COS30045: Task from week 1 to week 3

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Task 1.1

Title of Article about Interesting Visualisation

Author of Interesting Article

A report from Animal Medicines Australia (AMA) has found that many Australians took the opportunity to introduce a pet into their household during the pandemic. Their survey indicated that there was a significant increase in the percent of households taking in a new dog, fish or bird. Their research also indicated that pets had a number of positive influences on their lives such as:

- companionship
 better mental health
 joy and happiness.

Pet type	Household penetration (%)		Total owner households ('000)		Animals per household (average)		Total pets ('000)	
	2019	2021	2019	2021	2019	2021	2019	2021
Dogs	40	47 ▲	3,848.2	4,644.6	1.3	1.4	5,104.7	6,344.3
Cats	27	30	2,602.4	3,030.7	1.4	1.6	3,766.6	4,903.3
Fish	11	13 🛊	1,056.8	1,314.5	10.7	8.5	11,331.7	11,186.5
Birds	9	14 🛊	867.9	1,384.0	6.4	3.9	5,569.4	5,448.4
Small mammals	3	5	257.8	498.9	2.4	3.0	614.5	1,502.0
Reptiles	2	4	194.5	426.4	1.9	1.6	364.2	663.4
Other pets	2	1	194.8	118.6	9.2	3.4	1,785.3	401.2
Pet Owners		69 ≱	5.9 m	6.8 m			28.5 m	30.4 m
Non-Owners		31 🕴						

Fig 1.Comparison of Pet Ownership in 2019. Data source: Animal Medicines Australia Report

With the increase in pet ownership the AMA are encouraging policy makers to consider the needs of companion animals and their owners when considering rental, strata and body corporate regulations are well as accepting animals in public places and transport.

COS30045 Data Visualisation Toan Nguyen

Fig 1: Task 1.1 Output

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
   <html lang="en">
 4 <head>
       <meta charset="UTF-8"/>
        <meta name="description"</pre>
                                   content="Data Visualisation Exercise 1"/>
        <meta name="keywords"</pre>
                                  content="HTML, CSS"/>
content="Your name here"/>
        <meta name="author"
        <title>Task 1.1 HTML and CSS Demo Page</title>
10
        <!--Insert description of exercise -->
11
12
13
        <style>
           .task1 {
               width: 50%:
15
16
                height: auto;
17
                display: block;
                margin-left: auto:
18
                margin-right: auto;
20
21
           .task1 img{
                width: 100%;
23
                height: auto;
25
        </style>
26
28
29 <body>
30
        <h1>Title of Article about Interesting Visualisation</h1>
31
        <h2>Author of Interesting Article</h2>
33
34
35
           A report from Animal Medicines Australia (AMA) has found that many Australians took
   the
            opportunity to introduce a pet into their household during the pandemic. Their surve
   y indicated that
37
           there was a significant increase in the percent of households taking in a new dog, f
38
          Their research also indicated that pets had a number of positive influences on their
   lives such as:
39
        40
         companionship
42
           better mental health
43
44
           joy and happiness.
       45
46
47
48
        <br>
49
50
        <div class = task1>
51
        <figure>
           <img src="pet_ownership_in_australia_table.png">
<figcaption>Fig 1.Comparison of Pet Ownership in 2019. Data source: <a href=</pre>
53
    "https://animalmedicinesaustralia.org.au/wp-content/uploads/2021/08/AMAU005-PATP-Report21_v
    1.41 WEB.pdf"
    >Animal Medicines Australia Report</a></figcaption>
55
       </figure>
56
57
        </div>
58
           With the increase in pet ownership the AMA are encouraging policy makers to consider
60
           the needs of companion animals and their owners when considering rental, strata and
61
62
           regulations are well as accepting animals in public places and transport.
64
        <footer style = "color:grey"> COS30045 Data Visualisation<br>Toan Nguyen</footer>
65
67 </body>
   </html>
```

Fig 2: Task 1.1 HTML code

Task 1.2

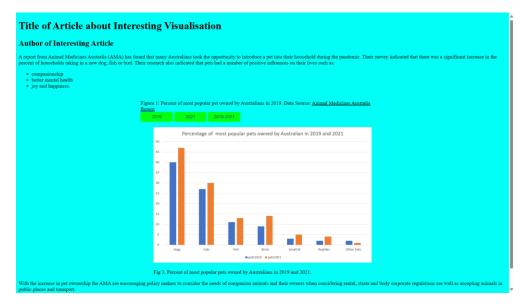


Fig 3: Task 1.2 Output

