#### Lab Assignment -2

#### **CONSTRAINTS**

Constraints are part of the table definition that limits and restriction on the value entered into its columns.

#### **TYPES OF CONSTRAINTS:**

- 1) Primary key
- 2) Foreign key/references
- 3) Check
- 4) Unique
- 5) Not null
- 6) Null
- 7) Default

#### CONSTRAINTS CAN BE CREATED IN THREE WAYS:

- 1) Column level constraints
- 2) Table level constraints
- 3) Using DDL statements-alter table command

#### **OPERATION ON CONSTRAINT:**

- i) ENABLE
- ii) DISABLE
- iii) DROP

#### **Column level constraints Using Primary key**

Q13. Write a query to create primary constraints with column level

#### **Primary key**

# **Syntax for Column level constraints Using Primary key:** SQL:>CREATE <OBJ.TYPE> <OBJ.NAME> (COLUMN NAME.1 <DATATYPE> (SIZE)<TYPE OF CONSTRAINTS>, COLUMN NAME.1 <DATATYPE> (SIZE) .....; **QUERY:13** SQL>CREATE TABLE EMPLOYEE(EMPNO NUMBER(4) **PRIMARY** KEY, ENAME VARCHAR2(10), JOB VARCHAR2(6), SAL NUMBER(5), DEPTNO NUMBER(7)); Column level constraints Using Primary key with naming convention Q14. Write a query to create primary constraints with column level with naming convention **Syntax for Column level constraints Using Primary key:** SQL: >CREATE <OBJ.TYPE> <OBJ.NAME> (COLUMN NAME.1 <DATATYPE> (SIZE)CONSTRAINTS < NAME OF THE CONSTRAINTS > < TYPE OF THE CONSTRAINTS>, COLUMN NAME.1 < DATATYPE> (SIZE) ......; **QUERY:14** SQL>CREATE TABLE EMPLOYEE(EMPNO NUMBER(4) CONSTRAINT EMP\_EMPNO\_PK PRIMARY KEY, ENAME VARCHAR2(10), JOB VARCHAR2(6), SAL NUMBER(5), DEPTNO NUMBER(7));

#### **Table Level Primary Key Constraints**

Q15. Write a query to create primary constraints with table level with naming convention

#### **Syntax for Table level constraints Using Primary key:**

SQL: >CREATE <OBJ.TYPE> <OBJ.NAME> (COLUMN NAME.1 <DATATYPE> (SIZE) ,
COLUMN NAME.1 <DATATYPE> (SIZE), CONSTRAINTS <NAME OF THE
CONSTRAINTS> <TYPE OF THE CONSTRAINTS>);

#### **QUERY: 15**

SQL>CREATE TABLE EMPLOYEE (EMPNO NUMBER(6),

ENAME VARCHAR2(20), JOB VARCHAR2(6), SAL NUMBER(7), DEPTNO NUMBER(5),

# CONSTRAINT EMP\_EMPNO\_PK PRIMARY KEY(EMPNO));

#### Table level constraint with alter command (primary key):

Q16. Write a query to create primary constraints with alter command

#### **Syntax for Column level constraints Using Primary key:**

SQL:>CREATE <OBJ.TYPE> <OBJ.NAME> (COLUMN NAME.1 <DATATYPE> (SIZE),
COLUMN NAME.1 <DATATYPE> (SIZE) );
SQL> ALTER TABLE <TABLE NAME> ADD CONSTRAINTS <NAME OF THE
CONSTRAINTS> <TYPE OF THE CONSTRAINTS> <COLUMN NAME>);

#### **QUERY: 16**

SQL>CREATE TABLE EMPLOYEE(EMPNO NUMBER(5),

ENAME VARCHAR2(6), JOB VARCHAR2(6), SAL NUMBER(6), DEPTNO NUMBER(6));

