

04/13/18 02:08:25 /home/jorrit/git/StarandPlanetform/Orbit\_calculations/Kriekscore/RungeKutta2.py

```

1  from __future__ import division
2  import initialOrbitals as ic
3  import numpy as np
4  import math
5  import theforacc2 as forc
6
7
8  # Perform the Runge-Kutta calculations for both the star and the planet
9  # def calcK(xp,yp,vxp,vyp,axp,ayp,xs,ys,vxs,vys,axs,ays,dt):
10
11  def RKiter(dx,dy,x,y,dt,kuttax,kuttay,kuttadx,kuttady,j,i,instances):
12      """
13      Calculate the Runge-Kutta terms for the RK4-Method
14      """
15      # # if at the first kutta term do this:
16      # if kuttax ==0 and kuttay ==0:
17      #     kx = dx + kuttadx*dt
18      #     ky = dy + kuttady*dt
19      #     kdx,kdy = calcaccx(x + kuttax*dt,y+kuttay*dt,j,i,instances,dt)
20      # # if at any other kutta term do this:
21      # else:
22      #     kx = dx + kuttadx*dt
23      #     ky = dy + kuttady*dt
24      #     kdx,kdy = calcaccx(x + kuttax*dt,y+kuttay*dt,j,i,instances,dt,dx + kuttadx*dt,dy +
25      # kuttady*dt)
26
27      return kx,ky,kdx,kdy
28
29  def calcK(instances,dt):
30      """Here we call on all the RK functions"""
31      # Reset the rungevalues atributes for each object
32      for j in instances:
33          j.rungevalues = []
34          j.rungevalues.append([0,0,0,0])
35
36      # loop through the runge kutta terms
37      for i in np.arange(1,5):
38          # loop through the objects
39          for j in instances:
40              # as long as we haven't reached the final runge kutta term do this:
41              if i != 4:
42                  kuttax,kuttay,kuttadx,kuttady =
43                  RKiter(j.vx,j.vy,j.x,j.y,dt*0.5,j.rungevalues[i-1][0],j.rungevalues[i-1][1],j.rungevalues[i-1]
44                  [2],j.rungevalues[i-1][3],j,i,instances)
45                  j.rungevalues.append([kuttax,kuttay,kuttadx,kuttady])
46
47                  if i == 4:
48                      kuttax,kuttay,kuttadx,kuttady = RKiter(j.vx,j.vy,j.x,j.y,dt,j.rungevalues[i-1]
49                      [0],j.rungevalues[i-1][1],j.rungevalues[i-1][2],j.rungevalues[i-1][3],j,i,instances)
50                      j.rungevalues.append([kuttax,kuttay,kuttadx,kuttady])
51
52      # loop through all the instances and then change coordinates and list
53      for j in instances:
54          # if 'HW' in j.name:
55          # continue
56
57          j.x = j.x + ((1./6)*(j.rungevalues[1][0]+(2*j.rungevalues[2][0])+(2*j.rungevalues[3]
58          [0])+j.rungevalues[4][0]))*dt
59          j.y = j.y + ((1./6)*(j.rungevalues[1][1]+(2*j.rungevalues[2][1])+(2*j.rungevalues[3]
60          [1])+j.rungevalues[4][1]))*dt
61          j.vx = j.vx + ((1./6)*(j.rungevalues[1][2]+(2*j.rungevalues[2][2])+(2*j.rungevalues[3]
62          [2])+j.rungevalues[4][2]))*dt
63          j.vy = j.vy + ((1./6)*(j.rungevalues[1][3]+(2*j.rungevalues[2][3])+(2*j.rungevalues[3]
64          [3])+j.rungevalues[4][3]))*dt
65          j.xlist.append(j.x)
66          j.ylist.append(j.y)
67
68      # Calculate R,theta,F and acceleration and return the acceleration
69      def calcaccx(x,y,j,i,instances,dt,vx,vy):
70          # """Function call for calculating acceleration"""
71          axlist = []

```

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68     aylist = []
69     # loop through the instances that are not the instance which we called this object
70     # and calculate the Force ,R theta and acceleration from having put the instance at the
    coordinate (0,0)
71
72     for g in instances:
73         if g != j:
74             # print j.name, g.name
75
76             if 'HW' in g.name:
77                 continue
78             else:
79
80                 if 'HW' in j.name and g.name == "Earth":
81                     continue
82
83                 else:
84                     # print j.expl_name, ': ', g.expl_name
85                     x_diff = g.x + g.rungevalues[i-1][0]*dt - x
86                     y_diff = g.y + g.rungevalues[i-1][1]*dt - y
87
88                     R = forc.calcDist(x_diff, y_diff)
89                     theta = forc.calcTheta(x_diff, y_diff)
90                     F = forc.calcForce(R, j.mass, g.mass)
91
92                     ax, ay = forc.calcAcc(x_diff, y_diff, F, j.mass, theta)
93
94                     axlist.append(ax)
95                     aylist.append(ay)
96
97     if j.name == "Earth":
98         agasx, agasy = forc.calcDrag(x,y,j,vx,vy,dt)
99         axlist.append(agasx)
100        aylist.append(agasy)
101
102    if 'HW' in j.name:
103        agasx, agasy = forc.calcDragHW(x,y,j,vx,vy,dt, j.headwind)
104        axlist.append(agasx)
105        aylist.append(agasy)
106
107    axlist = np.array(axlist)
108    aylist = np.array(aylist)
109
110    return np.sum(axlist), np.sum(aylist)
111
112 # Runge-kutta function
113 def calcRK(dt):
114     """stupid function please ignore"""
115     calcK(ic.Orbitals.instances,dt)

```