

# Linked List Lab

After finishing each part of the lab, copy your entire project and work on the copy for the next part!

Part 1: Create an Actor class with a link.

• Make a simple Actor class containing a name & a self-referential field to the next Actor.

- Make a class NodeTester, containing a main method.
- The 1<sup>st</sup> part of *main* loads data into a linked list:
  - o Hard code building an Actor object with an input string for the name.
  - o Copy the *head* pointer into the new actor's *next* pointer
  - Change the *head* pointer to point to the new actor
  - Repeat these steps 4 times, giving you a list of 5 actors (in reverse order, since you inserted each new object at the head of the list).
- The 2<sup>nd</sup> part of *main* prints the data from the linked list:
  - Set a *current* pointer to point to the *head*
  - Use a while loop to traverse the list (while *current* is not null)
    - Get the actor object & print it
    - Set the current pointer to current's next value
- The last part of *main* prints the name from the first node on linked list, using the *toString* method of the Actor class
- Test your program by running the *main* method.

## Part 2: Create an ActorLinkedList class to manage the linked actor objects.

- Leave the Actor class unchanged.
- Make an ActorLinkedList class
  - o Make a field *head* (type Actor)
  - Make a field *count* (type int)
- Constructor: set fields to null and 0
- The *add* method adds a new Actor to the beginning of the list (be sure to increment *count*)
- The get method returns a pointer to the actor object at the index requested

- Make a class ListTester, containing a *main* method.
- The 1<sup>st</sup> part of *main* loads hard coded data into a linked list:
  - o Make an ActorLinkedList object.
  - o Add 5 actors to the list, using the *add* method in your ActorLinkedList object.
- The 2<sup>nd</sup> part of *main* prints the data from the linked list:
  - Use a loop to traverse the list (using the *size* method to limit repetitions)
    - Get the actor object & print it
- The last part of *main* prints the name from the first node on the linked list.
  - Use the get(0) method of the ActorLinkedList object to get the Actor object saved as the head node
  - o Use the Actor's *getName* method to retrieve the name for printing
- Test your program by running the *main* method in ListTester.

## **Part 3:** Refactor the Actor class into a simplified Actor and a Node class.

## • Make a Node class

- o Copy the code from the Actor class into the new Node class
- o Delete the *name* field and replace it with a *data* field (type Object)
- o Change the *next* field so it points to a Node object
- o The no argument constructor should null both field values
- o Change the single argument constructor so it takes a single Object parameter & sets the *data* field (and nulls the *next* pointer).
- Change *getName* & *setName* to *get* & *set*. These methods should now operate on Object types.
- o Change the *getNextPtr* & *setNextPtr* methods to operate on Node types.
- Change toString so that it returns the toString result of the data object.

### • Modify the Actor class

- Delete the *next* field, and references to it in the constructors.
- o The no argument constructor should null the name field.
- Delete the *getNextPtr* & *setNextPtr* methods.

## Now, Node objects can refer to any type as *data*, without changing the Node class.

- Modify the NodeTester class:
- The 1<sup>st</sup> part of *main* loads data into a linked list:
  - o Hard code building an Actor object with an input string for the name.
  - o Hard code building a Node object using the Actor object for the data.
  - o Copy the *head* pointer into the new node's *next* pointer
  - o Change the *head* pointer to point to the new node
  - o Repeat these steps 4 times, giving you a list of 5 Node objects, each containing an Actor object (in reverse order, since you inserted each new object at the head of the list).

- The 2<sup>nd</sup> part of *main* prints the data from the linked list:
  - Set a *current* pointer to point to the *head*
  - o Use a while loop to traverse the list (while *current* is not null)
    - Do <u>not</u> use the get(index) method! Use the next pointers!
    - Get the actor object & print it
    - Set the *current* pointer to current's *next* pointer
- The last part of *main* prints the name from the first node on the linked list.
  - o Use the Node's *get* method to get the data from the head node
  - o Use the Actor's *getName* method to retrieve the name for printing (see NOTE)
- Test your program by running the *main* method.

NOTE: Because your Node object now holds an Object (an Actor underneath, but Node thinks it's an Object), you will have to cast the returned *data* object to an Actor before running Actor methods.

ANOTHER NOTE: You won't use the ActorLinkedList class for this part.

#### Part 4: Refactor the ActorLinkedList class into a LinkedList class.

- Open ActorLinkedList
  - o Change the class name and constructor to LinkedList
  - o The head should reference a Node instead of Actor
  - O Your *add* method will take an Object parameter instead of an Actor. You will also have to make a Node object and use the parameter to set the Node's *data* field.
  - o In your *get* method, change pointer references to Node objects. Remember to return the Actor object referenced by the *data* field (don't return the Node object).

