

CLASIFICACIÓN DE MAMÍFEROS PEQUEÑOS



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01 Objetivo

Clasificación de imágenes

Se necesita clasificar mamíferos de la orden Roentia de distintas especies y de esta manera identificar la especie a la cual pertenece.





Hamster



Ratón



Musaraña



Conejo

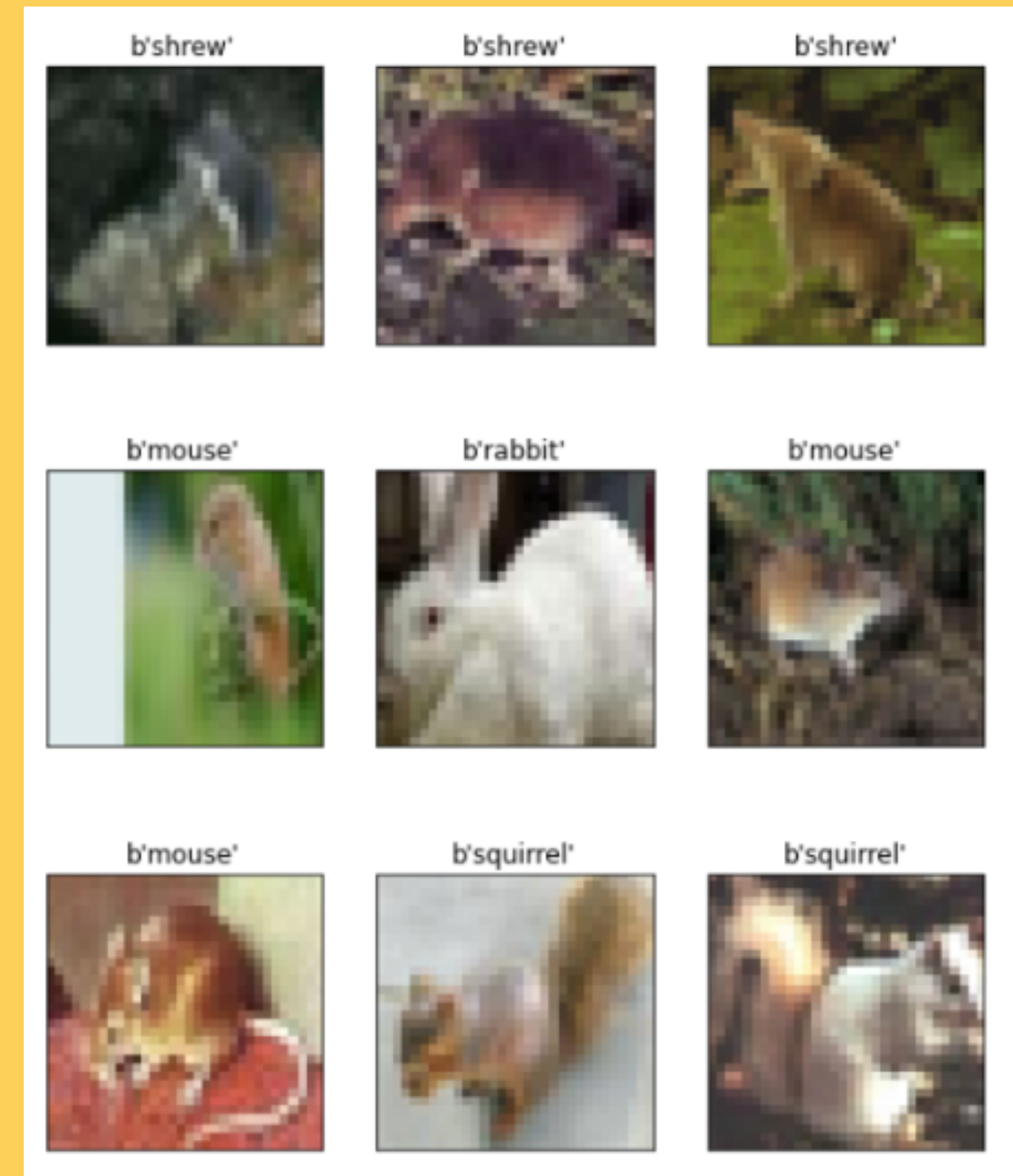
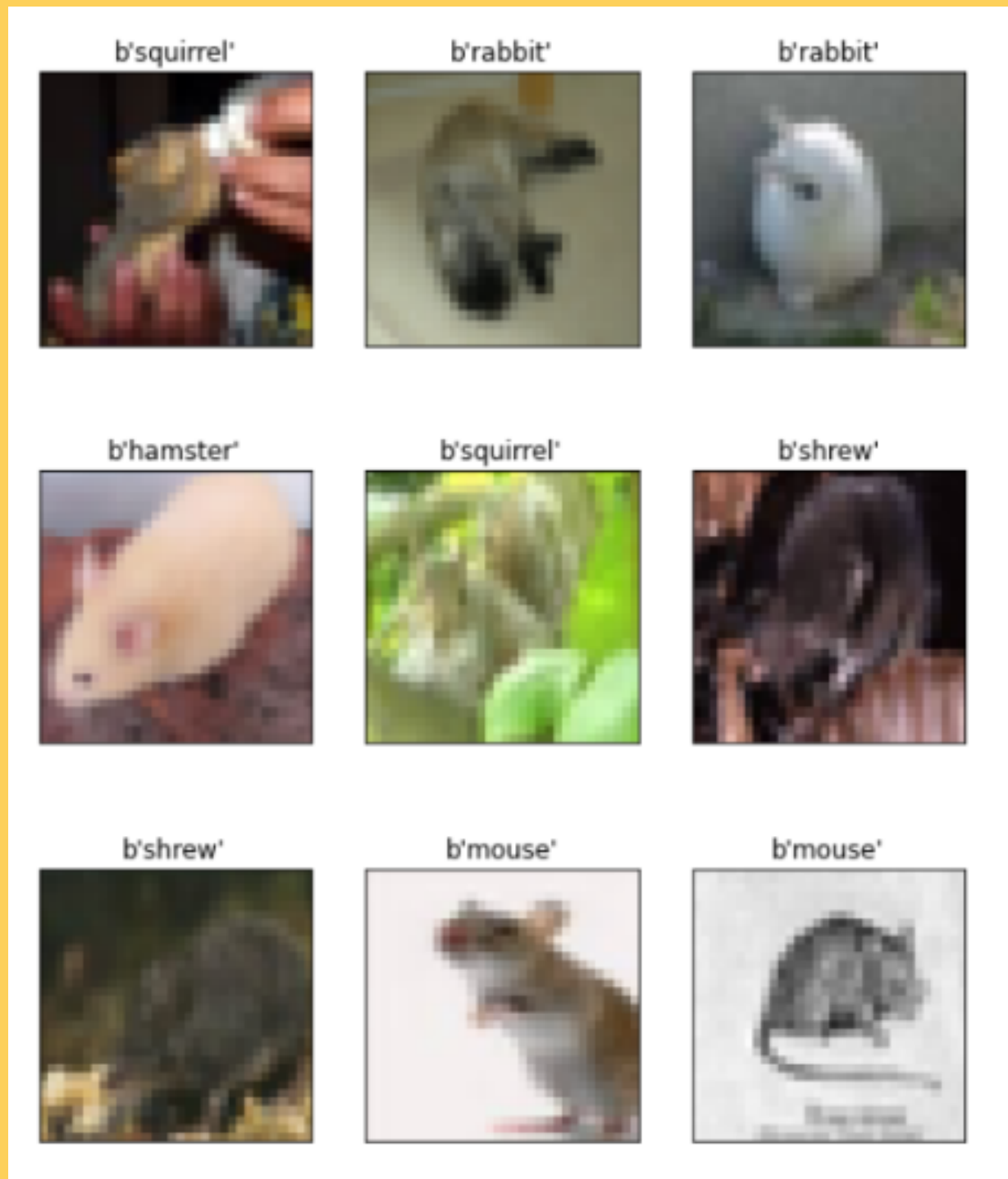


