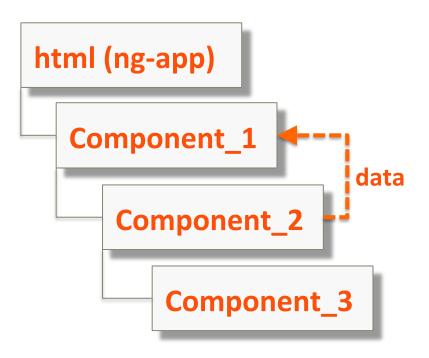
# AngularJS Event System



### Communicating with Parent

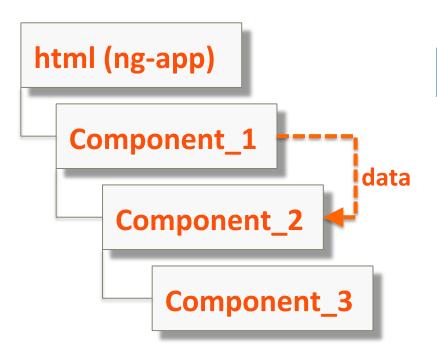


### **Solution: Access Parent Scope**

- ♦ \$scope.\$parent
- Use &method callback binding



# Communicating with Child

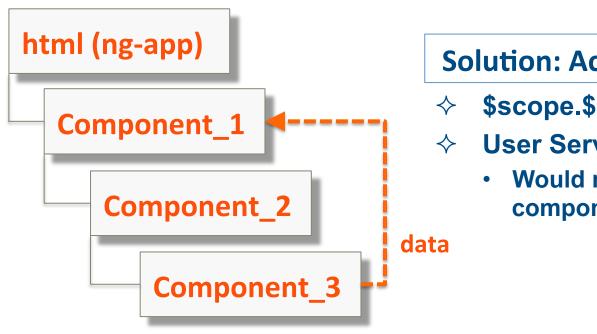


### **Solution: Provide Data Input**

Send data into that component



### Communicating with Grandparent?

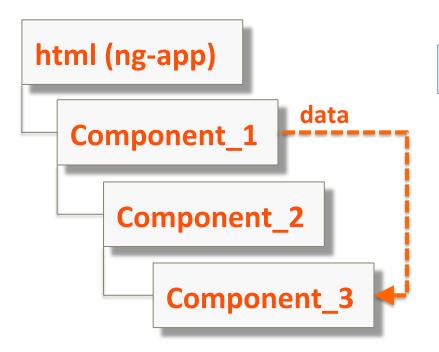


### **Solution: Access Parent's Parent?**

- \$\$\\$\$\$ \$\$scope.\$parent.\$parent?\$
- User Service to share data?
  - Would need to set up a watch in component\_1 to react to change



### Communicating with Grandchild?

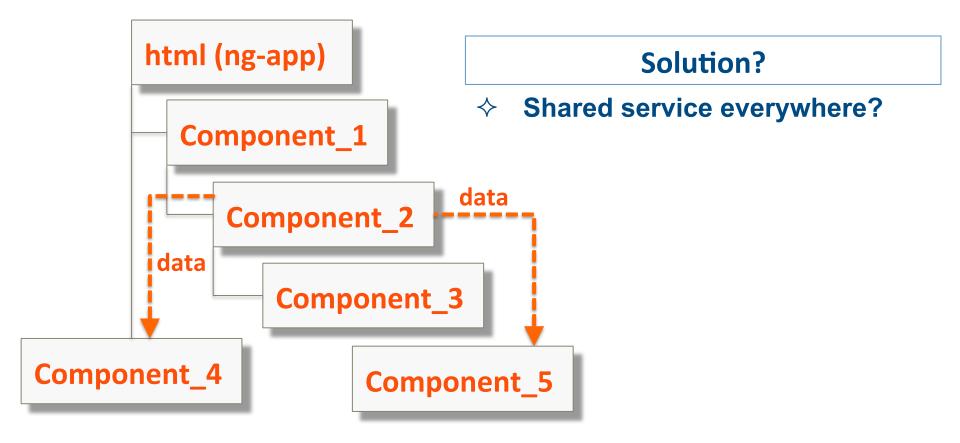


### **Solution: Access Child's Child?**

- Send data into component\_2 and have component\_2 send data to component\_1?
- Use Service to share data?
  - Would need to set up a watch in component\_3 to react to change

