STA2001 Assignment 3

Due Date: June 27, 2023

(3.1-3). Customers arrive randomly at a bank teller's window. Given that one customer arrived during a particular 10-minute period, let X equal the time within the 10 minutes that the customer arrived. If X is U(0, 10), find

- (a) The pdf of X.
- (b) $P(X \ge 8)$.
- (c) $P(2 \le X < 8)$.
- (d) E(X).
- (e) Var(X).

(3.1-5). Let Y have a uniform distribution U(0,1), and let

$$W = a + (b - a)Y, \quad a < b.$$

(a) Find the cdf of W.

Hint: Find $P[a + (b - a)Y \le w]$.

(b) How is W distributed?

(3.1-6). A grocery store has n watermelons to sell and makes \$1.00 on each sale. Say the number of consumers of these watermelons is a random variable with a distribution that can be approximated by

$$f(x) = \frac{1}{200}, \quad 0 < x < 200,$$

a pdf of the continuous type. If the grocer does not have enough watermelons to sell to all consumers, she figures that she loses \$5.00 in goodwill from each unhappy customer. But if she has surplus watermelons, she loses 50 cents on each extra watermelon. What should n be to maximize profit?

Hint: If $X \leq n$, then her profit is (1.00)X + (-0.50)(n-X); but if X > n, her profit is (1.00)n +(-5.00)(X-n). Find the expected value of profit as a function of n, and then select n to maximize that function.

(3.2-1). What are the pdf, the mean, and the variance of X if the moment-generating function of X is given by the following?

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- (a) $M(t) = \frac{1}{1-3t}, t < 1/3.$ (b) $M(t) = \frac{3}{3-t}, t < 3.$

(3.2-3). Let X have an exponential distribution with mean $\theta > 0$. Show that

$$P(X > x + y | X > x) = P(X > y)$$

for any x > 0.

(3.2-7). Find the moment-generating function for the gamma distribution with parameters α and θ . Hint: In the integral representing $E\left(e^{tX}\right)$, change variables by letting $y=(1-\theta t)x/\theta$, where $1-\theta t>0$.

(3.2-11). If X is $\chi^2(17)$, find

- (a) P(X < 7.564)
- (b) P(X > 27.59)
- (c) P(6.408 < X < 27.59)
- (d) $\chi^2_{0.95}(17)$
- (e) $\chi^2_{0.025}(17)$

(3.2-22). Let X have a logistic distribution with pdf

$$f(x) = \frac{e^{-x}}{(1 + e^{-x})^2}, -\infty < x < \infty.$$

Show that

$$Y = \frac{1}{1 + e^{-X}}$$

has a U(0,1) distribution.

Hint: Find $G(y) = P(Y \le y) = P\left(\frac{1}{1+e^{-X}} \le y\right)$, where 0 < y < 1.

(3.3-10). If X is $N(\mu, \sigma^2)$, show that the distribution of Y = aX + b is $N(a\mu + b, a^2\sigma^2)$ $a \neq 0$. Hint: Find the cdf $P(Y \leq y)$ of Y, and in the resulting integral, let w = ax + b or, equivalently, x = (w - b)/a.

(3.3-14). The strength X of a certain material is such that its distribution is found by $X = e^Y$, where Y is N(10,1). Find the cdf and pdf of X, and compute P(10,000 < X < 20,000).

Note: $F(x) = P(X \le x) = P\left(e^Y \le x\right) = P(Y \le \ln x)$ so that the random variable X is said to have a lognormal distribution.