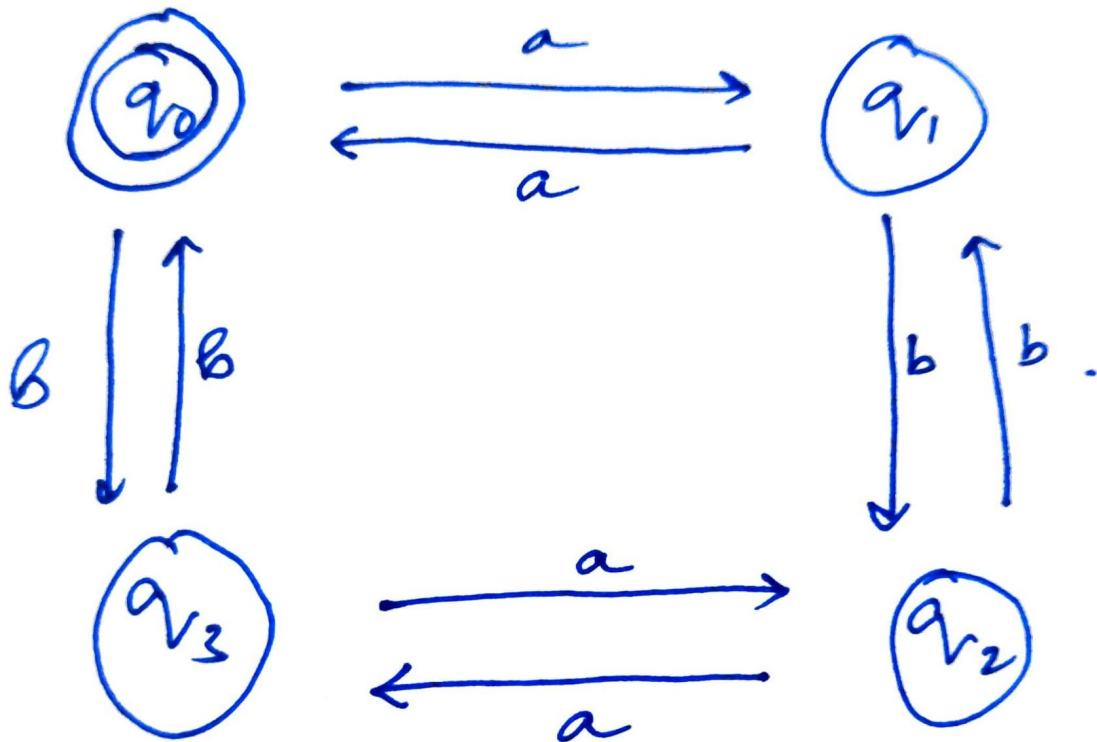


COMPILER DESIGN LAB

Krishna Teja Vinnakota
CSE C AP19110010379

Q.1) Program 1: Implement a language recogniser which accepts set of all strings over the alphabet



$\Sigma = \{a, b\}$ containing an even number of a's and an even number of b's.

Description: The acceptable strings of the language are ϵ (Null string), aa, bb, abba, babbab etc. Deterministic Finite Automata for the given language is given below:

DFA $M = (Q, \Sigma, \delta, Q_0, F)$ Where $Q = \text{Set of all states} = \{Q_0, Q_1, Q_2, Q_3\}$ $\Sigma = \text{Input Alphabet} = \{a, b\}$, Start state is Q_0 $F = \text{Set of all final States} = \{Q_0\}$ And the transitions are defined in the transition diagram

C CODE:

