

# RDP and SOCKS Tunneling with SocksOverRDP

There are often times during an assessment when we may be limited to a Windows network and may not be able to use SSH for pivoting. We would have to use tools available for Windows operating systems in these cases. [SocksOverRDP](#) is an example of a tool that uses [Dynamic Virtual Channels \(DVC\)](#) from the Remote Desktop Service feature of Windows. DVC is responsible for tunneling packets over the RDP connection. Some examples of usage of this feature would be clipboard data transfer and audio sharing. However, this feature can also be used to tunnel arbitrary packets over the network. We can use [SocksOverRDP](#) to tunnel our custom packets and then proxy through it. We will use the tool [Proxifier](#) as our proxy server.

We can start by downloading the appropriate binaries to our attack host to perform this attack. Having the binaries on our attack host will allow us to transfer them to each target where needed. We will need:

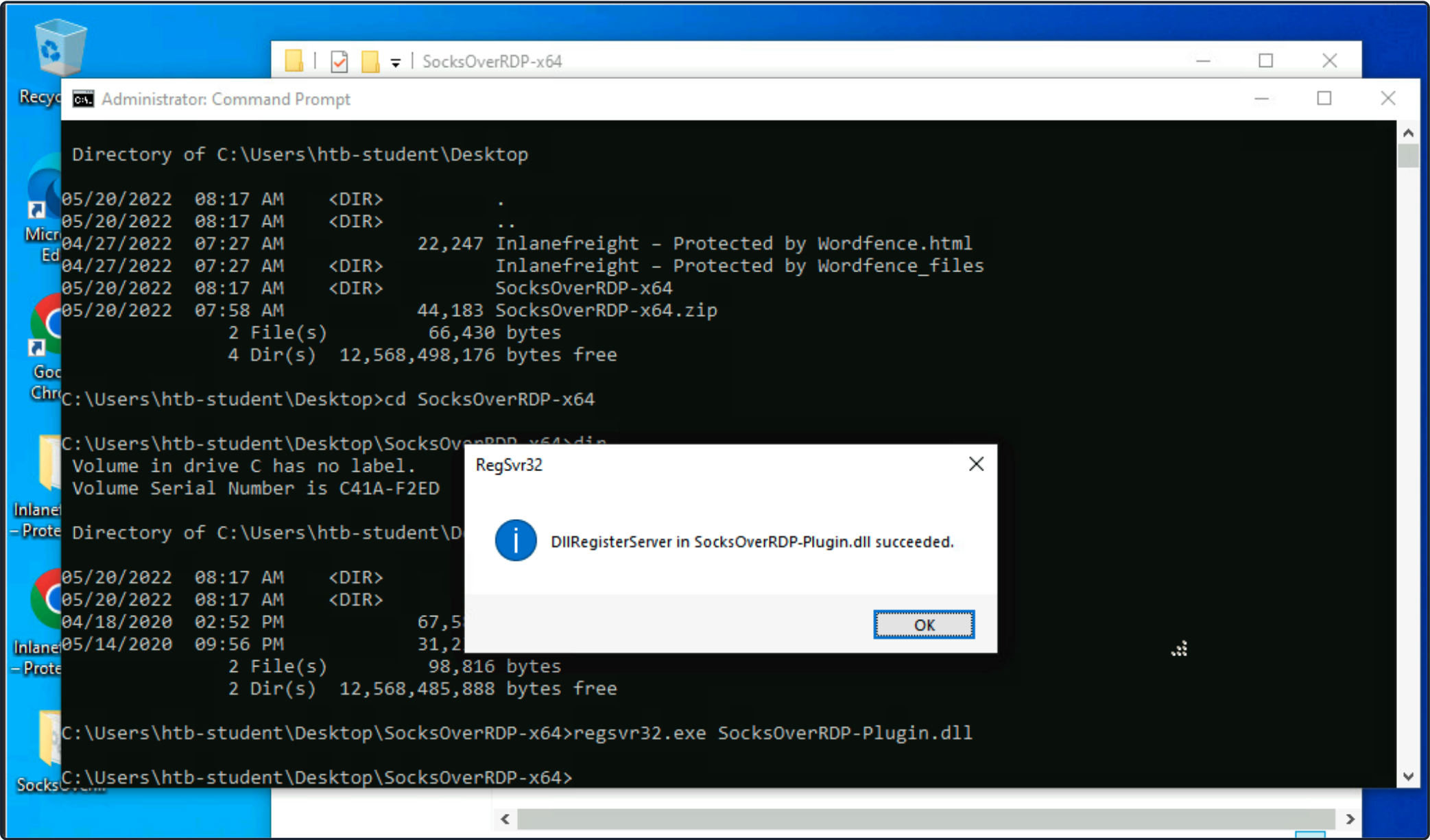
- [SocksOverRDP x64 Binaries](#)
  - [Proxifier Portable Binary](#)
- We can look for [ProxifierPE.zip](#)