Ardilla



02 Modelo Inicial

Imágenes de mamíferos pequeños en el CIFAR-100



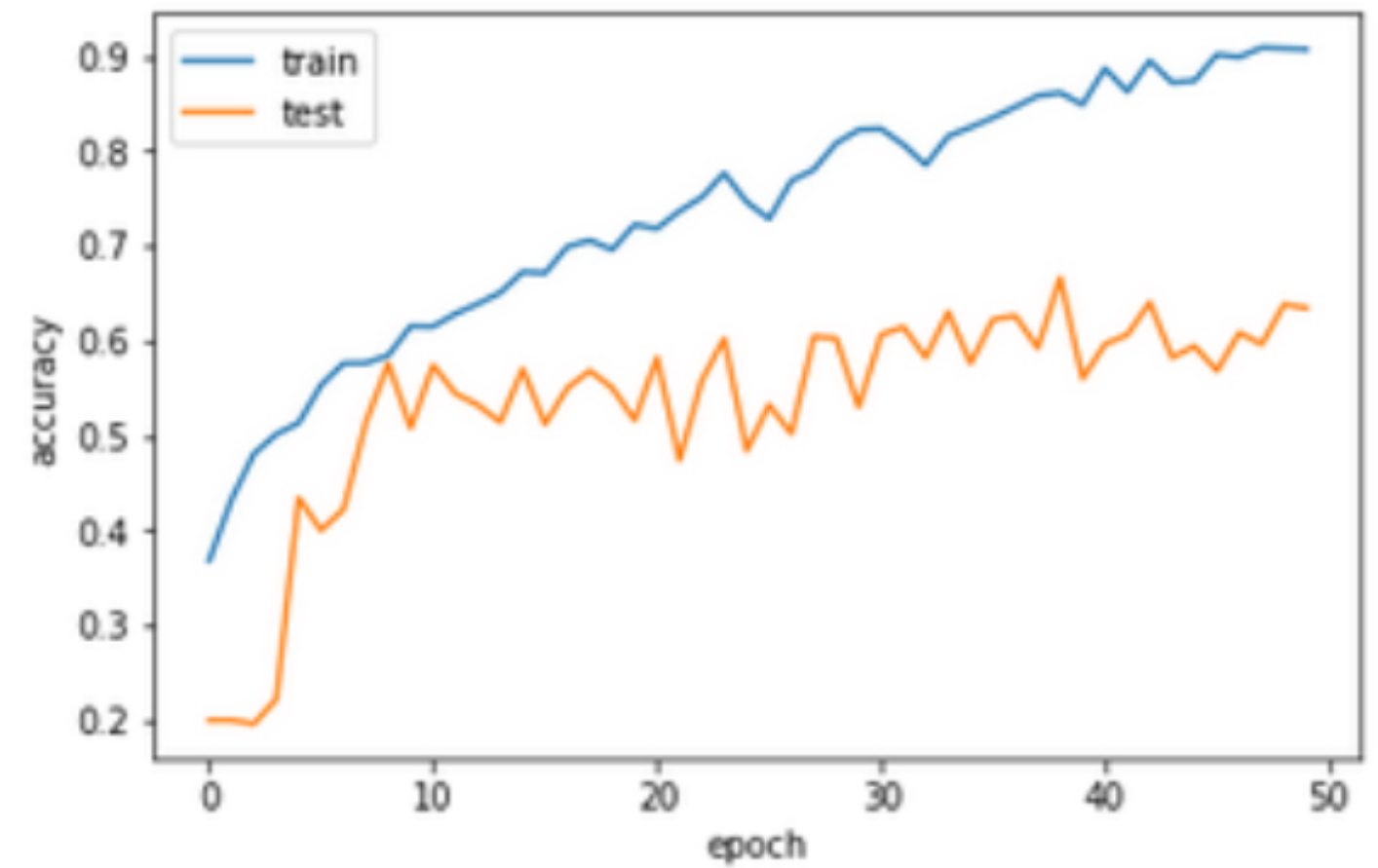
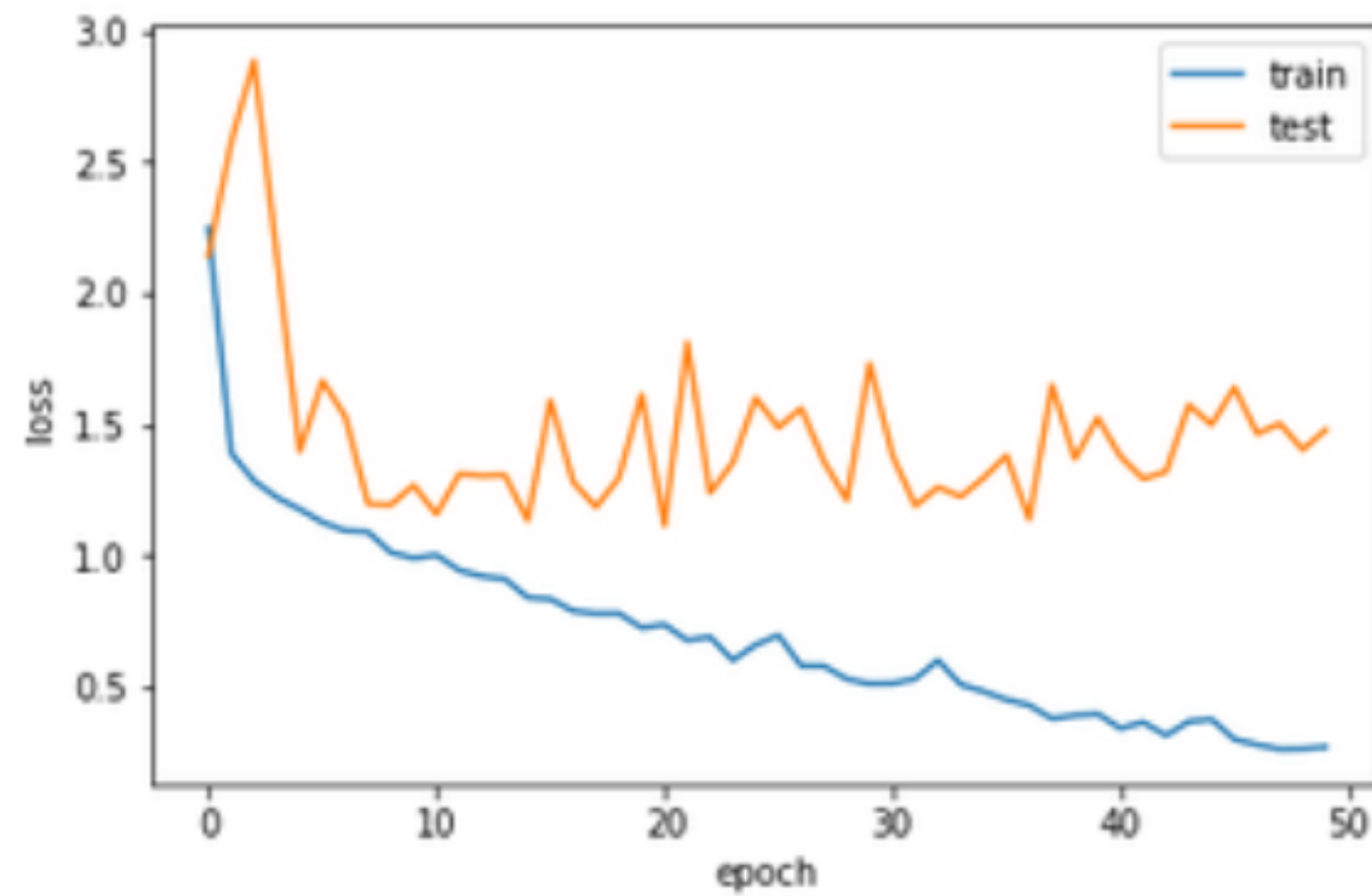
MODELO #1