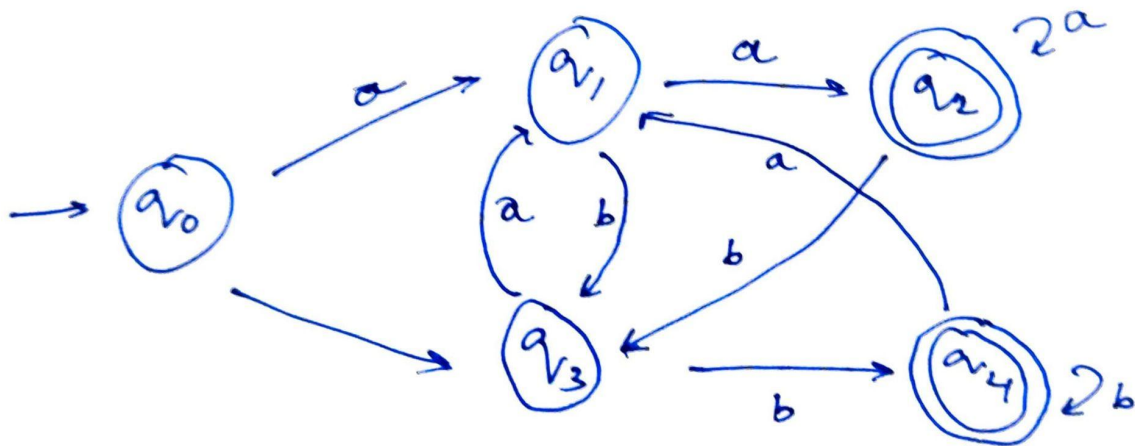
```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
void main(){
int state=0,i=0;
char current,input[20];
printf("Enter input string \t :");
scanf("%s",input);
while((current=input[i++])!='\0'){
switch(state)
{
case 0: if(current=='a')
state=1;
else if(current=='b')
state=2;
else
{
```

```
printf("Invalid token");
exit(0);
}
break;
case 1: if(current=='a')
state=0;
else if(current=='b')
state=3;
else
{
printf("Invalid token");
exit(0);
}
break;
case 2: if(current=='a')
state=3;
else if(current=='b')
state=0;
else
{
printf("Invalid token");
exit(0);
}
break;
case 3: if(current=='a')
state=2;
else if(current=='b')
```

```
state=1;
else
{
printf("Invalid token");

exit(0);
}
break;
}
}
if(state==0)
printf("\n\nString accepted\n\n");
else
printf("\n\nString not accepted\n\n");
}
```

Q.2)Program 2- Implementation of Language recognizer for set of all strings ending with two symbols of same type.



Description: The acceptable strings of the language are ϵ (Null string), aa, bb, aaaaabbbb, babbabb etc. Non Acceptable String are aaaaaaaba bbbbbbbaba abababab etc Deterministic Finite Automata for the given language is given above: DFA $M=(Q,\Sigma,\delta,Q_0,F)$ Where Q =Set of all states $=\{Q_0,Q_1,Q_2,Q_3,Q_4\}$ Σ =Input Alphabet= $\{a,b\}$, Start state is Q_0 F =Set of all final States= $\{Q_2,Q_4\}$ And the transitions are defined in the transition diagram

C CODE:

```

#include<stdio.h>
void main()
{
    int state=0,i=0;
    char token,input[20];

```

```
printf("Enter input string:\t");
scanf("%s",input);
//printf("Given string is : %s");

while((token=input[i++])!='\0')
{
    // printf("current token : %c \n",token);
    switch(state)
    {
        case 0: if(token=='a')
                    state=1;
                else if(token=='b')
                    state=3;
                else
                {
                    printf("Invalid token");
                    exit(0);
                }
                break;
        case 1: if(token=='a')
                    state=2;
                else if(token=='b')
                    state=3;
                else
                {
                    printf("Invalid token");
                    exit(0);
                }
            }
```

```
}
```

```
break;
```

```
case 2: if(token=='a')
```

```
    state=2;
```

```
    else if(token=='b')
```

```
        state=3;
```

```
    else
```

```
{
```

```
    printf("Invalid token");
```

```
    exit(0);
```

```
}
```

```
break;
```

```
case 3: if(token=='a')
```

```
    state=1;
```

```
    else if(token=='b')
```

```
        state=4;
```

```
    else
```

```
{
```

```
    printf("Invalid token");
```

```
    exit(0);
```

```
}
```

```
case 4: if(token=='a')
```

```
    state=1;
```

```
    else if(token=='b')
```

```
        state=4;
```

```
    else
```

```
        {
            printf("Invalid token");
            exit(0);
        }
        break;
    }
    // printf("state = %d ",state);
}
if(state==0||state==2||state==4)
    printf("\n\nString accepted\n\n");
else
    printf("\n\nString not accepted\n\n");
}
```