We can then connect to the target using xfreerdp and copy the [SocksOverRDPx64.zip](#) file to the target. From the Windows target, we will then need to load the SocksOverRDP.dll using regsvr32.exe.

## Loading SocksOverRDP.dll using regsvr32.exe

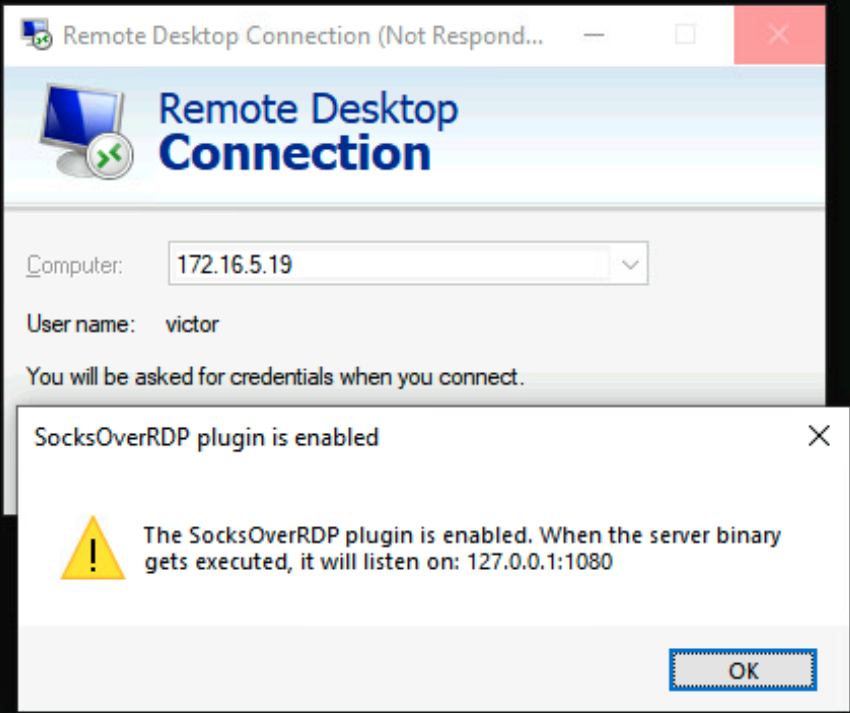
Loading SocksOverRDP.dll using regsvr32.exe

```
C:\Users\htb-student\Desktop\SocksOverRDP-x64> regsvr32.exe SocksOverRDP-Plugin.dll
```

