)(T + 2)} - \frac{5}{(T + 2)(T + 1)} = \frac{3}{(T + 3)(T + 1)}$$

$$= \frac{1(\cancel{T+2})(\cancel{T+1}) - 5(\cancel{T+3})(\cancel{T+2})}{(\cancel{T+3})(\cancel{T+2})(\cancel{T+2})(\cancel{T+1})} = \frac{3}{(T+3)(T+1)}$$

$$= -4 = \frac{3}{(T+3)(T+1)}$$

$$= -4(T+3)(T+1) = 3$$

$$= -4T - 12 - 4T - 4 = 3$$

$$= -8T - 16 = 3$$

$$= -8T = 3 + 16$$

$$= -8T = 19$$

$$= T = \frac{19}{8}$$

3- Resuelve la ecuación

$$a - \frac{m+n}{y} = b - \frac{m-n}{y}, \quad \text{para } y$$

$$\frac{-m+n}{y} + \frac{m-n}{y} = b-a$$

$$\frac{\cancel{-m+n} + \cancel{m-n}}{y} = b-a$$

$$y = b-a$$

4- Implea el método de Factorización y resuelve las siguientes ecuaciones

a. $-2x^2 = 7x - 15$

$$0 = 2x^2 + 7x - 15$$

$$2x^2 + 7x - 15 = 0$$

$$\frac{2}{2} (2x^2 + 7x - 15) = 0$$

$$\frac{4x^2 + 7(2x) - 30}{2}$$

$$30 \times 1$$

$$15 \times 2$$

$$6 \times 5$$

$$10 \times 3$$

$$(2x + 10)(2x - 3) = 0$$

$$2x + 10 = 0$$

$$2x - 3 = 0$$

$$2x = -10$$

$$2x = 3$$

$$x = \frac{-10}{2}$$

$$x = \frac{3}{2}$$

$$x = -5$$

b $-w^2 + 5w - 4 = 0$

$$2 \times 2$$

$$4 \times 1$$

$$0 = w^2 - 5w + 4$$

$$w^2 - 5w + 4 = 0$$

$$(w - 4)(w - 1) = 0$$

$$w - 4 = 0$$

$$w - 1 = 0$$

$$w = 4$$

$$w = 1$$

5) Emplea la Fórmula general y encuentra las raíces de las siguientes ecuaciones:

a) $x^2 - \frac{1}{4} = 0$

$a = 1 \quad b = 0 \quad c = -\frac{1}{4}$

$$x = \frac{-0 \pm \sqrt{(0)^2 - 4\left(\frac{1}{1}\right)\left(-\frac{1}{4}\right)}}{2(1)}$$

$$x = \frac{-0 \pm \sqrt{\frac{4}{4}}}{2}$$

$$x = \pm \frac{1}{2}$$

b) $y^2 - \frac{1}{3}y = 0$

$a = 1 \quad b = -\frac{1}{3} \quad c = 0$

$$x = \frac{-(-1/3) \pm \sqrt{(-1/3)^2 - 4(1)(0)}}{2(1)}$$

$$x = \frac{1/3 \pm \sqrt{1/9}}{2}$$

$$x = \frac{1/3 \pm 1/3}{2}$$

$$x_1 = \frac{1/3 + 1/3}{2}$$

$$x_1 = \left(\frac{\frac{2}{3}}{\frac{2}{2}} \right) = \frac{2}{6} = \frac{1}{3}$$

$$-\frac{1}{3} - \frac{1}{3} = -\frac{2}{3}$$

$$\frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{3} = \frac{3+3}{9} = \frac{6}{9} = \frac{2}{3}$$

$$\frac{1}{3} - \frac{1}{3} = \frac{3-3}{9} = \frac{0}{9}$$

$$x_2 = \frac{1/3 - 1/3}{2}$$

$$x_2 = \frac{0}{\frac{2}{2}} = \frac{0}{1} = 0$$