```
1 clDOCTYPE html>
2 chtml lang="en">
3 chead>
5 cmeta charset="UTF-8"/>
6 cmeta name="description" content="Data Visualisation Exercise 1"/>
7 cmeta name="keywords" content="HTML, CSS"/>
8 cmeta name="suthen" content="Your name here"/>
9 clink rel="stylesheet" href="styles.css"/>
10 ctite>Task 1.1 HTML and CSS Demo Page(fitle)>
11 c!-Insert description of exercise -->
12 cscript src="1.2.js"></script>
13 cstyle>
18
19 <body>
20
21 <h1:
22 <h2:
23
24 
23 24 25 A report from Animal Medicines Australia (AMA) has found that many Australians took the
26 opportunity to introduce a pet into their them.
the

opportunity to introduce a pet into their household during the pandemic. Their surve y indicated that

there was a significant increase in the percent of households taking in a new dog, f ish or bird.

Their research also indicated that pets had a number of positive influences on their lives such as:

    companionship
    distributer mental health
    disjoy and happiness.

      43
        55
56
57
58
59
60
61
62
63
64
65
             </div>
             <div>
             </div>

with the increase in pet ownership the AMA are encouraging policy makers to consider
the needs of companion animals and their owners when considering rental, strata and
body corporate
regulations are well as accepting animals in public places and transport.

(n)

             <footer style = "color:grey"> COS30045 Data Visualisation<br/>br>Toan Nguyen</footer>
```

Fig 4: Task 1.2 HTML code

```
1 function year2019() {
       document.getElementById('theimg').src = '1.2-2019.png';
       document.getElementById('figcap').innerHTML =
   "Fig 1. Percent of most popular pets owned by Australians in 2019."
 4 }
6 function year2021() {
       document.getElementById('theimg').src = '1.2-2021.png';
       document.getElementById('figcap').innerHTML =
   "Fig 2. Percent of most popular pets owned by Australians in 2021."
9 }
10
11 function bothyear() {
     document.getElementById('theimg').src = '1.2-2019-2021.png';
13
       document.getElementById('figcap').innerHTML =
   "Fig 3. Percent of most popular pets owned by Australians in 2019 and 2021."
14 }
```

Fig 5: Task 1.2 JS code

Task 1.3

Drawing Shapes with SVG



Fig 6: Task 1.3 Output

```
1 <!DOCTYPE html>
2 <html lang = "en">
     <meta charset = "utf-8" />
     8
9
     <title> Task 1.3 Drawing with data</title>
10 </head>
11
12 <body>
13
     <h1> Drawing Shapes with SVG </h1>
14
15 <svg width = "500" height = "50">
    <circle cx = "25", cy = "25", r = "25", fill = "cornflowerblue"/>
16
         <rect x ="50", y ="50", width = "20", height = "30", fill = "orange"/>
17
18
   </svg>
19
20
     <br>
21
22
     <footer style = "color:grey"> COS30045 Data Visualisation<br>
23
     Toan Nguyen</footer>
24 </body>
25
26 </html>
```

Fig 7: Task 1.3 HTML code

Task 2.1

The D3 Journey Start Here

Warning: Toan played games 14 times a day. Please take a rest!

Toan played games 5 times a day.

Warning: Toan played games 26 times a day. Please take a rest!

Warning: Toan played games 23 times a day. Please take a rest!

Toan played games 9 times a day.

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Fig 8: Task 2.1 Output

