Name: Nguyen Khanh Toan

Student ID: 104180605

Lab 5.1-6.2

Lab 5.1:

```
1 <!DOCTYPE html>
2 <html lang = "en">
3 <head>
4      <meta charset = "utf-8" />
5      <meta name = "descriptio content =</pre>
   "Data Visualisatio" />
6 n" <meta name = "keyword content = "HTML,CSS,D />
7 <meta name = "kayword content = "HTML,CSS,D />
content = "Toan Nguye />
                                       n"
10
12 </head> s"
13
14 <body>
15 <h1> The D3 Journey Start Here </h1>
    <button id="update">Update</putton>
16
17
     <br>
18 <script src="scripts.j ></script
                s" >
19
    <br>
20
21
     <bf>
    <footer style = "color:grey">
22
   COS30045 Data Visualisatio <br>
23 n Toan Nguye </footer>
24 n/body>
25
26 </html>
```

Fig 1: 5.1 HTML code

```
var h = 100;
 4
          // padding = 3
         var dataset = [14,5,26,23,9,12,28,22,16,21,25];
 8
10
          \ensuremath{//\mathrm{xScale}} and \ensuremath{\mathrm{yScale}} are for scaling the value of dataset to match wit
11
12
          //the xScale in width for categorical values
13
         var xScale = d3.scaleBand()
14
              .domain(d3.range(dataset.length))
15
               .rangeRoun ([0,w])
              .paddingInne (0.05);
16
17
        //the yScale in height for numerical value
sar yScale = d3.scaleLinear()
   .domain([0,d3.max(dataset, function (d){
18
19
20
21
                   return d;
22
23 })])
24
              .rangeRoun ([ h , 0]);
25
26
          // Selecting the body to draw the char
27
          tar svg1 = d3.select("body")
28
                       append("svg")
29 .
30 .
                         attr("height",h)
attr("width", w);
31 .
         // Draw the bar chart with xScale width and yScale heigh
$vg1.selectAll("rect")
32
33
34
             .data(dataset)
35
              .append("rect")
.attr("x", function(d,i) {
    return xScale(i);
36
37
38
39
              .attr("y", function(d,i) {
    return yScale(d);
40 })
41
              .attr("width",xScale.bandwidth())
.attr("height", function(d,i){
   return h-yScale(d);
43 })
44
46
47 })
48
              .attr("fill", function(d){
   return "rgb(0,0, " + Math.round(d*10) + ")";
50
51
52
              // Set the random value for update butto
              d3.select("#update")
.on("click", function(){
53
54
55
56
57
58
59
60
                 alert("Button clicke );
                  var numValues = dataset.length;
                   var maxValues = 25;
                 dataset = [];
                   for (var i = 0 ; i < numValues; i++) {</pre>
61
62
                        var newNumber = Math.floor(Math.random() * maxValues);
                       dataset.push(newNumber);
63
64 }
65
66
                 // Update the bars with new dat
                   avg1.selectAll("rect")
                    data(dataset)
                    attr("y", function(d,i) {
67 .
68 .
                             return yScale(d);
69
70 })
                   attr("height", function(d,i){
71 .
                       return h-yScale(d);
72
73 })
                    attr("fill", function(d){
74 .
                       return "rgb(0,0, " + Math.round(d*10) + ")";
75
76 });
77
              });
```

Fig 2: 5.2 JS code

Lab 5.2:

```
1 <!DOCTYPE html>
   2 <html lang = "en">
  3 <head>
                  <meta charset = "utf-8" />
                   <meta name = "descriptio content = "Data Visualisatio />
<meta name = nkeyword content = name =
   5
    6
   7
   8
                                                                                                                               n"
9 <title> Task 5.2 Drawing with dat </title>
10 a
11 <script src = "https://d3js.org/d3.v7.min.j ></script
12 </head> s"
13
14 <body>
15 <h1> The D3 Journey Start Here </h1>
<optionevalue="easeLinea" >Linear</option>
18
19
                                   <option value=PeaseExp">Ease Exp</option>
                             <option value="easeElasti >Elastic
20
21
                                      <option value=ceaseBounc >Bounce</option>
                  <option '
 </select>
 <br> <br> <br/> <br/> 
22
23
24
                       <script src="scripts.j ></script</pre>
                                                        s" >
25
                     <br>
26
27
28
                         <footer style = "color:grey"> COS30045 Data Visualisatio <br>
                       Toan Nguye </footer>
29
30 n/body>
31
32 </html>
```