Model: "model"

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
input_1 (InputLayer)	[(None, 32, 32, 3)]	0
conv2d (Conv2D)	(None, 32, 32, 32)	896
batch_normalization (Batch Normalization)	(None, 32, 32, 32)	128
conv2d_1 (Conv2D)	(None, 32, 32, 32)	9248
batch_normalization_1 (Batch Normalization)	(None, 32, 32, 32)	128
max_pooling2d (MaxPooling2D)	(None, 16, 16, 32)	0
conv2d_2 (Conv2D)	(None, 16, 16, 64)	18496
batch_normalization_2 (Batch Normalization)	(None, 16, 16, 64)	256
conv2d_3 (Conv2D)	(None, 16, 16, 64)	36928
batch_normalization_3 (Batch Normalization)	(None, 16, 16, 64)	256
max_pooling2d_1 (MaxPooling2D)	(None, 8, 8, 64)	0
conv2d_4 (Conv2D)	(None, 8, 8, 128)	73856
batch_normalization_4 (Batch Normalization)	(None, 8, 8, 128)	512
conv2d_5 (Conv2D)	(None, 8, 8, 128)	147584
batch_normalization_5 (Batch Normalization)	(None, 8, 8, 128)	512
max_pooling2d_2 (MaxPooling2D)	(None, 4, 4, 128)	0
flatten (Flatten)	(None, 2048)	0
dropout (Dropout)	(None, 2048)	0
dense (Dense)	(None, 1024)	2098176
dropout_1 (Dropout)	(None, 1024)	0
dense_1 (Dense)	(None, 5)	5125

=====
Total params: 2,392,101
Trainable params: 2,391,205

ENTRENAMIENTO

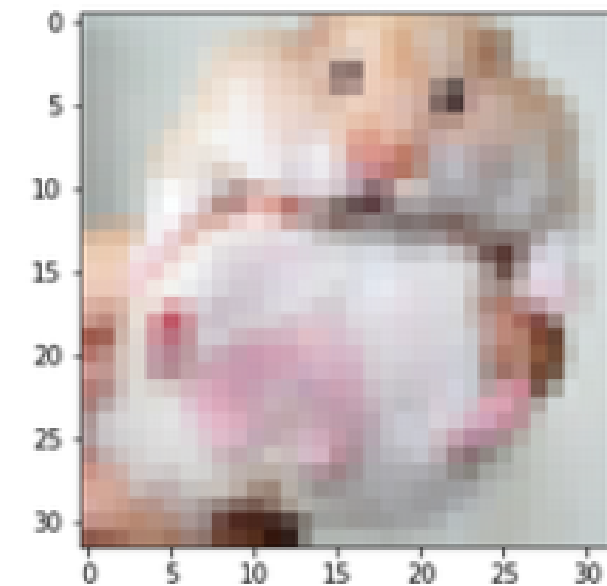


Ejecución del modelo

```
image_number=101
```

```
plt.imshow(x_test[image_number])
```

```
<matplotlib.image.AxesImage at 0x7f61dea3550>
```



```
n = np.array(x_test[image_number])
```

```
labels = '''hamster mouse rabbit shrew squirrel'''.split()
```

```
predicted_label = labels[model.predict(n[None,:]).argmax()]
```

```
original_label = labels[y_test[image_number]]
```

```
print("Original label is {} and predicted label is {}".format(  
    original_label, predicted_label))
```

```
Original label is hamster and predicted label is hamster
```