```
1 <!DOCTYPE html>
 2 <html lang = "en">
        <meta charset = "utf-8" />
 4
       <meta name = "description" content = "Data Visualisation"/>
<meta name = "keywords" content = "HTML,CSS,D3" />
 6
       <meta name = "author"</pre>
                                      content = "Toan Nguyen" />
 8
 9
        <title> Task 2.1 D3 Data Binding</title>
10
11
        <script src = "https://d3js.org/d3.v7.min.js" ></script>
12 </head>
13
14 <body>
15
        <h1> The D3 Journey Start Here </h1>
16
17
            var dataset = [14,5,26,23,9]
18
19
            {\tt d3.select("body").selectAll("p")} \ // {\tt Select} \ {\tt all} \ {\tt paragraphs} \ "p" \ {\tt in} \ {\tt the} \ {\tt body} \ {\tt element}
20
21
                 .data(dataset)
                                          //This count the elements in the dataset
                                           // Create a placeholder for each element in the dataset
22
                 .enter()
23
                 .append("p")
                                           // Append "p" to each place holder of the dataset
24
                 .text(function(d,t){
25
                     var warning = "";
                     var advise = "";
26
27
                     if (d > 10)
28
                     {
29
                          warning = "Warning: ";
                          advise = " Please take a rest!";
30
31
                     }
32
                     return warning + "Toan played games " +d+ " times a day." +advise
    //Anonymous function that takes value from the dataset as inputs and loop through each value
33
               });
34
        </script>
35
36
37
38
        <footer style = "color:grey"> COS30045 Data Visualisation<br>
39
        Toan Nguyen</footer>
40 </body>
41
42 </html>
```

Fig 9: Task 2.1 HTML code

Task 2.2

The D3 Journey Start Here COS30045 Data Visualisation Toan Nguyen

Fig 10: Task 2.2 Output

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
   <html lang = "en">
   <head>
     <title> Task 2.2 Drawing with data</title>
10
      <script src = "https://d3js.org/d3.v7.min.js" ></script>
12 </head>
13
14 <body>
      <h1> The D3 Journey Start Here </h1>
16
17
      <script>
18
        var w = 500;
         var h = 100;
20
21
         var dataset = [14,5,26,23,9,12,28,22,16,21,25]
        var svg = d3.select("body")
                                       //Select the body of the document
24
25
26
                   //select all rectangles
//count and prepare dataset
28
29
30
       svg.selectAll("rect")
         .data(dataset)
.enter()
                                       //create the space holder for the dataset
          32
33
34
36
37
38
            40
41
             .attr("fill", function(d){
   return "rgb(0,0, " + Math.round(d*10) + ")";
42
44
45
46
     </script>
48
49
      <footer style = "color:grey"> COS30045 Data Visualisation<br>
50
      Toan Nguyen</footer>
52 </body>
53
54 </html>
```

Fig 11: Task 2.2 HTML code

The D3 Journey Start Here 24,13,5 96,10,5 154,13,7 94,53,1 165,51,2 142,95,3 COS30045 Data Visualisation Toan Nguyen Toan Nguyen