Fig 3: 5.2 HTML code

```
. . .
           var w = 500;
var h = 100;
// padding = 3
             var dataset = [14,5,26,23,9,12,28,22,16,21,25];
             //xScale and yScale are for scaling the value of dataset to match wit
11
             n
//the xScale in width for categorical values
var xScale = d3.scaleBand()
.domain(d3.range(dataset.length))
.rangeRoun ([0, w])
.daddingInne (0.05);
12 / 13 va 14 15 16 17 18 // 19 va 20 21 22 24 25 26 // 27 va 28 29 30 30 31 2 // 33 $v 33 $v 33 $v 33 34 35 36 37
            .rangeRoun ([ h , 0]);
             // Selecting the body to draw the char
             tar svg1 = d3.select("body")
append("svg")
attr("height",h)
                                   attr("width", w);
            // Draw the bar chart with xScale width and yScale heigh
tvg1.selectAll("rect")
                .data(dataset)
.enter()
.append("rect")
.attr("x", function(d,i) {
    return xScale(i);
38 return xScale(i);
39
40 }) .attr("y", function(d,i) {
41
                                  return yScale(d);
                    .attr("width",xScale.bandwidth())
.attr("height", function(d,i){
   return h-yScale(d);
43 })
44
45
                    .attr("fill", function(d){
   return "rgb(0,0, " + Math.round(d*10) + ")";
48 49 49 55 60 51 52 53 554 555 66 60 61 62 66 66 67 68 69 70 71 72 73 74
                    });
                   // Set the random value for update butto
d3.select("#update")
.on("click", function(){
   alert("Button clicke );
                         var transitionTyp = document.getElementByI ('transitionTyp ).value;
var eumValues = dataset.lengthd e'
var maxValues = 25;
                        dataset = [];
                         for (var i = 0 ; i < numValues; i++) {
   var newNumber = Math.floor(Math.random() * maxValues);</pre>
                                  dataset.push(newNumber);
                          // Update the bars with new dat
avg1.selectAll("rect")
data(dataset)
                             transitio ()
                             duration(1000)
                           delay(function(d,i){
  return i/dataset.length*100;
  // return i*10
74
75
76 })
77
78
79
80
81
                           // .ease(d3.easeCubicInOu
                           t) .ease(d3.EaseCircleI
                           n) .ease(d3.easeCircleOu
t) .ease(d3.easeElasticOu
t) .ease(d3.easeBounc
82

#
    .ease(d3.easeLinea

83
84
85 .
                            r)
attr("y", function(d,i) {
    return yScale(d);
87 })
88 .
                       attr("height", function(d,i){
    return h-yScale(d);
89
90 })
91 .
92
                         attr("fill", function(d){
  return "rgb(0,0, " + Math.round(d*10) + ")";
93 })
94 .
95
                            ease(d3[transitionTyp ]);
```

Fig 4: 5.2 JS code

Lab 5.3:

```
1 <!DOCTYPE html>
2 <html lang = "en">
  3 <head> 4 <met
12 </head>
  15
16
18
19
21
22
23
24
25
26
27
28
29
   <br>
   <script src="scripts.j ></script</pre>
   30
31
   Toan Nguye </footer>
33 n/body>
34
35 </html>
```