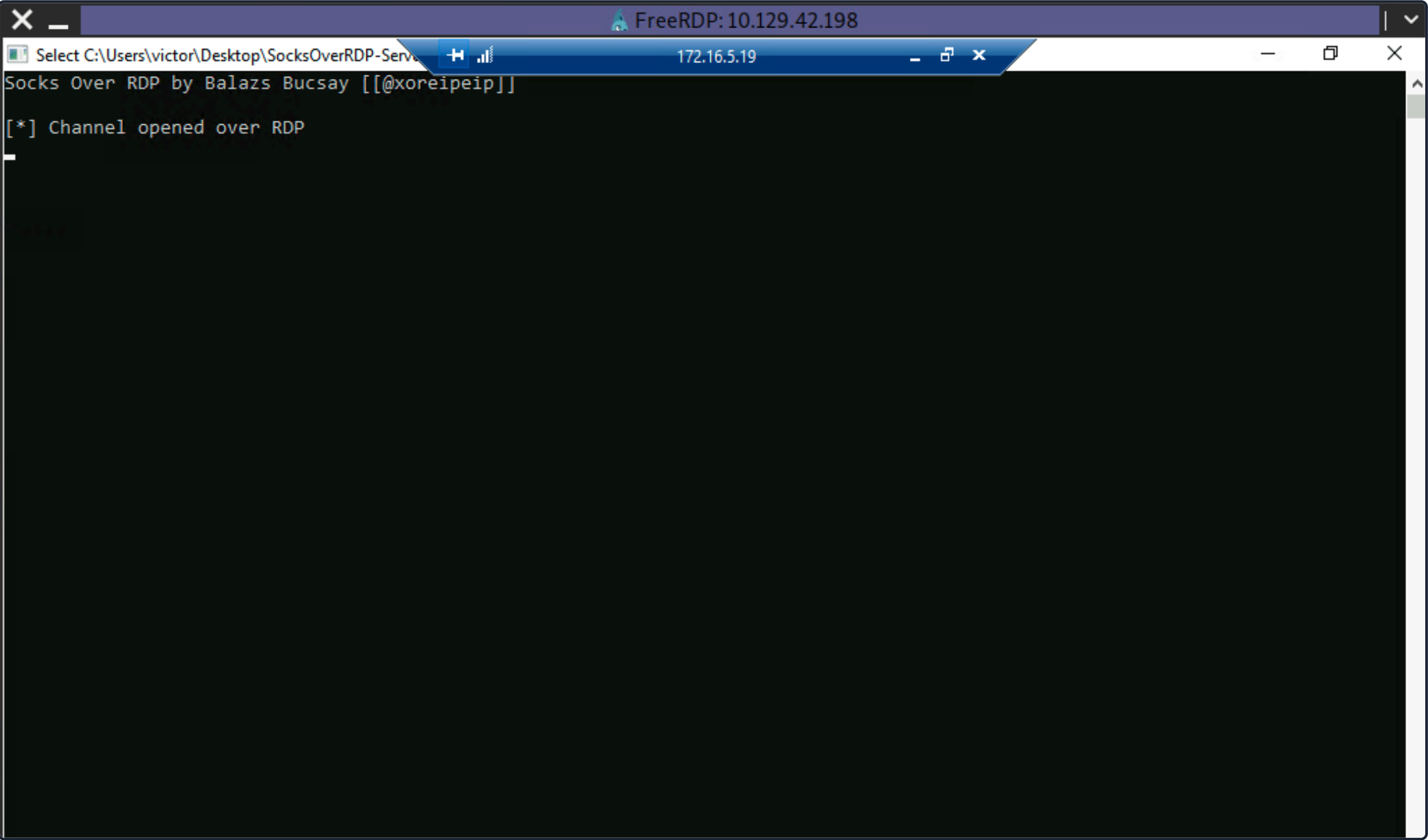


Now we can connect to 172.16.5.19 over RDP using [mstsc.exe](#), and we should receive a prompt that the SocksOverRDP plugin is enabled, and it will listen on 127.0.0.1:1080. We can use the credentials [victor:pass@123](#) to connect to 172.16.5.19.

Microsoft Windows [Version 10.0.18363.1801]  
(c) 2019 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.  
C:\Users\htb-student>



We will need to transfer SocksOverRDPx64.zip or just the SocksOverRDP-Server.exe to 172.16.5.19. We can then start SocksOverRDP-Server.exe with Admin privileges.



When we go back to our foothold target and check with Netstat, we should see our SOCKS listener started on 127.0.0.1:1080.

