Proposal for uploading timestamped observations

In this document we propose some extensions to the clinical data input into TranSMART. We like to add:

- The possibility to specify unit information for an observation.
- Specify a date-time point for an specific observation.
- · Group observations. For example PSA values at different points in times.

To realize this we have to:

- 1. Extend the format of the input-files
- 2. Store this information into the database of TranSMART

There is of course also the point what to do with this "new" data in TranSMART, but that's another issue outside the scope of this document.

Format of the input data-files

How the input files for TranSMART should look like is explained in "Dataset Explorer ETL Guide" from Recombinant written on januari 31, 2012

In short: you at least should have 2 files

Data-file:

A tab-seperated file in which each row contains information about 1 specific patient and each column expresses the value for a specific observation. One column must unique specify the subject.

Column-map file:

Give some additional information about the columns in the "data-file".

The interesting part here is the column-mapping file. This file gives some extra information of the columns in the "data-file". It is the definition of this file were we would like to propose some extensions (marked red).

The bases of the column-mapping file looks like:

Filename	Category Number	Column Number	Data Label	Data Label Source	Control Vocab Cd

Filename:

The name of the data file containing the observations

Category Code:

Also called the "Concept Code", this defines the path in the "Data Explorer" tree of TranSMART where the observation will be shown.

■ Column Number:

Gives the column number in the "data-file" where the values for this observation are given.

Data Label:

The label you want to use for this observation (the leaf in the Dataset Explorer). The following words are reserved and have special meaning:

OMIT : Skip this column (equal to not mentioning the column)

■ SUBJ_ID : This column contains the subject id's (mandetory)

■ SITE_ID : This column contains the id of the site the observations are coming from.

■ VISIT_NAME : This column specifies the name of the visit the observation were done.

■ DATA_LABEL : Treat the data in this column as a data label for another column.

The column number for the specific observation can be found in column "Data Label Source"

■ TIMESTAMP : The timestamp belonging to a specific observation

MODIFIER : Group observation, similar observation(s) are in data file.

UNITS : The unit associated with a specific observation.

■ Data Label Source:

Depending on column "Data Label" it means:

■ \ : The column number where to find the "Data Label" for the specific observation.

■ TIMESTAMP: The column number in the data file this column (timestamp) belongs to.

■ MODIFIER : The column number, containing simular observation.

UNITS : The column number in the data file this column (units) belongs to.

■ Control Vocab CD

If "Data Label" is "MODIFIER" then the contents of this is used as the "modifier_cd" for the observations

With "MODIFIER" you can chain a sequence of simular observations. The last one in the chain will be used in the standard analysis.

Let's use an example to make things more clear.....

Data file (test-data.tsv)

Subject	Age	Unit	Weight	Date	Unit	Weight	Date	Weight	Date
1	40	year	60	1/1/2010	kg	65	1/1/2005	70	1/1/2000
2	50	year	70	1/2/2010	kg	68	1/2/2005	72	1/2/2000

A column map file could be

Filename	Category Number	Column Number	Data Label	Data Label Source	Control Vocab Cd
test-data.tsv		1	SUBJ_ID		
test-data.tsv	Subjects+Demogra phics	2	Age		
test-data.tsv	Subjects+Demogra phics	3	UNITS	2	
test-data.tsv	Subjects+Demogra phics	4	Weight		
test-data.tsv	Subjects+Demogra phics	5	TIMESTAMP	4	
test-data.tsv	Subjects+Demogra phics	6	UNITS	4	
test-data.tsv	Subjects+Demogra phics	7	MODIFIER	4	
test-data.tsv	Subjects+Demogra phics	8	TIMESTAMP	7	
test-data.tsv	Subjects+Demogra phics	6	UNITS	7	
test-data.tsv	Subjects+Demogra phics	9	MODIFIER	7	
test-data.tsv	Subjects+Demogra phics	10	TIMESTAMP	9	
test-data.tsv	Subjects+Demogra phics	6	UNITS	9	

Note: from the grouped observations for "Weight" (9 -> 7 -> 4)) the values from column 4 will be taken as the default value.

Where to put it in the database.

The data from the input data files is a little transformed and then put into the landings zone in table "tm_lz.lt_src_clinical_data". We like to extend this table a little

CREATE TABLE tm_lz.lt_src_clinical_data (

study_id character varying(25), site_id character varying(50, subject_id character varying(20), visit_name character varying(100), data_lable character varying(500),

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data_value character varying(500),
units_cd character varying(50), -- new
timestamp timestamp without time zone,
modifier_cd character varying(100), -- new
category_cd character varying(250),
ctrl_vocab_ character varying(200)
```

)

If we take the input files from above the table would be populated like:

study_id	site_id	subject_ id	visit_na me	data_lab	data_val ue	units_cd	timesta mp	modifier _cd	category _cd	ctrl_voc
CSTEST		1		Age	40	year			Subject+ Demogra phics	
CSTEST		2		Age	50	year			Subject+ Demogra phics	
CSTEST		1		Weight	60	kg	1/1/2010	@	Subject+ Demogra phics	
CSTEST		2		Weight	70	kg	1/2/2010	@	Subject+ Demogra phics	
CSTEST		1		Weight	65	kg	1/1/2005	SERIES:	Subject+ Demogra phics	
CSTEST		2		Weight	68	kg	1/2/2005	SERIES:	Subject+ Demogra phics	
CSTEST		1		Weight	70	kg	1/1/2000	SERIES: 2	Subject+ Demogra phics	
CSTEST		2		Weight	72	kg	1/2/2000	SERIES: 2	Subject+ Demogra phics	

Note: The last item in the chain, defined in the column-map file, get's the special "modifier_cd" value "@". You can think of it as "SERIES:0". This is the value to be used if a single value is expected.

Data from the table "tm_lz.lt_src_clinical_data" will be put in the "i2b2" tables by the stored procedure "i2b2_load_clinical_data". The new columns "units_cd", "timestamp" and "modifier_cd" will go into already existing items "units_cd", "start_date" and "modifier_cd" of the table "i2b2demodata.observation_fact" respectively.

We now have a way to fill some extra database fields, which were already availabele in the used "i2b2" tables. Now we only have to do something useful with this extra information .