Fig 5: 5.3 HTML code

```
. . .
var dataset = [14,5,26,23,9,12,28,22,16,21,25];
                                                        //\mathrm{xScale} and yScale are for scaling the value of dataset to match wit
                                                    h
//the xScale in width for categorical values
var xScale = d3.scaleBand()
.domain(d3.range(dataset.length))
.rangeRoum (f0,w1)
.daddingInne (0.05);
                                                      //the yScale in height for numerical value war yScale = d3.scaletinear()
.domain([0,d3.max(dataset, function (d)( return d;
                             ))))
.rangeRoun ([ h , 0]);
d
// selecting the body to draw the char
tar svgl = d3.select("body")
append("rvg")
. attr("neight", n)
. attr("width", w);
                                                      // Draw the bar chart with xscale width and yscale heigh
tyg1.edoctAll("net")
.data(dataset)
.enter()
.append("ret")
.attr("x", function(d,i) {
    return ascale(1);
                                                                     .attr("fill", function(d){
    return "rgb(0,0, " + Math.round(d*10) + ")";
                                                                           // Set the random value for update butto
dl.select("Mupdate")
.on("click", function(){
    alert("untron click");
    var traffsition()p = document.gotElementByI ('transitionTyp ).value;
    var numAvalues = dataset.length
    var naxValues = 2dataset.length
    var naxValues = 1;
    for (var i = 0 ; i < numValues; i++) {
        var numNumber = Akth.floor(Muth.random() * maxValues);
        dataset.push(newNumber);
                                                                                                       // Update the bars with new dat avgi.selectAll("rect") dala(datawel) transitio () duration(1888) delay(function(d,i){ return i/datawet.length*180; // return i*10
                                                                                            attr("y", function(d,i) {
    return yScale(d);
                                                                                      attr("height", function(d,i){
   return h-yScale(d);
                                                                                            attr("fill", function(d){
   return "rgb(0,0, " + Math.round(d*10) + ")";
                                                                       ease(d3[transitionTyp ]);
});
e
                                                                                    d3.select("madd")
on("click", function(){
    // alert("autton Add clicke
    d");
    var maxValues = 25;
    var newNumber = Math.floor(Math.random() * maxValues);
    dataset_ous/fnewNumber);
    xScale_domain(d3.range(ddtaset_length));
                                                                                                               var bars = svg1.selectAll('rect')
    data(dataset);
                                                                                                   data(dataset);
bars.enter()
append("rect")
attr", unetton(d,1){
    return h-yscale(d);

enterpoly // Merge the enter selection with the existing har
transitio ();
duration(S00)
attr("x", function(d,1){
    return yscale(d);
attr("y", entertion(d,1){
    return yscale(d);
attr("indiff, xscale.bandwidth())
all("inelght", function(d){
    return yscale(d);
attr("failt", func
                                                                                                                                                       attr("fill", function(d){
  return "rgb(0,0, " + Math.round(d*10) + ")";
                                                                                                d3.select("fremove")
on("click", function(){
// alort("Bullon Remove clicke
d3spect.scire();
selection and selecti
                                                                                                bars.transitio ()
   duration(500)
   attr('x',function(d,1){
      return xScale(i)
                                                                                                                                             attr("width", xScale.bandwidth())
```

Fig 6: 5.3 JS code

Lab 6.1:

```
1 <!DOCTYPE html>
2 <html lang = "en">
3 <head>
    <meta charset = "utf-8" />
     <meta name = "descriptio content = "Data Visualisatio />
    6
8
    <title> Task 6.1 Drawing with dat </title>
13
14 <body>
15
   <h1> The D3 Journey Start Here </h1>
    <button id="update">Update</button>
<select id="transitionTyp">
16
17
       <optionevalue="easeLinea" >Linear</option>
18
19
        <option value="easeExp">Ease Exp</option>
       <option value="easeElasti >Elastic</option>
20
21
         <option value=teaseBounc >Bounce</option>
   </select> e"
<button id="add">Add</button>
22
23
24
   <button id="remove">Remove</button>
   <br>
25
     <script src="scripts.j ></script</pre>
26
27
28
29
   <br>
     <bf>
30
      <footer style = "color:grey"> COS30045 Data Visualisatio <br>
31
    Toan Nguye </footer> n
32
33 n/body>
34
35 </html>
```