Fig 12: Task 2.3 Output

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
     <html lang = "en">
        weta charset = "utf-8" />
cmeta charset = "utf-8" />
cmeta name = "description"
cmeta name = "keywords"
content = "HTML,CSS,D3" />
content = "Toan Nguyen" />
3 <head>
         <title> Task 2.2 Drawing with data</title>
11
         <script src = "https://d3js.org/d3.v7.min.js" ></script>
12 </head>
14 <body>
15
         <h1> The D3 Journey Start Here </h1>
17
         <script>
            var w = 500;
var h = 100;
18
20
21
              var dataset = [
                 [142,95,3],
22
23
24
                   [262,33,4],
                   [94,53,1],
25
26
27
                   [282,43,2],
                   [165,51,2],
                   [96,10,5],
28
29
30
31
32
33
34
35
36
37
38
                   [304,23,4],
                   [154,13,7],
                   [321,93,5],
                   [235,73,2]
             var svg = d3.select("body")
                                                           //Select the body of the document
                             .append("svg")
                                                           //append the svg to the the element "body"
                              .attr("height",h)
                                                            //svg's height
                              .attr("width", w);
                                                           //svg's width
39
40
41
           svg.selectAll("circle")
                                                              //select all rectangles
                                                           //count and prepare dataset
//create the space holder for the dataset
                .data(dataset)
                   .enter()
43
44
                   .append("circle")
                  .attr("cx", function(d,i) {
    return d[0];
})
45
46
47
48
                  .attr("cy", function(d) {
    return d[1];
})
                  .attr("r", function(d) {
    return d[2]*2;
})
49
50
51
52
53
54
55
56
57
                   .attr("fill", "slategray");
                   ;
            svg.selectAll("text")
               .data(dataset)
   .enter()
   .append("text")
58
59
60
61
62
63
64
65
66
67
68
69
70
71
                 return d[0] + "," + d[1] +","+ d[2];
})
                  .text(function(d){
                   .attr("x", function(d){
                  return d[0]+5;
})
                   .attr("y", function(d) {
    return d[1]+2;
});
         </script>
73
74
75
76
          <footer style = "color:grey"> COS30045 Data Visualisation<br>
77
          Toan Nguyen</footer>
78 </body>
80 </html>
```

Fig 12: Task 2.3 HTML code

Task 2.4

The D3 Journey Start Here

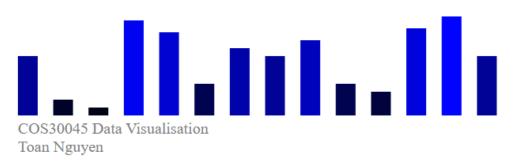


Fig 13: Task 2.4 Output

```
1 <!DOCTYPE html>
2 <html lang = "en">
3 <head>
      <meta charset = "utf-8" />
      <meta name = "description" content = "Data Visualisation"/>
<meta name = "keywords" content = "HTML,CSS,D3" />
<meta name = "author" content = "Toan Nguyen" />
 6
9
       <title> Task 2.4 Drawing with data</title>
10
11
       <script src = "https://d3js.org/d3.v7.min.js" ></script>
12
13 </head>
14
15 <body>
16 <h1> The D3 Journey Start Here </h1>
17
18
       <script src="2.4_script.js"></script>
19
20
       <br>
21
       <footer style = "color:grey"> COS30045 Data Visualisation<br>
22
23
       Toan Nguyen</footer>
24 </body>
25
26 </html>
```

Fig 14: Task 2.4 HTML code

```
• • •
1
2 var w = 500;
3 var h = 100;
5 var svg = d3.select("body")
                                        //Select the body of the document
           .append("svg")
6
                                    //append the svg to the the element "body"
                                    //svg's height
            .attr("height",h)
7
                                    //svg's width
            .attr("width", w);
9
10 d3.csv("2.4_data.csv").then(function(data) {
11
       console.log(data);
12
        wombatSightings = data;
13
       barChart(wombatSightings);
14 });
15
16 function barChart(dataset){
17
       // data(dataset)
                                          //count and prepare dataset
18
        svg.selectAll("rect")
                                             //select all rectangles
                                         //count and prepare dataset
19
        .data(dataset)
20
       .enter()
                                         //create the space holder for the dataset
21
       .append("rect")
        .attr("x", function(d,i) {
return i *(w / dataset.length);
22
23
24
       })
       .attr("y", function(d) {
return (h - d.wombats*4)})
25
26
        .attr("width", 20)
27
28
        .attr("height", function(d){
29
        return d.wombats*4;
30
        })
31
        .attr("fill", function(d){
32
        return "rgb(0,3, " + Math.round(d.wombats*10) + ")";
33
        });
34 }
35
36
                                                                                                                 10
```

Fig 15: Task 2.4 JS code