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/**
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 * Project: Assignment_3.c (will be turned in as a pdf)
 */
/*
* 1. Assuming a correct program show_args which prints its command-line
arguments to standard output,
      one per line, give the output generated by the shell command line:
 *
      $ ./show_args one two three four
     one
 *
     two
     three
 *
     four
 * 2. Start with the following environment:
      $ stty kill '@'
      $ stty erase '#'
     $ stty lnext '\'
     $ sh
      Explain the results of each of the commands in the following
transcript:
*
      $ date\@
                           // after typing '\', the '@' character is treated
like normal so its date@
     date@: not found
     $ date
                           // just a normal date
   Fri Sep 2 09:10:45 EDT 2005
     $ #date
                           // '#' deletes a character before it so date can
still go on as date
     Fri Sep 2 09:10:45 EDT 2005
      $ \#date
                           // again, the '\' character treats the next like
normal so its #date
* 3. Assume the file junk.
      In one sentence each, explain the output of each of the following
command lines (there are 10):
      $ ls junk // listing anything that is junk
 *
 *
       junk
```

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$ echo junk // is echoing the word junk
       junk
*
     $ ls /
                  // listing anything in the base directory
       bin boot dev etc home lib lib64 lost+found mnt opt //
       proc root run sbin selinux srv sys tmp tmphome usr var
     $ echo / // is echoing the character '\'
*
       /
     $ ls
                   // listing the current directory
       a1 a2 a.out assignment_1.c assignment_2.c assignment_3.c
junk.txt
*
     $ echo
                  // echoing nothing
       <nothing>
     $ ls *
                 // listing the current directory
       a1 a2 a.out assignment_1.c assignment_2.c assignment_3.c
*
junk.txt
*
     $ echo * // is echoing the character '*'
     $ ls ' * ' // trying to list a string of characters but that doesn't
*
work
      ls: cannot access ' * ': No such file or directory
*
     $ echo ' * ' // echoing the string of characters ' * '
       1 * 1
*
* 4. Show and explain the output of the following Korn shell commands:
     echo 'Go $HOME'
     Go $HOME // only prints that and not the $HOME variable because
its within single quotes
*
     echo "$5.00 is too much!"
     .00 is too much! // prints everything but the $5 because double quotes
still allow variables to pass
*
     echo $(who | wc -l) users is not very many
     1 users is not very many // prints the amount of users on the machine
piped into the wordcount -line command
st 5. Give the output of the following command lines (assume there are 9
files in the current working
     directory, /home/linda, and x=10):
*
     a) $ echo 'Send output of "command" to file descriptor 2'
           'Send output of command to file descriptor 2'
*
     b) $ echo "Well, isn't that \"special\"?"
```

```
Well, isn't that "special"?
     c) $ echo "You have $(ls | wc -l) files in $(pwd)"
*
      You have 9 files in /home/linda
     d) $ print "You have \$(ls | wc -l) files in \$(pwd)"
          You have $(ls | wc -l) files in $(pwd)
     e) $ echo 'You have $(ls | wc -l) files in $(pwd)'
           'You have $(ls | wc -l) files in $(pwd)'
     f) $ echo "The value of \$x is $x"
          The value of $x is 10
     g) $ print "The value of $x is \$x"
          The value of 10 is $x
     h) $ echo 'Go $HOME'
           'Go $HOME'
     i) $ echo "$5.00 is too much!"
           .00 is too much!
     j) $ echo $(who | wc -l) users is not very many
           1 users is not very many
* 6. Suppose a command mystery writes its output to stderr. Give a single
command line which would
     pipe this output to wc -l.
     $ (mystery \mid wc -l) > &2
*/
```