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
0	0.96	0.96	0.96	500
1	0.95	0.91	0.93	500
2	0.94	0.91	0.92	500
3	0.90	0.98	0.94	500
4	0.95	0.94	0.94	500
accuracy			0.94	2500
macro avg	0.94	0.94	0.94	2500
weighted avg	0.94	0.94	0.94	2500

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
0	0.83	0.71	0.76	100
1	0.54	0.51	0.53	100
2	0.65	0.55	0.59	100
3	0.56	0.76	0.64	100
4	0.65	0.64	0.64	100
accuracy			0.63	500
macro avg	0.64	0.63	0.63	500
weighted avg	0.64	0.63	0.63	500

A yellow triangle pointing downwards, located in the top-left corner of the slide.

03 Modelo Intermedio

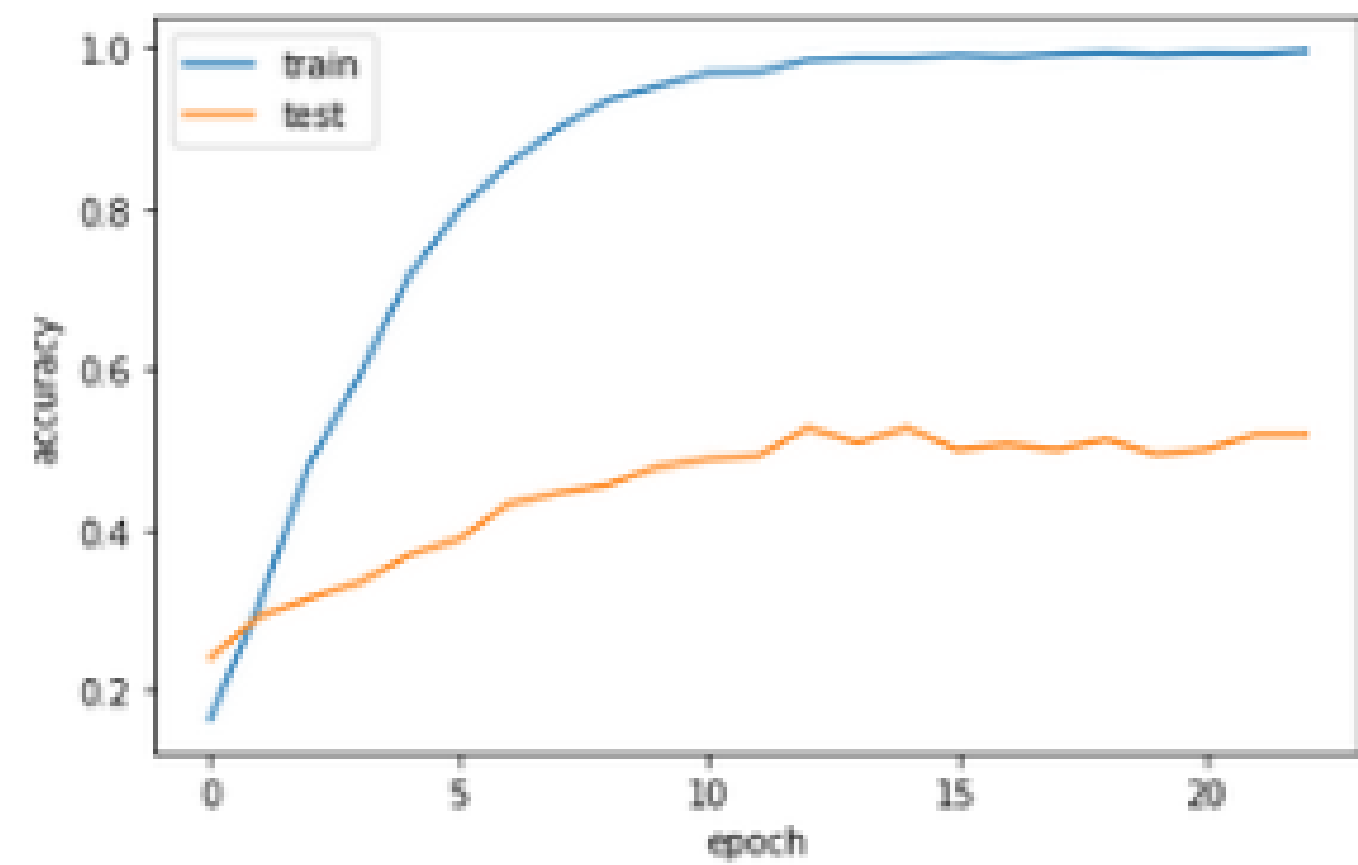
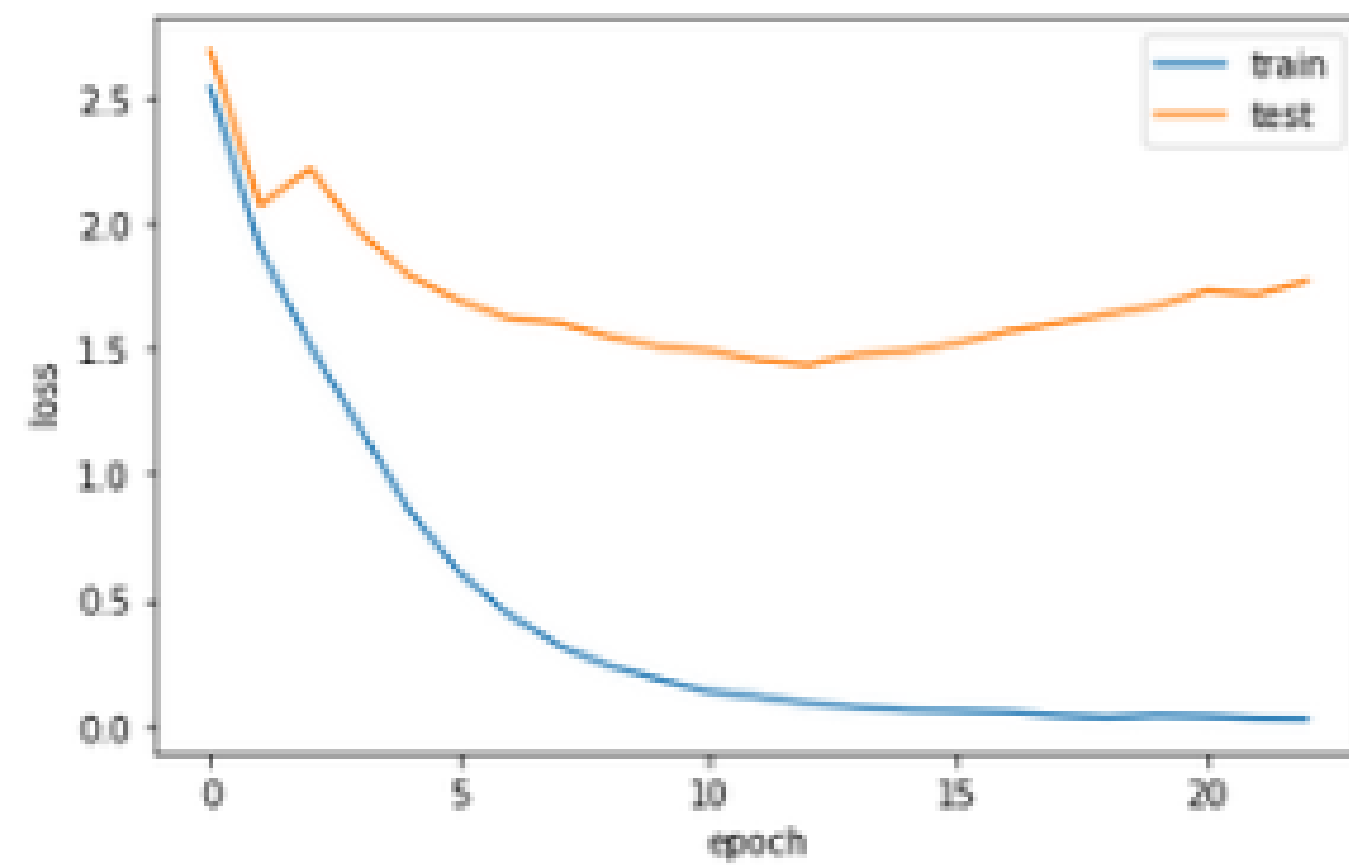
MODELO #2

