Experiment 4

	A/A Expessiment 4A Kaleana Shah
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	Aim: To implement insesstion in Red Black Triee
	Theory:
	Red Black Tree is a type of balanced binary search tree that
	use a specific set of sules to ensure that the tree is alway
0	balanced
-	This balance quanantees that the time complexity for operation
	such as insention, deletion & searching is always o(logn),
	suggested less of the initial shape of thee
	Red Black thees are self balancing, means that the three adjus
	itself automatically after each insertion/deletion operation
1.2	Paroposities:
	(1) Root is black
	(2) Eveny leaf is black in RB thee
- 4	(3) The child of a sted node aske black
	(4) All leaves have same black depth
	(5) Every path from 2100+ to descendant leaf contains same no. of
1	black nodes
	(6) self balancing
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	Insertion in Red Black Tole
-	(1) Postasim standarid BST insertion & make the color of newly
	insented node as RED
	2) If x is stoot, change colose of x as BLACK
	(3) If a unde is RED
	change colori of parient & uncle as BLACK

	change colosi of genandparient as RED
	Change x = x's psiandpasient
	If x's uncle is BLACK,
	periforim apprioperiate riotations
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from queue import Queue
class COLOR:
        RED = 'RED'
        BLACK = 'BLACK'
class Node:
        def __init__(self, val):
                self.val = val
                self.color = COLOR.RED
                self.left = None
                self.right = None
                self.parent = None
        def uncle(self):
                if self.parent is None or self.parent.parent is None:
                        return None
                if self.parent.isOnLeft():
                        return self.parent.parent.right
                else:
                        return self.parent.parent.left
        def isOnLeft(self):
                return self == self.parent.left
        def sibling(self):
                if self.parent is None:
                        return None
                if self.isOnLeft():
                        return self.parent.right
                else:
                        return self.parent.left
        def moveDown(self, new_parent):
                if self.parent is not None:
                        if self.isOnLeft():
                                 self.parent.left = new_parent
                        else:
                                 self.parent.right = new_parent
                new_parent.parent = self.parent
                self.parent = new_parent
```

def hasRedChild(self):

return (self.left is not None and self.left.color == COLOR.RED) or \ (self.right is not None and self.right.color == COLOR.RED)

```
class RBTree:
       def init (self):
                self.root = None
        def leftRotate(self, x):
                new parent = x.right
                if x == self.root:
                       self.root = new parent
                x.moveDown(new_parent)
                x.right = new_parent.left
                if new_parent.left is not None:
                        new parent.left.parent = x
                new_parent.left = x
        def rightRotate(self, x):
                new_parent = x.left
                if x == self.root:
                       self.root = new parent
                x.moveDown(new_parent)
                x.left = new_parent.right
                if new_parent.right is not None:
                       new parent.right.parent = x
                new parent.right = x
        def swapColors(self, x1, x2):
                temp = x1.color
                x1.color = x2.color
                x2.color = temp
        def swapValues(self, u, v):
                temp = u.val
                u.val = v.val
                v.val = temp
        def fixRedRed(self, x):
                if x == self.root:
                       x.color = COLOR.BLACK
                       return
                parent = x.parent
                grandparent = parent.parent
                uncle = x.uncle()
                if parent.color != COLOR.BLACK:
                       if uncle is not None and uncle.color == COLOR.RED:
                                parent.color = COLOR.BLACK
                                uncle.color = COLOR.BLACK
                                grandparent.color = COLOR.RED
                                self.fixRedRed(grandparent)
                        else:
```

```
if parent.isOnLeft():
                                  if x.isOnLeft():
                                           self.swapColors(parent, grandparent)
                                   else:
                                           self.leftRotate(parent)
                                           self.swapColors(x, grandparent)
                                   self.rightRotate(grandparent)
                          else:
                                  if x.isOnLeft():
                                           self.rightRotate(parent)
                                           self.swapColors(x, grandparent)
                                   else:
                                           self.swapColors(parent, grandparent)
                                   self.leftRotate(grandparent)
def BSTreplace(self, x):
        if x.left is not None and x.right is not None:
                 return self.successor(x.right)
        if x.left is None and x.right is None:
                 return None
        if x.left is not None:
                 return x.left
        else:
                 return x.right
def levelOrder(self, x):
        if x is None:
                 return
        q = Queue()
        q.put(x)
        while not q.empty():
                 curr = q.get()
                 print(curr.val, end=" ")
                 if curr.left is not None:
                          q.put(curr.left)
                 if curr.right is not None:
                          q.put(curr.right)
def inorder(self, x):
        if x is None:
                 return
        self.inorder(x.left)
        print(x.val, end=" ")
        self.inorder(x.right)
def getRoot(self):
        return self.root
```

```
def search(self, n):
        temp = self.root
        while temp is not None:
                if n < temp.val:
                        if temp.left is None:
                                break
                        else:
                                temp = temp.left
                elif n == temp.val:
                        break
                else:
                        if temp.right is None:
                                break
                        else:
                                temp = temp.right
        return temp
def insert(self, n):
        newNode = Node(n)
        if self.root is None:
                newNode.color = COLOR.BLACK
                self.root = newNode
        else:
                temp = self.search(n)
                if temp.val == n:
                        return
                newNode.parent = temp
                if n < temp.val:
                        temp.left = newNode
                else:
                        temp.right = newNode
                self.fixRedRed(newNode)
def printlnOrder(self):
        print("Inorder:")
        if self.root is None:
                print("Tree is empty")
        else:
                self.inorder(self.root)
        print()
```

```
def printLevelOrder(self):
               print("Level order:")
               if self.root is None:
                       print("Tree is empty")
               else:
                       self.levelOrder(self.root)
               print()
tree = RBTree()
tree.insert(7)
tree.insert(3)
tree.insert(18)
tree.insert(10)
tree.insert(22)
tree.insert(8)
tree.insert(11)
tree.insert(26)
tree.insert(2)
tree.insert(6)
tree.insert(13)
tree.printlnOrder()
tree.printLevelOrder()
 PS C:\Users\Admin\OneDrive\Desktop\sem6\AA\Pracs> py .\rbInsertion.py
   Inorder:
   2 3 6 7 8 10 11 13 18 22 26
   Level order:
   10 7 18 3 8 11 22 2 6 13 26
               Conclusion: Thus, we understood & implemented insertion in
               Red Black Type.
```