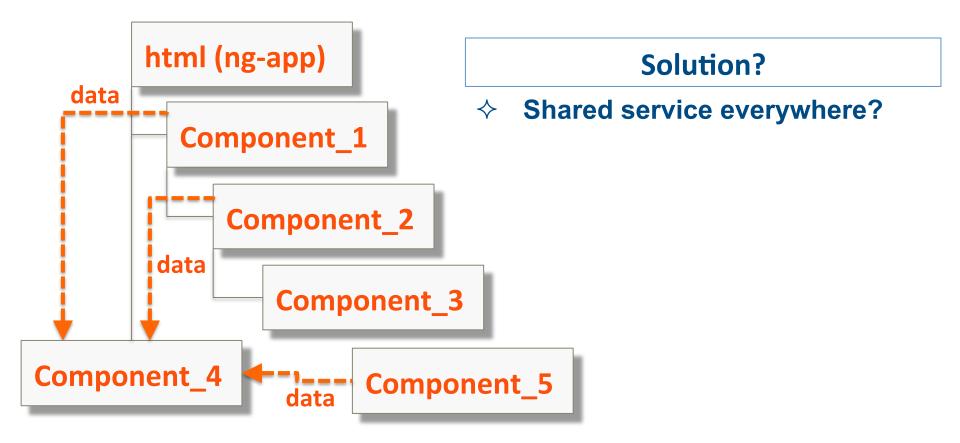


### Communicating with Multiple Components?





### Multiple Components Communicating with One?





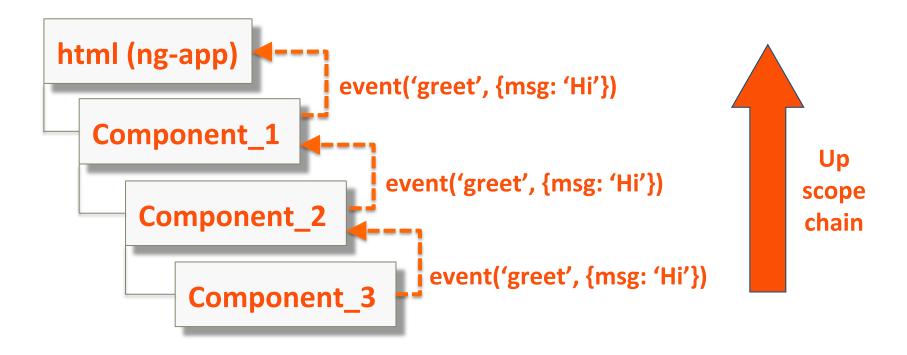
# publish-subscribe design pattern

Publishers send messages to subscribers on a common channel

- ♦ Publishers:
  - Mark messages with a classification
  - Don't know subscribers or if there are any
- ♦ Subscribers:
  - Sign up to listen for messages with a particular classification
  - Don't know publishers or if there are any
- In Angular, the common channel is scope
  - Messages are events that can hold data