Model: "model"

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
input_1 (InputLayer)	[(None, 32, 32, 3)]	0
resnet50 (Functional)	(None, None, None, 2048)	23587712
max_pooling2d (MaxPooling2D)	(None, 1, 1, 2048)	0
dropout (Dropout)	(None, 1, 1, 2048)	0
flatten (Flatten)	(None, 2048)	0
dense_2 (Dense)	(None, 16)	32784
dense_3 (Dense)	(None, 10)	170

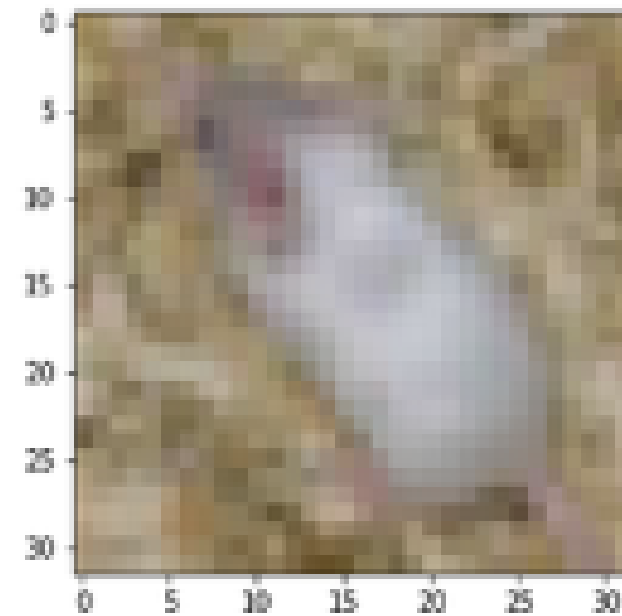
=====
Total params: 23,620,666
Trainable params: 23,567,546
Non-trainable params: 53,120
=====

ENTRENAMIENTO



Ejecución del modelo

<matplotlib.image.AxesImage at 0x7fb70603fbd0>



```
n = np.array(x_val[image_number])
labels = '''rabbit squirrel hamster shrew mouse'''.split()
predicted_label = labels[model.predict(n[None,:]).argmax()]

original_label = labels[y_val[image_number]]

print("Original label is {} and predicted label is {}".format(
    original_label, predicted_label))
```

Original label is mouse and predicted label is mouse

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
0	1.00	1.00	1.00	400
1	1.00	1.00	1.00	400
2	1.00	1.00	1.00	400
3	1.00	1.00	1.00	400
4	1.00	1.00	1.00	400
accuracy			1.00	2000
macro avg	1.00	1.00	1.00	2000
weighted avg	1.00	1.00	1.00	2000

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
0	0.52	0.43	0.47	100
1	0.47	0.51	0.49	100
2	0.61	0.68	0.64	100
3	0.54	0.59	0.56	100
4	0.43	0.38	0.40	100
accuracy			0.52	500
macro avg	0.51	0.52	0.51	500
weighted avg	0.51	0.52	0.51	500

A yellow triangle pointing downwards, located in the top-left corner of the slide.

