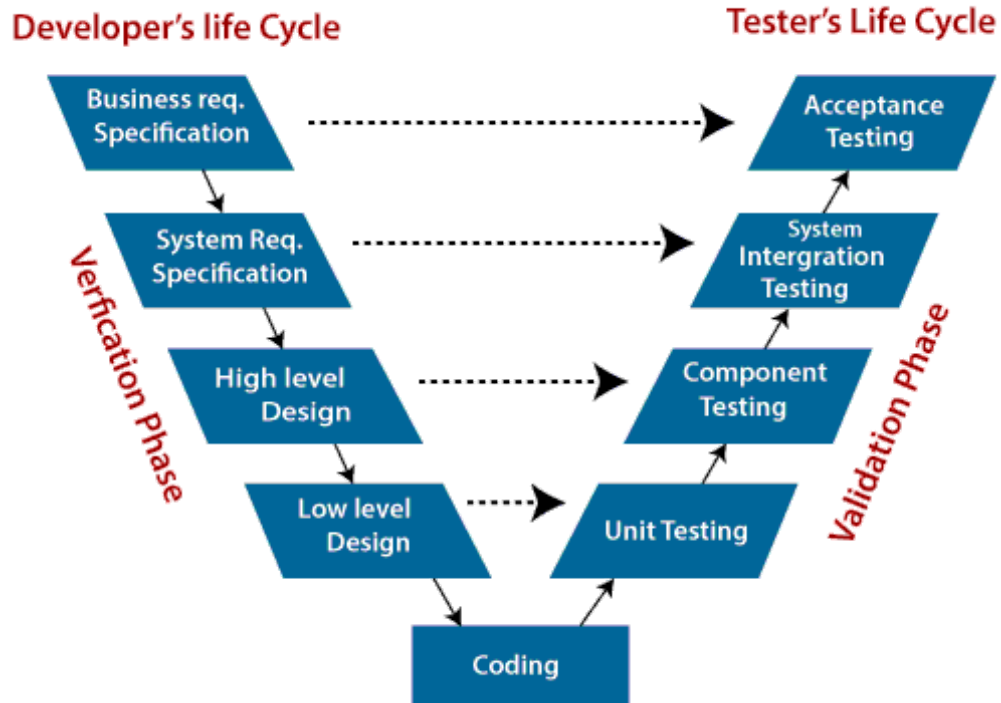




## V-Model

V-Model also referred to as the Verification and Validation Model. In this, each phase of SDLC must complete before the next phase starts. It follows a sequential design process same as the waterfall model. Testing of the device is planned in parallel with a corresponding stage of development.

## V- Model



**Verification:** It involves a static analysis method (review) done without executing code. It is the process of evaluation of the product development process to find whether specified requirements meet.

**Validation:** It involves dynamic analysis method (functional, non-functional), testing is done by executing code. Validation is the process to classify the software after the completion of the development process to determine whether the software meets the customer expectations and requirements.

So V-Model contains Verification phases on one side of the Validation phases on the other side. Verification and Validation process is joined by coding phase in V-shape. Thus it is known as V-Model.

**There are the various phases of Verification Phase of V-model:**

1. **Business requirement analysis:** This is the first step where product requirements understood from the customer's side. This phase contains detailed communication to understand customer's expectations and exact requirements.
2. **System Design:** In this stage system engineers analyze and interpret the business of the proposed system by studying the user requirements document.
3. **Architecture Design:** The baseline in selecting the architecture is that it should understand all which typically consists of the list of modules, brief functionality of each module, their interface relationships, dependencies, database tables, architecture diagrams, technology detail, etc. The integration testing model is carried out in a particular phase.
4. **Module Design:** In the module design phase, the system breaks down into small modules. The detailed design of the modules is specified, which is known as Low-Level Design
5. **Coding Phase:** After designing, the coding phase is started. Based on the requirements, a suitable programming language is decided. There are some guidelines and standards for coding. Before checking in the repository, the final build is optimized for better performance, and the code goes through many code reviews to check the performance.

### There are the various phases of Validation Phase of V-model:

1. **Unit Testing:** In the V-Model, Unit Test Plans (UTPs) are developed during the module design phase. These UTPs are executed to eliminate errors at code level or unit level. A unit is the smallest entity which can independently exist, e.g., a program module. Unit testing verifies that the smallest entity can function correctly when isolated from the rest of the codes/ units.
2. **Integration Testing:** Integration Test Plans are developed during the Architectural Design Phase. These tests verify that groups created and tested independently can coexist and communicate among themselves.
3. **System Testing:** System Tests Plans are developed during System Design Phase. Unlike Unit and Integration Test Plans, System Tests Plans are composed by the client's business team. System Test ensures that expectations from an application developer are met.
4. **Acceptance Testing:** Acceptance testing is related to the business requirement analysis part. It includes testing the software product in user atmosphere. Acceptance tests reveal the compatibility problems with the different systems, which is available within the user atmosphere. It conjointly discovers the non-functional problems like load and performance defects within the real user atmosphere.

### When to use V-Model?

- When the requirement is well defined and not ambiguous.
- The V-shaped model should be used for small to medium-sized projects where requirements are clearly defined and fixed.
- The V-shaped model should be chosen when sample technical resources are available with essential technical expertise.

### Advantage (Pros) of V-Model:

1. Easy to Understand.
2. Testing Methods like planning, test designing happens well before coding.

3. This saves a lot of time. Hence a higher chance of success over the waterfall model.
4. Avoids the downward flow of the defects.
5. Works well for small plans where requirements are easily understood.

### Disadvantage (Cons) of V-Model:

1. Very rigid and least flexible.
  2. Not a good for a complex project.
  3. Software is developed during the implementation stage, so no early prototypes of the software are produced.
  4. If any changes happen in the midway, then the test documents along with the required documents, has to be updated.
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