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**CS4323** 

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**Group E Mini-Project 1 Progress Report** 

Git repo: https://github.com/KrishRVH/GroupE

**I. Work Distribution** 

**Patrick Laverty** 

Responsibilities: TCP Server Communication

Create methods on the server side to handle communication for the POSIX Message queue. Need

an effective method to listen for any request from the client to handle executions.

**Adam Loeckle** 

Responsibilities: POSIX message queue, server side communication, player creation/structs

**Drew Nguyen** 

Responsibilities:

Client side communication including client-server connection/communication, receiving server/player messages, and sending client messages.

Krish Ravi

Responsibilities:

Krish is responsible for the game logic for single and multiplayer modes, this includes algorithms to test whether the player has entered a valid word, calculating and keeping score, monitoring "passes" and detecting when the game is over, selecting starting player and input.txt file at random etc.

## **II. Work Completed Thus Far**

# **Patrick Laverty**

Completed:

Basic server communication and socket methods. Basic server listening method constructed and socket communication done.

#### Adam Loeckle

Completed:

Basic POSIX message queue that handles two types of messages (Player struct, character array). Player struct and player creation method.

# **Drew Nguyen**

Completed:

Client socket connections, pseudocode structure for client to server communication, and mapped out basic framework for various functions to receive server to client messages.

### Krish Ravi

Completed: Krish has established a framework for the game logic and mapped out how to implement logical elements such as checking word validity and control flow for player turns

# III. What is left in the Design?

# **Patrick Laverty**

Remaining Design Elements:

Server to client communication and message handling.

#### Adam Loeckle

Remaining Design Elements:

Message priority logic, handling different types of messages (structs, ints, chars, etc.), and processing struct data.

### **Drew Nguyen**

Remaining Design Elements:

Implementation of client to server communication.

#### Krish Ravi

Remaining Design Elements:

Implementation of game logic from pseudo code to C-code, client/server interaction for updating players step by step on game status

## IV. Limitations of Code and Remedy

### **Patrick Laverty**

Limitations and Possible Remedy:

Possible issues in handling more than one request at a time. To prevent crashes and overloading, I will implement some sort of queuing process to handle instructions individually.

#### Adam Loeckle

Limitations and Possible Remedy:

Lack of handling message priorities and processing struct data for player information. The remedy to this is to parse messages based on their respective priority.

### **Drew Nguyen**

Limitations and Possible Remedy:

A limitation could result from the client-side relying on the server to push and pull updates thus resulting in the same issues as the server-side limitations; however, the same remedy applies here as well.

#### Krish Ravi

Limitations and Possible Remedy:

A possible challenge/limitation will be multiplayer implementation to accurately coordinate two players back and forth with specific time waiting. The remedy for this is to use a structured approach to updating the game and pushing the state to the player.

### **Code Contributions:**

```
Patrick Laverty
#include "Main.h"
void server() {
       int new socket;
       int new connection;
       int len;
       struct sockaddr in server address;
       struct sockaddr in cli;
       // Creating Socket
       new socket = socket(AF INET, SOCK STREAM, 0);
       if (new socket == -1) { printf("Socket creation failed\n"); }
       else { printf("Socket created.\n"); }
       bzero(&server address, sizeof(server address)); // Zero out the address space of the
struct
       // Binding socket to the port
       server address.sin family = AF INET;
       server address.sin addr.s addr = htonl(INADDR ANY); // Convert int to ip byte order
```

```
server_address.sin_port = htons(BINDING_PORT); // Converting ip port to byte order
       int binder = bind(new socket, (SA*)&server address, sizeof(server address));
       if binder != 0) { printf("Socket bind failed\n"); }
       else { printf("Socket binded successfully\n"); }
       // Socket listener
       int listener = listen(new_socket, 5);
       if (listener != 0) { printf("Listen failed\n"); }
       else { printf("Server listening\n"); }
       // Testing connection
       len = sizeof(cli);
       new connection = accept(new socket, (SA*)&cli, &len);
       if (new connection < 0) { printf("Server accept failed\n"); }
       else { printf("Server accepted the client\n"); }
       //close(new socket);
}
Adam Loeckle
#include "Main.h"
// Opens message queue, should only be ran once.
void openMsgQueue()
{
       // Ensures message queue does not already exist and creates a new one
       mq unlink("/Message Queue");
       mqd = mq open("/Message Queue", O CREAT | O RDWR, 0600, NULL);
       if (mqd == -1)
```

```
{
              perror("mq open");
              exit(1);
       else
              printf("MQ was opened \n");
       }
}
// Closes Message queue, if using mq_close(mqd) instead of mq_unlink ensure that the
// mqd is already initialized
void closeMsgQueue()
{
       free(buffer);
       mq_unlink("/Message_Queue");
}
// Send message of player struct
void sendPlayerMsg(struct Player player input)
{
       mq send(mqd, (const char*)&player input, sizeof(struct Player), 10);
}
// Send message for game instruction
void sendGameMsg()
{
}
// NOTE: Priority 10 is used for game moves/logic, priority 9 is used for player structs
```

```
// and scoreboard usage
// Since buffer and message size is standard mq_attr.mq_msgsize, the ability to send different
// types is allowed sorted by priority level.
void recieveMsg()
       struct mq_attr attr;
       mq getattr(mqd, &attr);
       buffer = calloc(attr.mq msgsize, 1);
       unsigned int priority = 0;
       if ((mq receive(mqd, buffer, attr.mq msgsize, &priority)) != -1)
       {
               // Player struct messsage. do something
               if (priority == 10)
                      struct Player* new player = (struct Player*)buffer;
                      printf("Player: %i, Prio: %i\n", new player[0].score, priority);
               }
               // Game instruction message. do something
               if (priority == 9)
                      mq receive(mqd, buffer, attr.mq msgsize, &priority);
                      printf("Message: %s, Prio: %i\n", buffer, priority);
               }
       }
       else
        {
               perror("ERROR");
```