04 Modelo Final

DATASET PROPIO

Dataset:

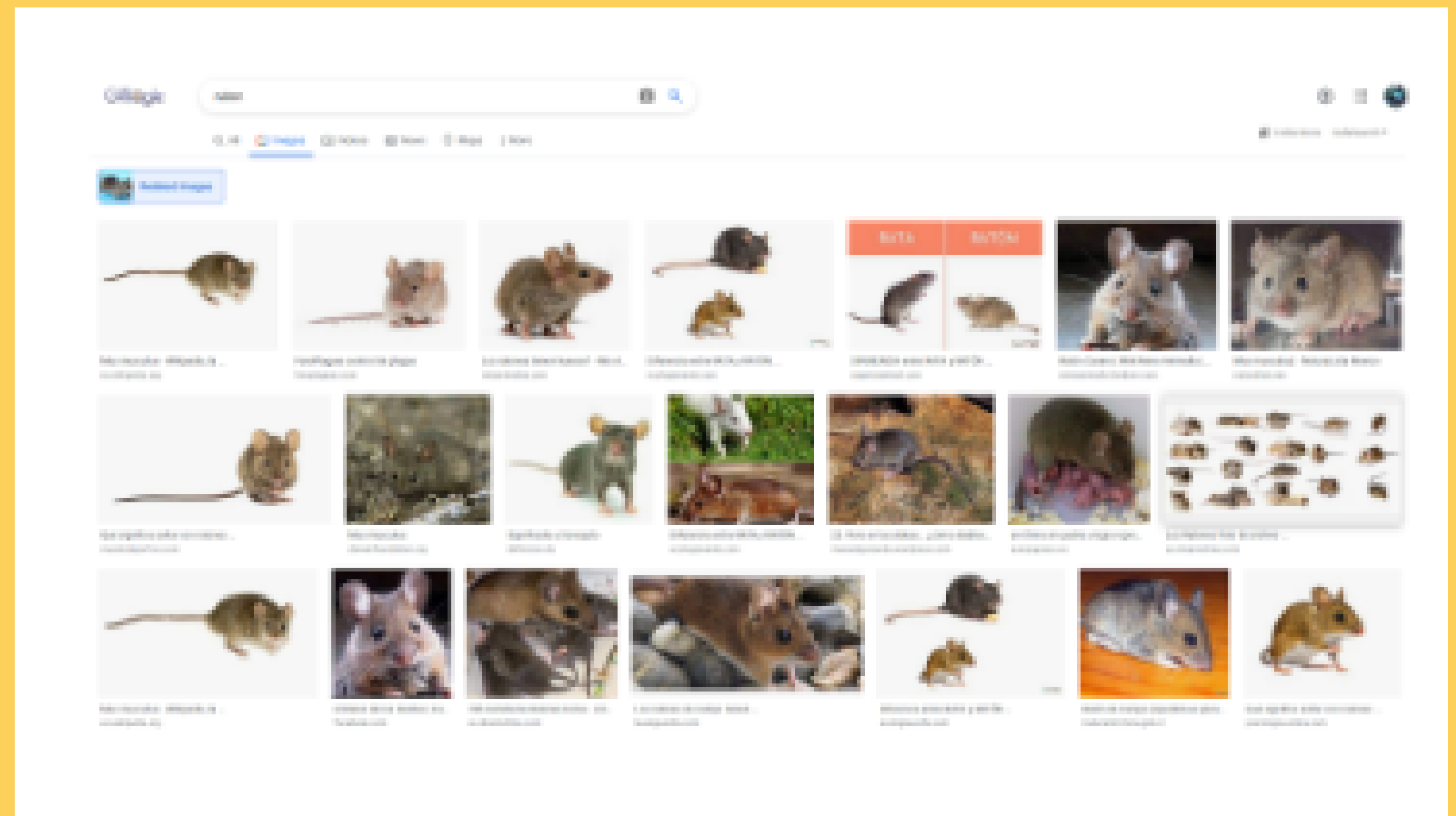
Hamster: 114

Ratón: 131

Conejo: 100

Musaraña: 105

Ardilla: 101



DATASET PROPIO

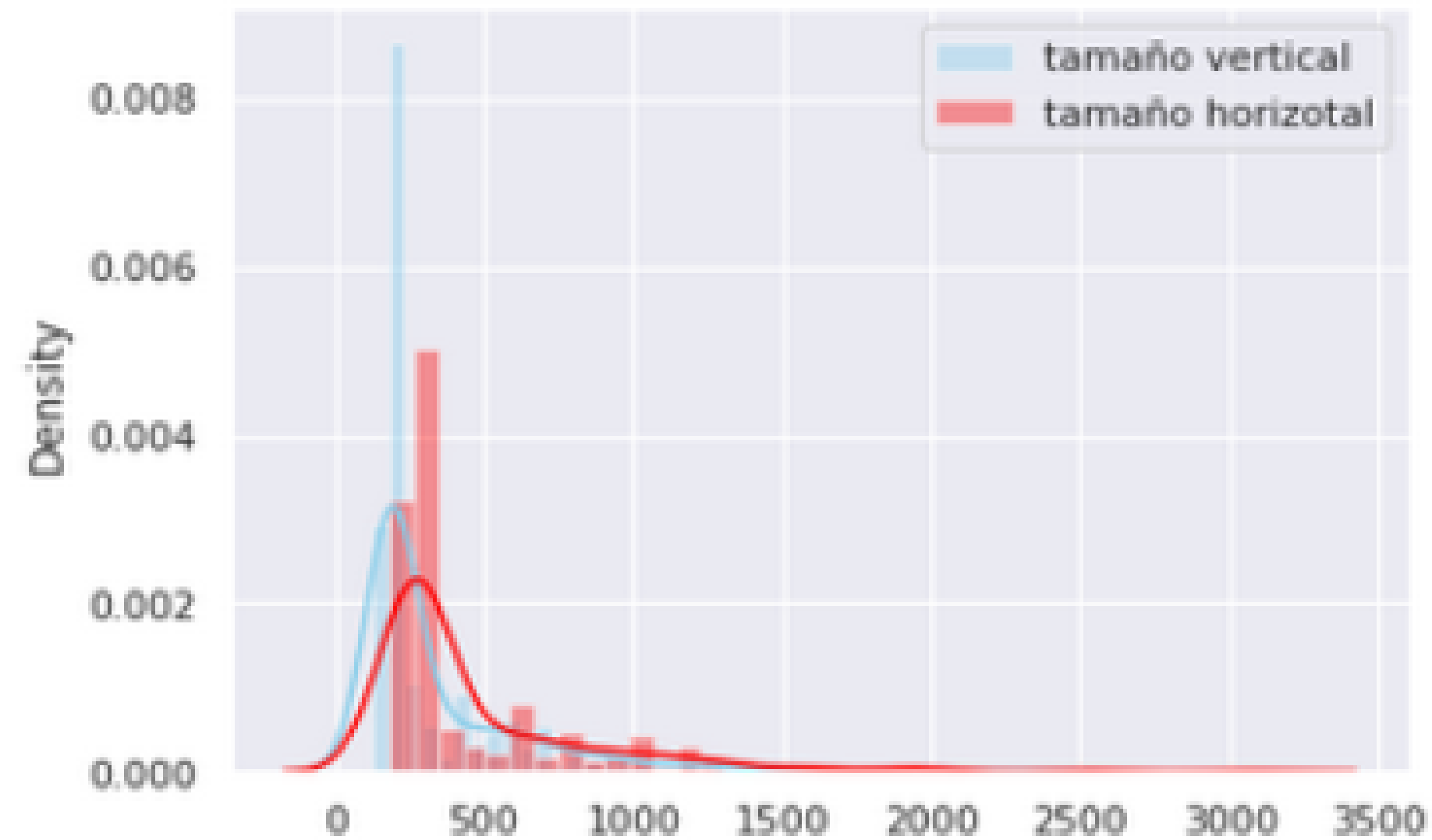
Train_dataset:

