

**C-DAC Mumbai**  
**Lab Assignment-3**

**Answers**

**Problem 1: Sum of Two Numbers (Using a Method)**

**Problem Statement:** Write a Java program that includes a method to calculate the sum of two numbers.

1. Create a method `sumOfTwoNumbers()` that takes two integers as parameters, calculates their sum, and returns the result.
2. In the main method, use the `Scanner` class to prompt the user to enter two integers.
3. Pass the user inputs to the `sumOfTwoNumbers()` method and print the sum.

**Sample Input:**

Enter first number: 15

Enter second number: 25

**Expected Output:**

The sum of 15 and 25 is 40.

```
import java.util.Scanner;

public class SumTwoNumbers {
    Run | Debug
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);

        System.out.print(s:"Enter first number: ");
        int num1 = sc.nextInt();

        System.out.print(s:"Enter second number: ");
        int num2 = sc.nextInt();

        int result = sumOfTwoNumbers(num1, num2);

        System.out.println("The sum of " + num1 + " and " + num2 + " is " + result + ".");

        sc.close();
    }

    static int sumOfTwoNumbers(int a, int b) {
        return a + b;
    }
}
```

```
PS C:\Users\baenu\test> javac SumTwoNumbers.java
PS C:\Users\baenu\test> java SumTwoNumbers
Enter first number: 5
Enter second number: 12
The sum of 5 and 12 is 17.
```

## Problem 2: Simple Age Checker (Using a Method)

**Problem Statement:** Write a Java program that includes a method to check the age category.

1. Create a method `checkAgeCategory()` that takes an integer (age) as a parameter and prints whether the user is a minor, adult, or senior citizen.
2. In the main method, use the Scanner class to prompt the user to enter their age.
3. Pass the user's age to the `checkAgeCategory()` method.

### Sample Input:

Enter your age: 30

### Expected Output:

You are an adult.

```
import java.util.Scanner;

public class AgeChecker {
    Run | Debug
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);

        System.out.print(s:"Enter your age: ");
        int age = sc.nextInt();

        checkAgeCategory(age);

        sc.close();
    }

    static void checkAgeCategory(int age) {
        if (age < 18) {
            System.out.println(x:"You are a minor.");
        } else if (age >= 18 && age < 60) {
            System.out.println(x:"You are an adult.");
        } else {
            System.out.println(x:"You are a senior citizen.");
        }
    }
}
```

```
PS C:\Users\baenu\test> javac AgeChecker.java
```

```
PS C:\Users\baenu\test> java AgeChecker
```

```
Enter your age: 22
```

```
You are an adult.
```

### Problem 3: Print Even Numbers (Using while Loop)

**Problem Statement:** Write a Java program that prints all even numbers between 1 and 50 using a while loop.

1. Create a method printEvenNumbers() that prints all even numbers from 1 to 50.
2. Use a while loop to iterate from 1 to 50 and print the even numbers.

#### Sample Output:

2 4 6 8 10 12 14 16 18 20 22 24 26 28 30 32 34 36 38 40 42 44 46 48 50

```
public class EvenNumbersWhileLoop {  
    Run | Debug  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        printEvenNumbers();  
    }  
  
    static void printEvenNumbers() {  
        int i = 1;  
        while (i <= 50) {  
            if (i % 2 == 0) {  
                System.out.print(i + " ");  
            }  
            i++;  
        }  
    }  
}
```

```
PS C:\Users\baenu\test> javac EvenNumbersWhileLoop.java  
PS C:\Users\baenu\test> java EvenNumbersWhileLoop  
2 4 6 8 10 12 14 16 18 20 22 24 26 28 30 32 34 36 38 40 42 44 46 48 50
```

#### Problem 4: User Input for Positive Numbers (Using do-while Loop)

**Problem Statement:** Write a Java program that repeatedly asks the user to enter a positive number.

1. Create a method askForPositiveNumber() that uses a do-while loop to ask the user for a number until they enter a positive number.
2. Use the Scanner class to take the user's input.
3. Once a positive number is entered, the program should display the number.

