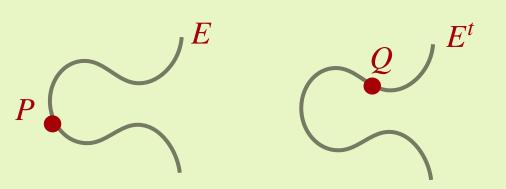
## Isogenies & Pairings

## Twist over $\mathbb{F}_p$ of supersingular curve E

- a curve  $E^t$  with p+1 points over  $\mathbb{F}_p$
- isomorphic to a specific subset of  $E(\mathbb{F}_{p^2})$
- used in CSIDH to "move backwards" in graph
- want  $P \in E(\mathbb{F}_p)$  and  $Q \in E^t(\mathbb{F}_p)$ , both full order



consider P and Q as

$$P = P_0 + P_1 + \dots + P_n$$

$$Q = Q_0 + Q_1 + \ldots + Q_n$$

$$let r = p + 1$$

Tate pairing  $e_r(P, Q)$  captures where **both**  $P_i$ ,  $Q_i \neq \emptyset$ 



### **crucial lemma**

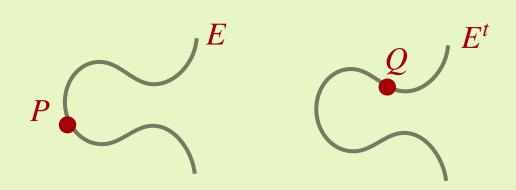
Let  $P \in E(\mathbb{F}_p)$ ,  $Q \in E^t(\mathbb{F}_p)$ , and r = p + 1. Let  $\zeta = e_r(P, Q) \in \mathbb{F}_{p^2}$ .

Then  $\zeta$  is an r-th root of unity, whose order is precisely gcd of order of P, order of Q

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### crucial lemma

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### example

If P and Q both full torsion, then  $\zeta$  has order r = p + 1

### example

If P has order 5, and Q has order 15, then  $\zeta$  has order 5