#### SQL>ALTER TABLE EMP3 ADD CONSTRAINT EMP3 EMPNO PK PRIMARY KEY (EMPNO);

#### Reference /foreign key constraint

#### **Column level foreign key constraint:**

Q.17. Write a query to create foreign key constraints with column level **Parent Table: Syntax for Column level constraints Using Primary key:** SQL:>CREATE <OBJ.TYPE> <OBJ.NAME> (COLUMN NAME.1 <DATATYPE> (SIZE)<TYPE OF CONSTRAINTS>, COLUMN NAME.1 <DATATYPE> (SIZE) .....; **Child Table: Syntax for Column level constraints Using foreign key:** SQL:>CREATE < OBJ.TYPE> < OBJ.NAME> (COLUMN NAME.1 < DATATYPE> (SIZE), COLUMN NAME2 < DATATYPE> (SIZE) REFERENCES < TABLE NAME> (COLUMN NAME> .....); **QUERY: 17** SQL>CREATE TABLE DEPT(DEPTNO NUMBER(2) PRIMARY KEY, DNAME VARCHAR2(20), LOCATION VARCHAR2(15));

SQL>CREATE TABLE EMP4 (EMPNO NUMBER(3), DEPTNO NUMBER(2) REFERENCES DEPT(DEPTNO), DESIGN VARCHAR2(10));

**Column level foreign key constraint with naming conversions:** 

#### **Parent Table:**

#### **Syntax for Column level constraints Using Primary key:**

Q.18. Write a query to create foreign key constraints with column level

SQL:>CREATE <obj.type> <obj.name> (COLUMN NAME.1 <datatype></datatype></obj.name></obj.type>
$(SIZE)\!\!<\!\!TYPE\ OF\ CONSTRAINTS\!\!>\ ,\ COLUMN\ NAME.1<\!\!DATATYPE\!\!>$
(SIZE));
Child Table: Syntax for Column level constraints using foreign key:
$SQL:>CREATE < OBJ.TYPE> < OBJ.NAME> (COLUMN NAME.1 < DATATYPE> (SIZE) \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\$
COLUMN NAME2 <datatype> (SIZE) CONSTRAINT <const. name=""></const.></datatype>
REFERENCES <table name=""> (COLUMN NAME&gt;);</table>
QUERY:18
SQL>CREATE TABLE DEPT(DEPTNO NUMBER(2) PRIMARY KEY,
DNAME VARCHAR2(20), LOCATION VARCHAR2(15));
SQL>CREATE TABLE EMP4A (EMPNO NUMBER(3), DEPTNO NUMBER(2)CONSTRAINT EMP4A_DEPTNO_FK REFERENCES DEPT(DEPTNO), DESIGN VARCHAR2(10));
Table Level Foreign Key Constraints Q.19. Write a query to create foreign key constraints with Table level Parent Table: SQL:>CREATE <obj.type> <obj.name> (COLUMN NAME.1 <datatype></datatype></obj.name></obj.type>
$(SIZE) \!\!<\!\! TYPE\ OF\ CONSTRAINTS \!\!\!>\ ,\ COLUMN\ NAME.1 <\!\! DATATYPE \!\!\!>$
(SIZE);
Child Table:
Syntax for Table level constraints using foreign key:
SQL:>CREATE < OBJ.TYPE> < OBJ.NAME> (COLUMN NAME.1 < DATATYPE> (SIZE),
COLUMN NAME2 <datatype> (SIZE), CONSTRAINT <const. name=""></const.></datatype>
REFERENCES <table name=""> (COLUMN NAME&gt; );</table>
QUERY: 19 SQL>CREATE TABLE DEPT (DEPTNO NUMBER(2) PRIMARY KEY,

DNAME VARCHAR2(20), LOCATION VARCHAR2(15));

SQL>CREATE TABLE EMP5

(EMPNO NUMBER(3),

DEPTNO NUMBER(2),

DESIGN VARCHAR2(10)CONSTRAINT ENP2\_DEPTNO\_FK FOREIGN

#### **KEY(DEPT NO)REFERENCESDEPT(DEPTNO)):**

#### **Table Level Foreign Key Constraints with Alter command**

Q.20. Write a query to create foreign key constraints with Table level with alter command. **Parent Table:** 

SQL:>CREATE <OBJ.TYPE> <OBJ.NAME> (COLUMN NAME.1 <DATATYPE>

(SIZE)<TYPE OF CONSTRAINTS>, COLUMN NAME.1 <DATATYPE>

(SIZE) .....;

