

## fast pairings

Optimized pairing computation for the specific scenario  $P \in E(\mathbb{F}_p), Q \in E^t(\mathbb{F}_p)$ 



#### core idea

For  $P \in E(\mathbb{F}_p)$  and  $Q \in E^t(\mathbb{F}_p)$ , don't use curve arithmetic but pairing e(P,Q) to get overlap in orders!

Faster isogeny subroutines

# verify full torsion *P*

In some CSIDH variants, we are given  $P \in E(\mathbb{F}_p)$  and  $Q \in E^t(\mathbb{F}_p)$ .

**Q:** verify that both P and Q have order p + 1, e.g. full torsion points





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**A:** compute  $\zeta = e(P, Q)$  and check that order  $\zeta$  is p+1.