#### Sample Input:

Enter a positive number: -5

Enter a positive number: 0

Enter a positive number: 8

#### Expected Output:

You entered a positive number: 8

```
import java.util.Scanner;

public class PositiveNumberInput {
    Run | Debug
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        askForPositiveNumber();
    }

    static void askForPositiveNumber() {
        Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
        int number;

        do {
            System.out.print(s:"Enter a positive number: ");
            number = sc.nextInt();
        } while (number <= 0);

        System.out.println("You entered a positive number: " + number);
        sc.close();
    }
}
```

```
PS C:\Users\baenu\test> javac PositiveNumberInput.java
```

```
PS C:\Users\baenu\test> java PositiveNumberInput
```

```
Enter a positive number: -9
```

```
Enter a positive number: -87
```

```
Enter a positive number: 0
```

```
Enter a positive number: 25
```

```
You entered a positive number: 25
```

### Problem 5: Print Multiplication Table (Using for Loop)

**Problem Statement:** Write a Java program that prints the multiplication table for a given number (e.g., number 5) using a for loop. The program should:

1. Create a method printMultiplicationTable() that takes a number as a parameter and prints its multiplication table from 1 to 10.
2. Use a for loop to iterate through numbers 1 to 10 and print the multiplication results.

#### Sample Input:

Enter a number: 5

#### Expected Output:

5 x 1 = 5  
5 x 2 = 10  
5 x 3 = 15  
5 x 4 = 20  
5 x 5 = 25  
5 x 6 = 30  
5 x 7 = 35  
5 x 8 = 40  
5 x 9 = 45  
5 x 10 = 50

```
import java.util.Scanner;

public class MultiplicationTable {
    Run | Debug
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);

        System.out.print(s:"Enter a number: ");
        int number = sc.nextInt();

        printMultiplicationTable(number);

        sc.close();
    }

    static void printMultiplicationTable(int number) {
        for (int i = 1; i <= 10; i++) {
            System.out.println(number + " x " + i + " = " + (number * i));
        }
    }
}
```

```
PS C:\Users\baenu\test> javac MultiplicationTable.java
```

```
PS C:\Users\baenu\test> java MultiplicationTable
```

Enter a number: 6

6 x 1 = 6  
6 x 2 = 12  
6 x 3 = 18  
6 x 4 = 24  
6 x 5 = 30  
6 x 6 = 36  
6 x 7 = 42  
6 x 8 = 48  
6 x 9 = 54  
6 x 10 = 60

### Problem 6: Calculate the Sum of Numbers from 1 to N (Using for Loop)

**Problem Statement:** Write a Java program that calculates the sum of all integers from 1 to N (where N is a positive integer) using a for loop. The program should:

1. Create a method calculateSum() that takes a number N and calculates the sum of all integers from 1 to N.
2. Use a for loop to iterate through all integers from 1 to N and add them up.

#### Sample Input:

Enter a number: 5

#### Expected Output:

The sum of numbers from 1 to 5 is: 15

```
import java.util.Scanner;

public class SumOfNumbers {
    Run | Debug
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);

        System.out.print(s:"Enter a number: ");
        int n = sc.nextInt();

        int result = calculateSum(n);

        System.out.println("The sum of numbers from 1 to " + n + " is: " + result);

        sc.close();
    }

    static int calculateSum(int n) {
        int sum = 0;
        for (int i = 1; i <= n; i++) {
            sum += i;
        }
        return sum;
    }
}
```

```
PS C:\Users\baenu\test> javac SumOfNumbers.java
PS C:\Users\baenu\test> java SumOfNumbers
Enter a number: 10
The sum of numbers from 1 to 10 is: 55
```

## Bonus Problem: Menu-Driven Java Program (Switch-Case)

### Problem Statement:

You are required to write a **menu-driven Java program** that implements **four separate problems**. The program should allow the user to select which problem to run, execute the corresponding logic, and then return to the menu until the user chooses to exit.