Confirming the SOCKS Listener is Started

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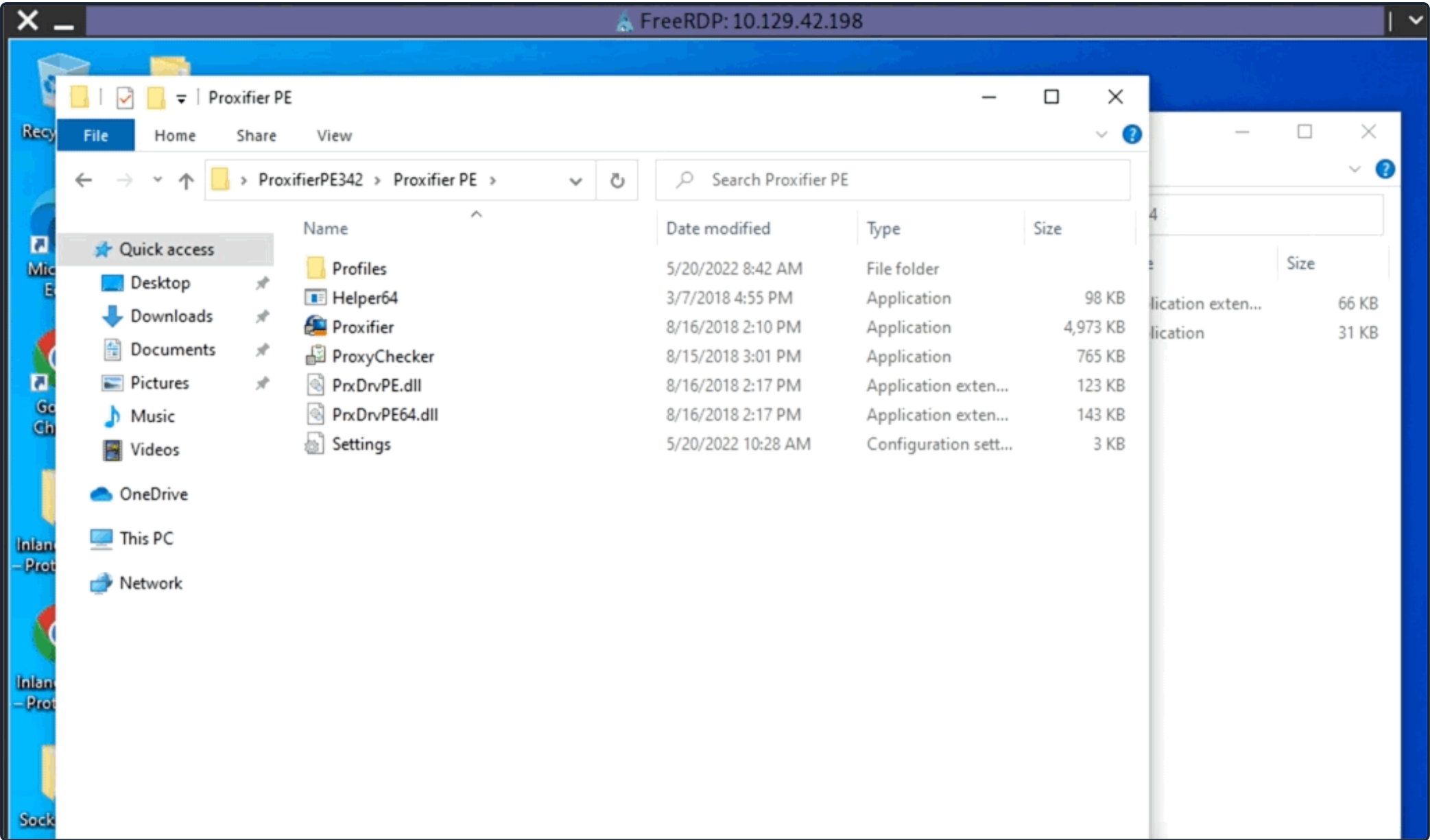
C:\Users\htb-student\Desktop\SocksOverRDP-x64> netstat -antb | findstr 1080