- Modify the class ListTester, containing a *main* method.
- The 1<sup>st</sup> part of *main* loads hard coded data into a linked list:
  - o Make a LinkedList object.
  - o Add 5 actors to the list, using the *add* method in your LinkedList object.
    - The add method expects an Object be sure it's an Actor object, not a String!
- The  $2^{nd}$  part of *main* prints the data from the linked list:
  - Use a loop to traverse the list (using the *size* method to control repetitions)
    - Get the actor object & print it
- The last part of *main* prints the name from the first node on the linked list.
  - Use the get(0) method of the LinkedList object to get the Actor object saved as the head node
  - Use the Actor's *getName* method to retrieve the name for printing (see NOTE)
- Test your program by running the *main* method in ListTester.

NOTE: Because your Node object now holds an Object (an Actor underneath, but Node thinks it's an Object), you will have to cast the returned *data* object to an Actor before running Actor methods.

## Part 5: Read Actor data from a file.

- Modify the test code in ListTester's *main* method to read file data...
- The 1<sup>st</sup> part of *main* loads file data into a linked list:
  - o Make a LinkedList object.
  - o Add the actors from the file to the list, using the *add* method in your LinkedList object.
    - The add method expects an Object be sure it's an Actor object, not a String!

The remaining parts of *main* are unchanged...

- The 2<sup>nd</sup> part of *main* prints the data from the linked list
  - Use a loop to traverse the list (using the *size* method to control repetitions)
    - Get the actor object & print it
  - The last part of *main* prints the name from the first node on the linked list.
    - Use the get(0) method of the LinkedList object to get the Actor object saved as the head node
    - o Use the Actor's *getName* method to retrieve the name for printing (see NOTE)
  - Test your program by running the *main* method in ListTester.

NOTE: Because your Node object now holds an Object (an Actor underneath, but Node thinks it's an Object), you will have to cast the returned *data* object to an Actor before running Actor methods.

## Part 6: Create a Movie class.

- Make a simple Movie class containing fields representing:
  - o Date
  - o Title
  - o A list of actors (use your linked list)
  - o A list of directors (use your linked list)

- Add test code in ListTester's main method to test your Movie class...
- The 4<sup>th</sup> part of *main* (after the actor tests) loads hard coded data into a linked list:
  - o Make a LinkedList object called movies.
  - o Add 5 hard coded movies to the list, using the add method in your LinkedList object.
    - The add method expects an Object be sure it's a Movie object!
- The 5<sup>th</sup> part of *main* prints the data from the linked list:
  - Use a loop to traverse the list (using the *size* method to control repetitions)
    - Get the movie object & print it
- The last part of *main* prints the movie name from the first node on the linked list.
  - Use the get(0) method of the LinkedList object to get the Movie object saved as the head node
  - o Use the Movie's *getTitle* method to retrieve the name for printing (see NOTE)
- Test your program by running the *main* method in ListTester.

NOTE: Because your Node object now holds an Object (a Movie underneath, but Node thinks it's an Object), you will have to cast the returned *data* object to an Movie before running Movie methods.

## Part 7: Read Movie data from a file.

- Modify the test code in ListTester's *main* method to read file data...
- The 4<sup>th</sup> part of *main* (after the actor tests) should load file data into a linked list:
  - o Make a LinkedList object called movies.
  - o For each line in the movie data file:
    - Parse each data section & build a movie object
    - Use your LinkedList *add* method to put the movie into the list.
    - The add method expects an Object be sure it's a Movie object!

## The remaining parts of *main* are unchanged...

- The 5<sup>th</sup> part of *main* prints the data from the linked list:
  - Use a loop to traverse the list (using the *size* method to control repetitions)
    - Get the movie object & print it
- The last part of *main* prints the movie name from the first node on the linked list.
  - Use the get(0) method of the LinkedList object to get the Movie object saved as the head node
  - o Use the Movie's *getTitle* method to retrieve the name for printing (see NOTE)
- Test your program by running the *main* method in ListTester.

NOTE: Because your Node object now holds an Object (a Movie underneath, but Node thinks it's an Object), you will have to cast the returned *data* object to an Movie before running Movie methods.

## Part 8: Create an IMDb class.

- Read actor file data & create a linked list of actors.
- Read movie file data & create a linked list of movies.
- Traverse the actor list; for each actor
  - o Print the actor name
  - o Traverse the movie list
    - If the actor appears in the movie
      - Print the date & title of the movie
  - o Be sure to print the movies most recent first

NOTE: Do <u>not</u> use the *get(index)* method to traverse the lists – use a *while* loop and the *next* pointer.