Hamster:	97
Ratón:	111
Conejo:	85
Musaraña:	89
Ardilla:	86

Test_dataset:

Hamster:	17
Ratón:	20
Conejo:	15
Musaraña:	16
Ardilla:	15

DATASET PROPIO



Media vertical: 345.2686025408348

Media horizontal: 479.82758620689657

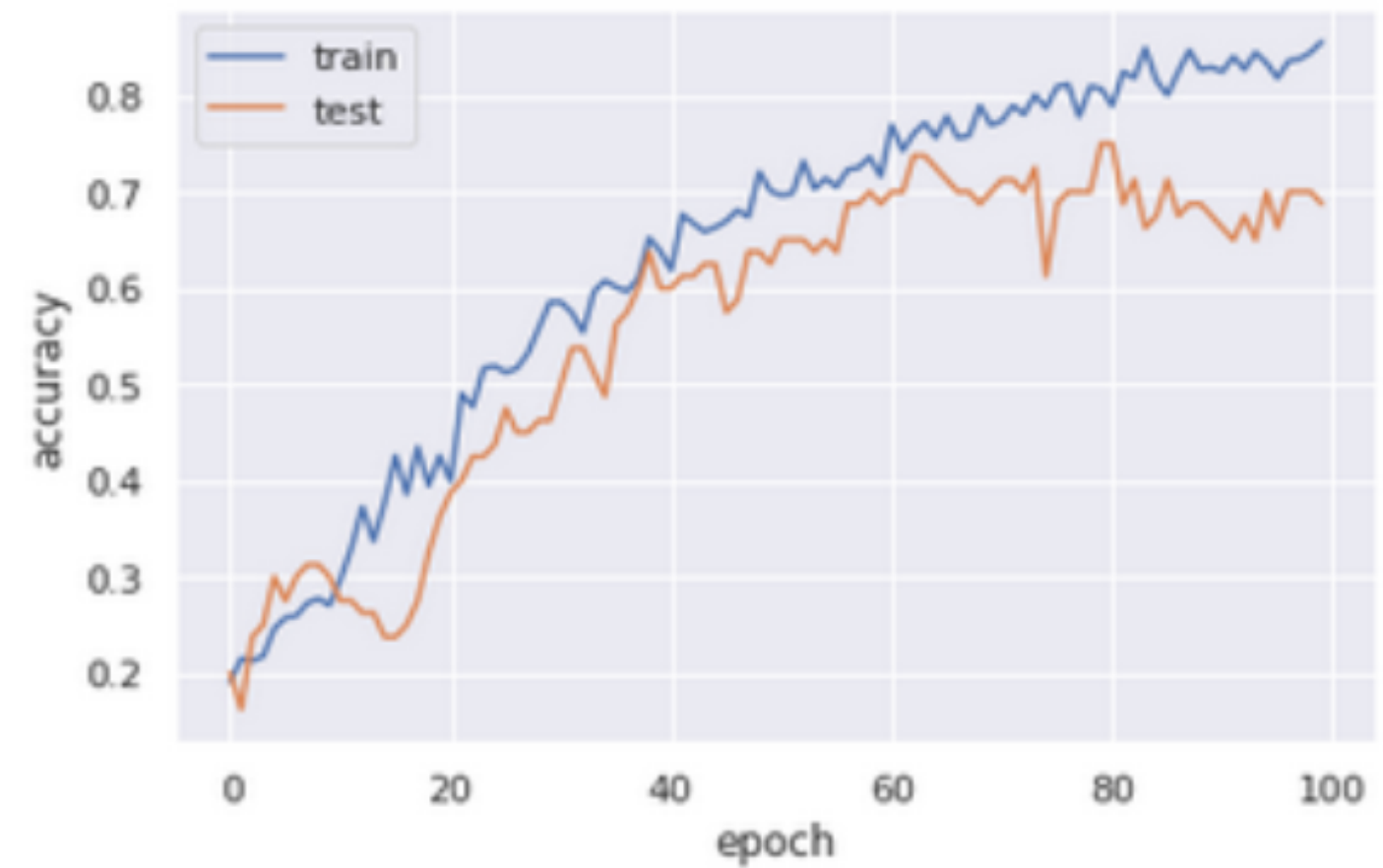
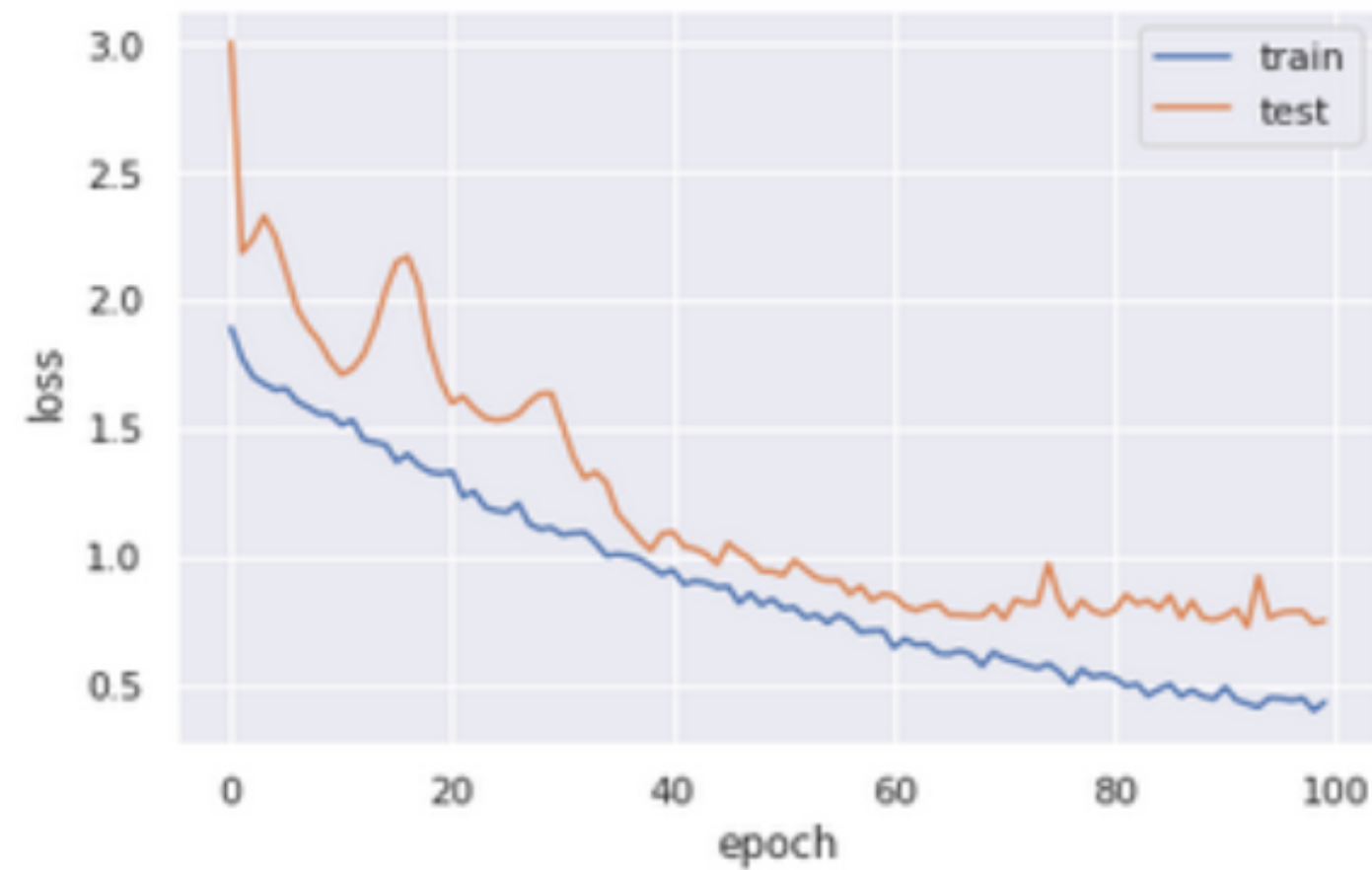
MODELO #3