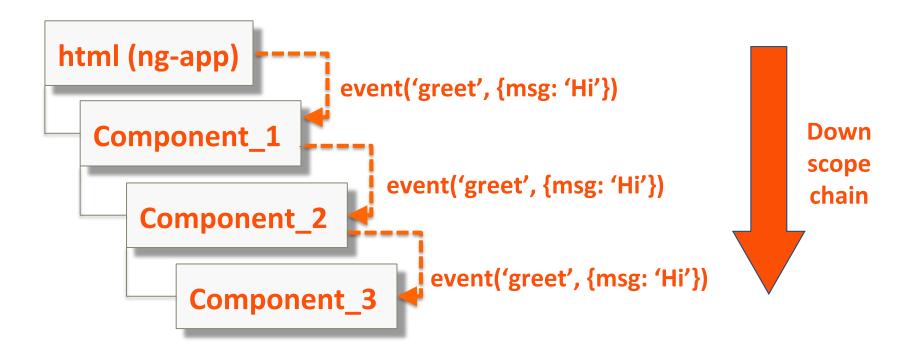


# Publishing an Event: \$scope.\$emit



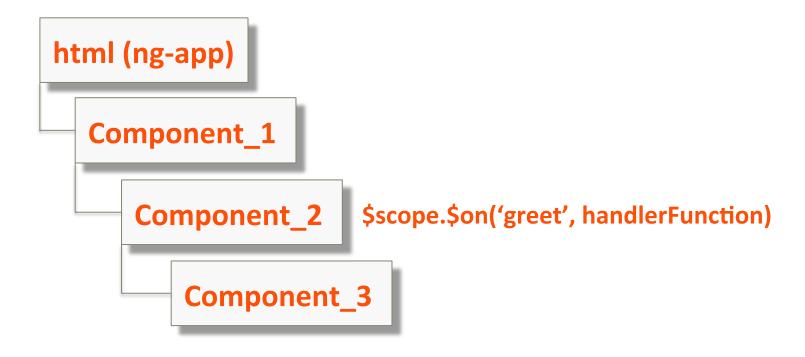


### Publishing an Event: \$scope.\$broadcast



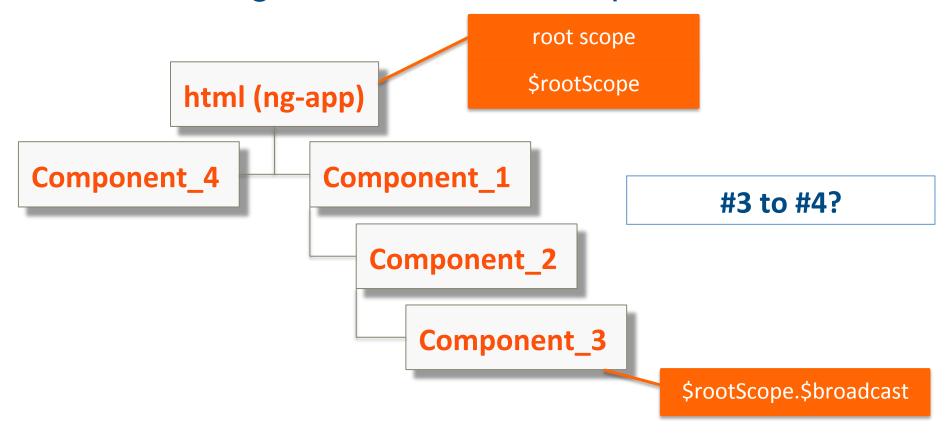


# Listening for an Event: \$scope.\$on



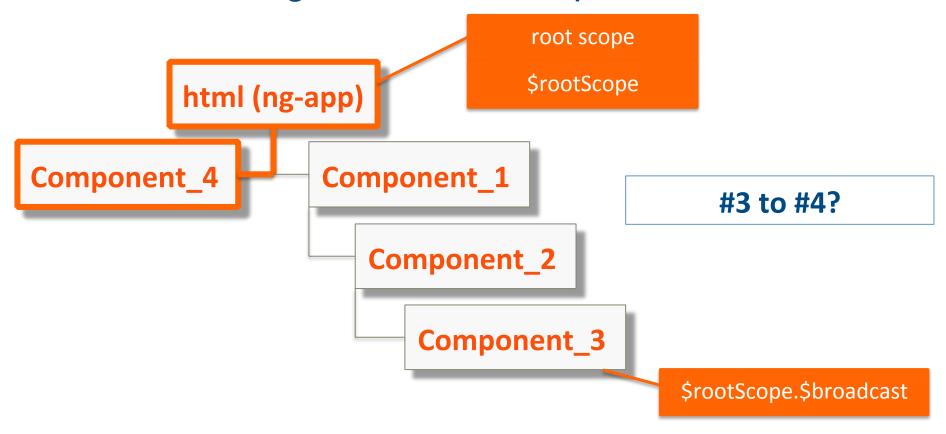


# Publishing an Event: \$rootScope.\$broadcast



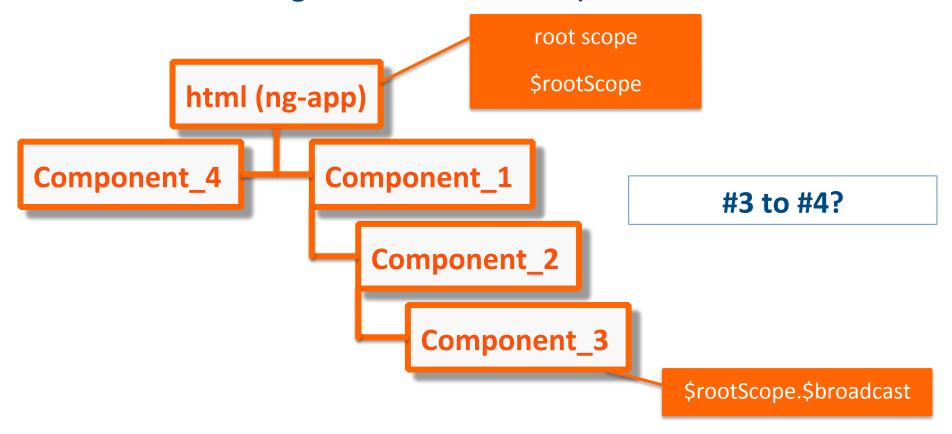


### Publishing an Event: \$scope.\$broadcast





### Publishing an Event: \$scope.\$broadcast





### Step 1: Broadcast or Emit an Event

```
$scope.$emit(
   'namespace:eventName',
   {prop: value});
```



### Step 1: Broadcast or Emit an Event

```
Sends event down
                                     the scope chain
$scope.$broadcast(
                                     Name of event
    namespace:eventName',
                                    (note namespace)
  {prop: value});
   Data object to
  travel with event
```



### Step 2: Listen for & Handle the Event

```
Same name as was
                                          emitted/broadcasted
$scope.$on('namespace:eventName',
              handler);
function handler(event, data)
      (data.prop === 'val1') {
                                          Data that traveled
                                            with the event
```



### Summary

- ♦ Publish-subscribe design pattern is implemented using the Angular Events system
- ♦ You can publish events from anywhere in the system and listen for those events anywhere in the system
- ♦ \$scope.\$emit sends the event up the scope chain
- ♦ \$scope.\$broadcast sends the event down the scope chain
- ♦ To broadcast to all nodes, use \$rootScope.\$broadcast
- ♦ To listen for event, use either \$scope.\$on or \$rootScope.\$on
- ♦ Deregister listener when using \$rootScope.\$on