#### **Child Table:**

#### **Syntax for Table level constraints using foreign key:**

SQL:>CREATE <OBJ.TYPE> <OBJ.NAME> (COLUMN NAME.1 <DATATYPE> (SIZE), COLUMN NAME2 <DATATYPE> (SIZE));

SQL> ALTER TABLE <TABLE NAME> ADD CONSTRAINT <CONST. NAME> REFERENCES <TABLE NAME> (COLUMN NAME>);

**QUERY:20** 

SQL>CREATE TABLE DEPT
(DEPTNO NUMBER(2) PRIMARY KEY,
DNAME VARCHAR2(20),
LOCATION VARCHAR2(15));

SQL>CREATE TABLE EMP5

(EMPNO NUMBER(3),

DEPTNO NUMBER(2),

DESIGN VARCHAR2(10));

# SQL>ALTER TABLE EMP6 ADD CONSTRAINT EMP6\_DEPTNO\_FK FOREIGN KEY(DEPTNO)REFERENCES DEPT(DEPTNO);

#### **Check constraint**

#### **Column Level Check Constraint**

Q.21. Write a query to create Check constraints with column level **Syntax for clumn level constraints using Check:** 

SQL:>CREATE <OBJ.TYPE> <OBJ.NAME> (COLUMN NAME.1 <DATATYPE> (SIZE)

CONSTRAINT <CONSTRAINTS NAME> <TYPE OF CONSTRAINTS> (CONSTRAITNS

CRITERIA), COLUMN NAME2 <DATATYPE> (SIZE));

#### **QUERY:21**

SQL>CREATE TABLE EMP7(EMPNO NUMBER(3),

ENAME VARCHAR2(20),

DESIGN VARCHAR2(15),

SAL NUMBER(5)CONSTRAINT EMP7\_SAL\_CK CHECK(SAL>500 AND

SAL<10001),

DEPTNO NUMBER(2));

#### **Table Level Check Constraint:**

Q.22. Write a query to create Check constraints with table level

#### **Syntax for Table level constraints using Check:**

SQL:>CREATE <OBJ.TYPE> <OBJ.NAME> (COLUMN NAME.1 <DATATYPE> (SIZE), (COLUMN NAME2 <DATATYPE> (SIZE), CONSTRAINT <CONSTRAINTS NAME> <TYPE OF CONSTRAINTS> (CONSTRAITNS CRITERIA));

#### **QUERY:22**

SQL>CREATE TABLE EMP8(EMPNO NUMBER(3),

ENAME VARCHAR2(20),

DESIGN VARCHAR2(15),

SAL NUMBER(5),DEPTNO NUMBER(2),
CONSTRAINTS EMP8\_SAL\_CK CHECK(SAL>500 AND
SAL<10001));

#### **Check Constraint with Alter Command**

Q.23. Write a query to create Check constraints with table level using alter command. **Syntax for Table level constraints using Check:** 

SQL:>CREATE <OBJ.TYPE> <OBJ.NAME> (COLUMN NAME.1 <DATATYPE> (SIZE), (COLUMN NAME2 <DATATYPE> (SIZE), CONSTRAINT <CONSTRAINTS NAME> <TYPE OF CONSTRAINTS> (CONSTRAITNS CRITERIA));

#### **QUERY:23**

SQL>CREATE TABLE EMP9(EMPNO NUMBER,

ENAME VARCHAR2(20),

DESIGN VARCHAR2(15),

SAL NUMBER(5));

SQL>ALTER TABLE EMP9 ADD CONSTRAINTS EMP9\_SAL\_CK CHECK(SAL>500 AND SAL<10001);

#### **Unique Constraint**

#### **Column Level Constraint**

Q.24. Write a query to create unique constraints with column level

#### **Syntax for Column level constraints with Unique:**

SQL:>CREATE <OBJ.TYPE> <OBJ.NAME> (<COLUMN NAME.1> <DATATYPE> (SIZE) CONSTRAINT <NAME OF CONSTRAINTS> <CONSTRAINT TYPE>, (COLUMN NAME2 <DATATYPE> (SIZE));