TCP 127.0.0.1:1080 0.0.0.0:0 LISTENING

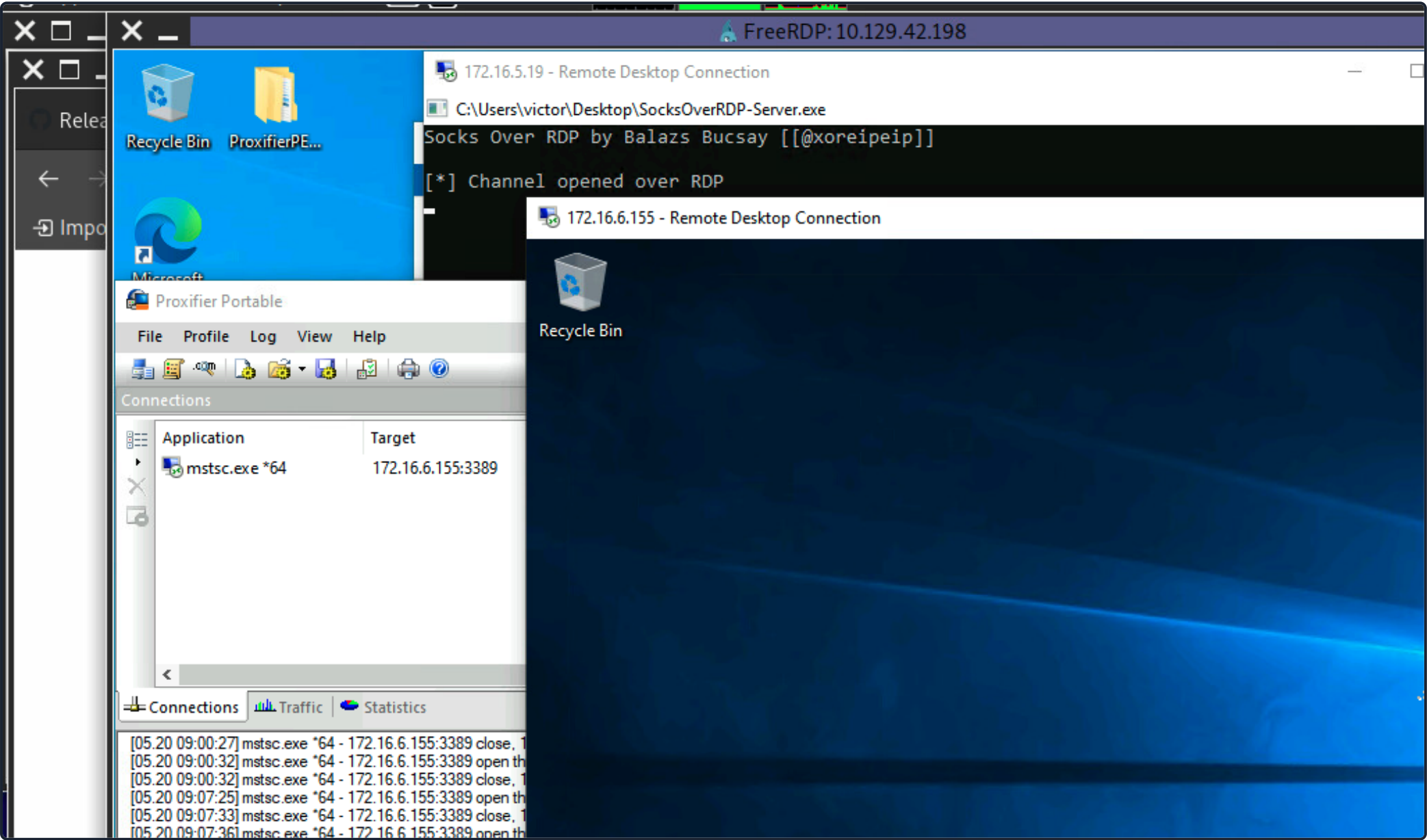
Integrated Terminal

packets to 127.0.0.1:1080. Proxifier will route traffic through the given host and port. See the clip below for a quick walkthrough of configuring Proxifier.

### Configuring Proxifier



With Proxifier configured and running, we can start mstsc.exe, and it will use Proxifier to pivot all our traffic via 127.0.0.1:1080, which will tunnel it over RDP to 172.16.5.19, which will then route it to 172.16.6.155 using SocksOverRDP-server.exe.