}

```
}
int newPlayer()
       int num_players = 3;
       struct Player* players = malloc(sizeof(Player) * num_players);
       printf("Players made");
       return 0;
}
Drew Nguyen
#include "Main.h"
void client()
       int new_socket;
       int new_connection;
       struct sockaddr_in server_address;
       struct sockaddr in cli;
       new_socket = socket(AF_INET, SOCK_STREAM, 0);
       if (new_socket == -1)
       {
              printf("Socket creation failed \n");
       }
       else
       {
              printf("SOcket created successfully \n");
       }
```

```
server_address.sin_family = AF_INET;
       server address.sin addr.s addr = inet addr("127.0.0.1");
       server address.sin port = htons(PORT);
       if (connect(new socket, (SA*)&server address, sizeof(server address)) != 0)
              printf("Connection with server failed \n");
       else
              printf("Connected to server \n");
       }
       //close(new_socket);
}
//function for communication between client and server
void /*varnameTBD*/(int new_socket)
{
  char buff[MAX];
  int n;
  //loop for chat
  for(){
    //bzero();
    //accept message from client and copy to buffer
    printf("Enter input: ");
    //print buffer that contains the contents
    n = 0;
    //copy server message from the buffer
```

```
while((buff[n++] = getchar()) != '\n')
     //send buffer to client
    //write(new_socket, buff, sizeof(buff));
    //bzero(buff, sizeof(buff));
    //in-game logic conditionals for exit
     if(){
       printf("");
       break;
//socket creation and verification from client side
void clientToServer()
  int new_socket;
  int new_connection;
  struct sockaddr_in serverAddress;
  struct sockaddr_in cli;
  new_socket = socket(AF_INET, SOCK_STREAM, 0);
  if(new\_socket == 1){
    printf("socket creation failed");
  else{
```

```
printf("Socket creation successful");
  }
  bzero();
  serverAddress.sin_family = AF_INET;
  serverAddress.sin addr.s addr = inet addr();
  serverAddress.sin_port = htons(PORT);
  //client socket to server socket
  if(connect(new_socket, (SA*)&serverAddress, sizeof(serverAddress)) != 0){
    printf();
  }
  else{
    printf();
  //function for client-server communication
  /*varnameTBD*/(new socket);
  close(new_socket);
void recieveMsg(int new socket, char * msg)
  memset(/*tbd*/);
  int n = read(new socket, msg, 3);
  //server conditionals for reading message from server socket
  error("");
```

}

```
//function for update from server
void receiveUpdate(int new_socket, char /*var name of game state*/)
  int player_id = receiveInt(new_socket);
  int /*Player state of board*/(new_socket);
  //update game state
}
//function for receiving player struct
void recievePlayerMsg(){
}
//recieve message for game instruction
void recvGameMsg(){
}
//function for error message
void error(){
  //unfin
  exit(0);
```

```
//function for writing from client to server
void sendToServer(int newsocket, int msg){
  //update state
  int n = write(new socket, &msg, sizeof(int));
  if(n < 0)
    error()
  printf(/*print statement to server*/)
}
Krish Ravi
//Author: Krish Ravi
Scoreboard logic + Text file from Assignment00
Match starting letter of prospective word to previous word, and then consecutively until end of
previous word to check if eligible word
Starting player is random (use random number gen)
if both players pass, new alphabet
if both players pass twice in a row (keep back and forth counter) the game ends
pseudocode to check validity of new word (new)
Precondition: prev is a character array of previous valid word, new is character array prospective
new word
for (int i=0; i<sizeof prev;i++)
  if (new[0]==prev[i])
  {
    int j = i;
    int k = 0;
     while ((prev[j]!=null) && (new[k]==prev[j])
       j++;
```

```
k++;
     if (j==sizeof prev)
     word is valid
  }
Flow of game:
Randomly select input.txt and player1
Display first line to player1, select 1 character and require prev = just that character
word is sent to server, if valid, score updates, player1 gets both player scores from server, then
player2 is shown the line from input.txt and so on
During player turn, server sends:
-> input.txt line 1
-> player score
-> other player score
-> Used words
-> prev requirements
During player sending word, server checks
-> received word validity
-> whether word is used
-> assign score as per input.txt (should be based on length)
if invalid
-> penalise for invalid word, request valid entry
if used
-> inform used, penalise
each player gets 4 minutes to enter a word
timer is reset when a word is sent to the server
if player resets the timer 3 times in one turn server considers it a pass
when a new valid word is found, it needs to be added to input.txt and scored accordingly
in singleplayer the server is only allowed to use input.txt words, not dictionary.txt
```

\*/

```
// Game logic, handles recieving/sending messages
void game()
{
```