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Web Apps and Spring Core MVC Unit

Lesson 3 – Java Server Pages





Objectives

- Understand where JSPs fit into a Java web app
- Understand how to integrate JSPs with Servlets
- Understand JSP Expression Language (EL) basics
- Understand JSTL tag lib basics



What are JSPs

- A JSP is a mix of HTML and special Javarelated tags
- You can write regular Java in a JSP but you should NEVER do this
- JSPs become servlets via container translation
- JSPs are the View in the Model-View-Controller model



Lifecycle of a JSP

- 1. You write and save the JSP and deploy your application
- 2. The container will translate the JSP to Java
- 3. The container will compile the .java file to a .class file (catching syntax errors here). The .class file is a compiled servlet
- 4. The container instantiates the new servlet class
- 5. The will direct requests the the new servlet as with any servlet



EL

- Solves 2 big problems:
 - Web designers don't (and shouldn't have to) know Java
 - Java code in JSPs is very hard to maintain
- Expressions always take the form:
 - o \${something}
- We can access properties of POJOs (beans) with the . operator
 - person.name is like person.getName() in Java code



JSTL

- A tag library that allows you to put conditions and loops in your JSP
- Useful for displaying lists of information to the screen
- Remember that the logic you put in JSPs should only be View related - all business logic should occur on the server



Examples

- RSVP with Servlets and JSPs
- Simple Employee Contact Info page

