

光线追踪总结

除了刚才讨论过的，关于光线追踪还有很多话题：优化，折射。最终再梳理一遍至今的所有伪码。

```
CanvasToViewport(x, y){
    return (x * Vw/Cw, y * Vh/Ch, d)
}

ReflectRay(R, N) {
    return 2*N*dot(N, R) - R
}

ComputeLighting(P, N, V, s) {
    i = 0.0
    for light in scene.Lights {
        if light.type == ambient {
            i += light.intensity
        } else {
            if light.type == point {
                L = light.position - P
                t_max = 1
            }
            else {
                L = light.direction
                t_max = inf
            }

            # shadow check
            shadow_sphere, shadow_t = ClosestIntersection(P, L, 0.001, t_max)
            if shadow_sphere != NULL
                continue

            # diffuse
            n_dot_l = dot(N, L)
            if n_dot_l > 0
                i += light.intensity*n_dot_l/(length(N)*length(L))

            # specular
            if s!= -1 {
                R = 2*N*dot(N,L) -L
                r_dot_v = dot(R, V)
                if r_dot_v > 0
                    i += light.intensity*pow(r_dot_v/length(R)*length(V)),s)
            }
        }
    }
}
```

```

        return i
    }

ClosestIntersection(0, D, t_min, t_max){
    closest_t = inf
    closest_sphere = NULL
    for sphere in scene.Spheres {
        t1, t2 = IntersectRaySphere(0, D, sphere)
        if t1 in [t_min, t_max] && t1 < closest_t
            closest_t = t1
            closest_sphere = sphere
        if t2 in [t_min, t_max] && t2 < closest_t
            closest_t = t2
            closest_sphere = sphere
    }

    return closest_sphere, closest_t
}

TraceRay(0, D, t_min, t_max, depth){
    closest_sphere, closest_t = ClosestIntersection(0, D, t_min, t_max)

    if closest_sphere == NULL
        return BACKGROUND_COLOR

    # local color
    P = 0 + closest_t * D #交点P的位置
    N = P - closest_sphere.center #计算P处的法向量
    N = N / length(N) #normalize 法向量
    local_color = closest_sphere.color * ComputeLighting(P, N, -D,
sphere.specular)

    # If we hit the recursion limit or the object is not reflective, we're done
    r = closest_sphere.reflective
    if depth <= 0 or r <= 0:
        return local_color

    # reflected color
    R = ReflectRay(-D, N)
    reflected_color = TraceRay(P, R, 0.001, inf, depth - 1)

    return local_color * (1 - r) + reflected_color*r
}

0 = <0,0,0>

for x in [-Cw/2, Cw/2]{
    for y in [-Ch/2, Ch/2]{
        D = CanvasToViewport(x, y)
        color = TraceRay(0, D, t_min, t_max)
        canvas.putPixel(x, y, color)
    }
}

```

```
}
```

这是所用的所有参数：

```
viewport_size = 1 x 1
projection_plane_d = 1

sphere {
    center = (0, -1, 3)
    radius = 1
    color = (255, 0, 0) # Red
    specular = 500 # Shiny
    reflective = 0.2 # A bit reflective
}
sphere {
    center = (-2, 1, 3)
    radius = 1
    color = (0, 0, 255) # Blue
    specular = 500 # Shiny
    reflective = 0.3 # A bit more reflective
}
sphere {
    center = (2, 1, 3)
    radius = 1
    color = (0, 255, 0) # Green
    specular = 10 # Somewhat shiny
    reflective = 0.4 # Even more reflective
}
sphere {
    color = (255, 255, 0) # Yellow
    center = (0, -5001, 0)
    radius = 5000
    specular = 1000 # Very shiny
    reflective = 0.5 # Half reflective
}

light {
    type = ambient
    intensity = 0.2
}
light {
    type = point
    intensity = 0.6
    position = (2, 1, 0)
}
light {
    type = directional
    intensity = 0.2
    direction = (1, 4, 4)
}
```