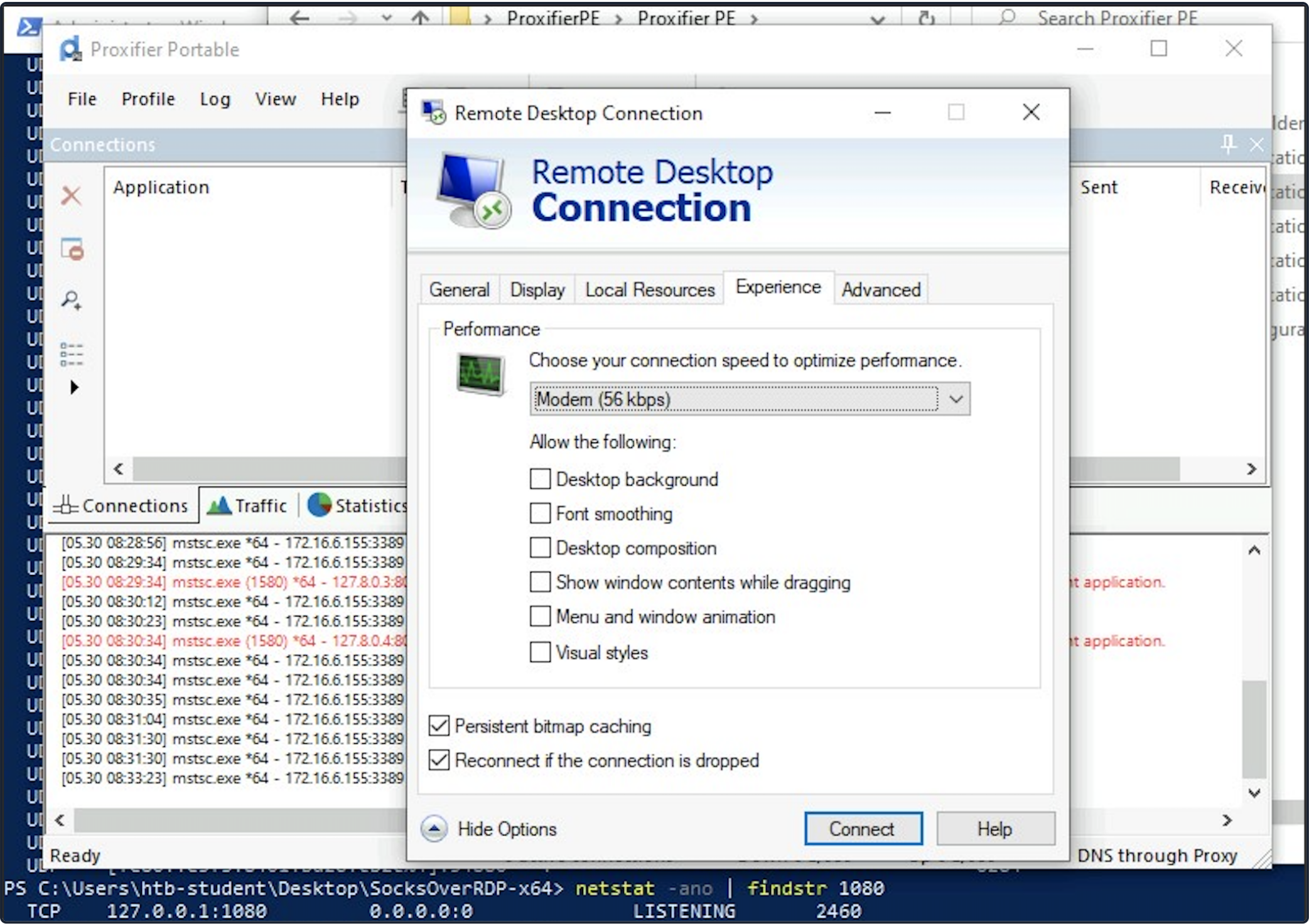


### RDP Performance Considerations

Integrated Terminal



especially if we are managing multiple RDP sessions simultaneously. If this is the case, we can access the Experience tab in mstsc.exe and set Performance to Modem.



Note: When spawning your target, we ask you to wait for 3 - 5 minutes until the whole lab with all the configurations is set up so that the connection to your target works flawlessly.

VPN Servers

Warning: Each time you "Switch", your connection keys are regenerated and you must re-download your VPN connection file.

All VM instances associated with the old VPN Server will be terminated when switching to a new VPN server.

Existing PwnBox instances will automatically switch to the new VPN server.

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PROTOCOL

UDP 1337

TCP 443

DOWNLOAD VPN CONNECTION FILE