Model: "model"

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
input_1 (InputLayer)	[(None, 224, 224, 3)]	0
activation (Activation)	(None, 224, 224, 3)	0
conv2d (Conv2D)	(None, 112, 112, 128)	3584
batch_normalization (Batch Normalization)	(None, 112, 112, 128)	512
activation_1 (Activation)	(None, 112, 112, 128)	0
dropout (Dropout)	(None, 112, 112, 128)	0
max_pooling2d (MaxPooling2D)	(None, 56, 56, 128)	0
max_pooling2d_1 (MaxPooling2D)	(None, 28, 28, 128)	0
conv2d_1 (Conv2D)	(None, 14, 14, 64)	73792
dropout_1 (Dropout)	(None, 14, 14, 64)	0
batch_normalization_1 (Batch Normalization)	(None, 14, 14, 64)	256
activation_2 (Activation)	(None, 14, 14, 64)	0
dropout_2 (Dropout)	(None, 14, 14, 64)	0
dense (Dense)	(None, 14, 14, 32)	2080
dropout_3 (Dropout)	(None, 14, 14, 32)	0
dense_1 (Dense)	(None, 14, 14, 16)	528
dropout_4 (Dropout)	(None, 14, 14, 16)	0
dense_2 (Dense)	(None, 14, 14, 8)	136
flatten (Flatten)	(None, 1568)	0
labels (Dense)	(None, 5)	7845

=====
Total params: 88,733
Trainable params: 88,349
Non-trainable params: 384

ENTRENAMIENTO



Ejecución del modelo

```
plt.imshow(image)
```

```
<matplotlib.image.AxesImage at 0x7fa9cfc07710>
```



```
image = cv2.cvtColor(image, cv2.COLOR_BGR2RGB)
resized_image = cv2.resize(image, (224,224))
print(type(resized_image))
prediction = model_predict.predict(resized_image[None,:])
```

```
<class 'numpy.ndarray'>
```

```
prediction
```

```
array([[0.01233012, 0.07350295, 0.20452142, 0.08081158, 0.6288339 ]],
      dtype=float32)
```

```
label_dict={
    0: "hamster",
    1: "mouse",
    2: "rabbit",
    3: "shrew",
    4: "squirrel"
}
```

```
label_dict[prediction.argmax()]
```

```
'squirrel'
```

```
print(classification_report(labels_train, label_train_predictions))
```

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
0	0.80	0.97	0.88	97
1	0.90	0.77	0.83	111
2	0.72	0.98	0.83	85
3	0.88	0.74	0.80	89
4	0.92	0.69	0.79	86
accuracy			0.83	468
macro avg	0.84	0.83	0.83	468
weighted avg	0.85	0.83	0.83	468

```
print(classification_report(labels_test, label_test_predictions))
```

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
0	0.76	0.76	0.76	17
1	0.88	0.75	0.81	20
2	0.79	1.00	0.88	15
3	0.75	0.75	0.75	16
4	0.71	0.67	0.69	15
accuracy			0.78	83
macro avg	0.78	0.79	0.78	83
weighted avg	0.79	0.78	0.78	83



05 Conclusiones

iiiGRACIAS!!!