#### **QUERY:24**

SQL>CREATE TABLE EMP10(EMPNO NUMBER(3), ENAME VARCHAR2(20), DESGIN VARCHAR2(15)CONSTRAINT EMP10\_DESIGN\_UK UNIQUE, SAL NUMBER(5));

#### **Table Level Constraint**

Q.25. Write a query to create unique constraints with table level

#### **Syntax for Table level constraints with Unique:**

SQL:> CREATE < OBJ.TYPE> < OBJ.NAME> (< COLUMN NAME.1> < DATATYPE> (SIZE), (COLUMN NAME2 < DATATYPE> (SIZE), CONSTRAINT < NAME OF CONSTRAINTS> < CONSTRAINT TYPE> (COLUMN NAME););

#### **QUERY:25**

SQL>CREATE TABLE EMP11(EMPNO NUMBER(3), ENAME VARCHAR2(20), DESIGN VARCHAR2(15), SAL NUMBER(5),CONSTRAINT EMP11\_DESIGN\_UK UNIGUE(DESIGN));

#### **Table Level Constraint Alter Command**

Q.26. Write a query to create unique constraints with table level

#### Syntax for Table level constraints with Check Using Alter

SQL :> CREATE <OBJ.TYPE> <OBJ.NAME> (<COLUMN NAME.1> <DATATYPE> (SIZE), (COLUMN NAME2 <DATATYPE> (SIZE));

SQL> ALTER TABLE ADD < CONSTRAINTS > < CONSTRAINTS NAME> < CONSTRAINTS TYPE> (COLUMN NAME);

#### **QUERY:26**

SQL>CREATE TABLE EMP12

(EMPNO NUMBER(3), ENAME VARCHAR2(20), DESIGN VARCHAR2(15), SAL NUMBER(5));

SQL>ALTER TABLE EMP12 ADD CONSTRAINT EMP12\_DESIGN\_UK UNIQUE(DESING);

#### **Not Null**

#### **Column Level Constraint**

Q.27. Write a query to create Not Null constraints with column level

#### Syntax for Column level constraints with Not Null:

SQL :> CREATE <OBJ.TYPE> <OBJ.NAME> (<COLUMN NAME.1> <DATATYPE> (SIZE) CONSTRAINT <NAME OF CONSTRAINTS> <CONSTRAINT TYPE>, (COLUMN NAME2 <DATATYPE> (SIZE));

#### **QUERY: 27**

SQL>CREATE TABLE EMP13 (EMPNO NUMBER(4), ENAME VARCHAR2(20) CONSTRAINT EMP13\_ENAME\_NN NOT NULL, DESIGN VARCHAR2(20), SAL NUMBER(3));

#### Null

#### **Column Level Constraint**

Q.28. Write a query to create Null constraints with column level

#### **Syntax for Column level constraints with Null:**

SQL:>CREATE <OBJ.TYPE> <OBJ.NAME> (<COLUMN NAME.1> <DATATYPE> (SIZE) CONSTRAINT <NAME OF CONSTRAINTS> <CONSTRAINT TYPE>, (COLUMN NAME2 <DATATYPE> (SIZE));

#### **QUERY:28**

SQL>CREATE TABLE EMP13 (EMPNO NUMBER(4), ENAME VARCHAR2(20) CONSTRAINT EMP13\_ENAME\_NN NULL, DESIGN VARCHAR2(20), SAL NUMBER(3));

#### **Constraint Disable \ Enable**

#### **Constraint Disable**

Q.29. Write a query to disable the constraints

## **Syntax for disabling a single constraint in a table:**

SQL>ALTER TABLE < TABLE-NAME> DISABLE CONSTRAINT < CONSTRAINT-NAME>

#### **Constraint Enable**

#### **QUERY:29**

SQL>ALTER TABLE EMP13 DISABLE CONSTRAINT EMP13\_ENAME\_NN NULL;

Q.30. Write a query to enable the constraints

### **Syntax for disabling a single constraint in a table:**

 $SQL{>}ALTER\ TABLE\ {<}TABLE{-}NAME{>}\ DISABLE\ CONSTRAINT\ {<}CONSTRAINT\ NAME{>}$ 

#### **QUERY:30**

SQL>ALTER TABLE EMP13 ENABLE CONSTRAINT EMP13\_ENAME\_NN NULL;