**The four problems are as follows (Already done in assignment 2, just put it in switch case):**

Problem 1: Grade Evaluation System

Problem 2: Leap Year Check

Problem 3: Day of the week

Problem 4: Identify Default Values of Variables

Case 5: Exit

```
import java.util.Scanner;

public class MenuDriven {
    Run | Debug
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
        int choice;

        do {
            System.out.println(x: "\nMENU");
            System.out.println(x: "1. Grade Evaluation System");
            System.out.println(x: "2. Leap Year Check");
            System.out.println(x: "3. Day of the Week");
            System.out.println(x: "4. Identify Default Values of Variables");
            System.out.println(x: "5. Exit");
            System.out.print(s: "Enter your choice: ");
            choice = sc.nextInt();

            switch (choice) {
                case 1:
                    gradeEvaluationSystem();
                    break;
                case 2:
                    leapYearCheck(sc);
                    break;
                case 3:
                    dayOfWeek(sc);
                    break;
                case 4:
                    identifyDefaultValues();
                    break;
                case 5:
                    System.out.println(x: "Exiting the program. Goodbye!");
                    break;
                default:
                    System.out.println(x: "Invalid choice. Please try again.");
            }
        } while (choice != 5);

        sc.close();
    }
}
```

```

static void gradeEvaluationSystem() {
    int maths = 80, science = 85, history = 90;
    double average = (maths + science + history) / 3.0;
    String grade;

    if (average >= 90) {
        grade = "A";
    } else if (average >= 70) {
        grade = "B";
    } else if (average >= 50) {
        grade = "C";
    } else if (average >= 30) {
        grade = "D";
    } else {
        grade = "Fail";
    }

    System.out.println("Maths = " + maths);
    System.out.println("Science = " + science);
    System.out.println("History = " + history);
    System.out.println("Average = " + average);
    System.out.println("Grade = " + grade);
}

static void leapYearCheck(Scanner sc) {
    System.out.print("Enter a year: ");
    int year = sc.nextInt();

    if ((year % 4 == 0 && year % 100 != 0) || (year % 400 == 0)) {
        System.out.println(year + " is a leap year.");
    } else {
        System.out.println(year + " is not a leap year.");
    }
}

```



```

static void dayOfWeek(Scanner sc) {
    System.out.print(s:"Enter a day number (1-7): ");
    int day = sc.nextInt();

    switch (day) {
        case 1:
            System.out.println(x:"The day is Sunday.");
            break;
        case 2:
            System.out.println(x:"The day is Monday.");
            break;
        case 3:
            System.out.println(x:"The day is Tuesday.");
            break;
        case 4:
            System.out.println(x:"The day is Wednesday.");
            break;
        case 5:
            System.out.println(x:"The day is Thursday.");
            break;
        case 6:
            System.out.println(x:"The day is Friday.");
            break;
        case 7:
            System.out.println(x:"The day is Saturday.");
            break;
        default:
            System.out.println(x:"Invalid day number.");
    }
}

```

```

static void identifyDefaultValues() {
    byte a = 0;
    short b = 0;
    int c = 0;
    long d = 0L;
    float e = 0.0f;
    double f = 0.0;
    char g = '\u0000';
    boolean h = false;

    System.out.println("byte a = " + a);
    System.out.println("short b = " + b);
    System.out.println("int c = " + c);
    System.out.println("long d = " + d);
    System.out.println("float e = " + e);
    System.out.println("double f = " + f);
    System.out.println("char g = '" + g + "'");
    System.out.println("boolean h = " + h);
}

```

```
PS C:\Users\baenu\test> javac MenuDriven.java
PS C:\Users\baenu\test> java MenuDriven
```

MENU

1. Grade Evaluation System
2. Leap Year Check
3. Day of the Week
4. Identify Default Values of Variables
5. Exit

Enter your choice: 1

Maths = 80

Science = 85

History = 90

Average = 85.0

Grade = B

MENU

1. Grade Evaluation System
2. Leap Year Check
3. Day of the Week
4. Identify Default Values of Variables
5. Exit

Enter your choice: 2

Enter a year: 2024

2024 is a leap year.

MENU

1. Grade Evaluation System
2. Leap Year Check
3. Day of the Week
4. Identify Default Values of Variables
5. Exit

Enter your choice: 3

Enter a day number (1-7): 5

The day is Thursday.

MENU

1. Grade Evaluation System
2. Leap Year Check
3. Day of the Week
4. Identify Default Values of Variables
5. Exit

Enter your choice: 4

byte a = 0

short b = 0

int c = 0

long d = 0

float e = 0.0

double f = 0.0

char g = ''

boolean h = false

MENU

1. Grade Evaluation System
2. Leap Year Check
3. Day of the Week
4. Identify Default Values of Variables
5. Exit

Enter your choice: 5

Exiting the program. Goodbye!