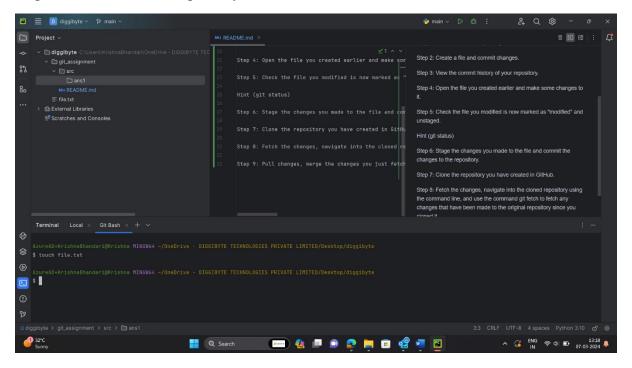
Question 1

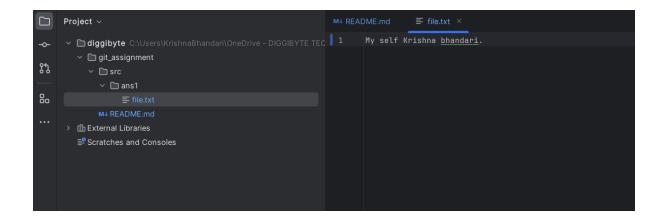
Step 1: Create a new Git repository.



- Step 2: Create a file and commit changes.
- Step 3: View the commit history of your repository.



Step 4: Open the file you created earlier and make some changes to it.



Step 5: Check the file you modified is now marked as "modified" and unstaged. Hint (git status)

```
Terminal Local × Git Bash × + ∨

PS C:\Users\KrishnaBhandari\OneDrive - DIGGIBYTE TECHNOLOGIES PRIVATE LIMITED\Desktop\diggibyte\git_assignment\src\ans1>
PS C:\Users\KrishnaBhandari\OneDrive - DIGGIBYTE TECHNOLOGIES PRIVATE LIMITED\Desktop\diggibyte\git_assignment\src\ans1> git status
On branch main

Your branch is ahead of 'origin/main' by 1 commit.

(use "git push" to publish your local commits)

Changes not staged for commit:

(use "git add <file>..." to update what will be committed)

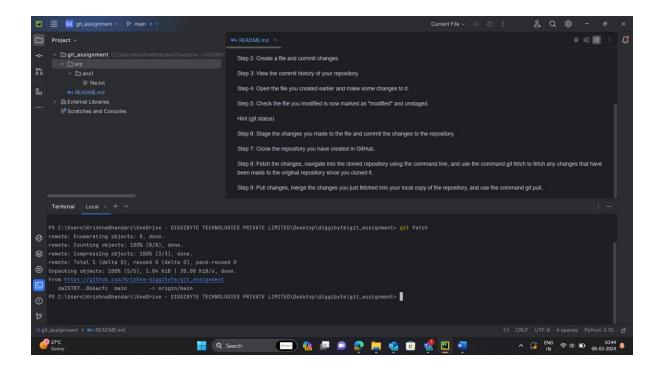
(use "git restore <file>..." to discard changes in working directory)

modified: ../../README.md

modified: file.txt
```

Step 6: Stage the changes you made to the file and commit the changes to the repository.

- Step 7: Clone the repository you have created in GitHub.
- Step 8: Fetch the changes, navigate into the cloned repository using the command line, and use the command git fetch to fetch any changes that have been made to the original repository since you cloned it.



Step 9: Pull changes, merge the changes you just fetched into your local copy of the repository, and use the command git pull.