Fig 7: 6.1 HTML code

```
//decise and yellow are for scaling the value of dataset to match with

not active to width for comparison values

- decision of acceptance of the comparison values

- decision of acceptance of the comparison o
                                                                   on ("mossour", function(cont., 2)] the control of 
                                                                                                                                                                                      // Set the randow value for update auto
posteric/Twoders
// Set/Twoders
// Set/Tw
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   attr("fill", function(d){
    return "rgb(0,0," + Math.round(d*10) + ")";
                                                                                                                                                                                                                               doi:(distance,)
bus_variety
production or
production or
production or
production or
production
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  attr("fill", function(d)(
return "rgo(0,0, " + Math.round(d*10) + ")";
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           // No Select the bark to alian mome howerin
gors = regularizectali/(rest)
out(misses)
out missesser; henciam/event.#){
    trenclaim()
    incertim(n)
    incertim(n)

                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        on("mouses _function(){
    #3.velect(filis)
    trending ()
    trending ()
    direction(A)#)
    attr("#17", feartire(d){
        return "egh(0,6," + Nath.round(d*10) + ")";
    }
```

Lab 6.2:

```
1 <!DOCTYPE html>
    2 <html lang = "en">
   3 <head>
                                    <meta charset = "utf-8" />
                              <title> Task 6.1 Drawing with dat </title>
                               11
 12 </head>
 13
                      <hd><body>
  <h1> The D3 Journey Start Here </h1>
  <button id="update">Update</button>
  <select id="transitionTyp">
      <optionevalue="easeLinea">Linear</option>
      <option value="easeExp">Ease Exp</option>
      <option value="easeElasti">Elastic</option>
      <option value="ëaseBounc">Bounce</option>
      </elect>
      </elect>

 15
 16
 17
20
21
22
                         <option value=teaseBounc >Bounce
</select> e"
<button id="add">Add</button>
<button id="remove">Remove</button>
<button id="sortAsc">Sort ASC</button>
<button id="sortDsc">Sort DSC</button>
<button id="sortDsc">Sort DSC</button>
<button>

 24
 25
26
27
  28
                               <script src="scripts.j ></script</pre>
 29
  30
 31
                                cfooter style = "color:grey"> COS30045 Data Visualisatio <br>
Toan Nguye </footer> n
 33
 34
 35 n/body>
  37 </html>
```

Fig 9: 6.2 HTML code

```
var w = 500;
var h = 100;
// padding = 3
                    var dataset = [14,5,26,23,9,12,28,22,16,21,25];
//xScale and yScale are for scaling the value of dataset to match wit
                       //the xScale in width for categorical values
                    var xScale = d3.scaleBand()
    .domain(d3.range(dataset.length))
    .rangeRoun ([0,w])
    .daddingInne (0.05);
                     d

// Selecting the body to draw the char
tar svg1 = d3.select("body")
append("svg")
attr("height", h)
attr("width", w);
                  // Draw the bar chart with xScale width and yScale heigh
                    t
svgi.selectAll("rect")
.data(dataset)
.enter()
.append("rect")
.attr("x", function(d,i) {
    return xScale(i);
                       .attr("y", function(d,i) {
    return yScale(d);
                          .attr("width",xScale.bandwidth())
.attr("height", function(d,i){
    return h-yScale(d);
                           .attr("fill", function(d){
    return "rgb(0,0, " + Math.round(d*10) + ")";
                           .on("mouseover", function(event, d){
    d3.eslect(Chis)
    transitio ()
    duration(28)
    attr("fill", "orange")
    var ybos = parseFioa (d3.select(this).attr("x")) + xScale.bandwidth()/3 ;
    var ybos = parseFioa (d3.select(this).attr("y")) + 15;
    sygl.append("text")
    attr("id", "coolip")
    attr("id", "coolip")
    attr("id", "pos)
    text(d);
                           .on("mouseou ,function(){
    d3.select(this)
    transitio ()
    duration(250)
    attr("fill", function(d){
        return "rgb(0,0, " + Math.round(d*10) + ")";
                           d3.select("#toolti ).remove();
                            // Set the random value for update butto
d3.select("mupdate")
.on("click", function(){
    // alert("Button clicke
    d3);transitionTyp = document.getElementByI ("transitionTyp ).value;
    d    e'    e'
                                    e unwalues = dataset.length;
var maxValues = 25;
dataset = [];
for (var i = 0; i < numValues; i++) {
var newNumber = Math.floor(Math.random() * maxValues);
dataset.push(newNumber);
                                    // Update the bars with new dat
avg1.selectAll("rect")
data(dataset)
transitio ()
duration(400)
delay(function(d,i){
   return i/dataset.length*100;
   // return i*10
   0
                                     attr("y", function(d,i) {
    return yScale(d);
                                     attr("height", function(d,i){
   return h-yScale(d);
                                      attr("fill", function(d){
    return "rgb(0,0, " + Math.round(d*10) + ")";
```

