Computational Physics – Exercise 5: Molecular dynamics simulations

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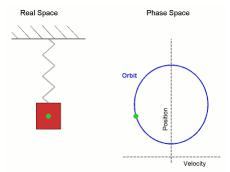


Exercise 1

- Equation of motion $m_n \mathbf{a}_n = \mathbf{F}_n$
 - Mass of particle $n: m_n$
 - Acceleration of particle $n : \mathbf{a}_n$
 - Force acting on particle $n : \mathbf{F}_n$
- Harmonic oscillator

$$m\frac{d^2x}{dt^2} = m\ddot{x} = -kx$$

http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Simple harmonic motion



- Implement the Euler algorithm for the harmonic oscillator (V'(x) = kx)
- Choice of units: m=1 , k=1
- Initial position and velocity: x(0) = 0 and v(0) = 1
- Solve using $\Delta t = 0.1, 0.01, 0.001$ for $j = 1, ..., [10000 / \Delta t]$
- Plot $x(j\Delta t)$ and compare with $\sin(j\Delta t)$
- Argue whether this algorithm is useful or not
 - It is not!

Exercise 2

- Implement the two variants (a) and (b) of the Euler-Cromer algorithm for the harmonic oscillator (V'(x) = x) and repeat the calculations of exercise 1
- Implementation:

(a) =
$$\begin{cases} p((j+1)\Delta t) = p(j\Delta t) - \Delta t V'(x(j\Delta t)) \\ x((j+1)\Delta t) = x(j\Delta t) + \Delta t p((j+1)\Delta t) \end{cases}$$

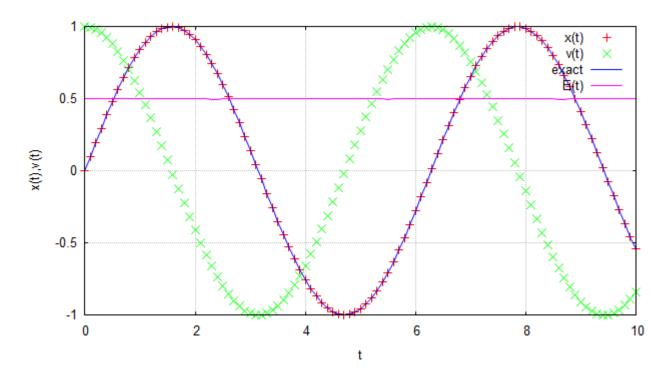
(b) =
$$\begin{cases} x((j+1)\Delta t) = x(j\Delta t) + \Delta t p(j\Delta t) \\ p((j+1)\Delta t) = p(j\Delta t) - \Delta t V'(x((j+1)\Delta t)) \end{cases}$$

Argue whether these algorithms are useful or not

- Plot x(t), v(t), and the energy $E(t) = v^2(t)/2 + V(x(t))$ and also plot the analytical solution $x(t) = \sin t$ and E = 1/2 for comparison. Explain why the energy E(t) is not exactly constant, as it should be according to classical mechanics
 - Use e.g $\Delta t = 0.01$ for j = 1,...,1000 for plotting purposes

Exercise 2

Example of such a plot



- Use the velocity Verlet algorithm and repeat the simulations of exercise 2
- Use $\Delta t = 0.1, 0.01$
- Plot x(t), v(t) and the energy $E(t) = v^2(t)/2 + V(x(t))$ and also plot the analytical solution $x(t) = \sin t$ and E = 1/2 for comparison.
- Discuss the differences with the results of the Verlet and Euler-Cromer algorithms

Exercise 4

 Use the velocity Verlet algorithm to solve the equation of motion of many coupled oscillators:

$$H = K + V = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{n=1}^{N} v_n^2 + \frac{1}{2} \sum_{n=1}^{N-1} (x_n - x_{n+1})^2$$

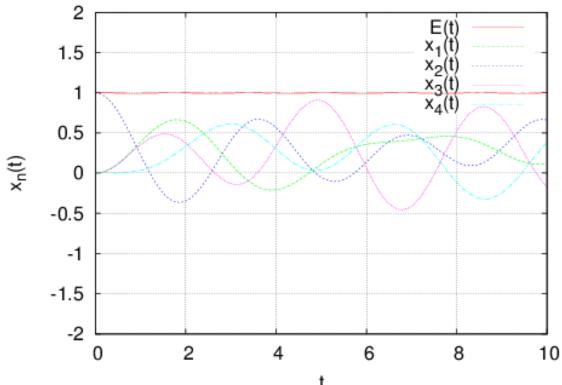
$$\frac{\partial V}{\partial x_k} = 2x_k - x_{k-1} - x_{k+1} \quad , \quad 1 < k < N$$

$$\frac{\partial V}{\partial x_1} = x_1 - x_2 \quad , \quad \frac{\partial V}{\partial x_N} = x_N - x_{N-1}$$

- For N = 4,16,128 and $\Delta t = 0.1, 0.01$
- Initial configurations
 - 1. $v_1(0),...,v_N(0)=0$ $x_1(0),...,x_N(0)=0$ except $x_{N/2}(0)=1$
 - 2. $v_1(0),...,v_N(0)=0$ $x_k(0) = \sin \frac{\pi jk}{N+1}$ for k = 1,...,N and j = 1,N/2
- Plot the results for several $x_k(t)$ and interpret!

Exercise 4

• Example for $N = 4, \Delta t = 0.1$ and initial configuration (1)



Report

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- <u>Filename:</u> Report_5_Surname1_Surname2.pdf, where Surname1 < Surname2 (alphabetical order).
 Example: Report_5_Jin_Willsch.pdf (Do not use "umlauts" or any other special characters in the names)
- Content of the report:
 - Names + matricle numbers + e-mail addresses + title
 - Introduction: describe briefly the problem you are modeling and simulating (write in complete sentences)
 - Simulation model and method: describe briefly the model and simulation method (write in complete sentences)
 - Simulation results: show figures (use grids, with figure captions!)
 depicting the simulation results. Give a brief description of the results (write in complete sentences)
 - Discussion: summarize your findings
 - Appendix: Include the listing of the program

Due date: 10 AM, June 5, 2023