Fig 10: 6.2 JS code part 1

```
• • •
d3.solect("#add")
on("click", function(){
    // alert("Witton Add clicke
    d");
    var maxValues = 25;
    var newNumber = Nath.floor(Math.random() * maxValues);
    dataset.psi(newNumber);
    xScale.domain(d3.nange(dataset.length));
                                                                  var bars = svg1.selectAll('rect')
    data(dataset);
                                                             bars.enter()
append("rect")
attr("x", w) //Start of transitio
attr("y", function(d,i)\u00e9
return h-yScale(d);
                                                                  merge(bars) // Merge the enter selection with the existing bar
transitio ()s
duration(500)
attr("x", function(d,i){
    return xScale(i);
                                                            attr('y', function(d,i){
    return yScale(d);
attr('width', xScale.bandwidth())
attr('height', function(d){
    return h - yScale(d);
                                                                 // Re-Select the bars to allow mouse hoverin
Bars = swgl.selectAll('rect')
data(dataset)
on("mouseover", function(event,d){
    d3.select(this)
    transitio ()
    duration(20)
    attr("fill", orange")
var xPox = parseFlow (d3.select(this).attr("x")) + xScale.bandwidth()/3 ;
var yPox = parseFlow (d3.select(this).attr("y")) + 15;
    svgl.append("text")
    attr("id", "tooltip")
    attr("id", xPox)
    attr("y", xPox)
    text(d);
                                                                         on("mouseou ,function()(
@3.select(this)
transitio ()
duration(259)
attr("fill", function(d)(
return "rgb(0,0, " + Math.round(d*10) + ")";
                                                                                       transitio ()
delay(3000)
duration(500)
d3.select("Wtoolti ).remove();
p"
                                                     p"

console.log(dataset);
d3.select("#remove")
on("click", function(){
// alert("dutton Remove clicke
ddpset.shift();
xScale.domain(d3.range(dataset.length))
var bars = svgl.selectAll('rect')
dsta(dataset);
console.log(dataset);
bars.sxt()
transitio ()
duration(500)
attr("x",w)
removu();
bars.transitio ()
duration(500)
attr("x",surction(d,1){
return xScale(i)

attr("vddth".xScale.bandwidth());

attr("vddth".xScale.bandwidth());
                                                                              attr("width", xScale.bandwidth());
                                            d3.select('#sortAs )
on("clickE; function(){
                                                        var sortBars = function(){
   svg1.selectAll('rect')
   sort(function(a,b){
     return d3.ascending(a,b);
}
                                                                transitio ()
duration(500)
attr("x", function(d,i){
   return xScale(i);
                                                      d3.select('#sortDs )
on("clicet; function(){
    var sortBars = function(){
    septimeter(a,b){
        return d3.descendin (a,b);
        fer transitio ()
        duration(c00)
    attr("x, function(d,i){
        return x5cale(1);
    }
}
                                                                   sortBars();
```

Fig 11: 6.2 JS code part 2